

Austin Transect Zones





Overview

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Presentation Overview

Objective:

Provide additional information on the zoning tools that will be part of the New Land Development

- Transect Zones
- Integration of Existing Tools
- Next Steps



The Importance of Understanding Different Contexts

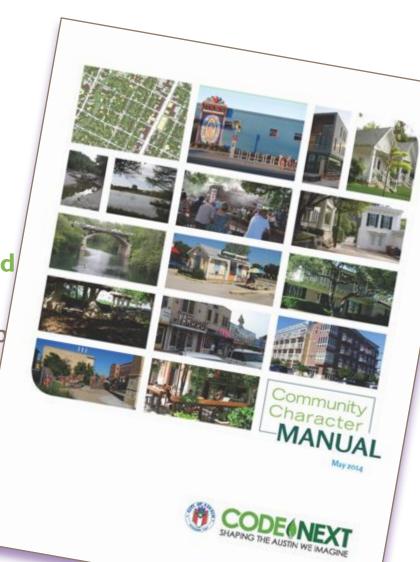
Different Solutions for Different Contexts

Community Character Manual:

Intent

A Tool for Effective Planning

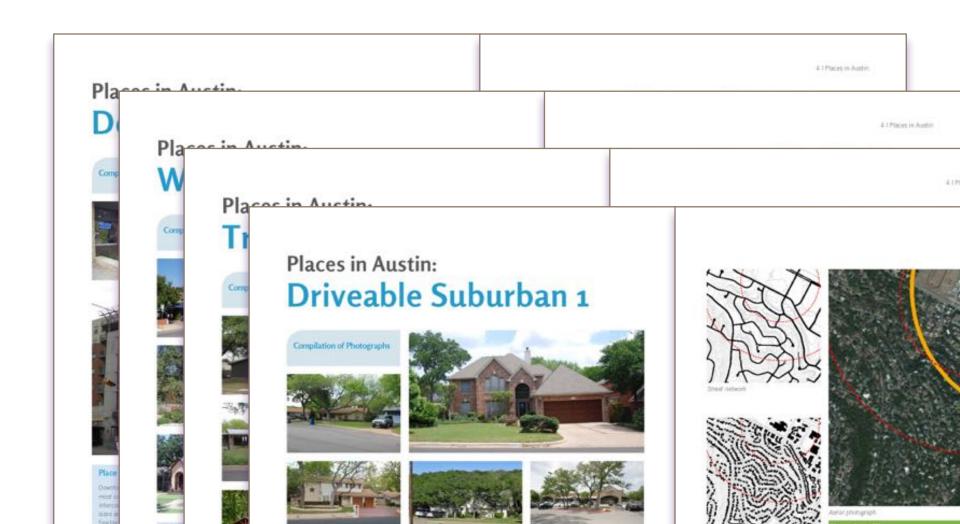
- Provide an understanding of the range of different types of places that exist throughout Austin.
- Establish a common foundation and vocabulary for CodeNEXT and future planning efforts in the City of Austin based on Community Character.





Community Character Manual:

Chapter 4: Places in Austin



Comparing Existing Approach to Zoning to New Approach

Context: All of these use CS for their base zone













Layers of Regulation Added

CS-V-CO-NP

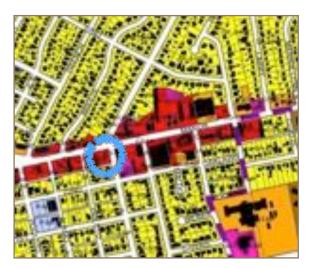
















Need Sharpening of Zoning Tools





Creating Zones Specific to Context

Existing Zone: CS-CO

CONTEXT

Suburban/ **Transitional**

FORM

Office Park

BUILDING Detached, **CHARACTER** widely spaced

> **FRONT** SETBACK

Large setback, often behind parking

HEIGHT CHARACTER

I to 5 stories

RANGE OF ALLOWED LAND USES

Single Use









SC

Service Commercial*

Conventional Zone

^{*} Name may change as code is refined



Creating Zones Specific to Context

Existing Zone: CS-V-CO-NP

CONTEXT

Walkable Urban

FORM

Main Street

BUILDING **CHARACTER**

Attached

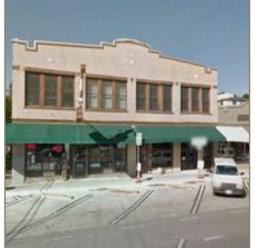
FRONT SETBACK

Small to no setbacks

HEIGHT Up to 3 stories

RANGE OF ALLOWED LAND USES

Broad









T4MS*

T4 Main Street

Form-Based/

Transect Zone

^{*} Name may change as code is refined



Creating Zones Specific to Context

Existing Zone: CS-V-CO-NP

CONTEXT

Walkable

Urban /

Transitional

FORM

Residential

BUIDLING **CHARACTER**

Detached

FRONT **SETBACK** Small to medium

HEIGHT Up to 2 stories

RANGE OF ALLOWED LAND USES

Broad











T4 NEIGHBORHOOD OPEN

Form-Based/ Transect Zone

^{*} Name may change as code is refined



Example: T4 Neighborhood – Open (T4N-O)









Examples of Neighborhood Form with Open Land Uses



Regulating Single Family Too Broadly: Example SF-3













Why This Might Be the Most Important Regulation



Similar Densities. Very Different Size

Different Maximums Footprints for Each Building Type

1783-3.100 Multi-plex: Small



A Multi-piex, scaled to a medium-density neighborhood, with all units accessed from a central entry



A small Multi-plex with front energics purch and balcony



A Multi-plex with unique Art Deco entrance detailing

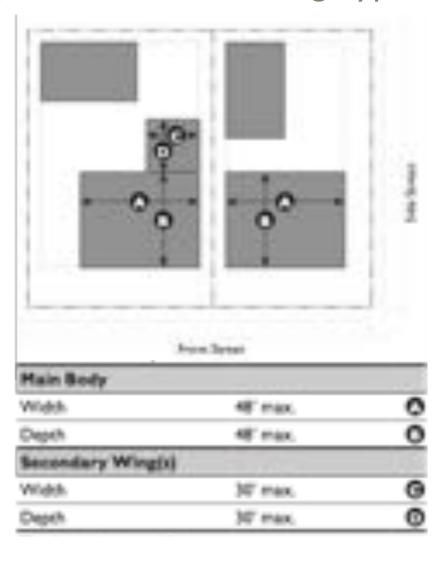
The Multi-plex: Small Building Type is a medium structure that consists of 3-4 side-by-side and/or stacked dwelling units, typically with one shared entry or individual entries along the front. This Type has the appearance of a medium-sized family home and is appropriately scaled to fit sparingly within primarily single-family neighborhoods or into medium-density neighborhoods. This Type enables appropriately scaled, well-designed higher densities and is important for providing a broad choice of housing types and promoting walkability.



Allowed

TF Not Allowed

General Note: Photos on this page are illustrative, not regulatory.



Sometimes More Small Units Can Be Just as Compatible



A Cottoge Court with round stoop entries



A Cottage Court with a center drive and small steeps



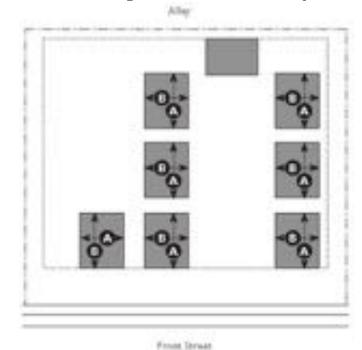
A Cottage Court with a heavily landscaped court.

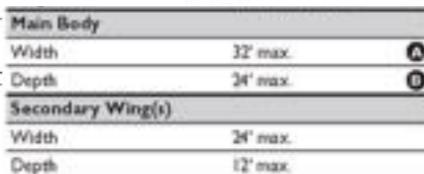
A. Description

The Cottage Court Building Type consists of a series of small, detached structures, providing multiple units arranged to define a shared court that is typically perpendicular to the street. The shared court takes the place of a private rear and becomes an important community-enhancing element. of this Type. This Type is appropriately scaled to fit within primarily single-family or medium-density neighborhoods. It enables appropriately-scaled, well-designed higher densities. and is important for providing a broad choice of housing types and promoting walkability.



