

The Minutes of a regular meeting of the
City Council.

Austin Tex Oct-2, 1893.

Hon. John McDonald Mayor presiding

Roll Call

Present - 17. Aldermen. Anderson. Dawson,
Fischer. Glass. Hancock. Jackson. Lin. Kitzchke.
Kurtz. Platt. Powell. Raymond. Schuber. Shelley.
Taylor. Townsend. Warmoth.Absent - 5. Aldermen. Assmann. Blum.
Ketchum. Miller. Schneider.Minutes of last meeting
adoptedThe Minutes of the meetings of the City Council
which were held on the 18th and 22nd days of September
1893, were adopted as printed.Motion to receive City
clerkAlderman. Kitzchke moved that Mr. McLashin be
requested to relieve the city clerk from attendance upon
the council to enable him to prepare an ordinance
making an appropriation to pay approved accounts
and the motion prevailed and was complied with.

carried

Alderman Taylor entered the council and answered to
his name.Pet of W. Odell
to open shooting
gallery
grantedPetitions etc
A. Petition from W. Odell was presented requesting
permission to open a shooting gallery at No. 707 Congress
avenue - GrantedAlderman. Ketchum, entered the council and answered
to his name.A petition from John Southgate was introduced
requesting that a correction be made in a deed to a
cemetery lot sold to Jas O. Ellingsworth by the city.

Referred to the city attorney.

By Alderman. Miller.

A. petition from members of Washington S. F. C. Co. Inv. 1
requesting the council to appropriate \$45.38 for the purpose
of paying the amount assessed against the property of said
company for city taxes for the year 1892.
It was referred to the ordinance committee.

By Alderman Anderson.

Pet of P. DeCordova & Son

A. petition from P. DeCordova & Son agents for S. J. Drake
owner of property in Fairview Park and South Austin
requesting the City Council to reduce the assessed value
of such property from the amount alleged to have been
fixed by the City assessor to the amount named in the
resolution made to the County.

It was referred to the Committee on claims and accounts.

Alderman Assmann, entered the council and
answered to his name.

By Alderman Anderson -

Pet of Austin Driving
Club to Close LaneA. petition from Austin Driving Club for permission to
close a lane that passes through property belonging to the
Houston and Texas Central Railway south of the ~~drive~~ on

Pet-granted
City Officers Reports

Rept of City Clerk

Referred to com.

Rept of City Clerk

Referred to com

Rept of City Treasurer

Referred to com

Rept of City Sexton

Referred to com

Rept of City Assessor & Collector

Referred to com

Rept of City Marshal

Referred to com
Rept of City Physician

Referred to com

East First Street being property now used by the club for a driving track and by Mr. Lebas Molt for farming purposes
Granted

Reports of City Officers for the month of September 1893
By the City Clerk

A statement of warrants issued against the general fund.

Total amount \$ 93 95; 80.

Referred to the finance Committee,

By the City Clerk.

A statement of warrants issued against the water and light fund.

Total Amount - \$ 3 75;

Referred to the finance Committee.

By the City Treasurer.

Balances on hand:

Account of general fund	\$ 12, 871. 40
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Account of interest on old bonds	1, 991. 00
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Account of water and light fund	26. 60
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Account of water and light interest fund	1, 794. 87
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Account of water and light sinking fund	20, 000. 00
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Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the City Sexton.

Total number of deaths 16. White 13. Colored 6. Male 10. female 9.

Referred to the Committee on Cemetery.

By the City Assessor and Collector;

Collection's account of general revenue	\$ 6, 975. 75
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" Water works interest and sinking fund	3, 708. 25
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Collection's account of old bonds	561. 76
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" account of school tax	<u>2, 103. 93</u>
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Total	\$ 13, 349. 99
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Referred to Committee on Finance

Alderman Miller entered the Council and answered to his name.

By the City Marshal.

