

City Council Room,
February, 13th, 1871.

The City Council, in its new organization, under appointment by His Excellency, Edward J. Davis, Governor of the State of Texas, met at 7 o'clock P.M. - Present: His Honor, Mayor Jno. W. Sloan; Aldermen: Alfred Thos. Adams, J. Brumard, J. L. Buas, J. Eggleston, Henry Madison, J. Massie.

D^r. Mills, also, appointed Alderman, by His Excellency, Gov. Davis, having declined to accept the appointment, his seat, therefore, remained vacant.

This Honor^t, Mayor Sloan, opened the meeting by reading his message to the Board of Alderman, a copy of which is hereto attached.

Alderman Eggleston submitted the motion to have 500 copies of the Mayor's message printed for distribution, to which Alderman Massie offered the amendment to have said message published in the State Journal, which amended motion was unanimously adopted.

Alderman Massie offered the following resolution, to wit:

"Be it ordained, by the City Council of the City of Austin, That, 'Art 24th of the ordinances of said City shall hereafter stand as follows:

"Whoever in this City shall wilfully disturb the peace of others by violent, tumultuous, offensive or obtrusive conduct or marriage; or whoever shall wilfully disturb the peace of others by loud or unusual noise; or whoever shall use unseemly, profane, obscene, or offensive language, calculated to provoke a breach of the peace; or whoever shall assault, strike or fight another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. And whoever in this City shall permit any of the above prohibited acts or words, in any house, or upon any premises owned or controlled by him, so that others in the vicinity are disturbed thereby, shall be also guilty of a misdemeanor."

On motion of Alderman Brumard, the rules were suspended, and the ordinance was read for the second and third time, and, on motion of Alderman Eggleston, adopted.

Thereupon, His Honor appointed the following committee, to wit:

Committee on Finance: Abner Musina, Eggleston and Adams.
 On Inventory: " Eggleston, Bremond and Madison.
 On Streets: " Buas, Musina and Bremond
 On Market House: " Bremond, Adams and Madison.

Abner Musina offered the following Ordinance, to wit:

"An Ordinance establishing an ad valorem Tax.

"Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Austin,
 Sec. 1st. That there is levied and shall be collected, at the time and
 on the manner provided, or may be provided, by the Ordinances of
 said city, on all property within said city subject to taxation by
 the Laws of the State of Texas, on the first day of January, 1841 -
 and on the day on every year thereafter, an annual ad valorem
 Tax of one-half of one per cent.

"Sec. 2nd. That all ordinances, or parts of ordinances, in conflict
 with this, are hereby repealed.

"Sec. 3rd. That this ordinance take effect from and after its
 "passage."

On motion of Abner Eggleston, the votes were
 suspended and the ordinance read for the second and third time,
 whereupon the yeas and nays were taken which resulted as
 follows - Yeas: Abner Musina, Adams, Bremond, Buas, Eggleston
 Madison and Musina; - Nays: None.

Thus, the Ordinance was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Abner Musina, the following motion,
 to wit:

"Ordinance Regulating the Times for regular Meetings of
 "the City Council.

"Sec. 1st. Be it ordained, by the City Council of the City of
 Austin, That the first Monday in each and every month, at
 seven (7) $\frac{1}{2}$ o'clock P.M., be the time for the regular meetings
 of the City Council.

"Sec. 2nd. That the Mayor shall specially convene the City
 Council, whenever in his opinion the public interests will be
 "served thereby."

On motion of Abner Musina, the votes were sus-
 pended, and the ordinance was read for the second and third time
 and on motion of said Abner Musina, unanimously
 adopted.

Abner Musina moved that that portion of the Mayor's
 message having reference to a new City Charter, be referred to
 a special committee, which motion was unanimously adopted.

In accordance with said motion, His Honor the mayor appointed the following Attorneys, to wit: J. Messina, of Brandon and Henry Matisse, members of said special committee.

To commence with the motion of Alderman Eggleston submitted the motion to the consideration of the President of the Senate the Board of Trade, to wit: "The Mayor & Council do now, send to the Board of Trade, to regard the Representation from this County to grant the incorporation against giving a charter to any private person or company, to build a Bridge over the Colorado River in the Intensity of the city of Austin, with exclusive privileges. To the inhabitants of the city of Austin, for the convenience and comfort of the city."

