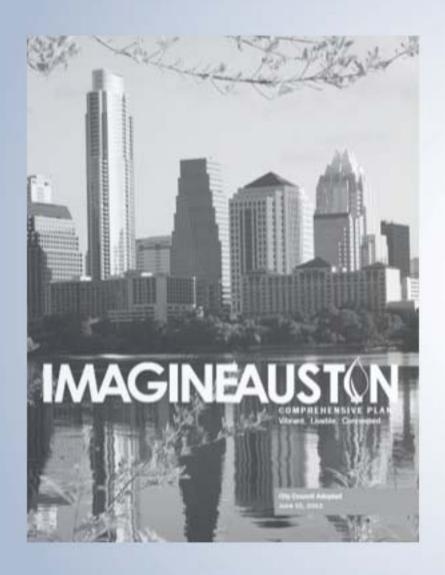
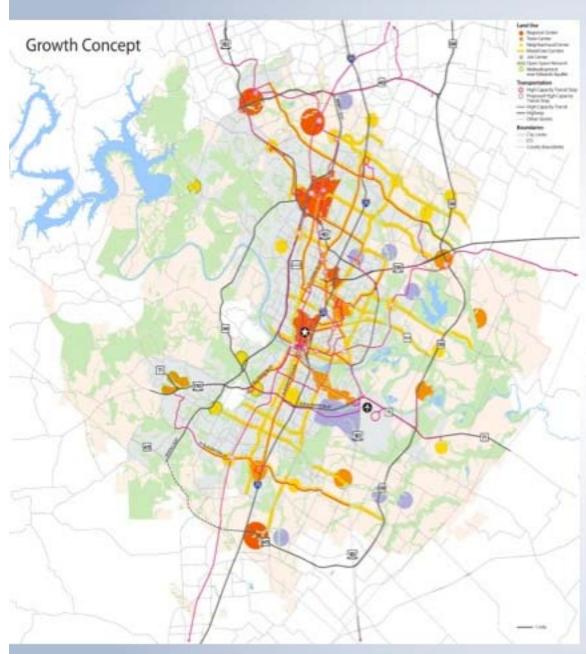


Zoning Basics

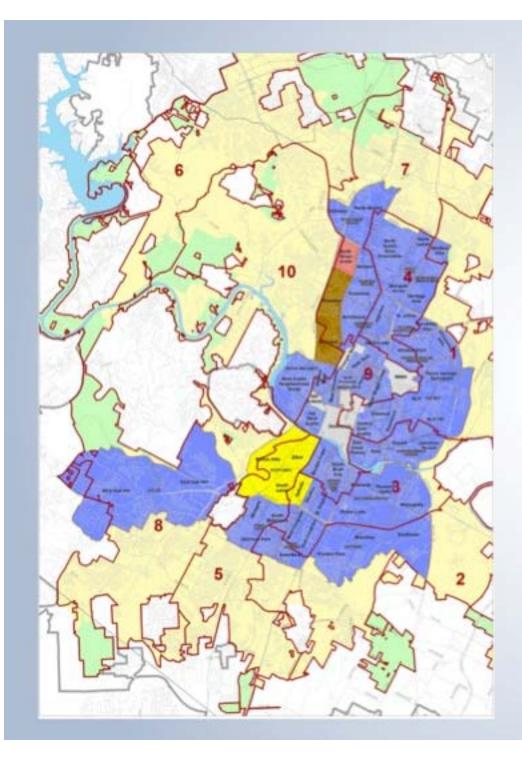
Gregory I. Guernsey, AICP
Planning & Development Review
Department



Imagine Austin Zoning Compliance Analysis



Imagine Austin Growth Concept Map



City Council Districts and Neighborhood Planning Areas

What is Zoning?



- Applies land use regulations only in full and limited purpose jurisdictions of the City
- Police power granted by the State
- Divides land within a jurisdiction into separate districts
- Establishes where certain land uses are permitted
- Establishes site development regulations

History

1916

First Zoning Ordinance NYC 1922

Federal Standard Zoning Enabling Act 1926

Village of Euclid v. Amber Reality 1927

Texas Standard Zoning Enabling Act 1931

Austin's first Zoning Ordinance

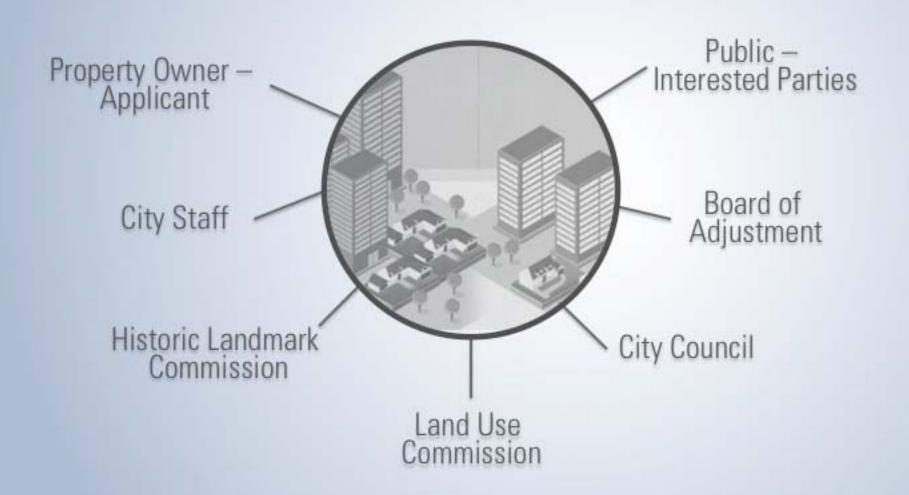
Authority & Purpose

Section 211 - Texas Local Government Code:

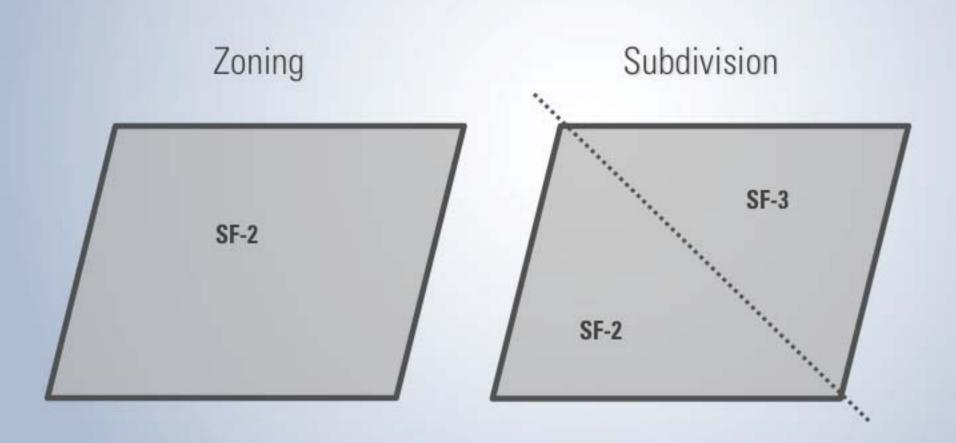


- Public Health
- Safety
- Morals
- General Welfare
- Historic Preservation

Zoning Participants



Development Process



Development Process



Site plan

Development Process



Building permit

Inspections

Residential



- Single family
- Duplex
- Two family
- Secondary apartment
- Townhouse
- Condominium
- Group residential
- Multifamily

Commercial



- Medical-Professional-Administrative office
- General retail
- Pet services
- Restaurants general & limited
- Personal Services
- Service Station
- Automotive sales-rentalrepair-washing

Industrial



- Light and heavy manufacturing
- General and limited warehousing and distribution
- Recycling center
- Stockyard

Civic



- Public and Private Schools
- Religious Assembly
- Limited and Commercial Day Cares
- Hospital Services
- Parks and Recreation Services
- Telecommunication Tower
- Residential Treatment

Agricultural



- Animal production
- · Crop production
- Urban farm

Zoning District Types



- <u>Base Districts</u>: Means a zoning district that prescribes basic regulations governing use and site development
- Overlay Districts: Are districts that establish specific use or site development standards for a particular area within the City
- Combining Districts: These districts may be applied to a site in combination with regulations applicable to a base district

When is a use allowed?

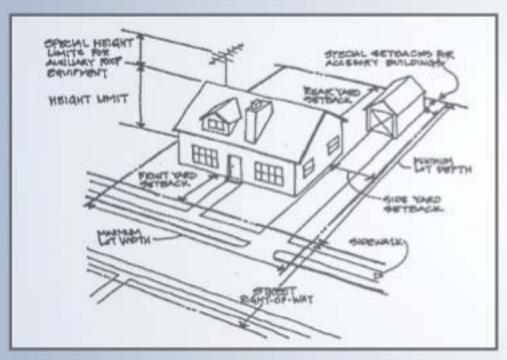


- Permitted use: A use permitted by right within a district
- Conditional Use: A use that is allowed on a discretionary basis. Requires Land Use Commission approval or City Council approval upon an appeal



- Prohibited use: A use not permitted within a district or not recognized under the City Code
- Non-conforming use: A use lawfully established prior to annexation or enactment of the current City Code.

Site Development Regulations



Regulates building height and setbacks, building coverage, impervious cover, density, floor area with a base zoning district

Types of Zoning Ordinances



Cumulative Zoning (Austin, pre-March 1986):

 This zoning allowed uses in a zoning district and less intensive zoning districts

Non-cumulative (Austin, post-1985):

 This zoning allows only uses permitted in the zoning district

Zoning Process



- Zoning application submitted, fee paid and case assigned to case manager
- Initial public notice is sent to property owners, utility customers & City registered neighborhood organizations
- Zoning sign is posted.
- After reviewing staff and public comments, and adopted plans, including Neighborhood Plans, staff makes a recommendation

Land Use Commission



- Public hearing notice for the Land Use Commission is sent to property owners, utility customers & City registered neighborhood organizations
- Public hearing at Zoning & Platting or Planning Commission & recommendation
- Land Use Commission may recommend approval, approval with additional conditions, approval a less intense zoning classification or denial

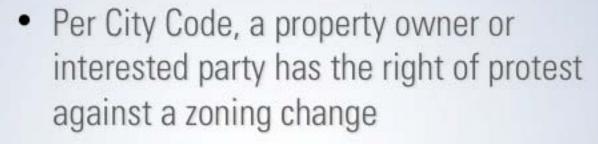
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City Council



- Notice of public hearing is published in newspaper and sent to interested parties
- Required City Council public hearing.
- City Council may approve, approve with additional conditions, approve a less intense zoning classification or deny
- Zoning approval requires 3 ordinance readings

Right of Protest





 If a valid petition is filed in opposition to a rezoning request by an affected property owner or by a certain percentage of property owners within 200 feet of the request, then a super majority (9 of 11) vote of the City Council at third ordinance reading is required to rezone the property



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