2011 Needs Assessment & G.O. Bond Capacity Analysis

Capital Planning Office Financial Services

City Council – December 15, 2011



Presentation Outline

- Needs Assessment Overview
- Needs Assessment Results
- Needs Assessment Summary
- General Obligation Bond Capacity Analysis
- Next Steps



Needs Assessment Overview

• Purpose

- Identify priority capital needs that would potentially be funded through a G.O. Bond program
 - Infrastructure
 - Public Safety
 - City Facilities
 - Parks
 - Other needs



Needs Assessment Overview

- Focus on capital improvement projects, programs to be implemented within the context of future bond program
 - Identified through departmental assessment, business/service planning
 - Implementation in the 5-7 year CIP planning horizon
 - Serve as implementation steps for City planning efforts
 - Analyzed for cross-departmental coordination, collaboration opportunities



Needs Assessment Results



Infrastructure

- Infrastructure Departments
 - Public Works
 - Austin Transportation



Public Works

- Key Drivers
 - Repair and renovation of bridge structures
 - Gaps in pedestrian and bicycle networks
 - ADA compliance
 - Goal to construct \$10 million/year in new ramps and sidewalks
 - Pavement condition
 - Goal for 80% of streets to be in fair or better condition by end of FY18



Public Works

- Summary of Needs (\$198 million)
 - Program Needs
 - Street Reconstruction
 - Sidewalks
 - Bicycle Lane Markings
 - Project Needs
 - Bridges
 - Bike/Trail Projects
 - Neighborhood Partnering Program



Austin Transportation

- Key Drivers
 - Austin Strategic Mobility Plan
 - Regional planning initiatives
 - Staff assessment
 - Professional transportation studies
 - Citizen feedback



Austin Transportation

- Summary of Needs (\$232 million*)
 - Major Projects
 - IH-35 Corridor improvements
 - Loop 360 improvements
 - MOPAC improvements
 - Urban Rail Initiative
 - Other Partnerships with TxDOT and Travis County
 - Intersection and Roadway Improvements
 - Arterial Management
 - Traffic Signals Program
 - Traffic Calming Program



* Does not include Urban Rail Initiative

Public Safety

- Public Safety Departments
 - Austin Police Department
 - Emergency Medical Services
 - Austin Fire Department



Austin Police Department

- Key Drivers
 - Neighborhood-based policing
 - Decentralization of department
 - Condition of facilities
 - 2000 APD Facilities Master Plan
- Summary of Needs (\$125 million)
 - New APD Headquarters
 - 3 New substations (SW, NW, CW)
 - Air Operations Unit
 - Mounted Patrol, Park Patrol facilities



Emergency Medical Services

- Key Drivers
 - Evaluation of older stations against more recent stations for standardization efforts
 - Properly sized facilities for crews and equipment, including vehicles
- Summary of Needs (\$4 million)
 - Expansion of ambulance truck bays and crew quarters at three EMS stations
 - Station 2 (6601 Manchaca Road)
 - Station 8 (5211 Balcones Drive)
 - Station 11 (5401 McCarty Lane)



Austin Fire Department

- Key Drivers
 - Improving firefighter health and safety
 - Maintaining services levels at existing facilities
 - Improving response times in new service areas
 - Rehabilitation of facilities
- Summary of Needs (\$114 million)
 - 4 new fire stations
 - New Fire/EMS HQ and Station 1 Replacement
 - Women's Locker Rooms Phases 5 & 6
 - Facility repairs/renovations



City Facilities

- Key Drivers:
 - Condition of existing facilities
 - Capacity of facilities to meet service demands
- Summary of Needs (\$156 million)
 - Building Services
 - Economic Growth and Redevelopment Services
 - Health and Human Services facilities
 - Library facilities
 - CTECC facility expansion
 - Public Works service facilities



Parks and Recreation

- Key Drivers:
 - PARD Long Range Plan
 - Parks facilities in need of rehabilitation
 - Increasing demand for Parks and Recreation services



Parks and Recreation

- Summary of Needs (\$123 million)
 - Recreational and Cultural Facilities improvements
 - Metropolitan Parks improvements
 - District Parks improvements
 - Parks Operations Facilities improvements
 - Neighborhood Parks improvements
 - Pocket Parks improvements
 - Greenbelts and Preserves
 - Parks General Improvement Programs
 - Buildings, Cemeteries, Recreation facilities, etc.