Alderman Brandon moved the adoption of said motion, and it was unanimously adopted.

Alderman Eggleston offered the motion that His Honor may appoint a Committee to consist of three members, and two members of the City Company of this City, in order to present suggestions to His Council for the improvement of the present condition of said companies; said motion being seconded by Alderman Messina, voted, on his motion, unanimously adopted.

His Honor appointed M^r Messina, Eggleston and Brandon a special committee for the purpose stated in the motion of Alderman Eggleston, to be joined by M^r John H. Robinson & P. Hopkins.

Alderman Bruce presented a petition by the manager of the New York Star Company, praying for reduction of the rate of license now imposed upon theatrical performances.

With reference to said petition, Alderman Messina moved and offered the following Ordinance, to wit:

"Be it ordinance by the City Council of the City of Austin, that Ord. 125, enacted May 5th, 1863, be further amended as follows:

"That after any theatrical or dramatic company shall have paid to this city the present license of Ten (\$10) Dollars per night for one month, the Mayor whereby authorized to renew all such license for the second month, collecting again for the third month, and so on. successively - otherwise, in his opinion, the interests of the city will be subserved by so doing."

The motion of Alderman Eggleston, the rates were imposed, and the Ordinance put on its second and third reading, Whereupon, on Motion of Alderman Brandon said Ordinance was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Alderman Messina, the Council adjourned until its next regular meeting

S. F. Smyth, Recd.

Copy of the

Message of His Honor, Mayor Dowd.

Mayor's Office

Austin, Texas, Feb. 13th, 1871

To the Honorable Board of Aldermen of the City of Austin.

Sir: As it becomes my duty to administer the affairs of an important city as the capital of the State of Texas, it becomes our imperative duty, to first know the legitimate wants of her people and then to provide the necessary means for supplying those wants; having always before us her welfare and an equitable distribution of the necessary burdens amongst all classes of her population.

In order therefore for your information and the better to enable you to come to wise and equitable conclusions, I have collected such information as was possible from the records of the Mayor's, Assessors and Collector's and Treasurer's offices; and, from thence have arrived at the following representation, which may be taken as substantially correct:

The outstanding indebtedness of the city is - as follows:

Thirty-seven (37) bonds, of the denomination one hundred dollars each, and bearing ten percent, per annum interest; of these, sixteen mature April 15th, 1871; three mature April 15th, 1872; and ten (10) warrants of the denomination one hundred dollars each, and bearing interest at the rate of ten percent per annum, of these, one matures March 22nd, 1871; six mature March 20th, 1871; and three mature July 31st, 1871.

Of which indebtedness we must provide for the payment of as follows this year:

Sixteen bonds due April 15 th , 1871,	\$ 1,600.00
Six warrants due March 22 nd and 20 th and July 31 st .	" 1,000.00
To these must be added the probable expenses for the year which will give us approximately the total amount to be provided for:	
To become due upon the completion of the new market house; about	\$ 3,000.00
Mayor's salary	" 500.00
Assessors and Collector's salary, ^{including} commissioners - about	" 1,500.00
Treasurer's salary, commissions, &c., about	" 750.00
City Attorney's salary	" 500.00
City Marshal's salary	" 600.00
Night Policemen, at fifty dollars per month,	" 4,800.00
City Clerk - about	" 800.00
Salary of Auditor - about	" 500.00
Estimator for work on streets, &c.,	" 10,000.00

Making a total of \$ 25,600.00 which may be assumed as the probable expenses of the city government for the current year.

An equitable distribution of the burden of taxes over all classes of interests in the city will enable us to meet these demands and also provide

a revenue to pay the interest on one hundred thousand dollars of city bonds for bridge purposes, without any alteration of last year's rate of taxation, except the ad valorem rate on property.

An examination of last year's taxes collected, shows unjust discrimination which we should be prompt to remedy.

