"The Suburb Beautiful"
Where Suburban Life and City Luxuries Are Delightfully Combined
ALDRIDGE PLACE
LOCAL HISTORIC DISTRICT APPLICATION

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ALDRIDGE PLACE LOCAL HISTORIC DISTRICT
NOMINATION FORM

1. NAME OF DISTRICT

Aldridge Place Local Historic District

2. GEOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION

Aldridge Place Local Historic District (APLHD) is a ten-block residential district located in north-central Austin encompassing 138 single-family homes and apartments, and 10 substantial, street-facing garage apartments. Also within the district are historic structures, objects, and a site, including a park, bridges, stone entry gates, historic streetlights, and Rustic style perimeter/landscape walls. The district is generally bounded on the north by West 34\textsuperscript{th} Street, including the north side of the 500 block; by Speedway Blvd. on the east; by West 30\textsuperscript{th} Street on the south; and by Guadalupe Street on the west.

The district includes the original Aldridge Place subdivision, which was platted as an addition to the City of Austin in 1912. The original plat covered the 100 through 500 blocks of West 33\textsuperscript{rd} Street, the north side of West 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street from Speedway to Hemphill Park Drive, all of West 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street from Hemphill Park Drive to Guadalupe, all of Wheeler Street, and the 3100 to 3300 blocks of Hemphill Park. In 1924, Aldridge Place Reserved (University Heights) was added to the original plat; it includes all of Laurel Lane and the south side of West 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street, from Speedway Blvd. to Hemphill Park.

For the purposes of the Aldridge Place Local Historic District (APLHD), the name “Aldridge Place” has been slightly expanded to include the area from Wheeler Street south to West 30\textsuperscript{th} Street and the historic Buddington-Benedict-Sheffield Compound at 500-508 W. 34\textsuperscript{th} Street. The Buddington property is especially significant in the context of the city’s expansion from its original townsite boundaries. This site contains the oldest known building north of The University of Texas campus – the c. 1860 Buddington plantation house – and some of the newest buildings in the district – two excellent examples of the “Postwar Modern” architectural style, both of which were built in 1958. The Buddington compound is adjacent to and historically associated with Aldridge Place on its north side.

The residential properties in the district encompass approximately 30 acres (29.9347 acres). In addition, the district includes a City of Austin greenbelt along the Hemphill Creek Branch (aka West Branch) of Waller Creek. The City property amounts to approximately 4 additional acres (3.9601 acres).

3. PROPERTIES WITHIN THE DISTRICT

Properties within a district are also called cultural resources, or simply, resources, and should not be confused with land descriptions or boundaries. There are 138 properties and 159 cultural resources or individually surveyed items within the district; they include 147 buildings, 10 structures, one collective object (streetlamps), and one site, Hemphill Park. Two vacant lots are not counted as resources.
As defined by the Secretary of the Interior in National Park System Bulletin 16A, buildings are resources constructed principally to shelter human activity such as houses, barns, stables, garages, city halls, and churches. All buildings within the Aldridge Place district are dwellings of some type; one was built as a dwelling but it has been converted for use as an office. The district’s domestic buildings include single-family houses, duplexes, apartment buildings, townhouses, and substantial garage apartments with highly-visible street presence. Each discrete building is counted as a property except for a complex of attached townhouses built in 1981. They are counted as five separate properties in accordance with NPS Bulletin 16A.

Structures are man-made constructions built primarily for function rather than for human shelter. The district contains 10 structures including the historic bridges over Waller Creek, substantial masonry perimeter/landscape walls, and the stone entry gates on Guadalupe and Speedway. All are contributing properties within the historic district.

Cultural resources that are primarily artistic or that are relatively small-scale features are considered objects; the district’s historic streetlights are counted collectively as one historic object.

Finally, sites are locations of significant events or that possess historic or cultural value regardless of any existing structure such as archeological sites, battlefields, or designed landscapes, such as Hemphill Park, which is the only designated site within the proposed Aldridge Place local historic district.

**Contributing Properties**

There are 138 properties within the district and 159 surveyed resources. Of the surveyed resources, (89%) are contributing to the historic character of the district and 18 structures (11%) are not contributing, including a five unit townhome built in 1981. Of the primary houses, 88% (120 of 137) are contributing. Resources inventoried include principal structures and some auxiliary buildings that are very visible, four bridges in Hemphill Park, the Park itself, four neighborhood-defining columns, and the historic streetlights. In order to be considered contributing, structures must have been constructed during the district’s period of significance (1860-1965). Also, contributing structures must not have been altered in ways that do not complement the character of the district.

**CONTRIBUTING RESOURCES:**

NUMBER: 141 PERCENT OF TOTAL: 89%

**NON-CONTRIBUTING RESOURCES:**

NUMBER: 18 PERCENT OF TOTAL: 11%

The district contains both “contributing properties” – resources that add to its historic character – and “noncontributing properties” – those that detract from its historic character. Contributing resources outnumber noncontributing ones by a ratio of 89% to 11% percent.

Contributing/Noncontributing Assessments are discussed in the integrity section of this nomination form.
4. PERIOD(S) OF SIGNIFICANCE (1860; 1912-1965)

The Period of Significance for Aldridge Place extends from 1860 to 1965. It begins with the construction of the limestone dwelling built in the countryside north of the City of Austin in 1860, and ends with the close of the historic period in 1965, as recommended in the Secretary of the Interior's Guidelines for historic districts.

The earliest extant building in the Aldridge Place Local Historic District is the two-story antebellum limestone house built on Guadalupe Street (now addressed as 506-508 W. 34th Street by Albert Buddington in 1860. At the time, the house was one of only a few scattered farmsteads that dotted the rural landscape north of the Austin city limits. In 1883, nearly a quarter century after Buddington built his rural home, The University of Texas was chartered, an act that would draw the city's population northward to its environs. Hyde Park, north of present Aldridge Place, was one of the earliest platted subdivisions in that region.

It wasn't until after the turn of the 20th century, however, that land immediately south of the Buddington farmstead was platted into subdivisions, or city additions, for more intensive development. One of the first was the Fruth Addition, platted in 1902. The neighboring Aldridge Place subdivision followed in 1912 when Lewis Hancock had the property at 32nd Street, 33rd Street, Wheeler Street and Hemphill Park surveyed and divided into residential blocks and building lots. Soon new homes appeared between the university and the Buddington compound, the first in over 50 years.

Only a handful of houses appeared in the new subdivision between 1912 and 1919. The end of World War I, however, ushered in a period of robust construction that lasted through the 1920s and well into the 1930s. Even the Great Depression did little to diminish the pace of development in Aldridge Place, a fact that may be attributed to the district's promotion and price as an upscale neighborhood, geared to a class of people who may have been only slightly affected by the economy. On the other hand, many property owners in the district converted their 1-story frame garages into 2-story garage-apartments during the Depression, no doubt to augment their incomes. New construction continued throughout the 1930s and the neighborhood was almost completely built out by the US entrance into World War II in 1941.

Little new construction took place in the district from 1941 to 1946, when wartime restrictions curtailed all “nonessential” domestic building for the duration of World War II. The few remaining undeveloped lots sold quickly in the postwar years and several early Ranch Style and Postwar Modern dwellings were added to the district’s housing stock.

Although homeowners have built additions to their houses and made other alterations over the years, little major new construction has occurred in the district since 1965, the date at which the historic period ends. Few historic buildings have been lost to demolition and only a small number of new houses have been built in the district since that time. Exceptions include a 1981 townhouse complex in the 500 block of W. 33rd Street that replaced a large frame house that burnt, and a frame house at 202 W. 33rd Street that was extensively remodeled in 2015 due to poor condition. It was redesigned into a modest Greek Revival style frame house that is now nearing completion. The new house is in keeping with the size, scale, design, and materials of the historic district.
The period of significance ends in 1965, which is the 50 year end date recommended by the National Park Service. All contributing properties in the district were built between 1860 and 1965, which defines the period of significance.

Only one property, the c. 1860 Albert Buddington House, predates the Aldridge Place subdivision. Fourteen percent (22) of the district’s resources were built between 1910 and 1919. Another, 68 or 43 percent, were built during the 1920s, when development progressed at a rapid pace. Development continued throughout the 1930s to 1940, when 46 resources, or 29 percent, were built. Postwar resources dating from 1946 to the end of the historic period in 1965, account for 8 percent, or 12 resources. Only 10 resources, or 6 percent of the total number of surveyed resources, were built after the period of significance. In sum, 149 resources – 94 percent – date to the period of significance, while 10 – 6 percent – postdate the period.

5. HISTORIC CONTEXT OF THE DISTRICT

The historic and architectural development of Aldridge Place local historic district begins in 1860, with the construction of the Albert Buddington House, and ends in 1965, which is the 50-year end date recommended by the National Park Service.

Historic Development in Aldridge Place: 1860-1965

The origins of the North University neighborhood, of which Aldridge Place is a part, date to the antebellum era following the establishment of downtown Austin in 1839. Much of the land around the Texas capital was initially purchased or granted in large parcels and early development was limited to a handful of widely-scattered farmsteads established by early settlers within those parcels. The earliest resource in the district, the c. 1860 Albert Buddington House, survives as a remnant of that frontier era.

As Austin expanded from its original boundaries in the latter part of the 19th century, the farmland north of the University of Texas campus became attractive for redevelopment as suburban additions to the city. In 1912, former Austin mayor Lewis Hancock platted the original Aldridge Place subdivision as an addition to the City of Austin. A product of its time, Aldridge Place is an excellent example of the application of the aesthetically driven neighborhood planning principles of the City Beautiful Movement that became popular throughout the entire country during the first few decades of the twentieth century. In the City Beautiful tradition, the addition was platted around Hemphill Park, a greenbelt on either side of Hemphill Creek (aka West Branch of Waller Creek). Aldridge Place streets, lots, and blocks were designed around the central creek and park and with regard to the natural, gently sloping landscape of the site. The inclusion and enhancement of such natural landscape features was a central tenet of the City Beautiful movement in subdivision planning in the early 20th century and Aldridge Place is an excellent, small-scale example of how that aesthetic played out in Austin, Texas.

Early Settlement in the North University Area: 1842-1870

The region north of what would become the University of Texas was first settled under a land grant that Thomas Grey received from Mirabeau B. Lamar, President of the Republic of Texas, in 1840. Lamar himself built the first house north of the Austin town limits in 1842; it was sited near the present intersection of 26th Street and University Avenue. Later that year, Brewster and Juliet Jaynes established a homestead in the area. Settlement beyond the city boundaries was fraught with danger. Though Austin
was the designated capital of the new Republic and, later, the state, it remained very much at the edge of Texas frontier and was subject to periodic Indian raids as late as 1872. Within months of completing their home, the Jaynes fell prey to Comanches who attacked them on their own front porch. Only Juliet Jaynes and one of her sons survived. Such was the nature of life outside the Austin city limits during the early years of the Republic and state of Texas.

In 1846, Colonel Horatio Grooms brought his family to Austin and resided for a time in Lamar’s house. The Grooms family survived repeated Comanche raids but the son, Judge Alfred Grooms, persevered and established a homestead on 100 acres north of Lamar’s property in the Grey land grant. In 1847, John Lohmann established a dairy farm on 40 acres of land he bought from Angelina D. Smith, who had received 80 acres in an 1841 land grant from Sam Houston. Among the area’s earliest residents was Alamo survivor, Susanna Dickinson (1814-1883), and her fifth husband, who moved near present 32nd Street at its intersection with Duval Street in the 1870s.

The earliest known settlement within the present boundaries of Aldridge Place occurred when Albert Buddington built his homestead on the Austin-Georgetown Road north of the city at present 506-508 W. 34th Street. The dwelling was built in the Texas vernacular tradition of the frontier period. It was built as a one-story, quarried limestone dwelling above a substantial stone basement. It had a side-gabled roof and a symmetrical façade with a centered entry porch flanked by evenly spaced multi-light windows. The front door featured sidelights and was surmounted by a divided light transom. The house opened onto Guadalupe Street from a circular drive leading to an integrated porte cochere at the basement level. From the front, the house appeared as a one-story limestone dwelling but it rested on a substantial stone basement that was exposed on the rear (east elevation) due to a sharp decline in the terrain that dropped toward the west branch of Waller Creek, on the east. From the rear (east elevation), the house appeared as a more substantial two-story building as the basement rose to full floor-to-ceiling height and functioned as living space.

Limestone houses were built in Central Texas as early as the 1840s when the first wave of American settlers came to the area. Though some lived in log houses at first, many soon built more substantial dwellings out of limestone which was readily available at the edge of the Texas Hill Country. A man and his family might build single-story one- and two-room limestone houses by themselves or with the help of neighbors. Such small, sturdy houses dotted the landscape in both towns and rural areas across Central Texas from the 1840s to the 1870s.

Larger endeavors required the expertise of skilled stone masons, several of whom lived in the Austin area by the 1850s. Among them were a number of German immigrants who listed their principal occupations as “stone masons” or merely “masons” in census records. Such trained craftsman likely built and/or supervised the construction of larger, more elaborate stone dwellings in Central Texas during the mid-19th century. Their skills were highly prized and sought after by landowners at a time before brick-making rose as the dominant high-end construction material in the area.

Throughout the antebellum era, large property owners had both the materials – limestone and cedar timber – and the labor – in the form of slaves – to erect larger, more elaborate stone buildings. Some may have had slaves who possessed masonry skills but others doubtless hired master stone masons to design and build two-story “Texas Vernacular” houses of limestone construction. Some of the more noteworthy houses of
this type were built as early as the 1840s in rural parts of Travis County where men like Aaron Burleson, Thomas McKinney, and Sebron Sneed had two-story side-gabled stone houses erected as homes and headquarters for their large plantations.

The Albert Buddington House is counted among these Texas Vernacular dwellings built “out in the country” north of the Austin city limits at the time of its construction in 1860. Now, the Burleson and McKinney houses have long since been demolished, and the Sneed house lies in ruins, but the Buddington House survives as a vestige of the vernacular type most closely associated with prosperous frontier landowners in rural Central Texas before the Civil War. It is the only known building in the North University neighborhood dating from the antebellum period.

The land immediately surrounding the Buddington House in present Aldridge Place lay largely undeveloped for another forty years until Austin began to grow outward to the north to encompass the University of Texas campus.

Suburban Development in North Austin: Late 19th and Early 20th Centuries

A major population boom occurred in Austin during Reconstruction as thousands of Southerners abandoned homes and farms destroyed in the Civil War for new opportunities in the relatively unscathed state of Texas. It was a common sight to see hastily-erected signs on their former homesteads that read “Gone to Texas”. Many of these emigrants were drawn to Austin which offered numerous business and professional opportunities as the state capital. Austin’s prospects were further enhanced in 1871 when the first railroad was built to the city, assuring area farmers and merchants of convenient and inexpensive options to ship agricultural products and receive wholesale and retail goods. By 1875, Austin’s population had more than doubled to over 12,000.

The establishment of the University of Texas in 1883 led to the platting of a new street grid at an oblique angle to the original fourteen blocks that comprised downtown Austin. It also fostered the growth of residential construction to the north, south and west of campus over the following few decades. Significant early development north of the university campus included dairy farms, general stores and schools. The Whitis Addition, platted in 1871, was one of the earliest subdivisions opened north of the original city grid in anticipation of the university’s eventual success.

Once it was established, the University of Texas attracted more intense development to the former northern frontier. The Grooms Addition, just north of the campus, opened in 1890. It was followed the next year by Hyde Park, which lay even further north. To promote his distant suburb, developer Monroe Shipe installed a mule-drawn streetcar line to his land in “far north” Austin. He widely advertised Hyde Park as a commuter suburb geared to middle- and upper-class clientele who worked in downtown Austin but who preferred to live on the quieter, deed-restricted and wholly residential streets north of the city. Hyde Park’s initial success inspired others to plat undeveloped land near the University in the last decade of the 19th and the early years of the 20th centuries. Among them were the Buddington subdivision (est. 1896), the Fruth Addition (est. 1902), the Lakeview subdivision (est. 1910), and Aldridge Place (est. 1912).

The electrification of streetcars toward the end of the nineteenth century furthered the development of these areas as did the utopian desire to live in a pastoral setting with a
convenient daily commute to commercial activity in downtown Austin. Most roads in this area remained unpaved for decades, but automobiles became quite numerous after their first appearance in Austin around 1910. In the early 1920s, present-day Speedway was one of the only paved streets in the area.

**The City Beautiful Movement in America**

The foundation and planning of Aldridge Place in 1912 can be viewed as an extension of the existing Austin city fabric and a symbol of its times. The unsettled land at the edges of Austin provided a blank canvas for developers to employ the latest trends in planning—namely, those of the City Beautiful Movement—that would attract the upper middle classes to migrate away from the city center to the streetcar suburbs. The City Beautiful Movement was a reform philosophy of North American city design and planning that flourished from the 1890s through the 1910s. The movement emphasized beautification and natural scenery to provide attractive and safe environments for urbanites in efforts to mitigate congestion, blight, and inappropriate land use. A reaction against crowded tenement neighborhoods and general "ugliness" of American cities, the City Beautiful Movement was most successful as it was applied in upper-middle class suburban neighborhoods. Its proponents supported the preservation and conservation of rural areas, while simultaneously catering to a desire for modern efficiency and municipal improvements.