New Initiatives

- Key Drivers
 - Projects/priorities stemming from recommendations included in small area master plans and other planning initiatives
- Estimated Need: \$208 million
- Projects include:
 - Downtown, Waller Creek, TODs, North Burnet Gateway, Airport Blvd., East Riverside Corridor
 - Neighborhood Plans
 - Great Streets Program



Additional Needs

- Open Space Acquisition \$57 million
 - Parkland Acquisition (PARD)
 - Water Quality (Watershed Protection)
- Affordable Housing \$75 million
 - NHCD Action Plan
 - Affordable Housing Market Study
 - Progress in Developer Assistance, Architectural Barrier Removal & Home Repair Programs



Summary of Results

Department	Amount
Public Works	\$198 M
Transportation	\$232 M
Police	\$125 M
EMS	\$4 M
Fire	\$114 M
City Facilities	\$156 M
Parks	\$123 M
New Initiatives	\$208 M
Open Space	\$57 M
Affordable Housing	\$75 M
TOTAL	\$1.29 B



Needs Assessment: Next Steps

- January: Staff formulation of initial staff prioritized lists
- **February:** Staff provides initial prioritized project lists to BEATF
- February to April: BEATF consideration of prioritized project lists; receives input from public, stakeholders, other Boards and Commissions
- **April/May:** BEATF provides recommendations to Council, staff



General Obligation Bond Capacity Analysis



Overview of General Obligation Debt

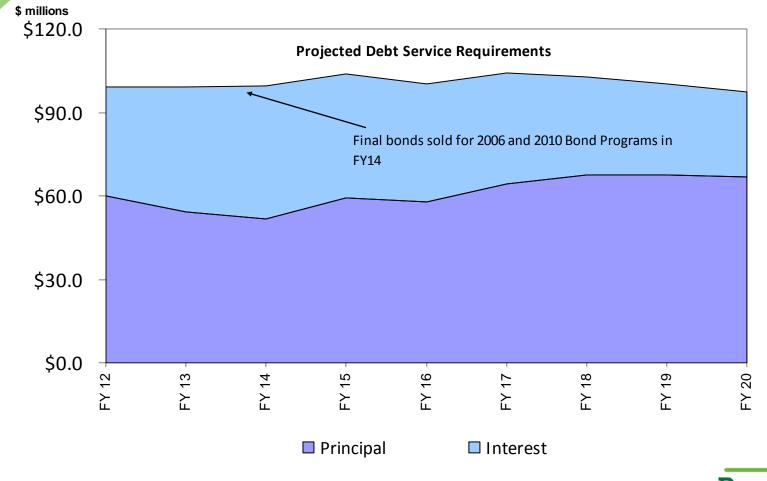
- State Law and City Charter provide authority to issue general obligation debt:
 - To fund permanent public improvements with long-term life cycles
 - Secured by "full faith and credit" of the City's authority to levy ad valorem taxes to pay the debt service
 - Viewed as lowest credit risk to investors
 - Attracts lowest interest rates

Types of G.O. Debt	Purpose	Voter Approval	Term
Public Improvement Bonds (PIBs)	Capital Assets	Yes	20 yrs
Certificates of Obligation (COs) Real Property, Off-cycle capi		No	10 - 20 yrs
Contractual Obligation (KOs)	Equipment	No	5- 10 yrs

- Tax rate established annually as part of budget process
 - Current tax rate is 48.11 ¢ per \$100 assessed value
 - Includes 12.60 ¢ to fund principal & interest payments on bonds



General Obligation Debt Service





Rating Agency Factors

- Economy and Demographics
- Debt burden
 - Debt to assessed value (AV)
 - Financial Policy: Debt/AV < 2%
 - Debt per capita
 - Debt service as percent of total tax rate
- Debt retirement
 - Percent of principal paid off in 10 years
- Financial Performance & Management
 - Depth of experience
 - Past performance against original plans
 - Financial policies, including reserve policies



Current Metrics

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How Austin Compares ...

