

### Zero Waste Advisory Commission October 8, 2014

## DRAFT Construction Material Recycling Ordinance



#### **OUTLINE**

- Background
- Process & Schedule
- Ordinance Principles
- Ordinance Intent
  - Affected Projects
  - Qualified Processors
  - Hauler Reporting
  - Penalties





### BACKGROUND Resolution No. 20100930-023

#### Instructs City Manager to investigate:

- 1) Requiring all C&D sites to recycle or salvage
- 2) Creating incentives for recycling and salvaging









## BACKGROUND ARR Master Plan, Section 9.10

#### **Construction Materials Management:**

- Adopt policies to increase reuse, recycling and composting of products used in additions, renovations, and new construction
- 2) Require large-scale project building-permits holders to provide diversion plans
- Transition to higher rates of diversion requirements
- 4) Register C&D debris facilities and haulers





## Ordinance Development: Process & Schedule

Date	Meeting	Description	
Dec. 2013 July 2014	C&D Committee	* Propose schedule * Summarize similar ordinances, research	
August 8 & 14	Stakeholders	Public input on ordinance parameters	
August 28	C&D Committee	Approved staff-proposed ordinance intent	
October 8	ZWAC	Consider C&D Committee-approved ordinance intent	
November 12	ZWAC	Considers proposed ordinance intent	
Nov/Dec	City Council	Adopts proposed ordinance intent	





# Ordinance Development: Public Engagement

- 12 municipalities and counties
- City departments
  - Austin Energy Green Building
  - Austin Public Works Department
  - Planning & Development Review Department
  - Office of Sustainability
  - Economic Development





# Ordinance Development: Public Engagement

- 6 professional associations
- 25 industry members
  - Construction
  - Hauling
  - Processing
- 40+ at Stakeholder Meetings





### **PRINCIPLES**

- Support: Green building initiatives for construction material management
- Flexible: Performance-based, rather than prescriptive
- Inclusive: Support hierarchy of beneficial use
- Reference: Rather than replicate other city, state, federal, or industry policies
- Integrate: Fit into existing practices





### PROPOSED ORDINANCE CONCEPT

- Affected Project must either:
  - Dispose less than 2.5 lbs/sq ft; or
  - Divert at least 50% of C&D materials
- Affected Project acknowledges requirements prior to receiving permit
- Affected Project reports after construction
- Provisions to allow for "Qualified Processors"
- Performance-based penalty





### AFFECTED PROJECTS Demolition

1.1. Commercial or Multifamily Demolition project of any size that requires a permit

#### Rationale:

- <u>Include</u> commercial demolition large material generation per square foot
- <u>Exempt</u> single-family residential demolition –
   material tends to be less recyclable





### AFFECTED PROJECTS Construction or Renovation

1.2. New construction or renovation project permitted for 5,000 or more square feet

#### Rationale

- Larger projects are better equipped to absorb costs to administer, educate crews and monitor
- Per PDRD FY2013 permitting data:
  - 12% of all projects ≥ 5,000 sq ft
  - 76% of total sq ft





### **AFFECTED PROJECTS**

### **Exempt Small Construction or Renovation**

#### **Small projects:**

- More cost per ton diverted
- Construction contractors
  - Carryover materials rather than discard them
  - Consolidate discards from several projects
- Containers are more vulnerable to unauthorized use and contamination
- Quick Turnaround <5,000 sq ft</li>





## AFFECTED PROJECTS Exempted Projects

1.3 Exempt projects that require only one trade (e.g., plumbing, electrical, mechanical, irrigation)

#### Rationale

- Smaller amounts of recyclable materials or reusable components
- Market forces determine whether to recover





### **AFFECTED PROJECT REQUIREMENTS**

- 2.1. Permittee shall either:
  - 2.1.1. Dispose less than 2.5 lbs/sq ft; or
  - 2.1.2. Divert at least 50% of C&D materials

Eligible diversion:

Documented quantities of construction materials put to Beneficial Use on or off site





# Austin Energy Green Building Basic Requirement



#### 50% Diversion, 4 Materials:

- Recycle or salvage at least 50% of construction and demolition waste, excluding excavated soil, stone, and land clearing debris
- Diverted material must include at least four material streams





## LEED for Homes Construction Waste Management Credit

Reduced construction waste.