Total amount of fines assessed in the Recorder's court

Collected in cash	\$ 575. 00
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Marked out	278. 50
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Carried forward	203. 00
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Total	98. 50
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Back fines collected	\$ 575. 00
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Pound fees collected	878. 25
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Total Number of arrests made	57
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Referred to the Committee on Police

By the City Physician

Number of patients in hospital Sept 1.

14

Number of patients admitted to hospital during September 12

Number of patients discharged from hospital during September 13

Number of patients remaining in hospital Oct 1. 13

Number of visits made to paupers in city during the past month 77

Number of prescriptions written for paupers in the city during September 157

Health of the city continues good

Referred to the Committee on Hospital

Rept of Engineer Low
work at the dam in
Sept 1893

Rept of Committee

Rept of Com. on claim
of J K Holland

claim to be paid

Rept adopted

Rept of Com. on
claim of M H Zobin

Referred to City Atty

Adopted

Com ask for time
to prepare Rep on
water rates. Granted

Rept of Special Com
on extending time
for Lewis Mercer Co

Motion to refer Ord.
to Com. & City Atty

Motion lost
yeas 4
Nays 16

Rept laid over

Special Com on Bull
Creek Bridge ask
for time
Granted

By Engineer Low

Report of the progress made at east end of the dam etc
during the month of September 1893.

It was referred to the Committee on water and light.

Report of Committee

By Alderman Shelley

For the committee on claims and accounts to whom was
referred the claim of J K Holland for damages to buggy and
horse by reason of the projection of a water main above
the surface of the street at the intersection of nineteenth and
Lavaca Streets submitted a report thereon which states "that
they find the damage to the buggy was sustained as alleged,
that the projection was caused by the city grading said
streets below the grade established when said main was
laid and was permitted to so remain until the attention
of the street commissioner was attracted to it by the
breakage of Colonel Hollands buggy.

We believe the city is liable for said damage to said
buggy \$40, and therefore recommend that the same be
paid". The report was adopted.

Alderman Shelley for the committee on claims and
accounts to whom was referred the claim of M H Zobin for
damages to land caused by the establishment by the city
of a small Rox Camp on the same presented a report thereon
recommending that it be referred to the city attorney for his
opinion as to the liability of the city.

The report was adopted.

Alderman North chairman of the special committee
on water rates, requested further time in which to prepare
a report. Granted

Alderman Lim for the special committee for the
extension of time to the Lewis Mercer Construction Company
presented a report and an ordinance therewith entitled
An Ordinance granting an extension of time to the
Lewis Mercer Construction Company within which to
complete the system of underground sewers now being laid
by it in the city of Austin.

Alderman Platt moved that the ordinance be referred to
the Committee on Sanitation and Sewerage and the city
attorney and that it be printed.

The motion was lost by the following vote yeas 4

C alderman Ketteman, Miller, Platt, Raymond
Nays 16. Aldermen Anderson, Assmann, Dawson
Fischer, Glass, Hancock, Jackson, Lim Nitschke, North
Powell, Schuber, Shelley, Taylor, Townsend, Grannoth,
The report was laid over to be taken up with the
ordinance above named.

Alderman Taylor chairman of the special committee appointed
at the last regular meeting of the city council to confer with
the commissioners court of Travis County relative to
bridging Bull Creek asked for further time in which to
prepare a report. Granted.

New Business

The Mayor presented the following message

Austin Oct 2 1893

Gentlemen of the city council

Sometime since a resolution asking for information concerning the water and electric light system now under construction was introduced in the council. Although the resolution was not adopted by your honorable body I deem it but proper to give the information asked for on account of the inquiries that have been made by some of the aldermen and many of our citizens.

The annual reports from the board of public works have been full clear, and correct but they seem to be only dimly remembered by some and in presenting the facts and figures connected with our great enterprise I must necessarily mention many things that you are already familiar with in order that the whole matter may be fully understood by the general public.

The water supply of Austin has for a long time been furnished by a private corporation which has been unable to give satisfactory service especially in the higher portions of the city on account of many miles of its main pipes being only one and a half and two inches in diameter.