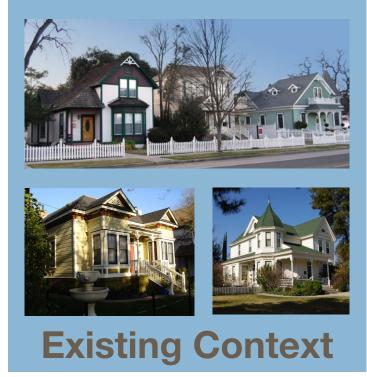
General Note: Photos on this page are diastrative, not





Case Study: Infill at 20 du/acre in Medium Density Zone





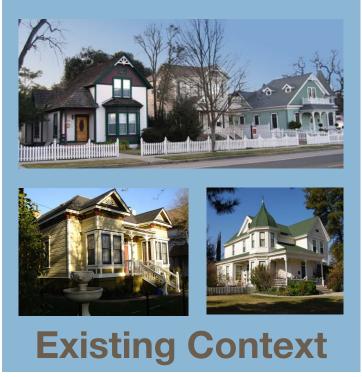
Existing Conditions

Typical Lot: 150' deep x 100' wide = 15,000 sf 15,000 sf /43,560 sf per acre = .3 acresExisting zoning allows 20 du/acre = 6 units What does 20 du/acre look like?



Inappropriate Infill at 20 du/acre: Building Too Big



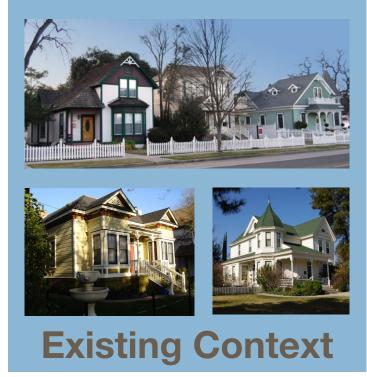


Architecture alone cannot make this compatible



Same Number of Units, But Appropriate Scale and Form





Building Footprint (width and depth) are the two most critical elements to regulate!







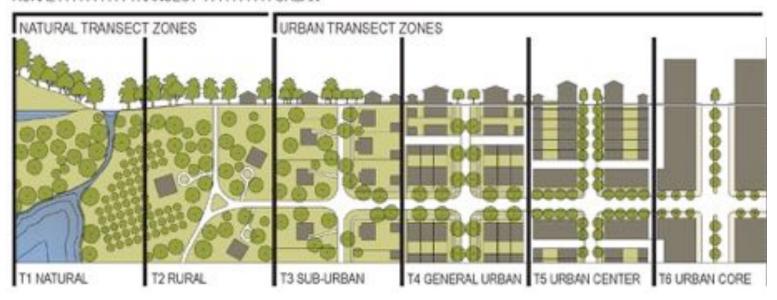
Transect Zone Overview

Framework for Zones Based of Form

Transect Matrix with Comments from Sound Check

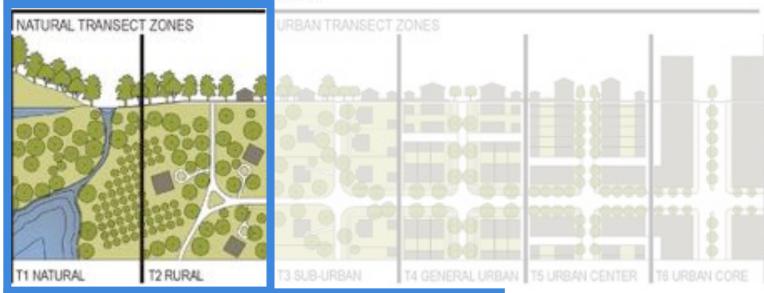


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Existing
Euclidean Tools



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Variation in Range of Land Uses Allowed (Optional)

Intensity of Form

Examples:

Neighborhood Edge Neighborhood Main Street

Urban

Allows additional uses but maintains the same form standards



Examples:

Neighborhood Edge: House building forms with residential uses in a neighborhood setting.

