City of Austin



A Report to the Austin City Council

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AUDIT REPORT

Procurement Card Usage Audit – Communications and Technology Management

September 2015



REPORT SUMMARY

While Communications and Technology Management (CTM) generally complies with procurement card policies, the department can improve how it documents and maintains records for purchases.

AUDIT NUMBER: AU15114

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GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

We conducted this performance audit in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

AUDIT TEAM

Walton Persons, CPA, CICA, Assistant City Auditor Caroline Kirschner, Auditor-in-Charge Karl V. Stephenson, CGAP, CICA



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September 2015



Report Highlights

Why We Did This Audit

This audit was conducted as part of the Office of the City Auditor's (OCA) FY 2015 Strategic Audit Plan based on a risk assessment of procurement card usage in all departments.

What We Recommend

The City's Chief Information Officer should ensure existing Citywide procurement card policies are communicated to CTM staff to address identified issues.



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PROCUREMENT CARD USAGE AUDIT – COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT

BACKGROUND

- The City of Austin's procurement card program, which provides City credit cards to individual users in departments, was established in 1998 to streamline the City's payment process for transactions below the \$3,000 single bid limit and provide a more efficient and cost-effective alternative to purchase orders and petty cash.
- The Purchasing Office administers the procurement card program.
- Directed by the City's Chief Information Officer, Communications and Technology Management (CTM) provides information technology infrastructure and services to City departments, external agencies, and Austin residents.
- During the period we tested, there were 3,045 transactions by CTM procurement card holders, totaling \$1,062,251. There was approximately one procurement card for every 3.3 employees, and the average expenditure per procurement card was \$11,301.
- This audit of CTM is the first in a series of audits of procurement card usage by OCA. CTM was selected due to risks such as the number of card holders and ability to purchase on behalf of other departments.

OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE

The objective of the audit was to evaluate CTM's usage of procurement cards as compared to City policies and best practices. The audit scope included CTM procurement card transactions from October 1, 2013 to March 31, 2015.

WHAT WE FOUND

While CTM generally complies with procurement card policies, the department can improve how it documents and maintains records for procurement card purchases. CTM could not provide supporting documentation or evidence of approvals for the purchases described below. These transactions indicate a lack of awareness of policies and monitoring of procurement card activity by department employees, which increases the risk that procurement card holders may misuse City resources without management's knowledge.

- One purchase of \$5,883 split into two transactions of \$2,942 each to circumvent the single transaction dollar limit amount of \$3,000, violating procurement card policy.
- Three of five food and ice purchases we tested violated procurement card policy by not including required elements in supporting documentation.
- CTM did not use the IT requisition process as required by procurement card policy to purchase six of eight sampled software and hardware purchases.
- Out of eight software and hardware purchases, six were for other City departments; four of those six (67%) purchases lacked evidence of approval from the other departments.
- CTM did not provide evidence of prior approval for a gift card purchase for a Rewards & Recognition event, violating procurement card policy.
- CTM did not provide evidence of the card holder reimbursing the City for five accidental personal purchases, totaling \$145.

BACKGROUND

The City of Austin's procurement card program was established in 1998 to streamline the City's payment process for transactions below the \$3,000 single bid limit. It was also designed to provide a more efficient and cost-effective alternative to purchase orders and petty cash. The Purchasing Office administers the procurement card program for all City departments except Austin Energy. This audit of CTM card usage is the first in a series of audits of departmental procurement card usage by our office.

CTM provides technology infrastructure and services to City departments, external agencies, and Austin residents. The City's CIO serves as CTM's director.

In FY 2014 and the first half of FY 2015, there were 3,045 transactions by CTM procurement card holders, totaling \$1,062,251. There were 94 card holders out of 309 full-time employees in FY 2015, or approximately 1 procurement card for every 3.3 employees. On average, the total expenditure per procurement card was \$11,301.

OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY

The Procurement Card Usage – Communications and Technology Management Audit was conducted as part of the OCA FY 2015 Strategic Audit Plan, as presented to the City Council Audit and Finance Committee based on a risk assessment of procurement card usage in all departments. CTM was selected for this first procurement card audit due to risks such as the number of card holders and ability to purchase on behalf of other departments.

Objective

The objective of the audit was to evaluate CTM's usage of procurement cards as compared to City policies and best practices.

Scope

The audit scope included all CTM procurement card transactions from October 1, 2013 to March 31, 2015.

Methodology

To accomplish our audit objectives, we performed the following steps:

- evaluated risk of fraud, waste, and abuse relevant to the audit objective;
- interviewed CTM Chief Financial Manager;
- consulted with Purchasing Office personnel regarding procurement card policies and procedures;
- researched criteria related to procurement card usage and purchasing;
- evaluated internal controls over procurement card purchases at CTM;
- obtained from the City's procurement card tracking system the population of all CTM procurement card transactions occurring during the scope period;
- selected a random sample and a judgmental sample of procurement card transactions;

- reviewed supporting documentation for transactions, including receipts and invoices, from procurement card holders; and
- analyzed all CTM procurement card transactions in the scope period using a test for split transactions.