The goals of the movement were rooted in the ideologies and designs of famed landscape designer Frederick Law Olmsted (1822-1903). Olmsted made three main contributions to the City Beautiful Movement. First, he moved from the designing of single, although multifunctional parks to the planning of comprehensive, multi-purpose park and boulevard systems. Second, he argued that parks and other green spaces raised surrounding land values, contributing to private enterprise and returning their costs through increased municipal real estate taxation. Finally, he believed that the natural landscape had restorative moral and healthful influences on city-bound people. Olmsted and his contemporaries used landscape architecture as a basis for planning the new, mostly residential areas that mushroomed around American cities in the late 19th century. Park planning and city planning were, thus, inherently codependent and municipal parks served as instruments in the appropriation and physical transformation of land.

The City Beautiful Movement found physical realization in the design of public parks, scenic suburban developments, street improvements, attractive furniture such as lampposts and park benches, and carefully selected and maintained shrubs and trees. Elements such as streets terminating at a focal point (monument, church, or civic building) and streets divided by a broad, landscaped median park (often called boulevards, avenues or parkways) were frequently incorporated into neighborhood and city plans, particularly in the large vacant areas beyond a city’s built-up edge.

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The City Beautiful Aesthetic in Aldridge Place Addition (1912)

The land just north of the University of Texas at the turn of the twentieth century was one such vacant area, situated at the edge of Austin’s established city fabric. It was here that Aldridge Place was platted in 1912 by a Chicago-based engineering firm employed by Lewis E. Hancock (1856-1920).

Lewis Hancock was a prominent banker who served as mayor of Austin from 1895 to 1897 and an influential figure in early twentieth century Austin. He was a graduate of Harvard Law School, president of the State National Bank and was responsible for the establishment of the 1896 Hancock Opera House and the Austin Country Club. Aldridge Place was named in honor of Attilia ‘Tillie’ Aldridge Anderson (1860-1944), whom Lewis Hancock married in 1887.

In designing the Aldridge Place addition, Hancock carefully cultivated a feeling of exclusivity when promoting the neighborhood. In an advertisement from the Austin Daily Statesman dated May 12, 1912, Aldridge Place is referred to as “the suburb beautiful---where suburban life and city luxuries are delightfully combined.” Hancock intended to remedy Austin’s “conspicuously backward” supply of “high class properly restricted residential districts, where her best citizens could build without fear of being encroached upon by inferior surroundings.”

Interesting to note is the emphasis placed on the cultural value of the neighborhood’s natural beauty. Aldridge Place was “developed for lovers of the artistic and beautiful in their home surroundings.” Real estate agent, K.C. Miller claims, “Drive or walk through Aldridge Place. You will exclaim: ‘How can such beauty lie in the heart of the town!’”

The first lots were available for sale beginning May 15, 1912 and were purchased and built upon in the thirty years following, with rapid development occurring in the 1920s and continuing at a robust level through the 1930s. Deed restrictions guided development within Aldridge Place. Only houses, either single-family dwellings or low-density (two-to-four unit) apartment buildings, could be built in the subdivision. A minimum expenditure for construction was obligatory, with a tiered standard for one- and two-story dwellings. Covenants required that one-story homes cost at least $3,500 and two-story homes at least $5,000. As a result, most of the homes were relatively large for their time. This restriction limited homebuyers to those with ample assets and, therefore, regulated the social classes to which these lots and homes were available. The deed also required that all houses be built facing inward toward the District’s streets; alleys were forbidden and sidewalks were mandatory, making it a front-porch society. In keeping with growing segregation, sales or rentals to African Americans were prohibited unless they were live-in servants.

Aldridge Place benefitted greatly from Monroe Shipe’s streetcar line along Guadalupe Street, completed in 1891, which provided public transportation from the northern suburb of Hyde Park past the new Aldridge Place subdivision, to downtown Austin. Stables were

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8 “The Immense Logic of Aldridge Place,” The Austin Daily Statesman, December 1, 1912, 14.
prohibited within the subdivision, thereby deterring transportation by horse, and undesirable smells and waste.

Hemphill Park, with Hemphill Creek (the west branch of Waller Creek) at its center, was planned as a central feature of Aldridge Place. Hancock deeded the land to the city in 1912. The presence of the naturally occurring creek running through the heart of the neighborhood with land on either side translated seamlessly into a landscaped street median or greenbelt in the City Beautiful tradition. Hemphill Park not only widens the street, placing a greater distance between facing houses, but also adds a great deal of character and natural appeal. Indeed, Aldridge Place even in comparison to adjacent neighborhoods in Austin is significantly more “green.” Today, as before, the greenbelt is a desirable amenity that attracts buyers to the neighborhood as a community meeting space.

Hemphill Creek is punctuated by three identical concrete bridges at Wheeler Street, West 32nd Street and West 33rd Street that date to the foundation of the park in 1912, even predating the paving of the streets bordering the park. They consist of a wide arch, which spans the short distance across the channel with a simple railing above. The railing is comprised of evenly spaced arched slits with square columns delineating its termination on either side. The columns extend slightly above the height of the railing and feature inset plain panels and square capitals. Long abutments support the bridge from either end of the channel. Today, the bridges are painted a pale beige color but it is likely that they were originally unpainted.

The abundance of mature trees is one of the more distinctive features of Aldridge Place. An allée of pecans form a canopy over the Hemphill greenbelt, while later additions of myrtles and other new natives dot the deep front lawns of the houses flanking the park. The area is also home to an unusual number of magnolias, trees that don’t usually thrive in Austin’s alkaline soil. Their survival has depended on decades of sympathetic nursing by residents of the neighborhood.

Aldridge Place is distinguishable from its surrounding area because of the curvilinear pattern of its streets, which stand in contrast to the fairly regular grid pattern of the streets that surround it—a popular Olmstedian planning technique recalling the famous 1869 plan for Riverside, Illinois. Olmsted intended the design of his roads to “suggest and imply leisure contemplativeness and happy tranquility” rather than the “eagerness to press forward” he felt was inherent in rectilinear plans. The two north-south roads on either side of the Hemphill greenbelt, both known as Hemphill Park Drive, are thus, narrow and winding, forcing the busy city-goer to slow down as he or she enters the neighborhood. This sense of change in environment from the efficient grid pattern of the built environment surrounding Aldridge Place to the quiet relief of the bucolic space is immediately felt. It is also notable that many of the streets in Aldridge Place dead end, without connecting with the surrounding streets.

The three small streets that perpendicularly intersect Hemphill Park pass through detailed original concrete bridges, further contributing to the countryside charm of the neighborhood. One can imagine, in particular, the endearingly slow pace through the streets of Aldridge Place before they were paved in the 1920s. The irregular curvilinear

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10 See Austin City Council minutes from July 9, 1925 and December 16, 1926 for these
street pattern also resulted in irregularly shaped and sized lots giving the impression of a more organic, spontaneous development of the neighborhood as in a more rural setting.

The neighborhood is delineated by limestone masonry columns, etched “Aldridge Place” and placed at the east and west entrances of West 32nd and 33rd Streets. This example of civic art, marking the entrance to the neighborhood, was likely also inspired by the City Beautiful movement. The columns and the broken linkages with adjacent streets were intended to create the feeling of entrance into an exclusive and separate place. Aldridge Place also retains a large number of historic and reproduction light standards, surviving reminders of the early days in the neighborhood and the then modern amenities that attracted its first homebuyers. Aldridge Place has survived remarkably intact, surrounded by rapidly changing subdivisions dating to a similar time period.

**Major Development Trends in Aldridge Place**

Development in the Aldridge Place addition began soon after its platting as an addition to the City of Austin. In fact, several houses in the district may actually pre-date the 1912 plat date. These early dwellings tend to follow late 19th/early 20th century vernacular forms found largely in rural areas or on the outskirts of town, like the North University area at the turn of the 20th century. Frame dwellings built in the vernacular tradition include the original house at 202 W. 33rd Street (rebuilt in 2015), the two-story farmhouse at 210 W. 33rd Street, and the modest Free Classic house at 3205 Guadalupe Street.

These early, relatively simple, frame vernacular houses are exceptions in the district’s architectural palette, however, as Aldridge Place’s discriminating homebuyers generally turned away from local domestic types to embrace national trends in home design. Early residents of Aldridge Place were among the city’s social, political, and intellectual elite who could afford to buy substantial, well-built homes rendered in the latest architectural fashions. They hired the city’s premier architects to design unique, artful interpretations of then-popular national styles in order to showcase their status and good taste. Their employment of professional designers, their use of quality materials, and their demand for craftsmanship is evident from the large number of substantial, intact, well-designed historic homes throughout the district.

National trends greatly influenced the architectural palette of the district. By the 1910s, the country had moved away from outmoded Victorian models and embraced new American design as reflected in the Prairie School and Craftsman styles. By the time Aldridge Place was platted in 1912, Prairie School design was at the height of its popularity nationwide and a number of homes in the district fall into this category. As the decade progressed, however, the Craftsman aesthetic supplanted the more restrained Prairie School in popularity and a large number of the district’s houses built from the mid-1910s, through the 1920s and into the 1930s, display its distinctive form and decorative characteristics. At the same time, Americans began to look to their national past for architectural inspiration, launching an interest in Colonial Revival styles. Colonial Revival styles, including the Georgian Revival variant, appeared in the district by the late 1910s and remained popular throughout the historic period.

ordinances. Interesting to note is the even division of cost for labor and materials for paving between the residents of Aldridge Place.

Nomination-10
By the 1920s, however, potential homebuyers showed interest in the European-inspired styles that began to appear on the residential landscape after World War I. Returning veterans who were exposed to European houses during the war brought their experiences to bear on domestic architectural designs back home. The resulting demand for European-inspired Period Revival styles made its way to Aldridge Place where Tudor Revival, Spanish Eclectic (Spanish Colonial Revival), Italian Renaissance Revival and other romantic houses began to appear by the 1920s.

It is noteworthy that the Prairie School, Craftsman, and Colonial Revival styles originally rose to favor during the years before U.S. involvement in World War I, though all persisted after the war. European-inspired Period Revivals, on the other hand, emerged after the war, when veterans returned home from Europe and sought to replicate the romantic architectural styles to which they had been exposed. Whatever their origins, Prairie School and Craftsman styles seemed to convey a distinctive American tone, while the European-based Revival styles tended to appeal to a more sophisticated, worldly palette. Excellent, architect-designed examples of both architectural genres abound in Aldridge Place. Because these styles were so fashionable during the district’s most robust period of development, they largely characterize its architectural landscape.

The dozens of handsome and stately homes built during this period are physical evidence of the collaboration between many of the city’s most prominent citizens and most celebrated architects and builders of that time. The residents of the new, exclusive development, as envisioned by the advertisements, included doctors, lawyers, and university professors.\footnote{Richard R. Pruitt, “Report on the Preservation of Aldridge Place,” Unpublished report in the archives of the Austin History Center, Austin, Texas, 1974, 7-10.} Two Austin mayors lived in Aldridge Place: A.P. Wooldridge, mayor from 1909-1917, and W.D. Yett, mayor from 1919 to 1929. The Wooldridge House at 3124 Wheeler was a grand, two-story red-brick Georgian Revival mansion that set the tone of subsequent development in the district. The Yett house at 504 West 33rd burnt and has been replaced by townhomes.

Despite its relatively small size, Aldridge Place is the site of 14 City of Austin Historic Landmarks, most of which are outstanding examples of Craftsman and Period Revival architecture. The high number of individual landmarks in the neighborhood is strong evidence of its historic importance in the context of the city’s architecture.

When the Great Depression hit the United States, Austin fared relatively better than other cities throughout the country in the early years of the crisis. Unlike most urban centers that relied on manufacturing for employment, Austin’s two main employers were the State of Texas and the University of Texas. Though both saw some job losses through belt-tightening, they continued to operate and employ tens of thousands of people. By 1932, however, the poor economic conditions in America began to catch up with Austin, as cotton prices fell and industry slowed. Construction of new homes in centrally located Aldridge Place continued throughout the depression until the district was largely built out by 1940.

**New Deal Influences**

In November 1932, Franklin Delano Roosevelt was elected the 32nd president of the United States, with almost 90 percent of the popular vote in Texas in the 1932 election. Roosevelt promised a “New Deal for America” to combat the recession and put the...
country back on a solid financial footing. His primary goals were to spend government money as a means of providing employment, stabilizing purchasing power, improving public welfare and contributing to a revival of American industry. Dozens of programs were put in place seeking to achieve these goals. These programs and agencies were known by their acronyms and collectively as the “Alphabet” agencies. The Public Works Administration (PWA), founded in 1933, had the most dramatic impact on the urban landscape of Austin.\textsuperscript{12} Grants totaling over $6 million from the PWA financed the erection of a series of dams, fire stations, water treatment facilities, schools and hospitals in Austin.

The Federal Emergency Relief Administration (FERA) and the short-lived Civilian Works Administration (CWA) organized a number of smaller projects during the harsh winter of 1933-1934 in Austin, providing a large number of crucial paid work hours for the unemployed and destitute in the area. Notable among these were the Shoal Creek Bridge at 27\textsuperscript{th} Street, the swimming pool in Shipe Park, and improvements including lining the West Waller Creek (aka Hemphill Creek) with stone and the 30\textsuperscript{th} Street bridge in Hemphill Park.\textsuperscript{13}

The modifications made to Hemphill Park completed in 1934 are surviving physical evidence of the impact of the New Deal in Austin. In a matter of months during the winter of 1933-1934, the entire channel containing Hemphill Creek was widened, deepened and lined with concrete slabs and masonry embankments by FERA and the CWA. The primary reason for this improvement was to stave off erosion and control flooding in the area around the creek. The laborers also erected the massive limestone bridge at West 30\textsuperscript{th} Street, a prominent feature of the neighborhood.

In addition to their historical importance as New Deal projects, the style and construction of the embankments and bridge are representative of the “National Park Service Rustic” style popular in America during the 1930s. The selection of native “karst” limestone and the rusticated vernacular craftsmanship represent an attempt at enhancing the original idyllic pastoral character of Aldridge Place as it existed at the time of its foundation in 1912—a pseudo-historicizing approach often employed in American parks at this time.\textsuperscript{14} Coincidentally, the low level or lack of skill of the FERA and CWA laborers at work on the project resulted in a homegrown vernacular aesthetic in the rough masonry that would have greatly appealed to the residents of the neighborhood. The uneven, seemingly slapdash application of grainy mortar throughout the construction, for example, denotes a high sense of human involvement.

\textit{Aldridge Place at the End of the Historic Period: 1940-1965}

Only a few lots remained vacant in the district by 1940. U.S. involvement in World War II, first as a supplier to the Allies, and then as a participant after the Japanese bombed Pearl Harbor, curtailed nearly all “nonessential” domestic construction in the country for the duration of the war. Domestic building resumed immediately after the war restrictions were lifted in 1945 and all but two of the remaining vacant lots in Aldridge Place were developed with the modern housing types and styles that arose in the early postwar period.

\textsuperscript{12}"The New Deal in Austin." Exhibition at The Austin History Center. March 11, 2012.
\textsuperscript{13}"Municipal Report, Austin, Texas, 1934." \textit{Summary Report, Departmental Services, City of Austin.} Austin: PARD, 1934
\textsuperscript{14}Carr, \textit{Wilderness by Design: Landscape Architecture and the National Park Service}, 43.
The most significant of these modern trends was the huge popularity and wide proliferation of the Ranch Style across the domestic landscape. Its near-universal appeal dictated designs and types of domestic construction throughout the country starting in the late 1940s and enduring through the 1950s and 1960s. Several distinctive examples of the Ranch style are found on previously undeveloped lots in Aldridge Place at 3010 Hemphill Park Drive and at 405 W. 33rd Street.

At the same time, architects and developers began to build Modern Ranch houses or Postwar Modern houses in Austin and several of these designs are apparent in the district. One excellent example, also called a Mid-century Modern House, is at 118 Laurel Lane. Two other examples were built in 1958 on the old Albert Buddington tract, at present 500 and 504 W. 34th Street. These houses responded to a demand for affordable, modern homes from a “progressively minded clientele” that included many University of Texas professors. Their residential designs focused on a central living area with bedrooms relegated to more private spaces and featured sloping rooflines, clerestory windows, and glass walls to bring the outside in.\(^\text{15}\).

Little construction has taken place in the district after 1965, the end of the period of significance. Due to the high quality of design and craftsmanship of the houses, owners elected to preserve rather than replace the architecture of the neighborhood. Minimal changes, including the addition of garage apartments, enclosure of porches and updates to HVAC systems, reflect changing attitudes and amenities in American culture of the mid-century.

