



Austin Strategic Mobility Plan

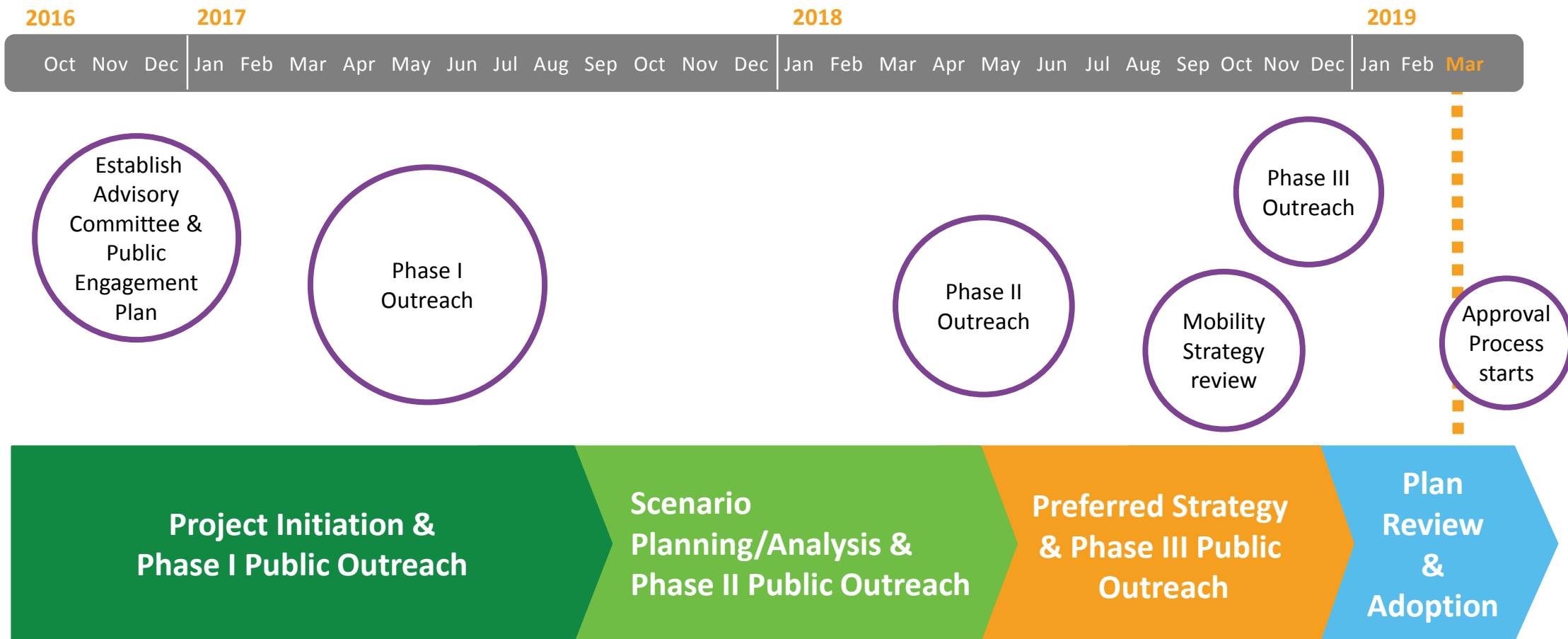
ZONING AND PLATTING COMMISSION

MARCH 5, 2019

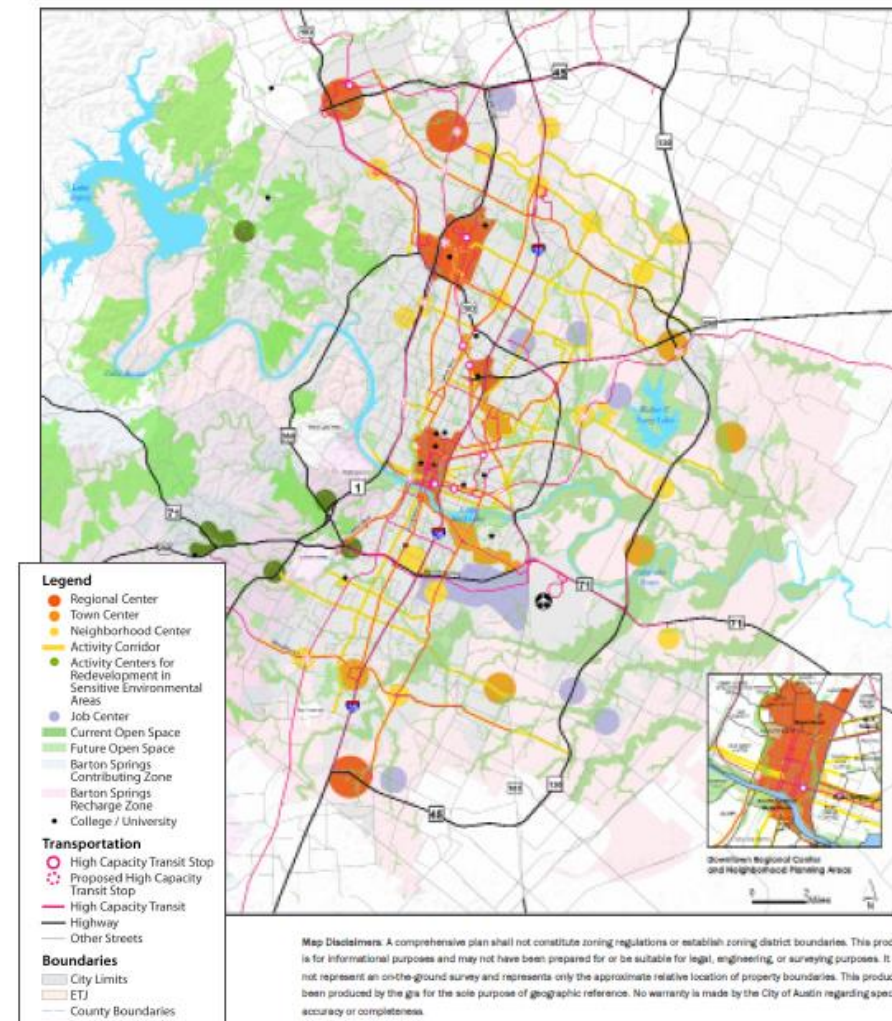
Agenda

- Schedule
- Approach
- Community Engagement
- Motivation Behind the Plan
- ASMP Draft
 - Content Outline
 - Elements of the Plan
 - Top Strategies
- Chapter 2: Managing Our Demand
- Next Steps

Schedule



- Imagine Austin
 - Transportation Element of Imagine Austin
 - Imagine Austin recommends the creation of the ASMP
- Austin Strategic Mobility Plan
 - Goals, Policies, Objectives, and Action Items



Imagine Austin Figure 4.5 – Growth Concept Map

Planning Approach

Technical:

Scenario Planning



Public Engagement:

Targeted to Historically Underserved/Underrepresented Populations

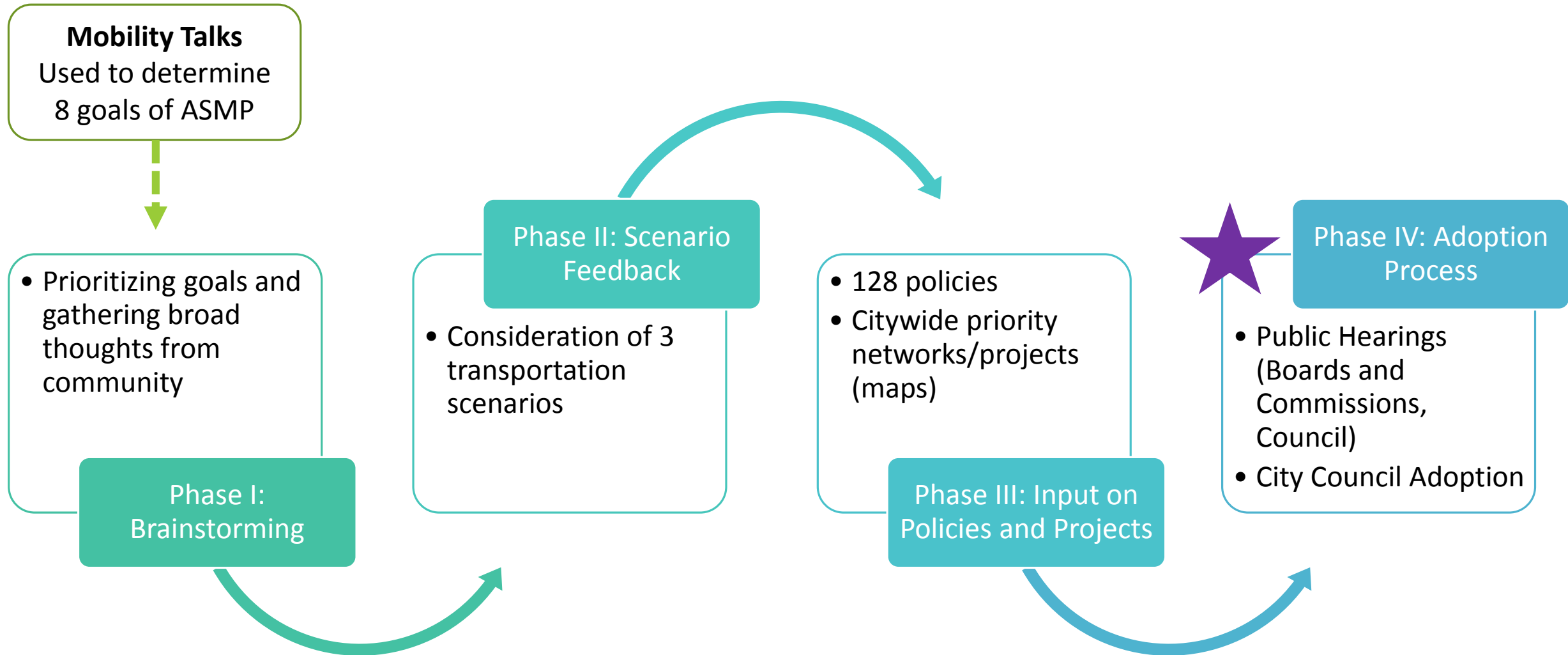
Youth
(24 and younger)

Seniors
(65 and older)