Having become satisfied that the water company which already had a bonded debt of more than four times the cash value of its entire plant could not replace its worn out machinery or increase its capacity our people wisely determined to take the matter in their own hands and build a water and electric light system adequate for the needs of our growing city and commensurate with the importance of the capital city of Texas and for that purpose voted for the issuance of bonds of the amount of \$1,400,000 with a unanimity that stands unparalleled in the history of cities.

The board of public works was organized in accordance with the provisions of the ordinances of the City Council and plans for the work were at once prepared. Proposals for building the great dam were solicited and bonds were advertised for sale.

The friends of the existing water company at once began a warfare upon the city which for malice meanness and mendacity has rarely been equaled. They used every means in their power to retard our work and prevent if possible the sale of our bonds. They flooded the country with anonymous communications assailing the credit of our city and attacking the integrity of our citizens. They instituted suits with the hope of having our bonds invalidated and of restraining the collection of taxes. After failing in all their efforts in the courts and after our bonds were declared legal in every respect by the court of last resort the representatives of the holders of the water company's

bonds took up the fight - and they have to this day continued a villainous crusade against us using every disreputable means to prevent further sales of our bonds. They established a so-called financial paper for the express purpose of defaming our bonds. They hired known vilifiers to write false statements and scandalous articles concerning us and sent out literature of the most libelous character in every direction. They have done all this for the purpose of harassing us and with the hope of keeping the will of the people from being accomplished. But for this bitter and malignant warfare on the part of our enemies we would have sold the remainder of our bonds a year ago and our entire system would have been finished during the present administration.

Notwithstanding the attitude of the water company the city has been willing to treat it fairly and in April 1892 a committee from the board of public works under authority conferred by the council made an effort to open negotiations for the purchase of the company's plant - but every overture was rejected and a schedule of its property could not then be obtained.

The time for even contemplating the purchase by the City of the water company's broken down plant has in my opinion long since passed.

We have been legally advised that the present water company has no legal status has no franchise from the city. And is a trespasser in our streets.

Suits have been instituted for forfeiture of its charter from the state. And for placing it in the hands of a receiver for the purpose of closing up its affairs. The Eastern bondholders of this company hoping to prolong its existence and to better enable it to oppress the people have through the United States Court obtained the appointment of a receiver who proposes to collect from our citizens an amount sufficient to pay the interest on their bonds which as already stated equal in amount at least four times the cash value of all the company's property.

The city has for years been paying to this company an exorbitant price for fire protection and water service and now we are blanly told that it is because the city council at last refuses to any longer meet the company's unjust demands. Our citizens are being robbed by being made to pay extraordinary and unreasonably high water rates to meet the interest on the company's excessive debt and pay its operating expenses and yet during a considerable portion of the month just passed when we were experiencing unusually warm and dry weather there was not a drop of water in the company's pipes in the largest part of the city and a majority

of our citizens were compelled to depend entirely on nearly exhausted cisterns and water carted from the river in barrels and the higher parts of the city had no fire protection whatever.

The Dam

The contract for building the dam and excavating the canal was awarded to Mr Bernard Curran of Kansas City Mo on Oct 16 1890 and the work of excavating began on the 5th of the following month and the last stone in the dam was laid on May 2 1893.

The total amount of Mr Curran's bill which was based upon the engineer's estimate of quantities was calculated at \$501.150 while the amount paid him under his contract was 607.927.00 payments having been made on actual measurements.

There were three causes for this difference between the estimated cost of the dam and its actual cost.

First - The excavation at the east end of the dam was much deeper than was first estimated on account of the engineer having mistaken loose boulders for solid rock when making the sounding. This required 29 618 cubic yards additional earth excavation and additional expense of \$8.414.60.

Second, The additional depth of excavation required a corresponding increase in quantity of masonry. The specifications provided that the granite should have the same width of beds as the height of courses and the engineer based his estimates on two foot courses while the specifications did not designate the height of the courses. The contractor built the dam in three foot courses which gave him three feet width of beds and increased the cost of the granite masonry \$56.793.32.