A large frame house in the 500 block of W. 33rd Street was demolished after a fire and replaced in 1981 with five attached townhomes that together display a variety of historic themes. Another new house, built in 1982 following a Colonial Revival style, was built at 111 Laurel Lane. More recently, a whimsical new house was built at 3202 Hemphill Park. Its style has been described as “Gaudi-esque” due to its organic, “melting” roofline and fantastic design elements. In 2015, an early vernacular house at 202 W. 33rd Street was largely rebuilt into a new frame house with Greek Revival characteristics. The new house is in keeping with the general size, scale, setback, materials, and design elements found elsewhere in Aldridge Place.

Today, while the deed restrictions have been amended in accordance with Civil Rights and other legislation, the desirable location, natural amenities and attractiveness of the neighborhood resulted in high real estate prices, and the social character of the area remained relatively constant. The intimate neighborhood existed, as it does today as a community, not just an area with fine homes. As Carol Sutherland Hatfield wrote in the Austin Statesman, “We wanted our children to grow up in an ‘extended family’ atmosphere... We wanted them to know the clerks at the grocery store half a block away; our five-year-old goes for tuna fish or potato chips with a note and money in her hand.”\(^\text{16}\)


\(^{16}\) Carol Sutherland Hatfield. “In Hemphill Park Area Families Enjoy the ‘Central City,’” The Austin Statesman, November 4, 1973, 1.
6. PRINCIPAL ARCHITECTURAL STYLES AND PERIODS OF CONSTRUCTION: 1860-1965

At first glance, Aldridge Place seems to harbor a great variety of historic building types and architectural styles, but its appearance is largely derived from five main genres and periods: Texas Vernacular architecture, the City Beautiful Movement in subdivision planning, the Prairie School and Craftsman styles, Period Revivals, and “Modern” movements of the post-World War II era, including the Ranch and Postwar Modern (or Mid-Century Modern) styles. (See photo essay of architectural style examples in Aldridge Place following this essay.)

Nineteenth century development in the area that came to be known as Aldridge Place consisted of vernacular buildings associated with the Buddington farmstead and a few scattered frame “country” houses. The district’s distinctive appearance is largely due to its roots in the City Beautiful Movement of the late-19th and early-20th centuries and to its large inventory of Craftsman and Period Revival style houses dating to the early decades of the 20th century. The nationwide City Beautiful Movement inspired the district’s layout and development with curvilinear streets around a central park and creek, decorative streetlights, and stone entry gates, all established in the Aldridge Place addition platted in 1912. The enormously popular Prairie School and Craftsman styles characterized early planned development in the district from its inception through the 1920s. Period Revival styles appeared in the district by the late 1910s, gained popularity in the 1920s, and dominated construction during the 1930s.

Nationwide restrictions on nonessential domestic construction during World War II curtailed the district’s build-out until after the war. By the time the war was over and the moratorium lifted, modern styles had supplanted the romantic Period Revivals throughout the country and the last available lots in the district feature excellent examples of early Ranch Style and Postwar Modern designs from that era. The handful of Ranch and Postwar Modern houses in the district are generally high-quality, architect-designed stone and wood buildings that display the dominant stylistic trends of the postwar period.

Since 1965, the end of the historic period, little new construction has taken place in the district. Several new houses have been built that follow historic themes; one, built in 1982, appears as a modern Colonial Revival style dwelling while another, rebuilt in 2015, displays modest Greek Revival elements. The largest new construction campaign occurred in 1981 when a five-unit townhouse was built in the 500 block of W. 33rd Street. This “Postmodern” building displays a combination of historic styles with a combination of Victorian, Colonial Revival and French (New Orleans) Revival architectural elements. Some historic buildings have been extensively remodeled, playing up or expanding traditional original design elements; several “Neo-Craftsman” houses have resulted from such efforts. Many of the district’s historic houses have been enlarged with additions. Those that overwhelm or diminish the historic character of the original house have been assessed as noncontributing resources. Most new construction in the district, however, has been limited to rear or side additions that detract little from the historic appearance of the original dwelling.

Today, the Aldridge Place Local Historic District is a remarkably intact historic neighborhood rooted in the development of the University of Texas and the Texas State capital in Austin and whose architecture outstandingly reflects the local and national trends of its time.
Table of Major Architectural Types and Styles: 1860-2015

The following list identifies the various building types and styles found in Aldridge Place. It is followed by a discussion of the various designs and forms found in the district. Architectural styles and types follow definitions discussed in Lee and Virginia McAlester’s *A Field Guide to American Houses* (2000). Some resources were easy to classify as they adhere closely to the McAlester models; others were more eclectic, borrowing and mixing themes from different eras and architectural palettes. In the second case, properties were identified by the style they most closely matched. The landscape and street furniture were associated with the “City Beautiful” aesthetic which was not, technically, a style but a movement. See style summary in Table 1.

Vernacular (1860-1935)
City Beautiful: Landscape and Infrastructure (1912-1935)
Prairie School (1910-1925)
Craftsman (1912-1935)
Period Revivals (1915-1940)
    Colonial Revival (1915-1947)
        Dutch Colonial Revival (1915)
        Georgian (1919-1920)
        Cape Cod (1925)
    Spanish Eclectic (Spanish Colonial Revival) (1922-1925)
    Mediterranean Revival (1922-1925)
    Tudor Revival (1927-1935)
Modern Movements
    Art Moderne (1935)
    Ranch (1949-1960)

7. ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITION OF THE DISTRICT

The Aldridge Place Local Historic District contains historic properties dating to 1860, at the beginning the Period of Significance, to 2015, when a house was rebuilt at 202 W. 33rd Street. The greatest period of construction, however, started after Aldridge Place was platted and developed as an addition to the City of Austin in 1912. Construction in the addition commenced at a gradual pace and by 1920, 23 homes had been completed in the district. Construction continued at a brisk pace through the 1920s with 68 being added to Aldridge Place. Surprising to some, development actually increased in the 1930s when the Great Depression put dreams of home-ownership on hold for most families throughout the nation. Austin construction may have been hampered somewhat, but its economy as the home of The University of Texas, county government, and the State Capital, remained stalwart through the decade. One change that might have been inspired by the Depression was the proliferation of garage apartments throughout the decade. By 1939, numerous 1-story frame garages had been converted to 2-story apartments, some leaving the garages intact on the lower level. Most featured modest Craftsman or Colonial Revival stylistic features.

By 1940, on the eve of U.S. involvement in World War II, the district was nearly built out. A nationwide moratorium on nonessential domestic construction during the war left only a handful of building lots in the subdivisions and after the war was over, they were almost immediately developed. Styles had changed considerably by the late 1940s and
early 1950s when the American Ranch Style house spread across the country. Several early Ranch and Postwar Modern houses completed the build-out in the neighborhood.

Hemphill Park, which passes through the center of the district from north to south, between the eastern and western portions of Hemphill Park Drive. Hemphill Park was a major landscape design element in the original Aldridge Place plat and it is a contributing site in the district. Substantial bridges were surveyed and assessed separately as substantial contributing structures within the district and streetlights were surveyed as a collective, contributing object.

Hemphill Park follows the Hemphill Creek (aka West Branch of Waller Creek) which runs through the Buddington complex in the 500 block of W. 34th Street, at the northern boundary of the district to its southern boundary at W. 30th Street. The park or greenbelt commences in the 200-400 blocks of West 34th Street and terminates at West 30th Street. Low concrete single-span bridges with oval-shaped “weep holes” built in the 1930s span the creek at West 33rd, West 32nd, and at Wheeler Streets. The creekbed and culverts are lined with natural flagstone from that period.

A large bridge made of honeycomb limestone, petrified wood, and fossils lies at the terminus of the creek as it leaves Hemphill Park and enters Adams Park at the district’s southern boundary. Large shade trees, some palms, and bushes dot the overall grass-covered greenbelt. Sidewalks and running paths follow the circumference of the greenbelt in an oval-shaped loop around the park along Hemphill Park Drive. Historic and period replica streetlights are placed at junctures around the park.

Architectural styles in the district generally follow national trends that were popular at the time a building was constructed. Though the district appears as an eclectic collection of many styles, it is largely defined by five major design and property type genres: Texas Vernacular architecture; the City Beautiful movement in landscape and subdivision planning dating from the late 19th century and into the early 20th century; the Craftsman style which influenced architectural design from the early to mid-20th century; romantic Period Revival styles that reached their peak in the district during the 1920s and 1930s; and Modern Styles of the post-World War II era including Ranch and Postwar Modern (Mid-century Modern).

Regardless of architectural style or type, the houses are compatible with one another in size, scale, setback, materials, and some design features. As a result, the district reads as a cohesive collection of buildings with compatible historic components. The following discussion further explores the major architectural trends exhibited in the resources of Aldridge Place.

**Vernacular Forms**

In the first few years of the 20th century, the area now known as Aldridge Place was only sparsely developed in a semi-rural buffer zone between the University of Texas and the late-19th century Hyde Park subdivisions. Within that area a handful of mid- to late-19th and early 20th century vernacular houses were built in a “country” or rural setting. Vernacular buildings generally lack association with any formal style and are usually local or regional forms that follow the trends in a given geographical area. The term “Vernacular” applies to the c. 1860 pioneer Albert Buddington House, several frame dwellings that may pre-date the subdivision of Aldridge Place in 1912, and a handful of street-facing garage apartments from the 1930s.
The oldest house in the district is classified in this context as a Texas Vernacular building as it does not exhibit a particular national style but rather follows the dictates of climate, geography, availability of materials and labor, and its predecessors in the community. When built, the c. 1860 Buddington House lay about a mile north of downtown Austin in a rural or semi-rural setting for nearly half a century before the surrounding area was opened to subdivision development. It follows a vernacular plan that was common in Central Texas from the antebellum era, when limestone and slave labor were abundant, and before the widespread availability of milled lumber in the 1870s. The original house is similar to other 1- and 2-story center-passage houses constructed of limestone bock and built in rural parts of Central Texas from the mid-19th century (c. 1845-c. 1875) with a side-gabled roof, symmetrical façade, centered porch, and limestone construction.

Other vernacular buildings in the district date to the early- to mid-20th century and are modest frame houses with little or no architectural embellishment such as the 2-story farmhouse at 210 W. 33rd Street. Another example was the original frame dwelling at 202 W. 33rd Street that has now been rebuilt with a modest Greek Revival flare. Yet another is the late 19th or early 20th century hipped roof house with lower gables at 3205 Guadalupe Street. It is essentially a vernacular frame house with some Free Classic design elements that may pre-date the Aldridge Place subdivision. Garage apartments built primarily in the mid-1930s, when local homeowners opened them to University-area renters to make extra income during the Great Depression, can also be classified as vernacular dwellings though some reflect Craftsman and/or Colonial Revival stylistic traits.

Vernacular houses in the district constitute 7 percent of its building stock but they are an important part of the architectural heritage of the neighborhood with the Buddington House dating to its frontier origins and others possibly pre-dating the Aldridge Place subdivision in 1912.17

City Beautiful

As its name implies, the City Beautiful Movement was not a style, but a trend in subdivision planning starting in the late-19th century in the eastern part of the country and spreading across the nation by the early 20th century. Since the 1890s, new subdivisions across the country had adopted the concept of living in a neighborhood that featured curvilinear streets that followed the natural terrain instead of a strict grid on a flat surface. These new additions were laid out with landscape amenities such as parks or greenbelts, paths, and gardens, as part of a plan to charm potential home buyers in the subdivisions. The neighborhoods were often exclusive and had deed restrictions to insure that it remained an attractive and somewhat elite place in which to live.

By 1912, when Austin Mayor Lewis Hancock platted Aldridge Place to the south of the Buddington estate, the City Beautiful aesthetic had already inspired a number of exclusive subdivision developments in Texas cities like Dallas and Houston. The City Beautiful model stressed the importance of living in an aesthetically pleasing environment beyond the boundaries of one’s own home. Mayor Hancock employed the concepts of the City Beautiful movement to create an a shaded, tree-lined environment

17 202 W. 33rd Street was occupied by 1915, and 210 W. 33rd St. appears to be older than the 1922 TCAD date based on their type, materials, and lack of stylistic elements.
along curvilinear streets laid out on gently sloping terrain rather than by the cardinal
directions of a compass. The landscape drifted down toward the west branch of Waller
Creek (aka Hemphill Creek), which flowed through the center of the addition in a general
north-south course in the 300 blocks. Hancock established a greenbelt along the banks
of the creek. Street furniture, such as streetlamps and stone pillars leading into the
addition, reinforced the idea of Aldridge Place as a special, and exclusive, residential
neighborhood.

Built elements within the district are also derived from the City Beautiful movement. The
impressive stone pillars at the district’s entrances and the decorative light standards
along its streets contribute to the neighborhood’s strong sense of place. Later
improvement projects from the 1930s, such as the Rustic stone creekbed lining and the
Waller Creek bridges, adhered to the movement’s ideals by using aesthetically pleasing
materials and design in keeping with the original landscape and layout scheme.

The Prairie School

As stated previously, some of the first houses in the district were vernacular in form and
materials and displayed no specific style. That was soon remedied as the Prairie School
and Craftsman architectural styles rose to prominence in the early years of the
subdivision’s development. The so-called Prairie School originated in Chicago and was
patterned after the vast prairies of the Mid-West, which appeared horizontal to the earth.
Related to the Craftsman bungalow, Prairie School houses depart from that style as they
are almost always two stories in height while most original bungalows have only one
story. Like Craftsman houses, they feature wider overhanging eaves but they differ from
the popular bungalows in that they have few roof details. They tend to have hipped
roofs and often have one-story wings or porches and the eaves, cornices and façade
detailing emphasize the horizontality of the house.

The Prairie School is evident in a number of two-story low-pitched hipped roof houses
featuring horizontal profiles with offset front porches in the district. They range in
construction date from about 1910 through the early 1920s, waning by the end of the
decade. The Prairie School aesthetic influenced Period Revival styles that appeared
later in the district. A total of 12 houses in the district are primarily associated with the
Prairie School in design; another house incorporates Prairie influences along with
Mission and Craftsman elements. Prairie School stylistic influences account for 8
percent of the housing stock in Aldridge Place.

Excellent examples of the Prairie School style are found at 102 and at 503 W. 33rd
Street. The first is a two-story brick veneer house with a broad hipped roof and an offset
porch. The second is a two-story stucco house with a centered porch and entry.
Designed by noted Austin architect Roy Thomas, the house at 503 W. 33rd Street has
recently been nominated for Austin Historic Landmark status. One unusual example of
the style is a 1925 dwelling at 100 W. 33rd Street. It is remarkable as it has only one
story but possesses salient attributes of the Prairie type with an overhanging hipped
roof, porte cochere, and paired windows (McAlester 2000: Prairie 448).

Craftsman Style

More enduring in the district was the Craftsman influence which is clearly evident
throughout the district. The bungalow house plan enjoyed huge popularity during this
time and the Craftsman style was adapted to the form, the two terms becoming almost
synonymous with one another. The Craftsman bungalow took America by storm from the 1910s through 1920s and into the 1930s, and Aldridge Place was no exception. The large number of Craftsman style houses in the district reflects its great popularity in the early decades of its development. Craftsman houses are characterized by their low-pitched roofs, and wide eaves with exposed or decorative rafter tails and braces. They often had paired or tripartite windows set to take advantage of light and breezes according to the seasons. Virtually all Craftsman bungalows featured substantial porches and many were set on tapered posts above brick or stucco piers that extended from ground level to the porch. Others adopted a classical tone with Doric columns on a full- façade porch.

Several noteworthy Craftsman bungalows are found in Aldridge Place. An exceptional example is found at 103 W. 33rd Street in 1919. This house is side-gabled with a large, front-gabled dormer piercing the sloping plane of the tile roof. Like many early Craftsman houses, it has a full- façade front porch supported by brick piers below a wide fascia. The door is centered and flanked by pairs of 5/1 light windows. Architectural details include exposed rafter ends, roof crestings, and a stuccoed façade. Other noteworthy Craftsman houses in the district date a little later than this one and are front gabled houses with front-gabled porches. They also feature exposed rafter ends, brackets (braces), and tapered posts on square brick piers.

Two outstanding examples of the Craftsman style lie next to one another at 3116 and 3118 Wheeler Street. Built in 1912 and 1914, respectively, they are almost identical in appearance. These early and elaborate Craftsman bungalows feature swooping side-gabled roofs pierced by front-gabled dormers highlighted with decorative bargeboard. Both houses display an abundance of Craftsman-related wood features including exposed and decorative rafter tails, ornamental knee braces, and full- façade porches with wood railings and posts. Other excellent Craftsman style houses are at 104 and 112 W. 32nd Street. The house at 104 W. 32nd Street has a primary, side-gabled roof with a large, centered dormer, a full- façade front porch with attached porte cochere and a 2-story sleeping porch. Its entrance is defined by multi-light sidelights and topped with a multi-light transom. A more representative example of a Craftsman style house is the 1924 bungalow at 3208 Hemphill Park Road; it is the quintessential front-gabled bungalow with a front-gabled porch and features triangle knee braces, exposed rafter ends, tapered wood posts on brick piers, paired windows and large front porch.