Neighborhood: House building forms with a mix of residential uses and limited non-residential in accessory structures in a neighborhood setting.

Main Street: Buildings that form a street of near continuous building frontage adjacent to a neighborhood.

Urban: Buildings that form a street of near continuous building frontage in a mixed-use urban setting.



Neighborhood

 Neighborhood form with a mix of residential uses and limited non-residential in accessory structures.

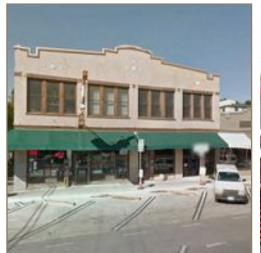






Main Street

 Buildings that form a street of near continuous building frontage adjacent to a neighborhood.







Examples:

T4 Neighborhood (T4N)

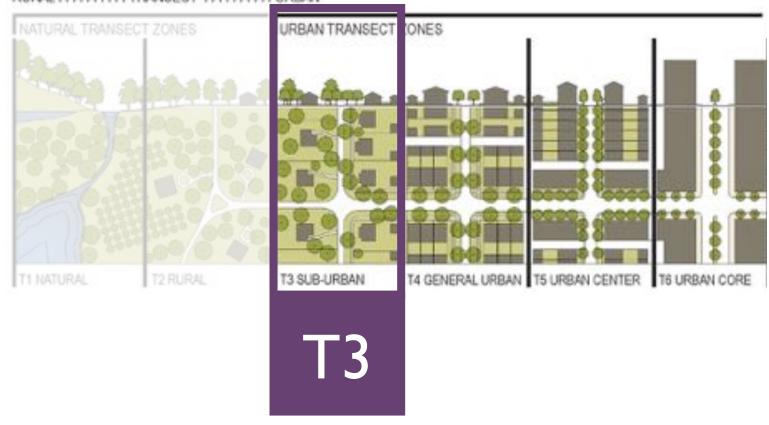
 Neighborhood form with a mix of residential uses and limited non-residential in accessory structures.

T4 Neighborhood - Open (T4N-O)

 Same Neighborhood form, but allows additional land uses. Used for situations where house forms have been converted to non-residential uses.



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Austin Transect Zone Overview





T3 Neighborhood Edge



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, heavily tree-lined neighborhood streetscapes with single-family housing setback from the street.

Characteristics

Detached Buildings

Medium to Large Lot Widths

Medium Building Footprints

Large Front Setback



T3 Neighborhood Edge: Building Types

Detached House: Large

A large, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a large lot.







Detached House: Medium

A medium, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a medium lot.







Carriage House

An additional structure, topically located at the rear of a lot-sometimes. positioned above a garage-that provides space for a small residential unit, a home office, or other small commercial or service use. Syn.: Granny-flat.





T3 Neighborhood



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, heavily tree-lined neighborhood streetscapes, with single-family housing in small-to-medium footprint buildings setback from the street.

Characteristics

Detached Buildings

Small to Medium Lot Widths

Small to Medium Building Footprints

Large Front Setback



T3 Neighborhood: Building Types

Detached House: Medium

A medium, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a medium lot.







Detached House: Compact

A small, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a strail lot.







Carriage House

An additional structure, typically located at the rear of a lot-sometimes. positioned above a garage-that provides space for a small residential unit, a home office, or other small commercial or service use. Syn.: Granny-flat.





Cottage Court

A series of small, detached structures. (cottages), each containing a single housing unit. The cottages are arranged to define a shared court, typically perpendicular to the street. The shared court takes the place of a private rear yard.





T3 Neighborhood: Building Types (continued)

Duplex: Stacked

A small to medium sund structure that houses two dwelling units, with one located on the ground floor and the other located directly above. Both units face the street, and are within one single building (mass) and appear like a medium or large single-family house.