The quantity of limestone rubble masonry was also increased but not in the same proportion on account of the increased quantity of granite used. The engineer calculated that a large portion of the rock excavated from the canal would be used by the contractor in the dam at a price lower than the rock brought from the quarries when in fact only 713 cubic yards of such rock could be used and nearly all of the lime stone was hauled from the quarries. The increased cost of the lime stone rubble masonry on this account was \$21.839.80.

Third - When the contract for building the dam was let an allowance was made for only 2.000 cubic yards of masonry that would probably be laid in Portland cement in excess of that already provided for. The Board of Public works determined to have the entire dam laid in imported Portland Cement at fifty cents per cubic yard extra and this caused an additional expense of \$44.180.25. There were also changes in some of the masonry laid on account of the change in the shape of the top of the dam which amounted to \$2.337.45 and these make the total increases amount to \$134.033.52.

On the other hand the estimates of the engineer were excessive in some items particularly in the matter of rock excavations and the amount paid in such cases was \$27,255.62 less than the engineers estimate of the same making the total amount paid under the contract on final settlement \$106,777.90 more than the first estimated cost of the dam.

In addition to this the contractor was paid \$3,385.49 for extras which were not included in the contract.

They were as follows.

For extra pumping rendered necessary by the increased depth of foundation at east end \$1,882. for extra day labor in cutting trenches in rock without the use of explosives \$1,124.97. And for the difference in the cost and sale of domestic cement ordered by the contractor before the use of imported cement only was determined upon. \$378.30.

The actual cost of the dam therefore including all extras not embraced in the contract was \$611,313.89 and the dam is there to stand for all time to come as a lasting monument to the enterprise of the citizens of Austin.

Headgate Masonries etc

The contracts for the excavations and masonries for the headgates return and retaining walls and power house foundations were let to Mr James Waterman and Messers Waterman and Waddinger. The work was completed on May 12th 1893 and the amount paid the contractors under their contracts was \$57,571.55. There was also paid them the sum of \$957.12 for extras not included in their contracts of which \$425.00 was for granite bed stones for turbines and \$526.12 was for extra day labor making the total amount paid them \$58,462.67.

Excavations for the draft tubes were made by day labor at a total cost of \$2314.88.

The headgates were made by day labor and the cost including all material used the sum of \$1837.60. to which should be added \$785.00 paid for the gate hoisting gears. which makes the total cost of the headgates including gears. \$2522.60.

The headgate castings, racks, and a considerable portion of the iron penstocks were placed in position and the sum of \$38,473.51 has been paid thereon.

The turbines pumps pulleys etc have been delivered and \$33,166.05 has been paid on them.

All of the fire hydrants have been delivered and paid for. They cost \$6328.50.

The contract for building the power house was awarded to Mr A. L. Breneman at \$45,650 and \$9464.86 has been paid thereon.

Contract has been made for electric light dynamos with a capacity of 18000 16 candle power incandescent lamps and a part of the machinery is now stored in this city and the amount paid on same is \$279.82

The Break

On the 30th day of May last when we were revising over the completion of the dam and the decision of the Supreme Court declaring our bonds legal there occurred an accident to the headgate masonry which for the moment somewhat disengaged our people.

The headgate masonry were built in conformity to the plans and as far as human eye could see were founded upon and built into firm and solid rock.

The lake being full the pressure was great and the water found its way into a cave or fault about 75 feet above the headgate masonry and passed down to a depth of about 28 feet below the foundation of the same and out through a soft stratum of rock in the excavation for the power house and then out into the river below the dam. A copper dam was thrown across from the east end of the dam to the main bank above the break and the flow of water through the break was stopped. Excavation has been made eastwardly in the line of the headgate masonry to a depth of 38 feet below the bottom of said masonry where a good foundation has been secured and the work of rebuilding commenced.