At least 30 houses in the district can be classified as Craftsman or Craftsman-inspired, with the style accounting for 20 percent of its building fabric.

**Period Revivals**

Period Revivals dominate the district’s inventory of properties with 74 houses out of the total 147 building resources displaying traits from different historic eras. Revival styles in the district are further classified by their attributes as Colonial Revival, including Georgian Revival and Cape Cod variants; Classical Revival; Neoclassical; Spanish Eclectic (Spanish Colonial Revival); Mediterranean Revival, and Tudor Revival. Even the non-historic townhomes at the northeast corner of 33rd and Guadalupe streets are patterned after historic styles; it is largely a mix of Neo-French Colonial (New Orleans’ French Quarter) and Colonial Revival styles.

Among the Period Revivals, the more restrained Colonial Revival style – with its distinctive Cape Cod and Georgian Revival variants – comprises 18 of the total Revival
styles buildings. The Tudor Revival style is well-represented in the district with 21 houses (or 14 percent) classified in this category. Spanish Eclectic (Spanish Colonial Revival) houses with their complex roof forms, wrought iron details, clay tile accent roofs, and predominantly stucco and brick siding, are among the district’s most complex, romantic, and elaborate architectural styles. Spanish Eclectic styles account for 14 houses in the district or 10 percent of the building stock.

Colonial Revival

The Colonial Revival style dominated American domestic architecture in the first half of the 20th century. It gained popularity as the country harkened back to its Colonial origins and took a new interest in the early English and Dutch houses found along the Atlantic Seaboard. Few adhered to the often stark nature of the original designs and it is more common to find an eclectic example of Colonial architecture than a “pure” version. According to Virginia McAlester, such houses “merely suggested their colonial precedents rather than closely mirroring them” (McAlester 2000: 326).

Colonial Revival houses are typically brick or frame houses that rise one- to two-stories in height with side-gabled or low-pitched hipped roofs. Some feature two or more front-gabled dormers on the primary roof plane. A distinguishing characteristic of the Colonial Revival style is the emphasis on the entrances which frequently feature simple, stylized door surrounds, boxed cornices, and wooden shutters. Aldridge Place has a large number of Colonial Revival houses in both one- and two-story varieties. They also vary size and detail. The district has a good number of small, one-story, side-gabled frame versions of the style, some with diminutive gabled dormers and others with pedimented entry posts. Good examples are found at 3121 Hemphill Park, 207 W. 32nd Street, and at 113 W. 33rd Street.

Subtypes in the district include Dutch Colonial Revival, Georgian Revival and “Cape Cod” variations on the Colonial Revival theme. Dutch Colonial Revival subtypes are characterized by their gambrel roof forms and centered entrance. The only Dutch Colonial Revival in the district is a good example of the style at 407 W. 32nd Street.

Georgian Revival style houses are usually simple one- or two-story boxes that are two rooms deep. They almost always have a symmetrical façade. Hipped roof versions are common in the south and the example at 104 W. 33rd Street is no exception. It features a combination of Georgian stylistic influences and Prairie School form. It is a two-story, red brick house with a hipped roof and 9/1 double hung sash windows. The smaller one-story house at 206 W. 33rd Street is cross-gabled version with boxed cornice returns and a fanlight over the front windows. Its entrance is emphasized with a shallow pediment supported by columns. The 2 ½-story red brick Wooldridge House, at 3124 Wheeler Street, is a grand example of the Georgian Revival sub-style with its centered one-story wood porch and diminutive gabled dormers.

A 1½ -story frame house at 112 W. 33rd Street was altered from its original vernacular form to its present “Cape Cod” appearance with a “salt-box” roof form, full-façade porch and gabled dormers. Another version of the “Cape Cod” variant is found in the 1982 Colonial Revival house at 111 Laurel Lane. The 1½ -story frame house features a row of front-gabled dormers above its symmetrical façade.

Several duplexes in the district also display Colonial Revival features. A 1930 two-story, yellow-brick duplex at 3210 Hemphill Park Drive is unusual in that it appears as a front-
gabled dwelling from the Hemphill Park side and as a side-gabled house on the W. 33rd Street side. The gabled roof, brick veneer, and broken pediment are hallmarks of the Colonial Revival style. Another two-story brick duplex bearing Colonial Revival features, as evidenced by its flat pediment and raked pilasters, lies at 102 W. 32nd Street.

**Tudor Revival**

The Tudor Revival style is well-represented in the district with both modest and elaborate varieties. The style is identified by its steeply-pitched roof forms, sometimes in complex arrangements with multiple crossed gables and staggered, high-pitched gable wings. Many have brick veneer cladding though a good number are found with wood or stucco siding. Some are brick veneer below the roofline with contrasting stucco and faux half-timbering in the gable ends. They often feature prominent, sometimes front-façade, brick or stucco chimneys topped with decorative pots, and grouped multi-light double-hung or casement windows.

Excellent, intact examples abound in the district. The elaborate one-story brick Tudor Revival house at 212 W. 33rd Street displays most of the attributes associated with the style. The site also has a matching contemporaneous combination garage and apartment behind the main house. Both dwellings have multiple high-pitched cross-gabled roofs with stucco and faux half-timbering in the gable ends. Wrought iron is used as an accent material and is found in the fence pickets, door hardware, porch rails, and light fixtures. Another prominent example of the Tudor Revival style is found at 100 Laurel Lane. It is a large, 2-story stucco house with a very steeply-pitched front-gabled roof that swoops down the sides of the house. Matching shed dormers pierce its sides. Like many Tudor Revival houses, it is accessed through and archway and has an arcaded porch on its east elevation. A matching non-historic garage apartment occupies the rear of the lot.

Good, less complex examples of the Tudor Revival style are found in nearly every block of the district. The one-story brick Tudor houses at 204 W. 33rd and 101 W. 32nd streets exemplify the form that was so popular in the late 1920s and early 1930s. They feature high-pitched cross-gabled roofs, possess arched niches and doorways, and are dominated by front-façade chimneys. Good examples of Tudor Revival cottages include the one-story brick houses at 204 and 501 W. 33rd Street. Both feature yellow brick veneer siding, steeply pitched roofs, and hammered iron hinges and door hardware. Nearly all Tudor Revival style houses in Aldridge Place retain their original architectural design and materials to a high degree and contribute to the historic character of the district.

**Spanish Eclectic (Spanish Colonial Revival)**

An interest in the American Southwest and its Spanish Colonial heritage gave rise to the Spanish Eclectic or Spanish Colonial Revival styles in the 1920s and 1930s. They were more in areas with Spanish precedents such as California, Arizona, and Texas but enjoyed popularity elsewhere during the period. Historically, Spanish colonial houses were built of stone in South Texas and of adobe in West Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico. They may be one- or two-story houses in height with chimneys or accent walls rising even higher. They typically have asymmetrical façades, complex roof forms combining a main low-pitched hipped roof with flat- and slanted shed-roofed sections. Most are sheathed in stucco and feature clay tile accents but some are rendered in
brick. Most feature prominent arches on porches, entrances, and niches on the primary façade. They frequently feature wrought iron balconies and window grilles.

Fourteen examples of the Spanish Eclectic style are found in Aldridge Place. One is the outstanding two-story house at 108 W. 33rd Street which features stucco walls, exterior chimney, low-pitched red tile roof, and the asymmetrical facade—all textbook features of the style. The two-story house at 106 W. 32nd Street features a hipped main roof covered with clay tiles and clad in stucco. Arched multi-light windows and wrought iron details attest to its Spanish roots. The asymmetrically massed Spanish Eclectic house at 401 W. 32nd Street is a two-story stucco-clad dwelling with a complex roof comprised of intersecting hipped roofs, flat-roofed terraces, and a prominent shed-roofed wing, all covered in clay tiles. A two-story yellow-brick duplex at 115 Laurel Lane can also be classified as Spanish Eclectic for its clay tile roof, wrought iron faux balconies, and stepped windows.

Mediterranean (Including Italian Renaissance) Revivals

The house at 105 W. 33rd Street has been classified as a Mediterranean Revival type. McAlester mentions the type in her chapter on Eclectic houses, specifically in the subsection “Italian Renaissance” where she supplies a line drawing of a house similar to this one. In any case, the house appears as a Mediterranean variant. It is a two-story stucco dwelling with a broad, overhanging eave under a medium-pitched hipped roof. Features of the Italian Renaissance are found in the recessed or flush entry, arched windows, and stuccoed architraves. The house is an Austin Landmark.

“Modern” Houses: Art Moderne, Ranch Style, and Postwar Modern

As the 20th century progressed, some designers looked to the future instead of the past for inspiration. Modernist houses – Art Moderne or Art Deco – were built from about 1920 to 1940 with the Art Moderne style enjoying modest popularity after about 1930. Residential Art Moderne houses typically feature smooth wall surfaces, flat roofs with coping along the roofline, and grooves that circumnavigate the walls, sometimes around curving corners. Art Moderne houses received a lot of fanfare for their fantastic shapes and streamlined appearance but in practice they appealed to only a small number of homebuyers.

Art Moderne

Only one house in the district, the one-story-over-basement brick house at 500 W. 33rd Street, can be described as Art Moderne in style. It is a rare and excellent example of Art Moderne (streamline modernistic) architecture in Austin. The flat-roofed house with brick coping at the roofline is identified in this category by its asymmetrical façade, horizontal lines, curvilinear form, and recessed entry. Built in 1935, it remains unchanged except for paint since its construction. While its style is an anomaly in a district largely defined by Craftsman influences and Period Revivals, the house is in keeping with the size, scale, setback, massing, and materials found in the neighborhood.

Ranch Style

The Ranch Style represented a major departure from traditional domestic architectural styles, such as the once-popular Craftsman and Period Revivals, throughout the nation. The Ranch style embraces the new and modern direction of America after World War II.
Though some prototypes were built as early as the 1930s, the style rocketed in popularity after the war and quickly became the dominant domestic style during the 1950s and 1960s. The "rambling" style was loosely based on Spanish Colonial ranch headquarters of the American Southwest. Ranch style houses are generally one-story dwellings with very low-pitched hipped or side-gabled roofs and broad linear facades.

Several early Ranch Style houses are found in the district. One, at 3107 Hemphill Park Drive, was built in 1949. It is a quintessential Early Ranch Style house, likely architect-designed and bearing the long, low lines typical of the trend. It is low-slung primary facade. Its two-car garage was integrated below the house. Fenestration plays a minor role in the design. This early example is very intact and well within the historic period ending at 1965. It contributes to the architectural fabric of the neighborhood as an outstanding example of its historic type.

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Architectural Style</th>
<th>Number of Resources</th>
<th>Percent of Dwelling Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classical Revival, Neo-Classical, Free Classic</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colonial Revival</td>
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<td>13%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Craftsman, Neo-Craftsman, etc</td>
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<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prairie, Prairie Influence, Prairie School</td>
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<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish Eclectic</td>
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<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tudor Revival, Tudor Influence, Tudor Elements</td>
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<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other/Multiple Revival</td>
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<td>10%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Early Ranch, Postwar Modern, Ranch, Ranch Style</td>
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<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vernacular and Texas Vernacular</td>
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<td>6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<td>11%</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal: Buildings</strong></td>
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<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
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<td>Park</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rustic Wall</td>
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<tr>
<td>City Beautiful (Bridges, Columns, Lights)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal: Non Buildings</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>159</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

8. ASSESSMENT OF INTEGRITY

Assessment of integrity is required for the district as a whole and for each property to determine contributing and non-contributing status. The City applies the National Register of Historic Places criteria for evaluating integrity. For a district, integrity refers to whether the area retains the spatial organization, physical components, and aspects of design and historic associations that it acquired during its period of significance. Both the original design of a neighborhood or subdivision and the changes that occurred through its history should be considered. Some areas may not retain a sufficient number of contributing buildings to be designated as a local historic district.
Assessments of “contributing” or “noncontributing” for Aldridge Place were made by a preservation professional with considerable experience in evaluating properties for local, state, and national historic designations. A resource’s age, association with the appropriate historic context, and level of historic and architectural integrity were determined through a pedestrian survey of each and every substantial property within the proposed district.

“Contributing”, properties must have been built during the district’s period of significance (1860-1965), in accordance with the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for evaluating historic districts.

In addition to age, contributing resources must retain sufficient historic integrity to be recognizable to their period of significance and must convey an authentic sense of history. Historic integrity is assessed by determining the presence or absence of seven aspects: integrity of location, design, materials, workmanship, association, setting, and feeling. Later alterations made after the period of significance are permitted but should not diminish the property’s integrity to such a degree that it is no longer recognizable to its own time, and thus becomes noncontributing.

Finally, in order to be determined contributing, a property must add to the district’s overall historic character

“Noncontributing properties” detract from, rather than add to the historic, architectural qualities or historic associations in the district because they were not present during the period of significance or do not relate to the documented significance of the property or due to alterations, disturbances, additions, or other changes, it no longer possesses historic integrity. The resources assessed as noncontributing elements of the district lack historic integrity, i.e. they are either non-historic or have been altered in a non-historic or anachronistic manner such that significant integrity has been lost. Noncontributing properties, however, may be complementary in terms of size, scale, design, materials, number of stories, roof pitch and form, massing, fenestration patterns, orientation to the street, setback, and decorative details.

9. BUILDING LOCATIONS AND LANDSCAPE FEATURES

Aldridge Place was platted along and around a natural creekbed, the West Branch of Waller Creek (aka Hemphill Creek). Rather than leveling the site and platting a strict street grid, as had been done in the original Austin townsite to a large extent, Lewis Hancock organized Aldridge Place with respect to the natural curvature of the landscape and its slope toward the central creek. Streets are generally curvilinear rather than conforming to a N-S/E-W cross-hatch plan throughout the district. They wind along and around the creek, lending a gently curving, languid quality to the streetscapes.

Lots and blocks are also organic; their size, shape, and placement follow the curve of the landforms on which they are built and are thus of inconsistent size, shape, and placement along the sloping streets. Houses within the district, however, generally maintain a standard setback of about 20 to 25 feet from the street. They are usually sited at the center of their lots, between the two side-yard property lines unless they feature porte-cocheres that extend to the side yards.
Site improvements include paved streets, concrete curbing, and concrete sidewalks with grass-covered city right-of-way between the curbs and sidewalks. Typically, concrete walkways lead from the sidewalk to the front porch.

Typically, sites are landscaped in a relatively traditional fashion; they feature grassy front lawns, mature shade trees, foundation plantings, and flower beds, though some yards have been xeriscaped. Historically, front yards were left unfenced and that pattern is followed to a large extent today. Some homeowners have installed non-historic wood or wrought iron picket fences to define their yards. Most pickets are spaced so that the front facades remain visible to passersby and they detract little from the historic appearance. Some properties have expansive hedges or vegetation barriers that block the view of the street, but that is less common. Front yard furniture generally consists of porch chairs or swings. Rear yards are more private; many are bounded by plantings and privacy walls.

10. ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS

The strong tendency toward stylistic eclecticism in architecture in Aldridge Place is well demonstrated by the high percentage of houses designed by famed Austin architects: Hugo Kuehne, Roy L. Thomas, and Edwin C. Kreisle.

Hugo Kuehne

Hugo Kuehne (1884-1963) was the founder of the School of Architecture at the University of Texas and worked as a principal architect in a series of firms during his lengthy career, which lasted from 1915 to 1960. Among his major works are the elegant Austin Public Library of 1933 (now the Austin History Center), the Bohn Brothers building of 1929, the Steck Building of 1932 and the Commodore Perry Hotel of 1950. In 1954 he was named “Austin’s Most Worthy Citizen” for his dedication and service in various city planning, zoning and parks commissions.

Kuehne was well-versed in all styles of architecture, and his ability to work in artistic modes as diverse as Spanish Colonial Revival and Craftsman made him a sought after architect for civic, commercial and residential projects. Kuehne designed many unique residences in Aldridge Place between 1917 and 1939 for some of Austin’s most prominent citizens.

An excellent example of Kuehne’s early work in the neighborhood is the Georgian Revival Wooldridge House at 3124 Wheeler Street. The two-and-a-half story house exhibits the style’s defining characteristics such as its red brick walls laid in Flemish bond, side-gabled roof, 12 over 12 windows, gabled dormers, dentilled cornice, a central portico supported by Doric columns and with a band of dentils at the cornice, and the front entryway framed by sidelights and a large fanlight over the door.

