### Blanco Street Multi-Family Development: Adherence to Historic Guidelines

Acknowledge zoning and its use, then implement a building typology associated with the new use

Promote and demonstrate diversity of architectural styles-

Preserve integrity of the original structures -

1. The original wall and gates are preserved

#### Historic Land Use Patterns -

- 1. Streetscape is preserved with the wall's relationship
- 2. Building setback is maintained
- 3. Parking is internal and buffered from street
- 4. Retaining walls to help create more level building site

#### Enhance Streetscape-

- 1. Street trees and sidewalks are maintained and preserved
- 2. Single driveway entrance minimizes curb cuts and driveway widths
- 3. Garage doors face away from street
- 4. Building has porches, doors, and windows to street to promote openness

# Scale and Massing -

- 1. Substantial decrease in density in what is allowed on the site (45-68 allowed vs way under 30)
- 2. Respected compatibility height and setbacks
- 3. Stepped back design with respect to historic wall and overall height
- 4. Townhome rhythm breaks down traditional apartment character of this type of use
- 5. The building along Harthan is set well below street level to decrease height presence along street

## Reflect the era of its construction-

- 1. Design with consideration of today's important design concepts (sustainability, green)
- 2. Design does not seek to create appearance or replicate historic style of original buildings

Compatible With but Discernible from Historic Buildings in the District-

- 1. Material palette is what is used in the contributing buildings in the neighborhood
- 2. Proportions of openings is what is found in the contributing buildings in the neighborhood
- 3. Inclusion of street-side porches
- 4. Design does not seek to create appearance or replicate historic style of original buildings

# **Blanco Street Multifamily Development: Merits and Concessions**

- 1. Significant reduction in allowed density to taper impact on neighborhood.
  - a. MF-4-H-HD-NP and MF-4-HD-NP
    - i. Density allowed is 45-68 units
    - ii. Development has less than 30 units (26 units)
- 2. Reduced impervious and building coverage offers more green and open space.
  - a. 37% vs 60% building coverage
  - b. 63.5% vs 70% impervious coverage
- 3. Condominium townhome style development meant for home ownership rather than rental.
- 4. Units are designed to allow starter families.
- 5. Access to Harthan Street eliminated.
- 6. Elevation of buildings along Harthan Street lowered.
- 7. Front and rear setbacks are more sensitive to be more compatible to surrounding area
- 8. All units have private garage parking rather than common parking lot
- 9. Additional buffered visitor parking is provided to relieve impact on surrounding streets
- 10. Decrease visual mass impact thru use of flat roofs and stepped design
- 11. Design that is "compatible with but discernible from historic buildings in the district"
  - a. Pallet of materials is what is found in the neighborhood
  - b. Proportions of openings is what is found in the neighborhood
  - c. Elevation configuration does not replicate a historic style (ie. Bungalows of the area)
- 12. Sustainable design reflects this era of construction concepts.
  - a. Solar benefits
  - b. Rain water collection
  - c. Green roofs / additional "open space"
  - d. Sustainable products
  - e. Limiting heat island
  - f. Increase in density in central area
- 13. Adherence to Historic Design Guidelines