The cost of this break to date has been \$22,243.77 and it is estimated that the cost of rebuilding the headgate masonry and extending same to safe anchorage replacing the iron work and cleaning out the power house excavation and restoring the foundation of the powerhouse will not exceed \$25,000 more and the entire cost will fall below the lowest estimate made by our consulting engineer.

Other expenditures

The other expenditures since the beginning of our work has been as follows

For engineering including salaries of engineers and inspectors fees of consulting engineers cost and maintenance of wagon and team and hire of drivers cost of preliminary surveys made before the organization of the board of public works and all other expenses connected with the engineering department-\$48,908.48

For right of way including salaries of agents damages to lands clearing lands, surveys, maps, etc \$23,287.73

For office expenses including salaries rents, postage, printing engraving bonds, advertising etc \$7,872.53

For building the rail road to the dam \$87,431.90

For miscellaneous items which can not well be classified \$3,834.28

The total amounts of bills and accounts approved to date is \$955,504.49

The amount required to finish the work may be stated as follows

Estimated amounts yet to be paid on contracts already made - On wheels, Pumps etc	\$14,788.00
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On Penstocks etc	19,000.00
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On Powerhouse	36,185.64
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On light dynamos	\$ 27, 670. 14
On Valves	3, 700. 00
On Powers generators	12, 000. 00
On Water Pipe	178, 750. 00
On Pipe laying	52, 000. 00
Making total of	344, 093. 82

To which should be added the following estimates of contracts etc yet to be made

Balance of repairs	\$ 25 000. 00
Poling and running the City	40, 000. 00
Reservoir for 50 000 000 Gallons	30, 000. 00
Damages to Submerged lands	5, 000. 00
Total	100 000. 00

Which added to the amounts of bills approved to date amounts to \$ 1,399, 598. 31

Our resources can be stated as follows

Receipts from Sales of bonds and amounts refunded to the water and light fund to date	\$ 934, 961. 73
438 Bonds yet to be sold at say 95%	416, 100. 00
The rail road say	70, 000. 00
Total	1,421, 061. 73

Which will leave a balance of \$ 21, 463. 44 out of which to pay for engineering and any unexpected expenses which may have to be met, and we can feel assured that our splendid water and light system can be completed within the amount voted by the people and all this can be accomplished within six months after the sale of the balance of our bonds.

The Result

What may be reasonably expected as the outcome of our enterprise is a matter of great interest to our citizens. There can be no doubt about the receipts from the water and light system paying the interest and sinking fund on the bonds issued for its construction and all operating expenses.

The final fixing of rates and the methods of collecting the same will devolve upon the city council and I believe the council will be governed by a wise and liberal policy in this matter.

I have given the matter considerable thought and if called upon to make recommendations would present the following

Water

Were it possible to enforce the use of water meters by every water taker the receipts from the water system could be determined with a considerable degree of accuracy as the average consumption of water per capita in cities where meters are used is well known but as this is at present impracticable here it will be necessary to make house rates which can be far less than

any that have yet been paid in Austin and yet yield sufficient income.

There are by actual count 2000 dwellings 350 stores and office buildings and four large hotels convenient to our proposed pipe lines assuming that 1000 of these are small dwellings that will have use for but one faucet - a rate of 50 cents per month could be fixed for such dwellings which would produce a revenue of \$6000 per annum. Another 1000 of the houses will use more water and will have from two to three faucets and the rate for such could be fixed at \$1.00 per month and this would bring \$12,000 a year. Of the remaining 1000 dwellings many would have from four to five faucets and the rate for such at \$1.50 per month would not be excessive and this would produce a revenue of \$18,000 per annum. The stores and office building could safely average \$2.00 per month which would amount to \$8400 and the four hotels would average \$600 a year each and would add \$2400 to the annual revenue.

In addition to the regular takers there is always a demand by contractors for water while erecting buildings for mixing mortar etc. which judging from my own experience would amount to at least \$2500 per annum. The County and United States buildings would pay at least \$1200 a year for water and the state institutions would doubtless contribute \$6000 per annum for water supply.