Kuehne designed the Wooldridge House for Mrs. Nellie Wylie Holden, who married Austin mayor, Colonel Alexander Penn Wooldridge, at the house in 1917. Colonel Wooldridge was mayor of Austin from 1909 to 1919, and was responsible for many civic improvements. Prior to being elected mayor, Colonel Wooldridge had been instrumental in locating the University of Texas in Austin, and served as secretary of the University's Board of Regents from 1882 to 1894. Nellie Wooldridge was a very active philanthropist in the city, serving as General Secretary of the Austin United Charities Association,
which helped to provide for indigent families and established the Austin Home for Aged Negro Women. The Wooldridges lived in the house from 1917 to 1921 and from 1928-1930, but continued to own it until 1943. The house is the only residence of Mayor Wooldridge remaining in Austin. In 1961, the house was purchased by Dr. John R. Silber, who became chairman of the Philosophy Department at the University of Texas in 1962, then Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences in 1967. UT terminated his tenure in 1970, and he became president of Boston University the next year.

Though a close contemporary of the Wooldridge house, the Roberston-Trice house at 110 West 33rd Street exhibits signs of an entirely different style: Italian Renaissance Revival. The diversity between the two speaks not only to the eclectic feel of Aldridge Place in its early days, but also to Kuehne’s simultaneous mastery of multiple stylistic vocabularies. The Italian Renaissance Revival style is relatively rare, but sought to recreate the look of Italian villas with a stucco exterior, a tile roof, large, but relatively narrow casement-style windows, and a symmetrical composition. The Robertson-Trice House embodies all of the distinguishing characteristics of the style with the exception of the tile roof. Although the house originally had a tile roof, it has a composition shingle roof now. The Robertson-Trice House exhibits several decorative features, which enhance the style, including the metal balconets at the first floor windows and over the front door, a round arch over the front door, a round-arched gateway to the back yard at the left side of the house, and an open terrace on the right side of the house. The landscaping is particularly noteworthy for its embodiment of Italian Renaissance Revival style features. The house has a large wall at the sidewalk, with a round-arched entry, and the front yard contains a reflecting pool.

John Benjamin Robertson, the first owner of the Robertson-Trice House, was a lawyer and district attorney for Travis and Williamson Counties. He served as state representative from 1917 to 1919 while he resided in this house. His wife, Julia, was an accomplished pianist and involved in many performing arts activities in the city. Her brother, Stark Young, a noted author, founded The Texas Review (now The Southwestern Review), a quarterly journal of literature. Stark Young used Austin as a setting for many of his stories and resided at the home of his sister when he was in town. Lois Baird Trice purchased the house in 1956. A long-time professor of English at the University of Texas, Ms. Trice was most influential in the development of Austin's performing arts community. As a founder of the Community Concert Association in 1935, Ms. Trice was instrumental in bringing performing artists of world renown to the city. In many cases, she provided them board and entertainment at the house.

Roy L. Thomas

At the same time that Kuehne was at work in Aldridge Place, several of his contemporaries also left their mark on the neighborhood in the form of stylistically diverse homes. Among these was Roy L. Thomas (1886-1968), who not only designed a number of homes in Aldridge Place, but also lived and worked from his own home nearby, at 2812 Hemphill Park. Thomas practiced in a number of Austin’s major architectural firms over his career, serving as the president of the Hill Country Chapter of the American Institute of Architects in 1935. Among his most famous projects are the Herbert Bohn House (1938), the Stephen F. Austin Hotel (1924), Robert E. Lee Elementary School (1939), Tarrytown Methodist Church (1947), and Ebenezer Baptist Church (1954).
Thomas designed the Walter Black House at 401 West 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street around 1925. The Spanish Eclectic style house features a two-story irregular plan, cross-hipped roof, asymmetrical façade, stucco exterior, red clay tile roof, and round arched entry and front windows. The house was first owned by Dr. Walter Bacon Black, a prominent obstetrician whose practice encompassed all races and ethnicities at a time when Austin’s private medical community was segregated. Dr. Black shared an office with Alberto Garcia, Austin’s first Mexican-born doctor and a political and social activist espousing labor organization and educational efforts for Mexican-Americans. Dr. Black’s wife Nettie remained in the house until 1963 when it was sold to Joseph and Audrey Slate. Joseph Slate was a professor in the English Department at the University of Texas specializing in poet William Carlos Williams and author James Joyce. Audrey Slate was an assistant dean and coordinator between the University of Texas and the Texas Institute of Letters. For 30 years, she was director of the Dobie Paisano Fellowship Project for writers at UT-Austin.

The Del Curto-Nowotny House at 102 Laurel Lane was also built after designs by Thomas. It is located on Laurel Lane in Aldridge Place Reserved, a section of the Aldridge Place not platted until 1924. Architecturally, the house is an interesting example of the Spanish Colonial Revival style applied to a ranch house. The Spanish Colonial Revival style reached its zenith of popularity in the 1920s, after being introduced at the 1915 Panama Pacific Exhibition in San Diego. The style was most popular in those areas of the country with a Hispanic heritage, especially California, Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas. Characteristics of the style include a low-pitched tile roof, and an ornamented and arched or arcaded entry, all of which appear on the Del Curto-Nowotny House. The rock accent course on the walls and outlining the segmental-arched entryway, as well as the prominent rock chimney on the front of the house are character defining features of the house.

The Del Curto-Nowotny House was home to Dean Arno "Shorty" Nowotny who was dedicated to student life at The University of Texas. Dean Nowotny made many far reaching contributions to The University of Texas—among them, the Texas Cowboys, Alpha Phi Omega, the Arno Nowotny Internships, the Friar Society, and the original funding for Memorial Stadium. Nowotny directed the Student Employment Bureau at UT in the 1930s, and helped organize student cooperative housing to assist financially-strapped students during the Depression. The Arno Nowotny Internships were funded by the Ex-Students Association's Foundation for Texas Excellence through direct contributions from the dean's friends and those whose lives he has touched. Dean Nowotny and his wife were well known for entertaining students, faculty, and alumni at their home on Laurel Lane.

Roy Thomas also designed the handsome Fitzgerald-Power-Lynn House at 201 West 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street in the late 1920s. The house is in the Revival style, with nods to the Tudor Revival, English Cottage, and French Eclectic style. It takes the form of a one-story L-plan hipped and gable-roofed stucco cottage with a prominent projecting front-gabled catslide roof typical of Tudor Revival design, and a round arched entry. The exterior is clad with textured, heavily-applied stucco. Fenestration consists of multi-light wood-framed casement windows with a prominent segmental-arched fixed-sash picture window in the projecting front gable. The front and back of the hipped roof section of the house contain a gabled dormer with casement windows.

The Fitzgerald-Power-Lynn House was built in 1928 by Aaron Gorton, a Michigan-based contractor, who sold the completed house to William and Essie Robinson, who conveyed
it to their son, William M. Robinson, Jr., the president of the family business, Robinson Motors. The dealership closed in 1931, and the Robinsons moved away, leasing it out in the 1930s. Several prominent UT professors, including James A. Fitzgerald, the dean of the School of Business, and Harry H. Power, the dean of the Department of Petroleum Engineering, rented the house during this time. The next owners were Dr. Hugh Lynn and his wife Etelka. Hugh Lynn was a local dentist, and Etelka was a pioneer in women’s education and sociology. Etelka Lynn was an early proponent of women’s physical education during an era when this field was largely ignored. Later, she obtained her graduate degree in sociology and went to work for the Austin Independent School District as a home and family life counselor, working with the children at the segregated Mexican American Govalle Elementary School and the Hogg Foundation for Mental Health. From 2000 to 2009, acclaimed artist Mel Ziegler and noted architectural historian Lisa Germany resided in the house.

**Edwin C. Kreisle**

Noted Austin architect, Edwin C. Kreisle (1888-1971) also made several architectural contributions to Aldridge Place, particularly in the 1920s. Kreisle was an exceptionally prolific architect, who opened an architectural practice in Austin in 1911, having previously practiced in Cuero and San Angelo. In 1916, he was called to Houston to design concrete ships which were used to send troops and supplies to Europe during the First World War. In 1918 Kreisle returned to Austin where he met Murray Graham and became the official architect to establish the minimum standards for the new subdivision of Enfield. During the course of his lengthy career, Kreisle designed many types of structures in Austin, including approximately 5,000 private residences as well as numerous schools, churches, and stores. He is credited with being the first person, locally, to introduce the attached garage as an integral part of a residence. He also designed a number of neighborhood fire stations that greatly contributed to the unique Austin architectural fabric. Like Kuehne and Thomas, Kreisle was comfortable working in a variety of revival styles as typified by his work in Aldridge Place.

The Ocie Speer House at 108 West 33rd Street is an excellent example of Kreisle’s work in the Spanish Colonial Revival style. The house features stucco walls, exterior chimney, low-pitched red tile roof, and the asymmetrical facade—all textbook features of the style. Ocie Speer (1869-1959) commissioned the construction of this house in 1926. Speer wrote *A Treatise on the Law of Married Women in Texas* in 1901. It was the premier work on the subject of married women’s property rights in Texas. Speer served as an associate justice of the Court of Civil Appeals from 1902 to 1914. He authored an opinion, which allowed a woman to be appointed to a vacant civil office and to make binding contracts for bonds. His legal opinions on women’s rights helped paved the way for female equality in Texas and Ma Ferguson’s run for the governorship. She rewarded Speer with a slot on the Texas Supreme Court, where he served as an associate justice on the Commission of Appeals from 1925 until 1929. Speer was appointed assistant attorney general in 1939 and argued the case concerning the Tidelands controversy, which eventually returned 2.5 million acres of oil-rich land submerged in the Gulf of Mexico to state jurisdiction. Over his successful career, he wrote over 2,700 legal opinions, several treatises, and was considered a leading authority on Texas constitutional law. Speer sold the house to his daughter and her husband in 1947. His daughter died in 1949, and the house passed out of the family.

Paul van Buren resided in the house from 1960 to 1965. Van Buren was a noted theologian associated with the "death of God" movement of the 1960s, which advocated
that God became Jesus, and when Jesus was crucified, God died as well. Van Buren published several works on theology and Jewish-Christian relations. After he left Austin in 1965, Van Buren became the chair of the Department of Religion at Temple University. Walter Meyer purchased the property in 1968. He and his wife operated the Hansel and Gretel Restaurant (now Trudy’s Texas Star) on W. 30th Street. In addition, Meyer served as an interpreter for President Johnson, practiced psychology, and taught at the University of Texas. He helped found the Center for International Education at UT in 1963.

Kreisle’s design for the 1929 Webb Simms House at 108 West 32nd Street is a fascinating blend of Craftsman and Colonial Revival detailing. The two-story rectangular plan, hipped roof stuccoed frame house has projecting central bays containing the principal entry, and symmetrical side bays each containing a 6:6 Colonial Revival-styled window on each floor. The two-story west wing has the look of an integral enclosed porch with ornamental side panels for the band of three casement windows on each story. The central entry has multi-paned sidelights and an oval arched bracket hood over the door. Fortunat Weigle designed the iron work gate and fence around the property. The original material of the house was clapboard; in 1933, a stucco finish was added over the wood siding.

The first owners of the Webbs Simms House were Rev. Ernest and Ellenora Webb. Webb was Wesley Bible Chair at the University of Texas from 1921 to 1933, when he moved to Dallas to become chair of the Department of Religion at Southern Methodist University. The next owners were Earl and Kathryn Simms. Earl and his brother Paul (212 West 33rd St.) developed Barton Heights, Loma Linda, and the city’s first African American subdivision, McKinley Heights. The house was then sold to James and Frances Aldridge. James was an insurance broker in Austin. Well-known Austin musicians, Bruce Robison and Kelly Willis, raised their family in the house from 2005 to 2014.

Kreisle designed the Tudor Revival house at 212 West 33rd Street for Paul O. Simms, brother of Earl Simms, between 1925 and 1927. The house is sited prominently at the head of picturesque Hemphill Park and embodies many of the typical features of the Tudor Revival style: the half-timbered gabled roof; the Tudor arch motif above the front windows, exterior and interior doorways, the front porch, and the opening of the fireplace in the main living room; leaded glass and diamond pane windows (many of which used casement technology which was new at the time); and the slate roof. In deference to the early 20th century Texas architecture, an expansive porch was incorporated into the house design.

For the West 33rd Street property, Simms employed a highly innovative architect to design the house and to assemble a team of American and European artisans to create many of the special effects that give the residence its unique character. Claude W. Traweek from Liberty Hill was the contractor for this home, as he was for many other Kreisle-designed structures. The front porch contains a hand fabricated mailbox (signed by F. Weigl) and ornamental railing by Weigl Ironworks. Weigl also crafted an ornamental iron fence mounted on stone pillars and an elaborate gate along the rear boundary of the property that borders 34th Street. The massive case stone fireplace in the living room contains a large coat-of-arms design by the Swiss woodcarver Peter Mansbendel. Leaded glass windows were fabricated by Phoenix Glass of San Antonio. The ironwork, leaded glass, and stone were materials that were especially appropriate for the Tudor style. The very extensive woodwork on the interior is all fabricated in
Carolina Red Gum and finished with a light stain to show the striking grain patterns that characterize this species. This woodwork is particularly visible in a series of 14 boxed timbers on the 12 foot high ceiling of the main living room. Although Tudor detailing normally calls for dark timbers, Kreisle is quoted by his son as saying, “What’s the use of putting in beautiful wood if you can’t see it?” He favored a light finish for the woodwork in this house, and its beauty is still appreciated.

Edwin Kreisle was educated in the public schools and at Bradley Polytechnic and The University of Texas at Austin. In addition, he spent time at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts in Paris to further his studies in architecture. Although the time Kreisle spent in France was brief, European influences were manifested in many aspects of his subsequent work. Tudor Revival was his favorite building style. This property is one of the earlier residences he designed in Austin, and it exemplifies a style he used in many private and public structures. It is also important to note that this house was the first designed by Mr. Kreisle to be designated a city landmark.

Kreisle designed the house at 113 West 33rd Street for Edwin Harrell and his wife, Jessie Alma Tabb Harrell around 1930. Edwin Harrell died unexpectedly in 1932, just three years after starting the Capital Printing Company, and his widow, Alma, took over and ran the business herself for another 30 years. It was highly unusual for women to be the presidents of businesses or industries, especially in the South, which made Alma Harrell’s position as the leader of the business all that more noteworthy.

The Harrell House is in the Colonial Revival style, with a red-brick exterior, 9:9 single, paired, and triple windows, and gabled roofs. The front of the house faces onto West 33rd Street and features an L-plan with the main block of the house set behind a projecting front-gabled extension fronted with a classical portico. The entrance to the house is recessed with a segmental-arched doorway composed of cast stone. The projecting gable to the right of the principal entry contains a prominent exterior red brick chimney, which pierces the apex of the gable, and has quarter-circle attic window on each side. A flat-roofed classical portico forms the front of the projecting gable section of the façade; it features dentil work on the frieze and paired fluted columns with Ionic capitals. The Lipscomb Street facade of the house has a prominent gable containing a set of triple 9:9 windows and a round-arched door.

An owner in the early 1960s was Eldon Ferguson. Ferguson was an Oklahoma track star and Ph.D. specializing in seismology and weather research. He taught at the University of Texas for a short period of time before he was hired by the National Bureau of Standards. Ferguson was followed as owner by James Perkins a faculty member at Huston-Tillotson College, where he was professor and later chair of the Department of Religion and Philosophy.

11. Summary

Aldridge Place is an extraordinarily intact historic subdivision in Central Austin that contains a wide array of outstanding mid-19th to mid-20th century residential properties, ranging from the c. 1860 Texas vernacular stone Buddington House to innovative Ranch and Postwar Modern style buildings built in the 1950s. Its early frontier-era property and postwar designs notwithstanding, Aldridge Place is largely characterized by its large inventory of exceptional “High Style” Craftsman, Prairie School, and Period Revival style architecture. Its place in the panoply of Austin’s historic neighborhoods is unrivaled; the district boasts 14 individual Austin Historic Landmarks among its 159 historic resources,
a high number for a neighborhood of its size. (See Table 2.) Today, Aldridge Place seeks to confirm its commitment to neighborhood preservation by seeking designation as a local historic district.

Centered on the Hemphill Park greenbelt that runs north-to-south through the middle of the subdivision, the curvilinear streets and natural landscape enhanced by Rustic stone-lined creek beds, culverts, and bridges provide a “City Beautiful” backdrop for one of Austin’s loveliest and most enduring historic neighborhoods. Promoted as an “exclusive” subdivision to a well-heeled, well-educated clientele, many of whom were associated with the increasingly-distinguished University of Texas, Aldridge Place grew into an enclave of unique, largely architect-designed homes bearing the predominant architectural styles of the period. Nestled in a park-like setting along Hemphill Creek, its meandering streets became home to some of Austin’s most prominent citizens, including major political figures and educators of the early-20th century. Each house in the district was designed to reflect their owners’ good taste, level of refinement, and place in the city’s social and economic hierarchy. The quality of design and building materials, as well as the careful attention to architectural detail, is borne out by the fact that few of the district’s property owners have seen fit to replace or significantly alter their homes from their original, “High Style” appearance. As a result, Aldridge Place ranks high among the best of Austin’s historic neighborhoods with a tremendous ratio of historic to non-historic resources (89 percent).