A small to medium sajed structure that houses two adjacent, attached dwelling units. Bist's units face the street, and are within one single building (mass) and appear like a medium or large single-tamily house.



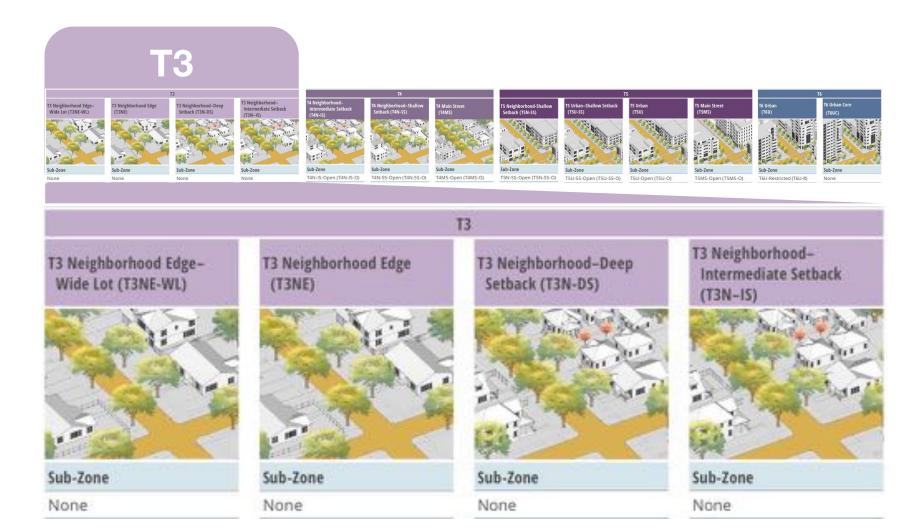






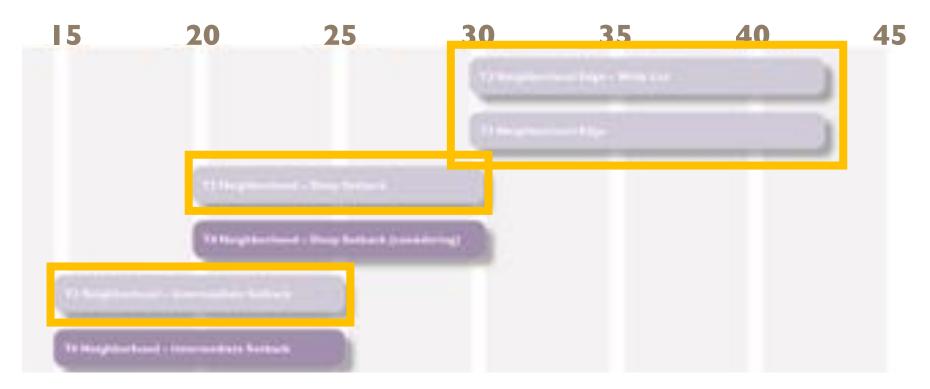


Austin Transect Zone Overview





T3 Front Setbacks





Transect

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T4 Neighborhood



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, treelined neighborhood streetscapes with single-family housing choices in medium to large footprint buildings behind medium to large setbacks and limited neighborhood-serving services within ancillary buildings.

Characteristics

Detached or Semi-Detached Buildings

Small to Medium Lot Widths

Small to Medium Building Footprints

Medium Front Setback



T4 Neighborhood: Building Types

Detached House: Medium

A medium, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a medium lot.







Detached House: Compact

A small, detached structure consisting of one dwelling unit, usually sited on a strail lot.







Carriage House

An additional structure, typically located at the rear of a lot-sometimes. positioned above a garage-that provides space for a small residential unit, a home office, or other small commercial or service use. Syn.: Granny-flat.





Cottage Court

A series of small, detached structures. (cottages), each containing a single housing unit. The cottages are arranged to define a shared court, typically perpendicular to the street. The shared court takes the place of a private rear yard.