All these would make a total of \$56,500 per annum for water alone and in addition to this many of our citizens have large lawns and flower gardens and water furnished them through meters at the exceedingly low rate of 12 1/2 cents per 1000 gallons or 1/2 cent per barrel will induce a liberal use of water for sprinkling and irrigating purposes and it would encourage the establishment of vegetable gardens within reach of the pipelines for with such meter rates irrigation can well be afforded. The amount that would be received from such sources cannot be even approximately estimated but it would be considerable and would not be less than \$2000 a year.

Light-

The number of rooms convenient to our proposed electric wire line is a little over 21000. It is very reasonable to suppose that if the price of electric light is placed at such figures as to compete with Kerosene oil the dangerous Kerosene lamp will eventually be banished and the better cleaner and safer electric light substituted therefor and our insurance rates would then be lessened.

I am of the opinion that if the price for each 16 Candle power lamps be fixed at 25 cents per month fully 10,000 electric lamps will soon be used by our citizens And the revenue arising therefrom will amount to \$30,000 a year

Power

We will have 500 electric horse power to be disposed of for small powers throughout the city from one fourth of a horsepower upwards.

The managers of several large enterprises have already signified their intention of applying for such power. An assurances have been given that more than one half of said power would be taken if it could be furnished within a certain specified time. The rates for such large powers using from 75-horse powers upwards could be fixed at \$20 per horse power per annum and the rates for smaller powers can be so fixed as to make the whole average \$40 per horsepower and this would bring us \$20,000 a year.

The plans of the power house are such that by simply adding more machinery the electric power can at any time be increased to 1500 horse power.

Assuming the above estimates of receipts to be approximately correct the revenues of the system would be as follows:

<u>Water</u>	\$ 58,500.00
<u>Electric light</u>	30,000.00
<u>Electric Power</u>	20,000.00
<u>Total</u>	\$ 108,500.00

Against this there would be charges
for yearly interest and sinking fund
on the bonds

\$ 98,000.00

Operating expenses including ^{All} salaries

etc say 10,000.00

Making a total of \$ 108,000.00

In addition to the revenues of the water and electric system there will probably soon be a considerable income to the city from the lease of the surplus water power that we will have after the needs of the city's works are supplied. The amount of such income will depend entirely upon the amount of such surplus water power and the price that will be fixed for it by the city council.

An other item which can properly be considered a source of income from our water and light system is the amount that has heretofore been paid out annually by the city for water for public purposes, fire protection and street lighting.

The amount paid out of the city treasury to the present water and light company for that service during the year 1892 was equal to a tax of 20 cents on the \$100 on all the taxable property within

the present - city limits
This great expense will be saved when our system is finished and we will have plenty of water for the city's public purposes and have our streets well lighted absolutely free

We thus see that we will have a bountiful supply of pure water and excellent light at very reasonable rates without being taxed for it and should these calculations of the receipts not be fully realized for the first year or two the demand for the water and light will constantly increase from year to year and the amount saved annually to the general revenue on account of the city furnishing its own water and light for public purposes will more than make up any deficiency that may at first be in the water and light fund

Respectfully
John McDanale
Mayor

Motion to receive &
print message
adopted

communication
from Bd of Pub Works

Alderman Worth moved that the message be received and printed in the minutes of the Council and that 1000 copies be printed in pamphlet form

Adopted

The following was read.