In addition to its historic building fabric, the district is exceptional for its high level of architectural integrity. Additions and modifications to historic resources within the district are generally subordinate to the original design and use materials that are compatible with their early counterparts. Most new construction has been added to the rear or to the least-visible side of the primary resource. Few major design elements have been compromised by alterations such as front porch enclosures, additions to the primary façade, replacement of authentic materials with inferior or cheap synthetic substitutes.

Because it has retained its original appearance and landscape patterns so well, Aldridge Place conveys a vivid and accurate sense of its own history. Furthermore, Aldridge Place is significant for its relevance to important historic development and architectural trends in Austin; it is associated with Austin’s premier 20th century architectural firms; it is related to the development of the University of Texas as a world-class institution of higher education; and it is associated with individuals who have contributed substantially to the growth and development of Austin, Texas.

In sum, Aldridge Place exceeds the city’s requirements for establishing historic districts: it is overwhelmingly comprised of historic-age resources that retain exceptional levels of architectural integrity; it has an exceptional ratio of contributing to noncontributing properties; it has significant owner support; and it meets all city criteria for designation. From all perspectives, Aldridge Place is worthy to be called an Austin local historic district.
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BIBLIOGRAPHY


Recorded Texas Historic Landmarks, “The Buddington/Benedict/Sheffield Compound,” Austin, Travis County, Texas.


NOMINATION PREPARED BY:

Name: _______ Roger Binkley, Rick Iverson, and Janet Beinke

Company: _______ NA

Address: _______ 105 West 33rd Street

Austin, TX 78705

Telephone: _______ 512-415-4400 FAX: _______ 512-415-4400

E-mail: _______ RogerBinkley@gmail.com

HISTORIC PRESERVATION SPECIALIST:

Name: _______ Terri Myers

Company: _______ Preservation Central

Address: _______ 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, Texas 78705

Telephone: _______ 512-478-0898 FAX: _______ 512-478-0898

E-mail: _______ terrimyers@preservationcentral.com

NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION REPRESENTATIVE

Name: _______ Rick Iverson and Brandon Tucker, Co-Presidents

Neighborhood Association: _______ North University Neighborhood Association

Address: _______ 506 West 34th Street, Austin, Texas 78705

Telephone: _______ 512-451-1011 FAX: _______ 512-451-1011

E-mail: _______ iver506@gmail.com
Aldridge Place Architectural Examples

Revival Styles: Tudor

201 West 32nd Street

3123 Hemphill Park

212 West 33rd Street

100 Laurel Lane
Revival Styles: Spanish Eclectic and Mediterranean Revival

106 West 32nd Street

105 West 33rd Street

401 West 32nd Street

122 Laurel Lane
Revival Styles: Classical, Colonial, Georgian Revival

105 W 32\textsuperscript{nd} Street

113 W 33\textsuperscript{rd} Street

109 W 33\textsuperscript{nd} Street

3124 Wheeler Street
Craftsman Houses

104 West 32nd Street

110 Laurel Lane

3120 Wheeler Street

3206 Hemphill Park
Prairie Style or Influence

503 West 33rd Street

105 Laurel Lane

102 West 33rd Street

202 West 32nd Street
Texas Vernacular: 506 West 34th Street

Dutch Colonial Revival: 407 West 32nd Street

Early Ranch: 203 West 32nd Street

Mid-Century Modern: 118 Laurel Lane
Streetscapes

Hemphill Park at Wheeler Street

Lipscomb Street at West 33rd Street

3100 Block Wheeler Street

100 Block Laurel Lane
Appendix A

Maps

A-1: Subdivision Maps: Original Plats
   A-1.1: Original Plat-Aldridge Place
   A-1.2: Original Plat-University Heights
   A-1.3: Original Plat-Fruth Addition

A-2: Tax Maps with Property ID Numbers

A-3: Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps
   A-3.1: 1921 Map (Plats 90 and 91)
   A-3.2: 1935 Map (Plats 302 and 304)

A-4: Aldridge Place LHD Boundary Map

A-5: Map with Key Number Tied to the Resource Inventory
   A-5.1: Map of Area East of Hemphill Park
   A-5.2: Map Primarily of Area West of Hemphill Park

A-6: Contributing and Non-Contributing Resources
Appendix A-1.3
Subdivision Map: Original Plat-Truth Addition
Appendix A-1.2
Subdivision Map: Original Plat-University Heights
Appendix A-2

Tax Maps with Property ID Numbers
Appendix A-3.1

Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps 1921 (Plats 90 and 91)*

*The above area is not shown on the 1900 Sanborn map.

[Map Image]

Area not in Sanborn Maps of 1921
Appendix A-3.2
Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps 1935 (Plats 302 and 304)

The 1935 map shows the platting of the properties on the west side of Hemphill Park between 32\textsuperscript{nd} and 33\textsuperscript{rd} Streets changed between 1921 and 1935.
Appendix A-4

Aldridge Place Local Historic District Boundaries
Appendix A-5.2
Aldridge Place Local Historic District
Map Numbers
Appendix A-6
Contributing and Non-Contributing Resources

- Non- Contributing
- Contributing
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<td>211 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1950</td>
<td>Early Ranch</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>LOT 98 BLK 3 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>WILKINSON JULIE MATTHEWS</td>
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<td>SILOPANNA LLC</td>
<td>213 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>PARSEGIAN HOMER &amp; PHYLLIS KALMAZ</td>
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<td>HATFIELD THOMAS M</td>
<td>3404 NORTHWOOD CIR</td>
<td>1916</td>
<td>Prairie/ Mission/ Craftsman</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>BONNER IAN &amp; RICHARD E  BONNER &amp; SUSAN J PRYOR</td>
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<td>JESTER AMANDA KAY</td>
<td>100 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>DAVIS JOHN H &amp; BARBARA L</td>
<td>101 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>KNORR ROBERT JAMES &amp; ROSEMARIE</td>
<td>102 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>BUTTREY JERROLD SCOUTT</td>
<td>103 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>DAVIS MIKE &amp; SUSAN</td>
<td>602 LAS LOMAS WEST LAKE HILLS, 78746</td>
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<td>BINKLEY ROGER A &amp; CHRISTIE A</td>
<td>105 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>COLE DENNIS C &amp; ELIZABETH S</td>
<td>109 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>KNIGHT THOMAS WAYNE &amp; MELINDA KNIGHT</td>
<td>108 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>ARCE ALEGRIA</td>
<td>110 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>BROWNE JULIANNE H</td>
<td>509 W FRENCH PL SAN ANTONIO , TX 78212- 3680</td>
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<td>LALLY KEVIN JOSEPH</td>
<td>112 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>W52 SF OT LOT 18 BLK 2 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>VINEGAR ABBY L &amp; BRANDON TUCKER</td>
<td>113 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>JORNAVAZ ROBERT &amp; LOUISA</td>
<td>707 17th STE 4200 DENVER, CO 80202</td>
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<td>PALLAS SPIROS</td>
<td>1218 20TH ST S ARLINGTON, VA 22202-2152</td>
<td>1929</td>
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<td>ADAMS CHRISTOPHER T &amp; CHRISTINA</td>
<td>202 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>COATS TERE</td>
<td>204 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>KENS PAUL &amp; CARLA UNDERHILL</td>
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<td>MAYOFF ROBERT S &amp; DELIA M</td>
<td>1204 W 39 AUSTIN, TX 78756</td>
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<td>OTOOLE MICHAEL S &amp; LISA A PAULSON</td>
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<td>LECLAIR CAROLE A &amp; JAMES W MILLER</td>
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<td>213055</td>
<td>LECLAIR CAROLE A &amp; JAMES W MILLER</td>
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<td>HUTCHeson MARK S &amp; SHANNON H</td>
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<td>BOWMAN ANDREW W &amp; RACHEL LOMAS</td>
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<td>LEVY RICHARD SIDNEY &amp; KENDALL LANGDON</td>
<td>400 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>LEVY RICHARD SIDNEY &amp; KENDALL LANGDON</td>
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<td>FEIST MARK WALTON</td>
<td>404 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>404 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>MAXWELL MADELINE M</td>
<td>405 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>REINARZ LISA CHRISTINE</td>
<td>75 W END AVE, APT C16J NEW YORK , NY 10023-7864</td>
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<td>HATFIELD THOMAS M &amp; CAROL S</td>
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## Appendix B-1: Aldridge Place Inventory of Properties and Resources Sorted by Street Number

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<th>Legal Description</th>
<th>Property ID</th>
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<td>BARKLEY HOUSE HOLDINGS LP</td>
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<td>DOBBINS PIKE H</td>
<td>3205 GREENLAWN PKWY AUSTIN, TX 78757</td>
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<td>SALINAS JESSIE &amp; CLAUDIA ADRIANA ARANGO LOPEZ</td>
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Appendix B-1; Page 6
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## Appendix B-1: Aldridge Place Inventory of Properties and Resources Sorted by Street Number

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<tr>
<th>Map Key</th>
<th>Address Number</th>
<th>Street Name</th>
<th>Legal Description</th>
<th>Property ID</th>
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## Appendix B-1: Aldridge Place Inventory of Properties and Resources Sorted by Street Number

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<th>Map Key</th>
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### CITY PROPERTY

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## Appendix B-2: Aldridge Place Inventory of Properties Sorted by Map Numbers

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<th>Address Number</th>
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<td>DAVIS MIKE &amp; SUSAN</td>
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<td>BINKLEY ROGER A &amp; CHRISTIE A</td>
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<td>KNIGHT THOMAS WAYNE &amp; MELINDA KNIGHT</td>
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<td>ARCE ALEGRIA</td>
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<td>BROWNE JULIANNE H</td>
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<td>406</td>
<td>W 33rd St</td>
<td>LOT 35 BLK 4 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213000</td>
<td>BAKER ROBERT A JR</td>
<td>1067 SUNFLOWER TRL AUSTIN, TX 78745</td>
<td>1939</td>
<td>Colonial Revival</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Residential</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<td>31.5</td>
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<td>213041</td>
<td>BAKER ROBERT A JR</td>
<td>1067 SUNFLOWER TRL AUSTIN, TX 78745</td>
<td>1935</td>
<td>Vernacular Garage Apartment</td>
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<td>RIVERO CARINA E</td>
<td>1507 FALCON LEDGE DR AUSTIN, TX 78745</td>
<td>1927</td>
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<td>NC</td>
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<td>1507 FALCON LEDGE DR AUSTIN, TX 78745</td>
<td>1930</td>
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<td>E 50 FT OF LOT 40 BLK 6 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213040</td>
<td>REINARZ LISA CHRISTINE</td>
<td>75 W END AVE, APT C101 NEW YORK, NY 10023-7864</td>
<td>1936</td>
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<td>C</td>
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<td>LOT 41 BLK 4 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>212738</td>
<td>MILLER LAURANCE D III</td>
<td>502 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1937</td>
<td>Colonial Revival</td>
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<td>LOT 42 &amp; W 10 FT OF LOT 40 BLK 5 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>212759</td>
<td>SMITH ANDREW K &amp; LINDSEY L</td>
<td>503 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>Prairie School</td>
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<td>LOT 43 BLK 4 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>212742</td>
<td>ROBERTUS JON &amp; POLLY ROBERTUS</td>
<td>504 W 33 ST NEW ORLEANS, LA 70117</td>
<td>1980</td>
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<td>212741</td>
<td>STAHLE DALE O &amp; VALERIE J</td>
<td>506 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>French/New Orleans</td>
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<td>BISS ROBERT E &amp; HENRY W THORNTON</td>
<td>4433 MOUNT VERNON ST HOUSTON, TX 77008</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>French/New Orleans</td>
<td>NC</td>
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<td>212739</td>
<td>JONES AND R SAM FOSS &amp; REBECCA JONES</td>
<td>510 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>French/New Orleans</td>
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<td>212737</td>
<td>BONNER GRACE &amp; CHARLES</td>
<td>512 W 33 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1960</td>
<td>French/New Orleans</td>
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<td>IVERSON RICHARD M &amp; NANCY OWEN</td>
<td>506 W 34 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1960</td>
<td>Texas Vernacular</td>
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<td>IVERSON RICHARD M &amp; NANCY OWEN</td>
<td>506 W 34 ST AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1950</td>
<td>Postwar Modern</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>LOT 50 BLK 4 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>IVERSON RICHARD M &amp; NANCY OWEN</td>
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<td>Postwar Modern</td>
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<td>GUADALUPE</td>
<td>S60 FT OF LOT 48 * &amp; S60 FT OF W40FT AND S30FT OF E20FT OF LOT 44 BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>212705</td>
<td>MCCANDELLS ANN SHERIDAN TRUST &amp; LLOYD E BEES E &amp; JAMES BEMS</td>
<td>4100 DUVAL RD BLDG 1 AUSTIN, TX 78759</td>
<td>1915</td>
<td>Free Classic</td>
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<td>City Beautiful</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>S65FT OF LOT 18520 BLK 3 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>RUSSELL WILLIAM GREGORY &amp; SARA LYNN RUSSELL</td>
<td>27 LOCHBURY DR AUSTIN, TX 78759</td>
<td>1930</td>
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<td>FELPS MARY ELLEN</td>
<td>100 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>LOT 1 BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
<td>210172</td>
<td>BIVEN DAVID MICHAEL</td>
<td>191 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>102</td>
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<td>LOT 109 BLK 2 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213075</td>
<td>PRINGLE B ROSS JR &amp; SUZANNE</td>
<td>105 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1938</td>
<td>Colonial Revival</td>
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<td>LOT 2 * &amp; E10FT OF LOT 3 BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
<td>210171</td>
<td>UMBERTON DEBRA JEAN</td>
<td>105 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1939</td>
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<td>LOT 105 &amp; E12FT OF LOT 105 BLK 2 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213076</td>
<td>DASCH KEVIN MICHAEL &amp; ROWENA DASCH</td>
<td>105 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>PRINGLE B ROSS JR &amp; SUZANNE</td>
<td>105 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>213077</td>
<td>LANGLEY JONATHAN R &amp; MARY CAVANAUGH</td>
<td>105 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>210189</td>
<td>LARSON TIMOTHY J &amp; ELIZABETH L JOHNSON</td>
<td>107 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>E55FT OF LOT 101 * &amp; W45FT OF LOT 103 BLK 2 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213078</td>
<td>JOHNSTON STERLING C &amp; CLARISSA M</td>
<td>108 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1932</td>
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<td>C</td>
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<td>LOT 6 BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
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<td>CLARK RYAN &amp; JULIE GILBERG</td>
<td>106 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>LOT 89 * &amp; W50FT OF LOT 101 BLK 2 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>SCOTT MICHAEL S &amp; TERRIE GIBBS</td>
<td>110 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>WELLAND DAVID R &amp; ISABEL R ROY</td>
<td>112 W 32nd St AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>Craftsman</td>
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<td>210167</td>
<td>MC克莱因 MARY</td>
<td>113 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>Monterey</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Residential</td>
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<td>LOT B * RESUB OF A PART OF BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
<td>210168</td>
<td>WIEDING DEL</td>
<td>115 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>Tudor Revival</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>LOT A BLK 1 * RESUB OF PART OF OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
<td>210166</td>
<td>MINOR PHILIP &amp; ANNE</td>
<td>117 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1962</td>
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<td>LOT 86 BLK 3 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213062</td>
<td>MOYLE JAMES W &amp; JANICE E</td>
<td>230 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1930</td>
<td>Craftsman</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>W 48FT OF LOT 10 * &amp; E 20FT OF LOT 11 * PLUS 20 X 25.5 FT OF LOT 12 BLK 1 OLT 74 DIV D UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS</td>
<td>210164</td>
<td>STURM CIRCE D &amp; RANDOLPH LEWIS</td>
<td>201 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1928</td>
<td>Tudor Revival</td>
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<td>DIAL PHILIP S</td>
<td>202 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1914</td>
<td>Prairie School</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Residential</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<td>203</td>
<td>W 32nd St.</td>
<td>LOT 11 * W 54FT &amp; LESS W TRIS LOT 2 BLK 1 * NW PT OF UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS LOT 4 OLT 74 DIV D *SE TR OF SPURLIN J C SUBD</td>
<td>210163</td>
<td>BEDNAR WILLIAM C</td>
<td>203 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
<td>1953</td>
<td>Early Ranch</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Residential</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<td>W 32nd St.</td>
<td>LOT 92 BLK 3 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>CHURCH CAROL E &amp; TIMOTHY A OZOR</td>
<td>204 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>Tudor Revival</td>
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<td>BEDNAR WILLIAM</td>
<td>205 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>LOT 90 BLK 3 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
<td>213065</td>
<td>KEEVER CYNTHIA</td>
<td>206 W 32nd St. AUSTIN, TX 78705</td>
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<td>ANDERSEN PETER R &amp; PATRICIA M J ANDERSEN</td>
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<td>CAMPBELL PATRICIA &amp; DONALD F CARNES</td>
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<td>LOT 65, 61 &amp; N 19.68FT LOT 67 BLK 7 OLT 74 DIV D ALDRIDGE PLACE</td>
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<td>WILKINSON JULIE MATTHEWS</td>
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<td>PARSEGIAN HOMER &amp; PHYLLIS KALMA</td>
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<td>HATFIELD THOMAS M</td>
<td>3406 NORTHWOOD CIR AUSTIN TX 78703</td>
<td>1916</td>
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<td>2305 BONITA ST AUSTIN TX 78703-1705</td>
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<td>3116 WHEELER ST</td>
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<td>DORMAN KENNETH R &amp; DIANNA M</td>
<td>3124 WHEELER ST</td>
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<td>3205 GREENLAWN PKWY</td>
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<td>LUSKIN ROBERT C</td>
<td>3106 HEMPHILL PARK</td>
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<td>MARCOM MR &amp; AM LIVING TRUST</td>
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<td>WILLIS PATRICK M</td>
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<td>CREW DAVID FRANCIS &amp; SARA ANN PIETSCH</td>
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### Appendix B-2: Aldridge Place Inventory of Properties Sorted by Map Numbers

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Appendix D
The Aldridge Place Preservation Plan and Design Standards

D-1: Relevant Definitions
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D-3: The Parts of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan
D-4: Design Review Processes
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Appendix D
The Aldridge Place Preservation Plan and Design Standards

D-1: Relevant Definitions
D-2: The Aldridge Place Preservation Plan: Overview
D-3: The Parts of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan
D-4: Design Review Processes
D-5: Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards

APPENDIX D
The Aldridge Place Preservation Plan and Design Standards

April 2016

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APPENDIX D
THE ALDRIDGE PLACE PRESERVATION PLAN AND DESIGN STANDARDS

Appendix D-1
Relevant Definitions

The following definitions are relevant to the understanding of this document.