How Austin	i Compares		Bond Rating		Debt Service %	
	<u>Debt per Capita</u>	Debt to AV	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>	<u>Fitch</u>	of Tax Rate
Austin	\$1,287	1.24%	Ааа	AAA	ΑΑΑ	26%
Austin	91,207	1.24/0	Add			20/0
Arlington	\$933	1.87%	Aa1	AA+	AA+	32%
Corpus Christi	\$858	1.50%	Aa2	AA-	AA	33%
Dallas	\$1,532	2.22%	Aa1	AA+	N/A	33%
Forth Worth	\$773	1.43%	Aa1	AA+	AA+	18%
Houston	\$1,433	2.16%	Aa2	AA	AA	25%
San Antonio	\$944	1.71%	Aaa	AAA	AAA	37%
Moody's Median (cities > 500,000 pop.)	\$1,525	2.20%				

Source for Debt per Capita and Debt / AV: Fiscal Year 2010 CAFR's

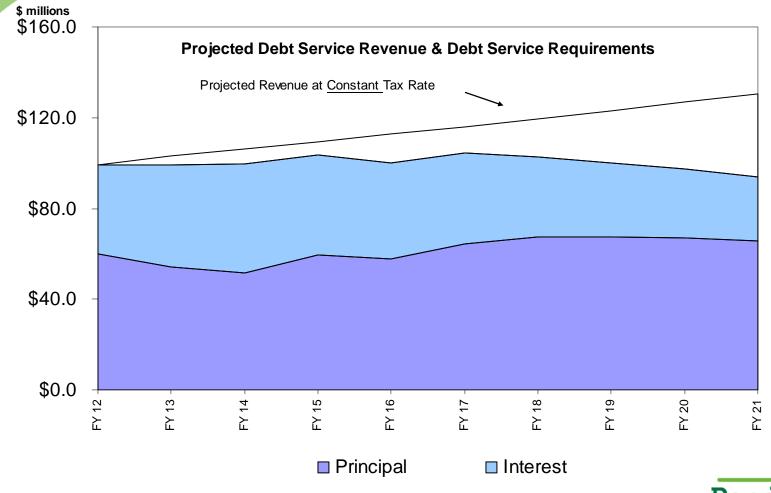


Capacity Analysis – Assumptions

- Current debt service tax rate of 12.60 cents is starting point for analysis
- Reflects planned bond sales of \$239 million for 2006 and 2010 bond programs
- Debt service structured to repay more than 50% of outstanding principal in 10 years
- Conservative growth in assessed property value
- Conservative borrowing rates
- New bonds to be sold over 6 years
- Preserves long-term bonding capacity to address capital needs beyond a 2012 bond program



Capacity Analysis - Assumptions





Modeling Potential Bond Programs

• 4 scenarios

- Debt service tax rate
- Constant, 1-cent above, 2-cents above, 3-cents above
- All scenarios assume a 3% annual growth in assessed value

	Тах	Bond Election	Tax Rate Impact		oct
Scenario	Rate	Amount	FY14	FY15	FY16
Scenario 1	constant (12.60 cents)	\$385 M	constant	constant	constant
Scenario 2	1-cent above (13.60 cents)	\$500 M	+ 1 cent	constant	constant
Scenario 3	2-cents above (14.60 cents)	\$625 M	+ 1 cent	+ 1 cent	constant
Scenario 4	3-cents above (15.60 cents)	\$725 M	+ 1 cent	+ 1 cent	+ 1 cent