Office of Board of Public Works
Austin Tex Oct 2 1893

John Mayor and City Council Austin Tex

Gentlemen - I have the honor to report that bids for rebuilding the head gate and cut off wall masonry filling in with clay puddling and replacing the iron work rocks etc connected with the same were opened by the Board of Public Works on this date as follows

J. M. Burke & Co	\$ 17, 252. 00
John F Hart & Co	15, 999. 50
Patterson & Wattinger	22, 678. 00
H. L. Breneman	25, 876. 00
Wm Keyes & Fuhrmann Brue	22, 490. 00
James Belger	28, 216. 00
Wm Walsh	38, 662. 00
Evans & Mallary	19, 996. 00

And an motion which passed the board by a unanimous vote the City Council was requested to authorize the Mayor to enter into contract with John F Hart & Co for said work on execution by them of a satisfactory bond Respectfully

W. J. Oliphant

Secretary Board of Public Works

Motion to concur
in recommendation
of Bd of Pub Works
carried

Alderman Worth moved that the recommendations of the Board of Public Works as above set forth be concurred in and that the mayor be authorized to enter into contract in accordance therewith.

Carried

Ord. extending
time to Lewis Mercer
construction co

Motion to suspend the
Rules
Motion adopted
yeas

Maye

Ord read & amendment
offered to sec 4

Amendment adopted
Motion to suspend
rules
adopted

2d read 3rd time
on motion passed

Ord to pay interest on
M + L bonds

adopted
yeas

Ord to pay Bd of
appraisers

adopted

An Ordinance granting an extension of time to the Lewis Mercer construction company with which to complete the system of underground sewers now being laid by it in the City of Austin was taken up and read after which a motion was made to suspend the rules and place the ordinance on its second reading which was adopted by the following vote, yeas - 18 -

Aldermen Anderson, Asmussen, Dawson, Fischer, Glass, Hancock, Jackson, Linne, Miller, Nitschke, North, Powell, Raymond, Schubel, Shelley, Taylor, Townsend, Wermuth.

Nays. 2

Aldermen Ketchum, Platt.

The Ordinance was accordingly read, after which Alderman Linn offered the following amendment to section 4

"Provided in consideration of the extension of the franchise hereby extended the city of Austin hereby reserves the right to fix a maximum rate of charges to be made by said Lewis Mercer Construction Company its successors or assigns,

Alderman North moved to amend the amendment by adding thereto "provided all maximum rates fixed by the city council shall be reasonable".

The Amendment was accepted and the amendment as amended was adopted.

A Motion was then made to suspend the rules and place the ordinance on its third reading which was adopted by a vote of two thirds of the whole board of Alderman.

The Ordinance was accordingly read and an motion passed.

By Alderman Linn - An Ordinance appropriating the sum of \$12.025 for the purpose of paying interest on waterworks and electric light bonds of the city of Austin. It was read after which motions were made to suspend the rules and place the same on its second and third readings and that it do now pass each of which were adopted by the following vote yeas - 20

Aldermen Anderson, Asmussen, Dawson, Fischer, Glass, Hancock, Jackson, Ketchum, Linn, Miller, Nitschke, North, Platt, Powell, Raymond, Schubel, Shelley, Taylor, Townsend, Wermuth.

By Alderman Linn. An Ordinance appropriating the sum of \$160 for the purpose of paying balance due the board of Appraisers.

It was read after which motions were made to suspend the rules and place the ordinance on its second and third readings and that it do now pass each of which were adopted by the following vote yeas - 20

Aldermen. Anderson. Asmann. Dawson
 Fischer, Glass. Hancock, Jackson, Ketchum, Linn,
 Miller, Motschke. North, Platt, Powell, Raymond,
 Schuber, Shelley, Taylor, Townsend, Wasmuth.
 council adjourned The Council then adjourned

Milton Morris,

City Clerk

→ By Alderman Linn. An Ordinance appropriating the sum of
 $\$1891.46$ for the purpose of paying approved accounts.
 It was read after which motions were made to suspend the
 rules and place the ordinance on its second and third
 readings and that it do now pass each of which were
 adopted by the following vote - Yeas 20.

Aldermen Anderson. Asmann. Dawson, Fischer, Glass,
 Hancock, Jackson, Ketchum, Linn, Miller, Motschke, North,
 Platt, Powell, Raymond, Schuber, Shelley, Taylor,
 Townsend, Wasmuth.