T4 Neighborhood: Building Types (continued)

Duplex: Stacked

A small to medium sized structure that houses two dwelling units, with one located on the ground floor and the other located directly above. Both units face the street, and are within one single building (mass) and appear like a medium or large single family house.



A small to medium sajed structure that houses two adjacent, attached dwelling units, Both units face the street, and are within one single building (mass) and appear like a medium or large single-tamily house.



A small to medium sized structure or pair of structures comisting of two detached or coopined dwelling units. wherein one unit is located behind the other. The unit at front faces the street and appears like a medium or large. single-family house.



A medium structure that consists. of 3-6 side-by-side and/or stacked dwelling units with one shared entry, or individual entries along the front.



















T4 Main Street



A walkable environment of mixed-use streetscapes emphasizing buildings with non-residential frontages at or close to the sidewalk to provide neighborhoods with a focal point of neighborhood commercial, service and residential uses.

Characteristics

Attached or Semi-Attached **B**uildings

Small to Medium Lot Widths

Medium to Large Building Footprints

Small to No Front Setback



T4 Main Street: Building Types

Main Street

A main street building is a small to medium sized structure, typically attached. that provides a vertical mix of uses with ground-floor retail or service uses, and apper floor service or residential uses. This building type makes up the primary component of a neighborhood main street and portions of a downtown main street.









T4 Main Street: Building Types (continued)

Townhouse

A small to medium-sized structure that consists of 2-8 towncosm placed sideby side, typically attached. This building type is typically located within resiliandensity neighborhoods, or in a location that transitions from a primarily singlefamily neighborhood into a neighborhood main street. Syn: Roshouse







Live/Work

A small to medium-sized, attached or detached structure that contains one dwelling unit above and/or behind a fliexible ground floor space that can be used for residential, service, or retail. uses. Both the ground-floor flox space. and the unit above are owned by one entity. This type is typically located within medium-density neighborhoods or in a location that transitions from a reighborhood into a reighborhood mare street. This building type incubates reighborhood-serving retail. and service uses.





Austin Transect Zone Overview







T4 Front Setbacks









Transect

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T5 Urban



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, tree-lined neighborhood streetscapes with a variety of medium intensity housing choices in small to medium footprint buildings set back from the street to support neighborhood-serving retail and services at some corners in this zone and limited neighborhood-serving services within ancillary buildings.

Characteristics

Attached or Detached Buildings

Small to Large Lot Widths

Medium Building Footprint to Block Footprint

Small to No Front Setback



T5 Urban: Building Types

Mid-Rise

A medium to large sized structure, 4-8 stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It can be used to provide a vertical mix of uses. with ground floor retail or service uses, and upper floor service or residential uses.











T5 Main Street



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, tree-lined mixed-use streetscapes with non-residential ground floor near or at the sidewalk to provide neighborhoods with a high intensity focal point that includes neighborhood-serving retail, services and housing.

Characteristics

Detached Buildings

Small to Large Lot Widths

Medium Building Footprint to Block Footprint

Small to No Front Setback



T5 Main Street: Building Types

Mid-Rise

A medium to large sized structure, 4-8 stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It can be used to provide a vertical mix of uses. with ground floor rotal or service uses, and upper floor service or residential uses.











A large sized structure with portions or all of the building more than eight stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It is used to provide a vertical mix of uses with ground-floor retail, or service uses and apper floor service, or recidential uses.







T5 Main Street: Building Types (continued)

Townhouse

A small to medium-sized structure that consists of 2-8 towncosm placed sideby side, typically attached. This building type is typically located within resiliandensity neighborhoods, or in a location that transitions from a primarily singlefamily neighborhood into a neighborhood main street. Syn: Roshouse







Live/Work

A small to medium-sized, attached or detached structure that contains one dwelling unit above and/or behind a fliexible ground floor space that can be used for residential, service, or retail. uses. Both the ground-floor flox space. and the unit above are owned by one entity. This type is typically located within medium-density neighborhoods or in a location that transitions from a reighborhood into a reighborhood mare street. This building type incubates reighborhood-serving retail. and service uses.