Certificate of Appropriateness: The documentation provided by the Historic Landmark Commission after review of proposed changes to a contributing structure in the historic district certifying that the proposed change is in conformance with the Aldridge Place LHD Design Standards. Certificates of Appropriateness are governed by Section 25-11-2 and 25-11-212 of the City of Austin Land Development Code, which provide that a person must obtain a Certificate of Appropriateness to change, restore, remove, or demolish an exterior architectural or site feature of a structure that is contributing to the historic district. The City Historic Preservation Officer can approve applications for some Certificates of Appropriateness.

Compatibility Standards: Compatibility regulations are designed to minimize the impact of new construction, remodels, and additions to existing buildings on surrounding properties in residential neighborhoods by defining an acceptable building area for each lot within which new development may occur.

Contributing Structure: A structure that fits the following criteria:
   1. Contributes architecturally and/or historically to the historic character of the historic district.
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2. Is at least 50 years old and maintains a high degree of integrity in that it retains its historic appearance.
3. Was built during the period of significance for the historic district.

The determination of whether a structure is contributing to the historic district was made by the historic preservation professional who evaluated the survey and inventory of the buildings within the district, in conjunction with professional city staff. A structure is designated contributing to the historic district by the ordinance establishing the district.

Altered structures may still be considered contributing to the character of the historic district if the alterations are minor and have not significantly compromised the integrity of materials and design of the building. However, a building which has been significantly altered and no longer retains its historic appearance is no longer contributing to the district, even if the building is over 50 years old.

Fenestration: The arrangement, proportioning, and design of windows and doors in a building.

Façade: The front or principal face of a building.

Historic District: A historic area (HD) combining district is the collection of structures that give an area its historic character. By definition, at least 51% of the principal buildings within the historic area (HD) combining district must be designated as contributing to the district.

Noncontributing Structure: A structure that fits the following criteria:
   1. Is less than 50 years old.
   2. Has been significantly altered over time so that the building no longer conveys its historic appearance.
   3. Has been moved into the district less than 50 years ago.
A building which is over 50 years old but which has been significantly altered is non-contributing to the district until such time as the building is restored to its historic appearance. Current city incentives are available to owners of these properties to encourage restoration of the structure. Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards do not apply to noncontributing structures.

**Preservation**: Measures necessary to sustain the existing form, integrity, and materials of a historic property. Preservation work generally focuses on maintenance and repair of historic materials and features rather than extensive replacement and/or new construction.

**Reconstruction**: New construction that replicates the form, features, and detailing of a non-surviving site, landscape, building, structure, or object. Reconstruction replicates the appearance and historic location of a non-surviving feature. Examples of reconstruction include the construction of new window screens that replicate historic screens on a structure, or the replacement of missing eave brackets or porch features. Reconstruction should be attempted only when physical and/or documentary (photographic) evidence is available of the size, scale, proportion, and materials of missing features.

**Rehabilitation**: The repair, alterations, and additions to a historic property which make a compatible use of the property possible, while preserving those portions or features of the structure which convey the historic, cultural, or architectural values of the structure. Rehabilitation generally involves the construction of additions to historic buildings.

**Restoration**: The accurate depiction of the form, features, and character of a property as it appeared at a particular period of time by removing features from other periods in its history and reconstruction of missing features from the restoration period. A restoration project is one that restores the historic appearance of a building by removing later additions or modifications, such
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as synthetic siding, aluminum windows, reconstructing missing architectural features, and preserving the historic fabric of the structure.

Period of Significance: A time period during the history of a neighborhood or district when a substantial amount of construction activity took place. For Aldridge Place, the period of significant is from 1860 to 1965. The majority of resources in the district (93%) were built during this period of significance.
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Appendix D-2
The Aldridge Place Preservation Plan: Overview

D-2.1. The Need for a Preservation Plan

Aldridge Place has one of the most intact concentrations of historic homes primarily from the 1920s and 1930s in the City of Austin and is the site of numerous historic landmark properties from the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Its proximity to downtown and The University of Texas, along with an increasing interest in redeveloping downtown Austin, are placing development pressure on the neighborhood.

Local Historic District (LHD) designation is intended to protect and enhance existing historic resources. By establishing Aldridge Place local historic district zoning, the City of Austin provides a mechanism to ensure that architectural changes within district are compatible with its historic character. Some buildings within the district may not have sufficient historical or architectural significance on their own to be designated as Austin Historic Landmarks, but they have significance as part of their neighborhood fabric.

Because it has retained its original appearance and landscape patterns so well, Aldridge Place conveys a vivid and accurate sense of its own history. Furthermore, Aldridge Place is significant for its relevance to important historic development and architectural trends in Austin; it is associated with Austin’s premier 20th century architectural firms; it is related to the development of the University of Texas as a world-class institution of higher education; and it is associated with individuals who have contributed substantially to the growth and development of Austin, Texas.

In sum, Aldridge Place exceeds the city’s requirements for establishing historic districts: it is overwhelmingly comprised of historic-age resources that retain exceptional levels of
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architectural integrity; it has an exceptional ratio of contributing to noncontributing properties; it has significant owner support; and it meets all city criteria for designation. From all perspectives, Aldridge Place is worthy to be called an Austin local historic district.

D-2.2. The Overall Purpose of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan

The City of Austin benefits visually and aesthetically from having buildings from its earlier history with unique architectural styles. Because of the innate historical and architectural value of Aldridge Place as a neighborhood, the primary emphasis for the Aldridge Place Local Historic District will be preservation. With LHD designation, in so far as possible, the existing form, integrity, and materials of historic properties or contributing structures will be maintained.

Aldridge Place recognizes that change is inevitable. Changes in lifestyle between the early 1900s and the present require different uses of space. Additions, secondary dwelling units, and new residences will be built. Consequently, the aspects of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan and Design Standards that address remodeling and new construction aim for appropriateness of construction, determined by compatibility of three types:

1. **Compatibility with neighborhood architectural patterns.** Despite the diversity of housing styles in Aldridge Place, most residential structures in the neighborhood share architectural patterns, including but not limited to an entrance in the front of the house, a the sidewalk to the front entrance, and windows that are taller than they are wide.

2. **Compatibility with the immediately surrounding structures.** New buildings should be reviewed in the context of their surroundings.
3. Compatibility of structures in neighborhoods surrounding LHD. Compatibility of structures in the neighborhood surrounding the LHD must comply with March 2016 city standards. Historic landmark (H or HD) within the Aldridge Place LHD are subject to the March 2016 city compatibility standards Chapter 25-2, Subchapter F.

Designation of the Aldridge Place Local Historic District does not require property owners to make changes to their properties, such as returning buildings to their historic appearance. Additionally, the review of construction projects within the district that results from district designation is limited to those projects that affect the exterior of the building and its site; interior remodeling projects do not require review and approval.

D-2.3. The Specific Goals of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan

The goals of the Aldridge Place Local Historic District Preservation Plan are as follows:

- Preserve the historic fabric of Aldridge Place.
- Prevent the demolition of contributing buildings in the neighborhood that can be saved.
- Encourage the rehabilitation, maintenance, and retention of historic structures.
- Ensure that alterations to existing buildings are compatible with the historic character of the structure and the district.
- Assist property owners and designers in developing plans for historic properties and encourage the compatibility of new structures in the historic district.
- Encourage sustainable design and building practices in the neighborhood.
- Ensure that new construction in and near the LHD meet city compatibility standards.

This document is a tool for the following interested parties:
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- Property owners, tenants, contractors, design professionals, realtors or anyone else planning a change to the exterior or site of a building or new construction within the district.
- The Historic Landmark Commission, in its evaluation of whether to grant a Certificate of Appropriateness for any project covered by these Standards.
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Appendix D-3
The Parts of the Aldridge Place Preservation Plan

Documents and City Code sections governing buildings within the Aldridge Place Local Historic District include the following:

1. The Neighborhood Conservation Combining District (NCCD)
2. The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties
3. The Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards

D-3.1. The Neighborhood Conservation Combining District

The City of Austin North University Neighborhood Conservation Combining District (NCCD) (Ordinance No. 040826-58) already regulates the modification and construction of buildings and other structures in Aldridge Place. It also provides for standards that affect fences, driveways, accessory buildings, garages, maximum building coverage, maximum impervious cover, maximum height, setbacks, and building facades, among other things. In no case shall the standards established by the NCCD be invalidated by any additional standards; they may, however, be narrowed by additional standards in order to ensure compatibility with the historic patterns of the Aldridge Place neighborhood, an issue which is not addressed by the NCCD.

The North University NCCD guidelines have been incorporated into the Aldridge Place LHD Design Standards so that they will be retained if the NCCD ordinance is eliminated.

D-3.2. The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties
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Basic standards for rehabilitation were developed in 1976 and are as follows:

- A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.
- The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.
- Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
- Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a historic property shall be preserved.
- Deteriorated historic features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a historic property shall be preserved.
- Chemical or physical treatments such as sandblasting that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
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- Significant archeological resources affected by a project shall be protected and preserved. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.
- New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
- New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

For the complete document, readers are referred to http://www.nps.gov/tps/standards/fourtreatments/standguide/.

D-3.3. Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards Overview
The Design Standards itemized in this document (beginning on page 13) are in addition to those of the NCCD and the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards. The Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards provide a guide for decision-making on changes to the exterior appearance of buildings and sites within the Aldridge Place Local Historic District. In the event there is a contradiction between the Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards and the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties, the Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards will govern.
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Design Review Processes

Most building and remodeling projects in Aldridge Place are regulated by a design review process that requires both LHD approval and city issuance of a certificate of appropriateness. The design review process requires conformity to Design Standards specific to Aldridge Place, which protect the historic and neighborhood character of Aldridge Place.

Activities that Require a Certificate of Appropriateness
The LHD does not require property owners to proactively make changes to their properties, such as restoring buildings to their original historic appearance. The design review process only comes into play once a property owner.

According to Sections 25-11-2 and 25-11-212 of the City of Austin Land Development Code, an owner must obtain a Certificate of Appropriateness before a building permit will be issued to change, restore, remove, or demolish an exterior architectural or site feature of a structure that is contributing to the historic district.

A Certificate of Appropriateness is NOT required for:

- Remodeling the interior of the building;
- Routine maintenance projects that do not affect the historic character of the resource. This may include painting, repointing of masonry, foundation repair, etc., or
- Remodeling of non-contributing buildings.

A Certificate of Appropriateness IS required for:
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- Replacing porches, doors, windows, or changes of roofing or siding materials visible from the front façade;
- Exterior alterations to existing buildings and sites including, but not limited to, the construction of additions, decks, or pools.
- Demolition of existing buildings or parts of buildings;
- New construction;
- Relocation of existing buildings into or out of the district; or
- Changes (such as tree removal) requiring a City permit.

D-4.1 Aldridge Place Design Review Process
The Certificate of Appropriateness design review process should start with a review by the Aldridge Place Local Historic District trustees prior to City of Austin action. The Aldridge Place LHD Board of Trustees is an advisory committee of neighbors who will review proposals for remodeling or building prior to their submission to the City. Any owner considering a remodeling or building project is encouraged to meet with the trustees as early as possible in the planning process. These meetings are open to anyone who wants to attend as neighbors of a proposed construction or remodel might find it valuable to hear and respond to the plans. The trustees welcome input from all neighbors. The trustees will work with homeowners to ensure that their proposals meet the requirements of the LHD.

For major projects the following information should be submitted to the trustees:
1. A site plan with these elements indicated:
   - Property lines and setback lines, including all setback dimensions
   - Footprint of new additions and any new site items that affect impervious cover
   - Location and dimensions of parking spots
   - Any trees with a diameter of 19 inches or more, measured four and one-half feet above natural grade.

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2. Impervious cover calculations, both existing and proposed.
3. FAR (floor to area ratio) calculations, both existing and proposed.
4. Square footages of the existing lot, existing improvements, and proposed improvements.
5. Existing and proposed floor plans.
6. Existing and proposed exterior elevations, showing the McMansion envelope compliance and the total building height. Photographs of all sides of the property can be substituted for existing exterior elevations.
7. Photographs of the exterior pertinent to the improvements.

For lesser changes, such as new exterior doors, replacement windows, or roofing changes, information and plans or photos of existing and planned changes should be submitted.

D-4.2 Trustees Procedure
When an owner brings a case to the trustees for review, the trustees can do several things with it.
- If it’s a simple case, such as clarification of the standards, the trustees will provide advice.
- If it requires a Certificate of Appropriateness, the trustees will make a recommendation and refer the case to the city preservation staff.

D-4.3 Trustee Selection
The LHD is segmented into six districts of similar proportion, and include one at-large Aldridge Place member to comprise an odd number of representatives.

The six districts are defined as:
- West 33rd St (east of Hemphill Park Drive)
- West 33rd St (west of Hemphill Park Drive)
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- West 32nd St (east of Hemphill Park Drive)
- Wheeler St. & West 32nd St (west of Hemphill Park Drive)
- Laurel Lane
- Hemphill Park

The defined districts will select the trustees ad hoc. The selected trustees will designate the at-large trustee.

The trustees are responsible for working with LHD property owners in the remodels, building, or refinements of their homes in accordance with the Design Standards of the LHD. Once consensus with the property owners is reached, the trustees will advocate for them with the City Preservation Department, the Landmark Commission, and the City Council, where necessary.

D-4.4 The City of Austin Design Review Process
After trustee review, applications for a Certificate of Appropriateness must be submitted to the City Historic Preservation Office at least 21 days before a scheduled Historic Landmark Commission meeting. Depending on the scale of the project, the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness will be evaluated by either the City Historic Preservation Officer or the City of Austin Historic Landmark Commission, as determined by the criteria below.

The City Historic Preservation Officer may administratively approve applications for Certificates of Appropriateness for the following:
- Accurate restoration or reconstruction of a documented missing historic architectural element of the structure or site;
- Changes which do not affect the appearance of the structure or site from an adjacent public street, limited to:
  - Demolition of garages, sheds, carports, or other outbuildings that are non-contributing;

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- Construction of a ground-floor, one-story addition or outbuilding with less than 600 square feet of gross floor area;
- Two-story additions to the rear of two-story houses; or
- A pool, deck, fence, back porch enclosure, or other minor feature.

The Historic Landmark Commission must hear other Certificates of Appropriateness.

Property owners may contact the City Historic Preservation Office to determine whether a project may receive administrative approval. Owners may also contact City staff in the early planning stages of a project for assistance in interpreting the Design Standards, suggesting solutions to problems, and explaining the review process and requirements. The Historic Preservation Office staff can also make on-site consultations and provide technical assistance.

The Historic Landmark Commission generally meets on the fourth Monday of each month, but schedules may vary. Contact the City Historic Preservation Office for information about meeting dates and times. The City Historic Preservation Office conducts a preliminary review of the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness and may contact the applicant for additional information or to suggest changes prior to presenting the case to the Historic Landmark Commission. The Historic Landmark Commission may grant the Certificate of Appropriateness if the application conforms to the Aldridge Place LHD Design Standards. The Historic Landmark Commission has the authority to grant exemptions to the Design Standards if it determines that the proposed new construction or changes to the existing buildings or sites will maintain the relevant character-defining features of the property and/or historic district.