Estimated Effect on Property Tax Bill

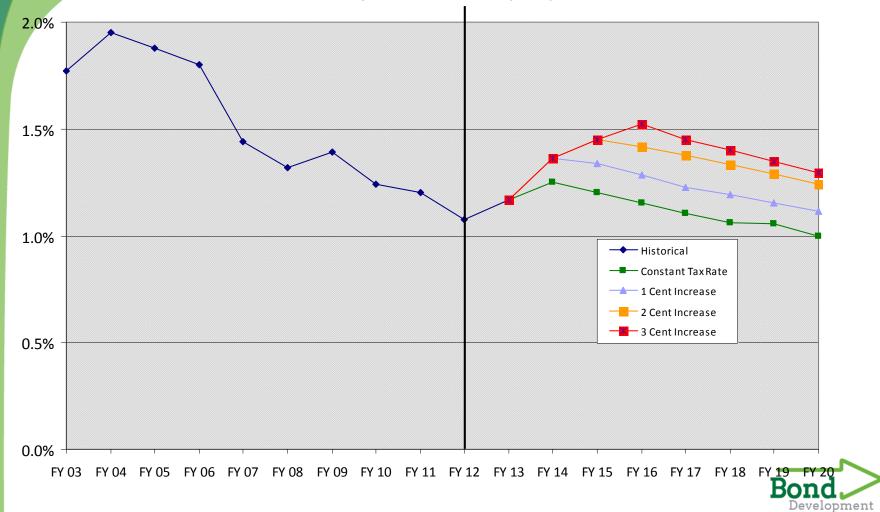
	Impact on Tax Bill
<u>Scenario</u>	<u>Typical Home</u>
Constant	\$38
1-cent above	\$60
2-cents above	\$83
3-cents above	\$105

• Projected increase in tax bill by 2016 for a \$200,000 home



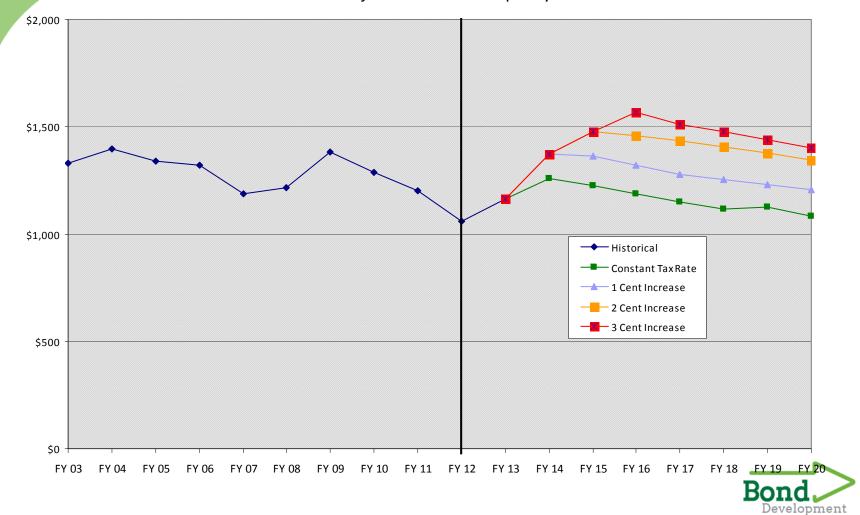
Debt to Assessed Value

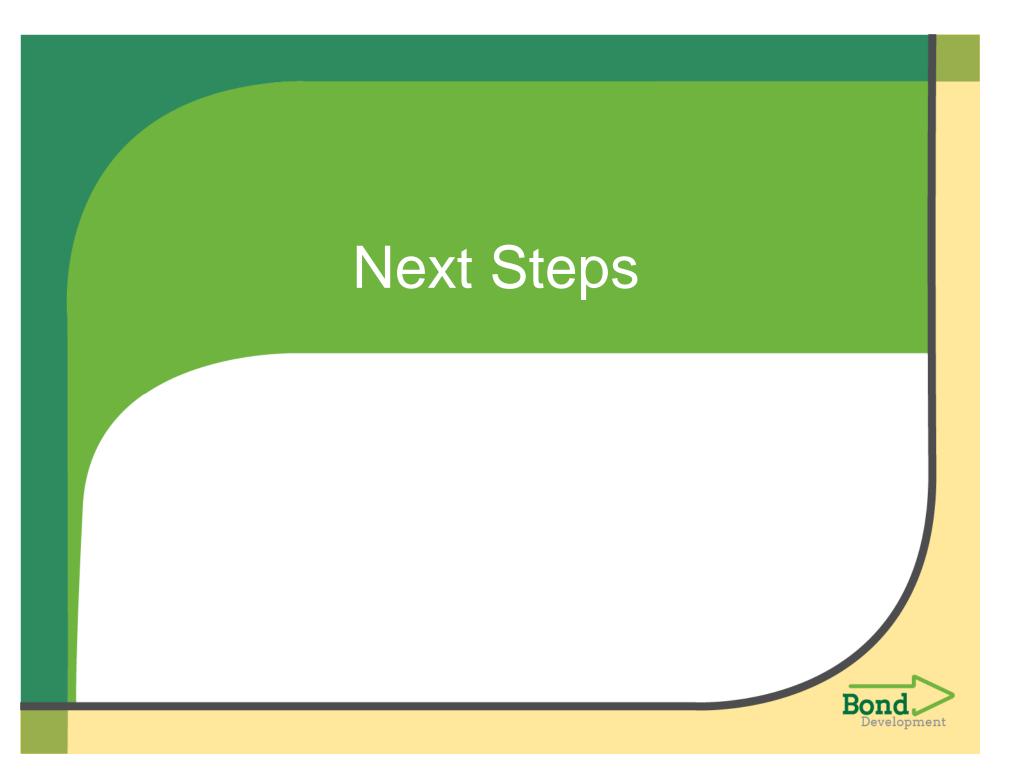
Debt / Assessed Valuation Historical & Projected for Bond Capacity Scenarios