Office of the City Auditor

AUDIT RESULTS

Finding: While CTM generally complies with procurement card policies, the department can improve how it documents and maintains support and approvals for procurement card purchases.

While CTM generally complies with procurement card policies, the department can do more to ensure it maintains adequate records supporting procurement card purchases. CTM could not provide supporting documentation or evidence of approvals for purchases described in the following table. Examples include a split transaction to circumvent the single transaction limit, a lack of approval and required documentation for certain purchases, software and hardware purchases outside of the technology requisition process, and personal purchases made accidentally with procurement cards with no evidence of reimbursement to the City.

These transactions indicate a lack of monitoring or an awareness of policies by department employees, or in some cases, intentional non-compliance so employees could meet deadlines. While we did not specifically identify intentional misuse for personal gain, these incidents increase the risk that procurement card holders may misuse City resources without management's knowledge.

What We Found:	Why it Matters:
CTM is not sufficiently approving or maintaining	Violations of policies may increase the
supporting documentation for certain	risk of misuse of City resources
purchases	
 Split Transaction Identified a purchase totaling \$5,883, split into two transactions of \$2,942 each to circumvent the \$3,000 transaction limit that would require use of a purchase request These items were included on an existing master agreement with the City 	 Violation of procurement card policy
Lack of Required Documentation	 Violation of procurement card policy
 Three of five (60%) food/ice purchases did not 	 Without the required documentation,
include the type and location of the event, event	there is less assurance that food and ice
participants, and the business purpose	purchases are for City business
Software and Hardware Purchases Outside of the	 Violation of procurement card policy
Technology Requisition Process	 Cannot ensure software purchases
 Six of eight (75%) software and hardware items 	comply with licenses, IT equipment
not ordered through CTM's service desk,	contracts are administered properly, or
through which the department tracks the	products have adequate support
purchase requests	

EXHIBIT 1 Analysis of Results

What We Found: CTM is not sufficiently approving or maintaining supporting documentation for certain purchases	Why it Matters: Violations of policies may increase the risk of misuse of City resources
 Lack of Approval for Software and Hardware Purchases Out of the eight software and hardware purchases, six were for other City departments; four of those six (67%) purchases lacked evidence of approval from the other departments 	 Cannot ensure the other departments approved these purchases Increased risk that purchases may have been for personal use
 Lack of Approval for Gift Card Purchase No approval for one gift card purchase for a Rewards & Recognition event out of six gift card purchases during the period we tested 	 Violation of procurement card policy Increased risk that taxpayer money could be fraudulently expended (gift cards easily converted to cash)
 Lack of Evidence of Reimbursement for Accidental Personal Purchases No evidence of reimbursements to the City for the five accidental purchases tested, totaling \$145 	 Violation of procurement card policy Increased risk that procurement card holders who make personal use of procurement cards may fail to reimburse the City

SOURCE: OCA analysis of data from the City's procurement card tracking system, supporting documentation for procurement card purchases, and the ProCard Policy Manual, September 2015

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. The City's Chief Information Officer should ensure existing Citywide procurement card policies are communicated to CTM staff to address identified issues, including:
 - a) observing the single transaction limit (\$3,000) or requesting increases in advance;

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- b) purchasing all software and hardware through the technology requisition process;
- c) maintaining approvals and supporting documentation for certain purchases as required;
- d) monitoring to identify personal purchases and ensure they are reimbursed to the City; and
- e) using existing master agreements for purchases where possible.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: Concur. Refer to Appendix A for action plan.

ACTION PLAN

Procurement Card Usage Audit – Communications and Technology Management

Recommendation	Concurrence and Proposed Strategies for Implementation	Status of Strategies	Proposed Implementation Date
The City's Chief Information Officer	Concur with the	Planned.	Jan 2016
should ensure existing Citywide	recommendations. Due		
procurement card policies are	to the nature of our		
communicated to CTM staff to	business some of the		
address identified issues, including:	findings could not be		
a) observing the single	avoided.		
transaction limit (\$3,000) or	We will communicate		
requesting increases in advance;	procurement card		
b) purchasing all software and	policies at team		
hardware through the	meetings, quarterly all		
technology requisition	employee meetings, and		
process;	develop an "on demand"		
c) maintaining approvals and	training video to educate		
supporting documentation	staff on the mentioned		
for certain purchases as	policies.		
required;			
d) monitoring to identify			
personal purchases and			
ensure they are reimbursed			
to the City; and			
e) using existing master			
agreements for purchases			
where possible.			