The records exhibit as follows:

Received from quarterly tax on merchandise	\$1,800.00
Sale of Commodity Lots	. 300.00
Billboard from Fines	. 1400.00
Licenses	. 5,600.00
Tax "ad valorem" on real estate	, 3,100.00

The workmen and tradesmen who are the vitality and strength of all cities, from whom they derive their prosperity and reputation, are by the preceding exhibiting the bears of the heaviest burden of this city's expenses; and that class of citizens who are gathering the harvest made by the industry of our tradesmen and merchants, to-wit, the property owners, are bearing comparatively but an insignificant part.

The fact of the real estate of this city paying a tax of less than over three thousand dollars per annum, is, to say the least, absurd.

As a partial remedy, the entire assessment list of the City has been revised and now shows an aggregate of about three millions of dollars.

Every few months, property generally in this city is doubling in value and is rapidly commanding the rank as the strongest race, and I know of no full reason why the owner of real estate, which is so rapidly increasing in value, should not be exempt from his proper and just share of the burdens.

You please call yourselves of the authority under in you - and I recommend you to do - and increase the rate of ad valorem Tax on real estate from one-fourth of one per cent. to one-half of one per cent.

This rate applied to the real land will give us a revenue from that source, and still, in my opinion, not so much as much as it should be, of \$ 15,000.00

To this add quarterly tax on merchandise, an estimated sum of business of the city

Licenses, estimated . 2,000.00

Fines . 2,000.00

Sale of commodity lots . 500.00

Rent of market-houses and City Hall . 4,000.00

furnishing as a revenue of thirty thousand (\$30,000) dollars, or near that; being an improved and, I confidently believe, an adequate one.

But we

Push me and guile as much a charge in our organic law, and the
expeditious way to obtain that, recently, will be to apply to the present Legislature
for a new charter; and to that end, I would suggest that you authorize me
to appoint five citizens of this city to prepare a new charter for your
consideration, which, if you approve of, it can be presented to the present
Legislature who, I doubt not, will make it law.

If, however, in your opinion a new charter is not advisable, I would
recommend that you authorize me to apply to this Legislature for authority
for the city to create a debt of not over one hundred thousand dollars, and
to exceed her present limits.

The hundred thousand dollars applied to a permanent bridge across
the river, and city improvements would increase the revenue of the city in
geometric proportion.

The engineers will, in a few days, be ready with their estimates, for
building a bridge across the Colorado river at this city. When received,
I will present them to you with my recommendations with the premises.

A permanent bridge at this place is of such vital importance to
the city that I find but one opinion, and that in favor.

Consequently, we should have one, if we were able to build it. The city
charter rather makes extreme exertions than by any means permits so
important an avenue to the city to pass into the hands of any corporate
company with exclusive privileges. In the hands of a private or corporate
company it would prove a tax on the commerce of this city, and would
be the Government of the city, perhaps. As city ~~and~~ county property,
or both, and free; or all forthwith, with tolls barely sufficient to pay
interest and make repair, it will be of incalculable benefit.

The services of the City Attorney are in excess of the compensation
given. Provision should be made to pay him for services rendered when
the Superior Court gives the suit, and in cases, and in cases where the Mayor
dismisses the suit. At present, in both these classes of cases, let
him labor even so hard, he gets no pay. This is unjust to him,
and not in harmony with the dignity of the city.

I also recommend that you authorize me to pay to the attorney
each, forty dollars, for each and every attendance at a council meeting.
It will act as a check against unnecessary calls by the Mayor, and
will reasonably compensate for the services.

The city government has not done its duty to the fire department.
The sentiments which gave force and direction to our volunteer fire
organizations, are the noblest impulses of the human mind. There is
no condition of the mind wherein self-interest and personal considerations
are as completely put aside as by the volunteer firemen in the execution
of his duties.

The fire organizations of this city honor receive every encouragement from your honorable body; and to the end that justice be done there, I recommend that you authorize me to appoint a committee of two attorneys and one from each of the fire organizations of the city, to prepare a statement of the condition of the companies, and recommend to your body action in the premises.

The prospective railroad connections of the coming three years will increase our population many times and quintuple the value of property here. We should, therefore, legislate for the future as well as the present.

To your judgment and discretion, I submit the interests of our city, feeling sure you will be animated by justice, equity, and the inalienable rights of humanity.

Let our policy be Law, honest Economy, in our administration and the Improvement of our city.

(Sig'd) John M. Sloan, Mayor.