Debt Per Capita

Debt / Per Capita Historical & Projected for Bond Capacity Scenarios





Considerations

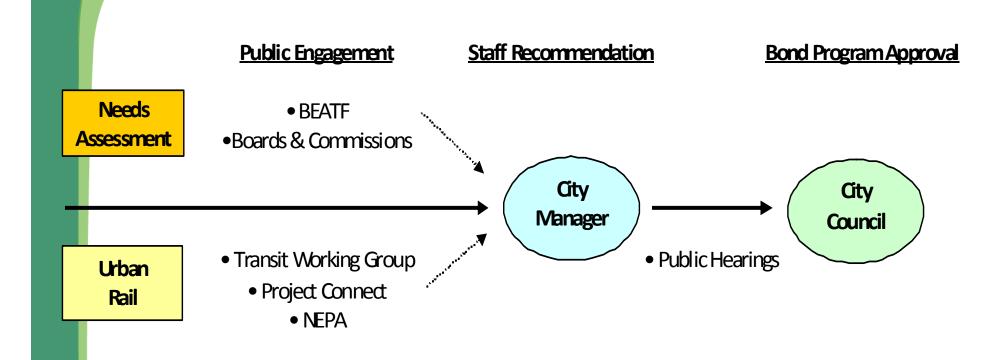
Considerations in Determining Bond Program Amount

- Maintaining financial metrics within historical ranges considered by credit rating agencies
 - Debt to assessed valuation, Debt per capita
- Overall affordability for residents into the future
 - Increases in O&M tax rate likely necessary in upcoming years to pay for cost increases in basic City services
 - Utility user fees to increase for infrastructure
 - Overlapping tax burden
- Preserving long-term bonding capacity for future needs

* Final staff recommendation to Council in late spring/early summer



Public Engagement





Next Steps

Bond Election Advisory Task Force

- Starting point is \$1.3 B Needs Assessment
- Develop 3 potential programs
 - \$200 M, \$300 M, \$400 M
 - Similar in size to 2006 bond program, after adjusting for change in funding methodology for watershed protection projects (cash generated by drainage fee)

<u>Urban Rail</u>

- Continue evaluation of system alignment, segments, phasing
- Financial analysis with various levels of general obligation bond funding
- Feasibility of other funding sources to be assessed
 - Federal funds, tax increment financing, etc.



Calendar

	Needs Assessment	Urban Rail		
January	 Initial staff prioritization BEATF organization 	 High-capacity transit system integration ideas 		
February	Staff presents Initial Prioritization	Financial Analysis		
March	 to BEATF BEATF considers prioritized lists BEATF recieves public input 	 DRAFT High-capacity transit system O&M costs 		
April				
May / June	 BEATF provides recommendations 	 Discuss Phasing 		
June / July	City Manager Finalizes Bond Program Recommendation			
August	 Public Hearings on Bond Program Recommendation City Council Approves Bond Program 			



Questions & Discussion