If the Certificate of Appropriateness is not granted, the Historic Landmark Commission may require the applicant to modify the proposed work and revise the application. Appeal of a denial of a Certificate of Appropriateness may be made to the appropriate land use commission and, if denied, to the City Council, per Sections 25-11-247 and 25-1, Article 7, Division 1 of the City...
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Code. Appellant must establish that the decision by the Historic Landmark Commission is contrary to applicable law or regulation.

D-4.5. Penalties for Violations
Any person or corporation who violates provisions of the Standards is subject to the same criminal misdemeanor and/or civil penalties that apply to any other violation of the City Code.

D-4.6 Special Requirement for Applications for Demolition
The Commission will not hear an application for the demolition of an existing building within the District until it has granted a Certificate of Appropriateness for the replacement building.

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Appendix D-5
Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards

The purpose of these Standards is to preserve the historic character of Aldridge Place by encouraging the preservation and rehabilitation of existing buildings, and providing design parameters for additions to existing buildings and for new construction within the district. These Design Standards incorporate all applicable City of Austin zoning codes as well as the provisions of the North University Neighborhood Conservation Combining District (NCCD).

These Design Standards are in addition to those of the NCCD and the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards and provide a guide for decision-making on changes to the exterior appearance of buildings and sites within the Aldridge Place LHD. In the event there is a contradiction between the Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards and the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties, the Aldridge Place Local Historic District Design Standards will govern.

5.1. General Standards

All properties within the Aldridge Place Local Historic District are zoned for residential use only.

5.1.1: Prevention of Demolition

The preservation of contributing buildings is essential to maintain the integrity, appeal, and character of the district. Demolition of any contributing structure is discouraged. A contributing structure or any significant exterior part of any contributing structure within the local historic district cannot be demolished without prior approval by the Historic Landmark Commission with a Certificate of Appropriateness.
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5.1.2: Retention of Historic Style

Respect the historic style of existing structures and retain their historic features, including character-defining elements and building scale.

5.1.3: Avoidance of False Historicism

Respect each contributing structure as an example of the architecture of its time. Do not make alterations that have no historic basis, such as the addition of gingerbread trim to a 1920s bungalow. Do not give an existing contributing structure a “historic” appearance it never had. When developing plans for additions, porches, and other exterior alterations, look to other houses of similar vintage to see how these changes were made historically, and then use that information as a guide to developing an appropriate size, scale, and massing for your proposed exterior change.

5.1.4: Appropriate Treatment Options for Contributing Structures

Preserve the historic fabric whenever possible by repairing deteriorated historic features and architectural elements. Reconstruct missing or un-repairable architectural features with recycled historic materials, if available, or new materials that approximate the size and match the scale, profile, and appearance of the deteriorated or missing feature. Reconstruct or rebuild missing architectural features using photographic or physical indications as a guide.

5.1.5: Architectural Barriers and Accessibility

Accessibility to historic properties can be achieved with careful and creative design solutions. Design ramps, lifts, and accessible entrances in compliance with applicable Standards to avoid
damage to character-defining features of a contributing building, and keep the visual impact of any ramp, lift, or other accessibility feature to a minimum from the front of the building.

5.1.6 Sustainability

Construction of any new structures or alterations of existing structures shall meet or exceed the intent and requirements of current energy codes except in cases where compliance with the codes would adversely impact the historic character of the property of the district. In no case, however, shall compliance with energy or building codes be used as a reason to demolish a historic, contributing or potentially contributing structure, or to change a structure in such a way that its historic features are modified or removed. The City of Austin recognizes that protection of our cultural heritage contributes to sustainable communities and preserves the value of embodied energy used in the construction of the building.

5.1.7: Sustainability Equipment

1. Locate all new mechanical or energy conservation equipment in a manner that does not obscure the front view of the building. Keep them in scale with the existing roofline.

2. When sustainability equipment must be attached to the exterior wall of the house, limit the damage to the original exterior wall material.

3. Locate photovoltaic, solar thermal, wind power, and satellite dishes (external systems) on ancillary/secondary structures or new additions to the maximum extent feasible. If the installations must be placed on the main house, hide the installation from the front view of the house to the greatest extent possible, such as on the back roof of the house. Do not put free-standing solar panels on the front or street sides of a structure.
4. Rainwater harvesting is encouraged. If polyvinyl chloride (PVC) piping is used for rainwater system, paint all pipe visible from the street to resemble metal. Rainwater collection tanks may be of any material, but if visible from the primary street, they shall be unobtrusive.

5.2. Preservation and Restoration of Contributing Structures

5.2.1: Front of Houses

Houses in Aldridge Place uniformly face the street, generally with a visible front door and with windows facing the street.

Retain the historic character of a house in terms of door and window placement and exterior wall materials. Repair damaged or deteriorated exterior wall materials where reasonably possible. If replacement of exterior wall materials is necessary, choose a material identical/similar in size, profile, and appearance as the historic material. Cementitious fiber board, such as hardi-plank, is acceptable; vinyl and aluminum siding are not acceptable.

5.2.2: Doors and Doorways

1. Do not enlarge, alter, or relocate doorways on the façade of the house.

2. Retain and repair an original entry door, if feasible. In cases where replacement of an original entry door is required, or where the house does not have the original door, choose a replacement door that is compatible in terms of design and appearance with the historic character of the house.
3. Retain the glazing (window or glass) in its original configuration on doors that contain glass.

**Recommendation:** Look to other houses of similar age and style in choosing a replacement door, or consult publications, catalogs, or design professionals to determine the appropriate door styles and materials for the age and style of your house.

**5.2.3: Windows and Screens**

*Original windows are one of the most important features of the façade of a house and define the character of the contributing buildings in the district. Many contributing structures in Aldridge Place still retain their original wood windows.*

1. Repair or rehabilitation of the original windows and screens is the preferred option, followed by replication, and then replacement.

2. The energy efficiency of original windows can be improved by using methods that do not damage historic sashes, glass, or frames, such as: weather-stripping, insulating weight pockets, adding insulated glass and the necessary additional balancing weights, or adding a clear interior film or interior storm window inserts, or a combination of these methods.

3. Do not use tinted glass or tinted film on original windows.

4. If replacing windows or screens, use windows and screens that match the scale, profile, appearance, and configuration of existing historic windows. Aluminum-clad wood windows generally are appropriate for historic districts, but vinyl and aluminum windows or windows with interior vinyl pane dividers are not appropriate.
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5.2.4: Porches

Front porches are an integral part of the character of homes in Aldridge Place. Consider the architectural style of the house if making decisions about changes to the front porch.

Preserve the original front and street-side porches. Do not enclose open front and street-side ground-floor porches with glass or other enclosure materials, except screening.

5.2.5: Roofs

The roof form and pitch are among the most distinguishing characteristics of historic buildings.

1. Retain the original roof pitches and profiles on the building. Avoid changes to roofs on the front of the building. Avoid adding to the eave height of original roofs, especially at the front of the structure. Retain historic dormers.

2. In replacing roof materials, consider first the use of the original material, then the use of a product that resembles the original material, such as a fiberglass or other energy-efficient shingle. Metal roofs are also acceptable. Preserve original gable/attic vents and roof brackets.

5.2.6: Chimneys
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Preserve existing chimneys, where possible. Use original or similar replacement materials to rebuild a fallen or unstable chimney.

5.3. General Standards for Additions and Changes to Contributing Structures

Items of most concern are finished floor height, floor-to-floor heights, roof heights and pitches, fenestration pattern, porch size and location, setbacks, and an overall scale that reflects neighborhood patterns.

5.3.1: Preservation of Historic Character

Construct additions so as to require the removal or modification of a minimum of the historic fabric of the structure. Do not construct additions that will require the removal of any portion of the front façade. Design additions to existing residential buildings to reflect the form and scale of the existing house within the historical context of the neighborhood.

Set additions behind the ridgeline of the original roof if the original historic building has a side-gabled, hipped, or pyramidal roof form.

5.3.2: General

1. Locate additions and alterations to the rear or rear side of the building so that they will be less visible from the street, and have less impact on the character and configuration of the contributing building.

2. Houses must front on streets within Aldridge Place, even if located on a through lot between West 33rd and West 34th Streets. (See deed restrictions.)
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3. Do not attach a separate residential unit to a primary residence.

4. Place any additions or reconstructions to fronts of houses in a manner that is consistent with the existing structure.

5. Place additions or reconstructions in street side yard a minimum of 15 feet from the street.

6. Limit the height of structures in Aldridge Place LHD to 30 feet maximum.

7. Porches must be a minimum of 8 feet in depth and may extend into the 25 foot front yard setback.

8. On a corner lot, a porch may extend a maximum of 5 feet into the 15 foot street side yard setback.

Standards Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum Lot Size</th>
<th>5,750 square feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum building coverage</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum impervious coverage</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum height</td>
<td>30 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min front setback</td>
<td>25 feet; excluding porch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min street side yard setback</td>
<td>15 feet; excluding porch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum interior side yard setback</td>
<td>10 feet for principal structure on adjacent lot; 5 feet for all others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum rear setback</td>
<td>for a through lot, the rear setback is 15 feet; 10 feet for all others</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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5.3.3: Size and Scale of Additions

1. Design new additions so that they do not visually overpower the existing building, compromise its historic character, or destroy any significant historic features or materials. Additions shall appear subordinate to the existing house.

2. Locate additions as inconspicuously as possible, which is generally at the rear of the house.

3. Design additions to have the same scale as the existing house.

4. Locate second story additions at least 15 feet or one-third of the depth of the house back from the front house wall. The front house wall is the exterior wall closest to the street and not including the front porch walls or posts. Houses on corner lots have only one front wall.

Recommendations:

1. Consider adding one-story additions to one-story houses.

2. Wherever possible, build additions in existing attic space without raising the roof height. Consider the construction of attic dormers opening to the side or rear of the house to open underused attic space. Design side wall heights on second floor additions to be in scale and proportion to the original house.
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3. Where attic heights are adequate to support second floor living space, dormers or rear additions that do not exceed the original roof ridge height are preferable, as are side walls that maintain the same proportions.

4. Consider the effect that the addition will have on the existing and neighboring buildings.

5.3.4: Roof, Fenestration, and Siding
1. Make the pitch and height, materials of the roof of the addition match or be compatible to that of the existing house.

2. Make windows visible from the street on any addition compatible with those on the existing house in terms of sash configuration, proportion, spacing and placement.

3. Use exterior siding materials on the addition that match or are compatible with that of the existing house.

5.3.5: Driveways and Parking
1. Runners are preferred for driveways and parking. Driveways and parking are subject to an impervious cover restriction of 45% of the property.

2. Circular drives are not appropriate.

3. A parking space may not be located in a street side yard unless it is part of the original configuration.

4. The maximum number of parking spaces in all street yards on a site is two.

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5. Pavement for a parking space in a front yard may not be located in front of a principal structure.

5.3.6: Fences

1. Fences should be built with materials that are compatible with the architectural character of the structure.

2. Fences located in a front yard may not exceed a height of four feet and shall have a ratio of open space to solid material of not less than 1 to 1.5.

5.3.7: Garages

Garages have generally been located to the rear of the lot and as separate structures. They were constructed in complementary design to the main building.

1. Garages should be placed behind primary residences. Construct new garages on the rear of the lot or out of view of the street. Design a new garage to be complementary to the main structure on the property. Do not locate garages or carports on the façade of a building.

2. When rebuilding an original garage or adding a second story to it, make the roof pitch and style of siding match or be complementary to the original structure.

3. When installing new garage doors, make them complementary in design to the original structure or match historic garage doors.
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_recommendation_: Look around the neighborhood and seek out pictures or documentary evidence of the types of garage doors that were used at the time of the construction of the garage.

5.3.8: Accessory Buildings

1. Accessory buildings may not exceed 10 percent of the site.

2. Accessory buildings should be located in rear yards with a minimum setback of 5 feet from property lines.

5.4. General Standards for New Construction

Local Historic District designation does not prevent change, but instead provides design parameters that work with the special character of the District. Aldridge Place recognizes that design for new residential construction should support the architectural patterns and character of the neighborhood and its immediately surrounding structures. Items of most concern are finished floor height, floor-to-floor heights, roof heights and pitches, fenestration pattern, porch size and location, setbacks, and an overall scale that reflects neighborhood patterns. These Standards apply to new construction on contributing and non-contributing properties.

_recommendation_: Austin is fortunate to have many architects in town that have experience working in historic areas and on historic buildings. Consider using an architect who has experience working in historic areas.

5.4.1: Compatibility Standards for All New Construction within the Historic District
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1. Front houses on streets within Aldridge Place, even if located on a through lot between West 33rd and West 34th Streets. (See deed restrictions.)

2. Do not attach a separate residential unit to a primary residence.

3. Design a new garage to be complementary to the main structure on the property. Do not locate garages or carports on the façade of a building.

4. Set new primary houses equal to the houses on either side, if those houses are contributing, or equal to the nearest two contributing houses on the same street. Goal: Visual conformity with adjacent front setbacks.

5. Place new construction in street side yard a minimum of 15 feet from setbacks.

6. The impervious cover standard is a maximum of 45%.

7. This section applies to all new construction including new garage apartments and secondary units.

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| Minimum rear setback | for a through lot, the rear setback is 15'; 10 feet for all others |

5.4.2: Massing, Scale, and Architectural Elements

Use massing, scale, and architectural elements typical of the contributing buildings on the block when designing a new building. The geometry of new primary house construction shall be in a scale with contributing buildings on the same block. When applying to Historic Landmark Commission, include photographs of all existing adjacent buildings and any other buildings on the block which have inspired design choices for the new construction.

5.4.3: Porches

Front porches on new construction are not necessary, but if present, they may extend a maximum of eight feet in front of the front yard setback if a principal building has a setback of at least 25 feet. On a corner lot, a porch may extend a maximum of five feet in front of the 15 feet street side yard setback.

*Recommendation:* If appropriate for the architectural style, front porches or at least sheltered front entries similar to the contributing houses within the district are encouraged.

5.4.4: Height

Raise porch and first floor levels for new houses to a height comparable to existing houses with pier and beam construction, even if new construction is on a slab. Limit the maximum height of new structures to 30 feet.

5.4.5: Roofs

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Roof forms shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building and typical of roof types in the district.

5.4.6: Entrances

Locate the primary entrance to the building on the front. Use a front entryway configuration that is compatible with the front entries of contributing houses in the district.

5.4.7: Exterior Wall Materials

Use exterior wall materials that are compatible with those on the contributing structures on the block, such as wood, cementitious lap siding, brick, or stucco.

5.4.8: Chimneys

Use stone, stucco, or brick as the primary material for an exterior chimney.

5.4.9: Driveways and Parking

1. Runners are preferred for driveways and parking. Driveways and parking are subject to the City’s impervious cover restrictions. Circular drives are not appropriate.

2. A parking space may not be located in a street side yard.

3. The maximum number of parking spaces in all street yards on a site is two.
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4. Pavement for a parking space in a front yard may not be located in front of a principal structure.

5. For tandem parking, only one car may be parked behind one other.

5.4.10: Fences
1. Fences should be built with materials that are compatible with the architectural character of the structure.

2. Fences located in a front yard may not exceed a height of four feet and shall have a ratio of open space to solid material of not less than 1 to 1.5.

5.4.11: Garages
Design a new garage to be complementary to the main structure on the property. Do not locate garages or carports on the façade of a building. Garages should be placed behind primary residences. Construct new garages on the rear of the lot or out of view of the street.

5.4.12: Garage Apartments/Secondary Units
1. Design new secondary units to respect the traditional patterns of Aldridge Place in determining the location of the building and access to parking.

2. Design new secondary units and garage apartments to match or complement the form, massing, materials, scale, character elements, and fenestration patterns of the primary structure.
3. A new secondary unit or garage apartment is permitted on a lot that is 7,000 square feet or larger and has a front lot width of at least 50 feet. If two or more adjacent lots have the same ownership, the combined square footage and front lot width may be used to determine whether the overall site is 7,000 square feet or larger and has a front lot width of at least 50 feet.

4. The maximum gross floor area of the rear dwelling unit of a new secondary unit or garage apartment is 850 square feet.

5. New structures comply with impervious cover standards of 45% coverage.

4.13: Accessory Buildings

1. Accessory buildings may not exceed 10 percent of the site.

2. Accessory buildings should be located in rear yards with a minimum rear setback of five (5) feet from property lines.

5.5. Public Space Standards

Aldridge Place public space consists of streets, sidewalks, bridges, and park space.

Preserve and maintain the width, materials, and historic location of contributing civic structures, including sidewalks, retaining walls, and bridges. Maintain the historic park bridges structures in compliance with the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards.

5.6. Reasonableness Clause
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The purpose of these Design Standards is to preserve the historic character of Aldridge Place. The Board of Trustees recognizes that strict compliance with the Standards will best serve this purpose. However, if a property owner(s) can prove that unforeseen circumstances and conditions have arisen that would render strict compliance with these Design Standards impossible or unreasonable, the Board of Trustees may, in their discretion, permit a reasonable design or development decision that is consistent with the historic character and scale of Aldridge Place.

5.7. Exclusions

Paint color and house interiors are excluded from any Design Standards.