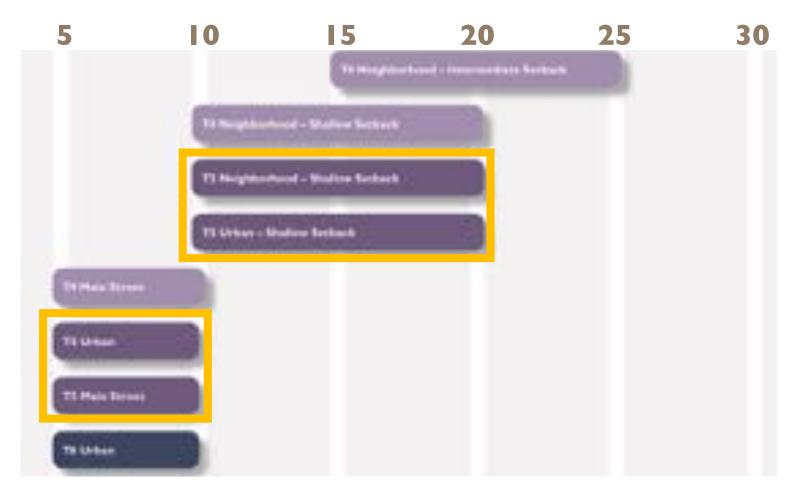


Austin Transect Zone Overview



T5

T5 Front Setbacks





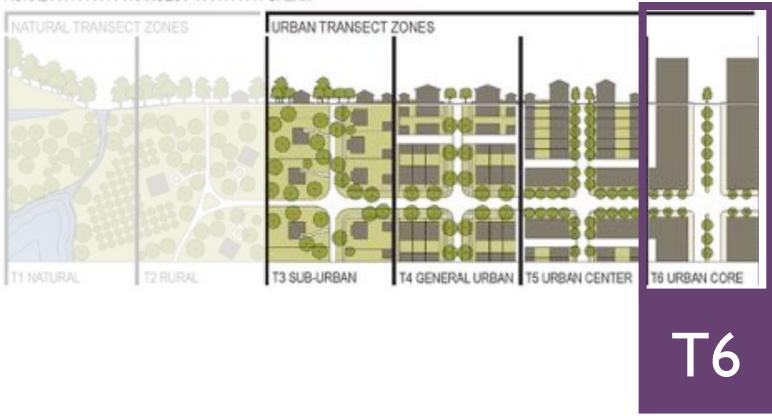






Transect

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T6 Urban



A walkable environment of highly interconnected, treelined mixed-use streetscapes of high intensity housing choices to reinforce and enhance the vibrant, walkable downtown and city core, enabling it to become a complete neighborhood with locally-serving retail, services, entertainment, civic and public uses.

Characteristics

Attached Buildings

Small to Block Scale Lot Widths

Large Building Footprint to Block Footprint

Small to No Front Setback



T6 Urban: Building Types

Mid-Rise

A medium to large sized structure, 4-8 stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It can be used to provide a vertical mix of uses. with ground floor retail or service uses, and upper floor service or residential uses.













A large sized structure with portions or all of the building more than eight stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It is used to provide a vertical mix of uses with ground-floor retail, or service uses and apper floor service, or recidential uses.





T6 Urban Core



A walkable environment of highly interconnected tree-lined, mixed-use city center streetscapes of the most intense housing choices with non-residential ground floor at the sidewalk to provide a regional focal point that reinforces and enhances the vibrant, walkable city core with regionallyserving retail, services, entertainment, civic and public uses.

Characteristics

Attached Buildings

Medium to Block Scale **Lot Widths**

Block Footprint

Small to No Front Setback



T6 Urban Core: Building Types

Mid-Rise

A medium to large sized structure, 4-8 stones tall, built on a large tot that typically incorporates structured parking. It can be used to provide a vertical mix of uses. with ground floor rotal or service uses, and upper floor service or residential uses.