Dispose 2.5 pounds or less per square foot of conditioned floor area.

Industry average is 4.2 pounds per square foot, per National Association of Home Builders' Research Center.





### **DEFINITIONS**

#### Construction or Demolition (C&D) Materials

- Non-hazardous materials that are directly or indirectly the by-products of construction work or that result from demolition of buildings and other structures
- Includes, but not limited to, concrete, corrugated cartons, gypsum wallboard, metal, paper, paving, plastics, and wood
- Excludes excavated soil, stone, and land-clearing debris





#### **DEFINITIONS**

#### Beneficial Use

- Includes salvage, reuse, or processing into a material or product with an open-market value
- Does not include use as a fuel or alternative daily landfill cover





### AFFECTED PROJECT REQUIREMENTS Pre-Construction Affirmation

2.2 Prior to permit issuance, permit applicant acknowledges that the project is subject to diversion requirements

#### Rationale

- New program, no surprises
- Alert affected City departments





### AFFECTED PROJECT REQUIREMENTS Post-Construction Report

### 2.3 After construction, permittee reports:

- Documented tons of materials & components:
  - Diverted for Beneficial Use
  - Disposed





## AFFECTED PROJECT REQUIREMENTS Post-Construction Report

#### 2.3.2 Report documented tons:

- 1. Reused onsite
- 2. Diverted by processors by load
- 3. Disposed by processors by load
- 4. Delivered to disposal facility by load





### **QUALIFIED PROCESSORS**

#### **Purpose:**

- Reduce administrative costs
- Simplifies processor tracking and reporting

- Similar to pilot credit for LEED
- Optional









### **DEFINITIONS**

#### Qualified Processor

Facility that meets certain requirements including documenting its *Facility-Average Diversion Rate* 

#### Facility-Average Diversion Rate

Percentage of all incoming C&D material over a period of time that a processing facility diverts for *Beneficial Use* 





## QUALIFIED PROCESSORS REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1. Meet state requirements
- 4.2. Report its Facility-Average Diversion Rate
- 4.3. Meet verification standards
- 4.4. Meet minimum Facility-Average Diversion Rate





## AFFECTED PROJECT REQUIREMENTS Post-Construction Report

- 2.3.1 For materials delivered to Qualified Processors (QP), report:
  - 2.3.1.1. Documented tons delivered to each QP
  - 2.3.1.2. Each QP's Facility-Average Diversion Rate





#### **HAULERS**

- 3.2. A licensed hauler shall report the quantities of C&D Materials that it hauls directly to each of the following:
  - 3.2.1. Disposal facilities
  - 3.2.2. Diversion facilities

#### Rationale

Separates reporting of C&D & URO-related material





#### **PENALTY**

#### Intent:

- Performance-based penalty
- Do NOT:
  - Withhold certificate of occupancy
  - Require upfront deposit

 Challenge: What penalty is compelling and not merely the cost of doing business?





## PENALTY Case Study: City of Chicago

Project Size	Penalty Rate*			
< 10,000 sq ft	\$500			
≥ 10,000 sq ft	\$1,000			
*per percentage point less than 50%				





### PENALTY Chicago Examples

Target Diversion: 50%

Actual Diversion: 15%

Example	1	2
Project Size (sq ft)	5,000	10,000
Penalty per percentage point	\$500	\$1000
% Defficiency	35%	35%
<b>Total Penalty</b>	\$17,500	\$35,000





#### **PENALTY**

Permittee pays the greater of the following:

5.1. \$\_\_\_ per **ton** project should have diverted

5.2. \$\_\_\_ per **percentage point** project should have diverted

5.3. greater rate per **percentage point** for larger projects





### **Next Steps**

Questions