High-Rise

A large sized structure with portions or all of the building more than eight stones tall, built on a large lot that typically incorporates structured parking. It is used to provide a vertical mix of uses with ground-floor retail, or service uses and apper floor service, or recidential uses.





Austin Transect Zone Overview





T6 Front Setbacks

20 15 25 10 30 Til Norghburhood - Shallow Seckerk TJ Neighburthard - Walton Sechool Til Urbay - Muliow Bethark Di Phaia Biress Ti Una TS Main Street TH Unban To United Core



T4 T5 T6

Transect Zones: Front Setbacks

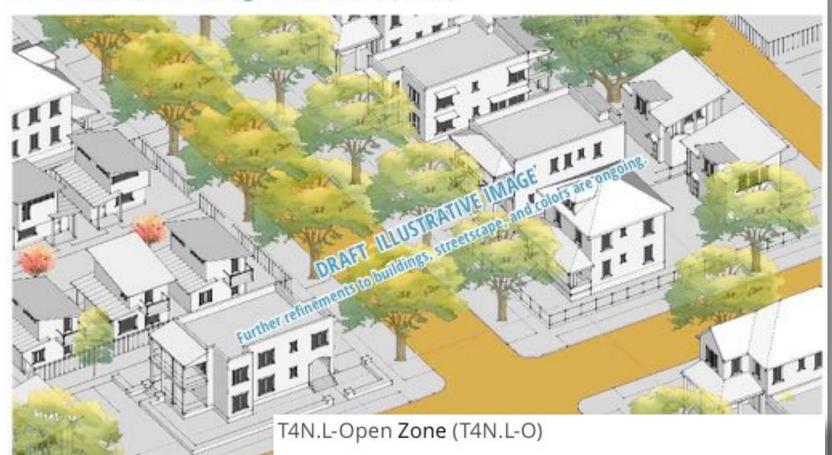
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Transect Zone Pages

Format and Content

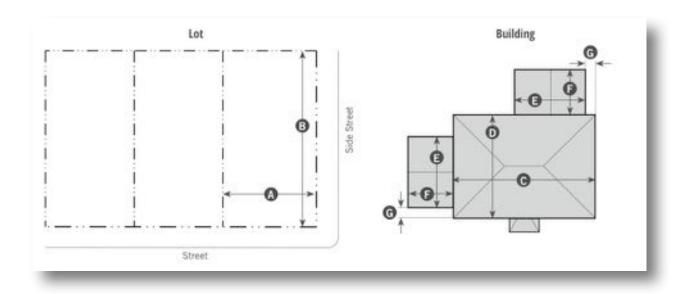
Intent Illustrated in Graphic

Section 20-3C-2100 T4 Neighborhood Low (T4N.L)



The open sub-zone has the same building form regulations but allows for a more diverse mix of uses.

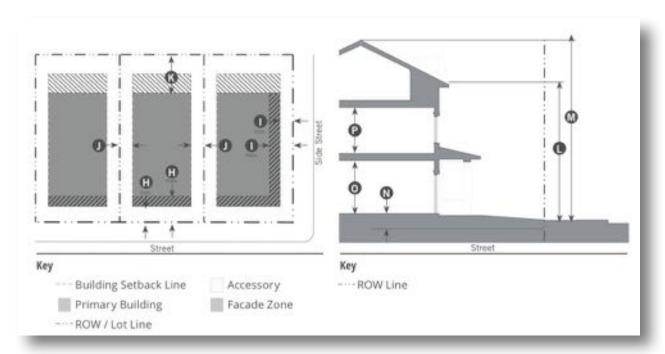
Lot Size and Building Type Regulations



- Lot size (minimum and maximum)
- Building Types
 - Refined Building Envelopes to Limit Building Footprint Size (maximum)



Setbacks and Height



- Building Placement: Setbacks (minimum and maximum)
- Building Height (maximum)

Other Regulations found within the Transect Zone Pages

Other Standards found within the Transect Zones:

- Private Frontage
- Land Uses (including "Open" subzone land uses)
- Encroachments
- Parking
- Impervious Coverage
- Open Space: Private and Common
- Signage