People of
Color

People with
Mobility
Impairments

Community Engagement



Phase I Results

Overall Results



Commuter Delay



Affordability



Health & Safety



Travel Choice



Sustainability



Placemaking



Economic Prosperity



Innovation

Focus Populations



Affordability



Commuter Delay



Travel Choice



Health & Safety



Sustainability



Placemaking

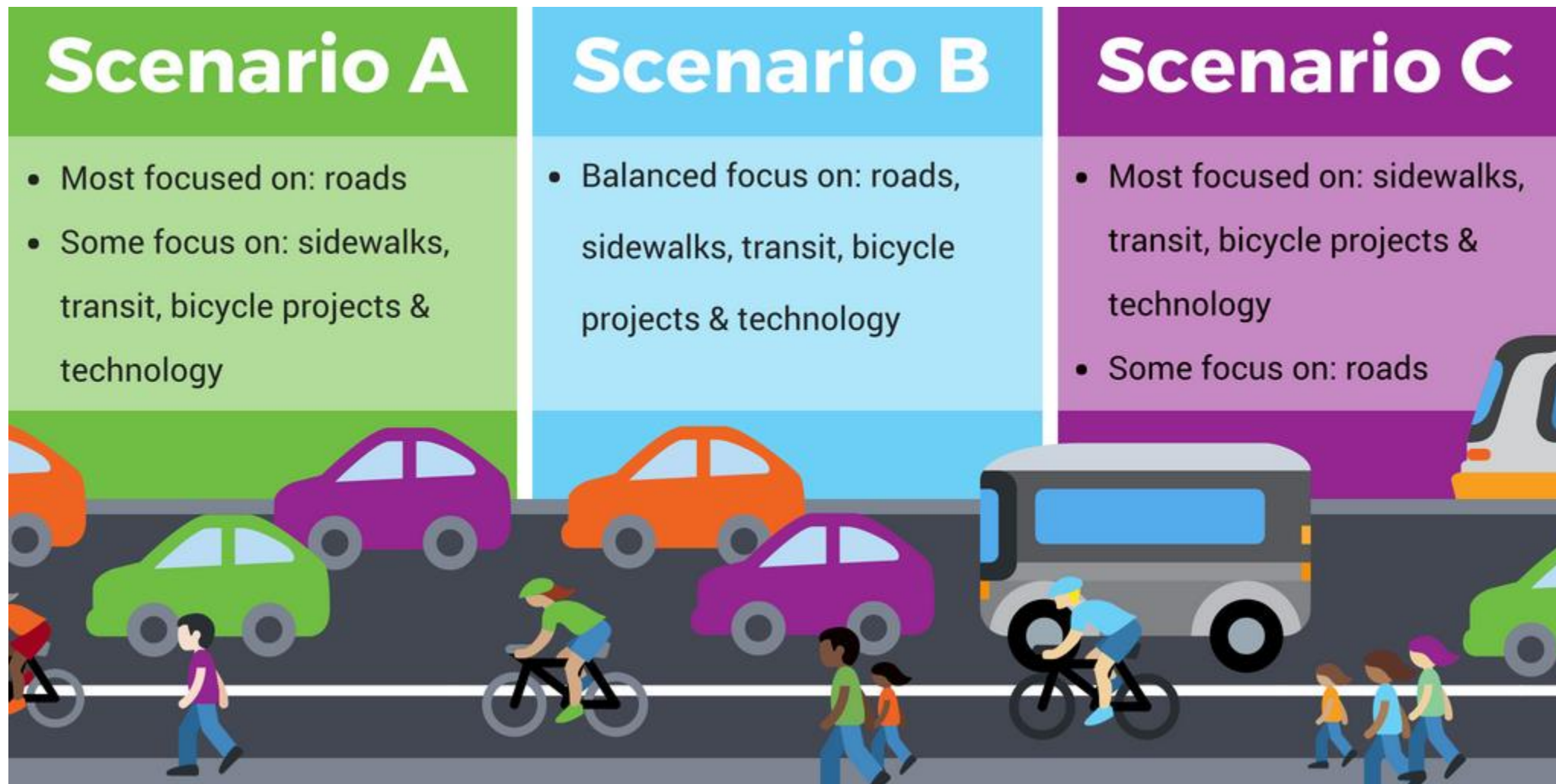


Economic Prosperity



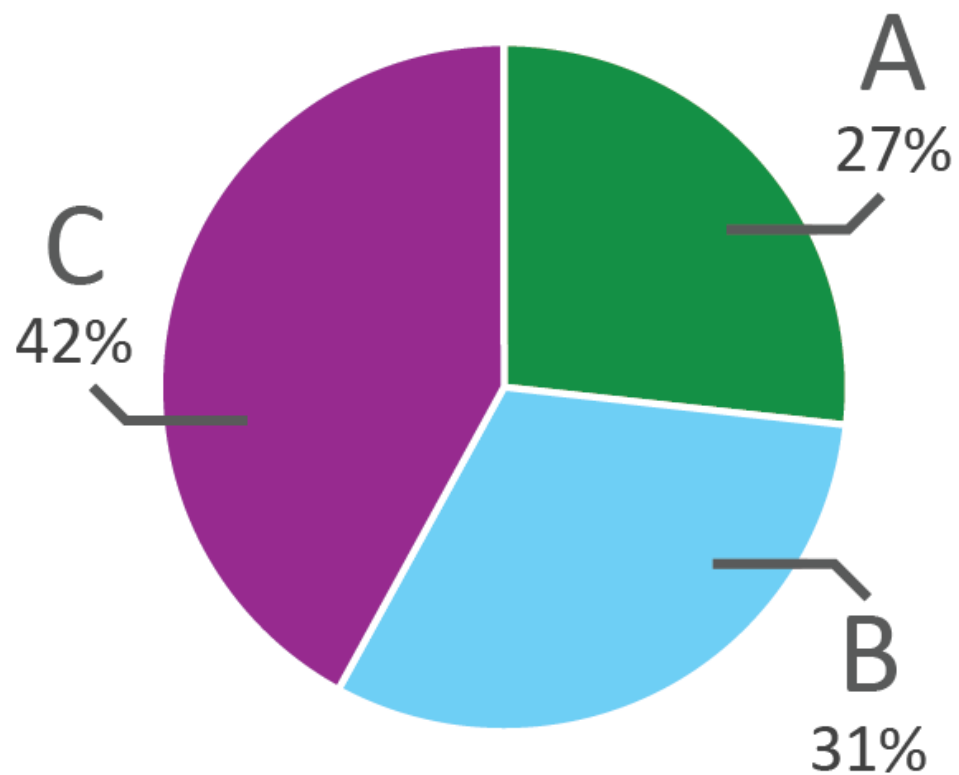
Innovation

Phase II - Scenarios

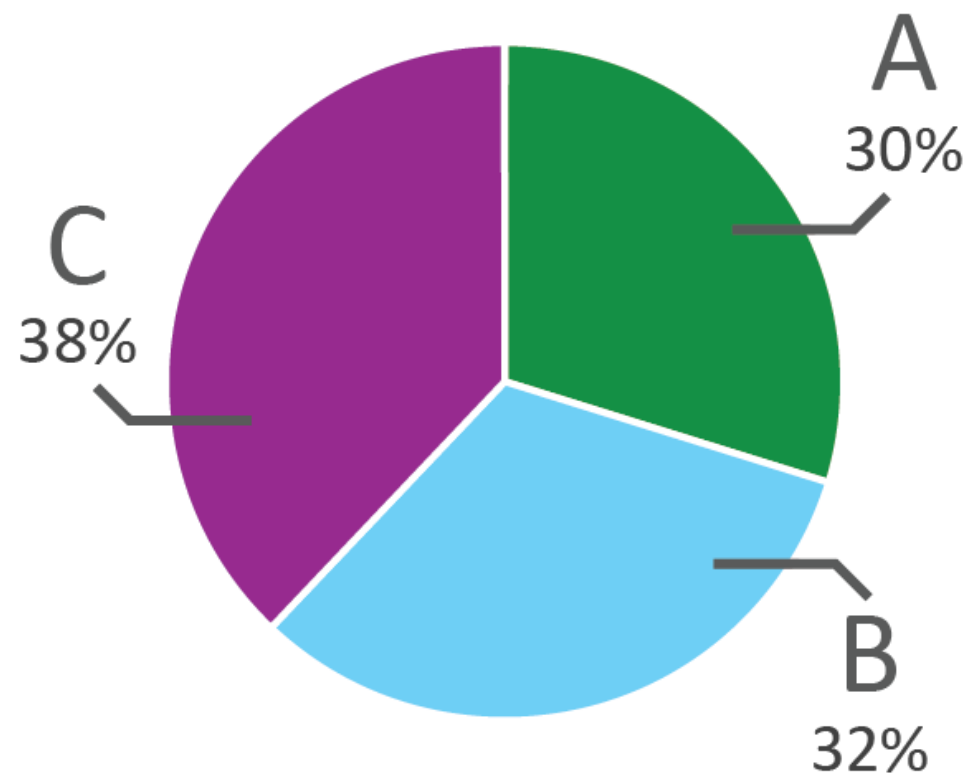


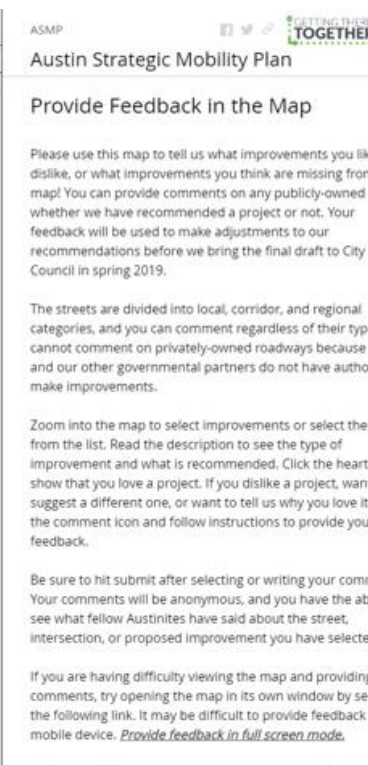
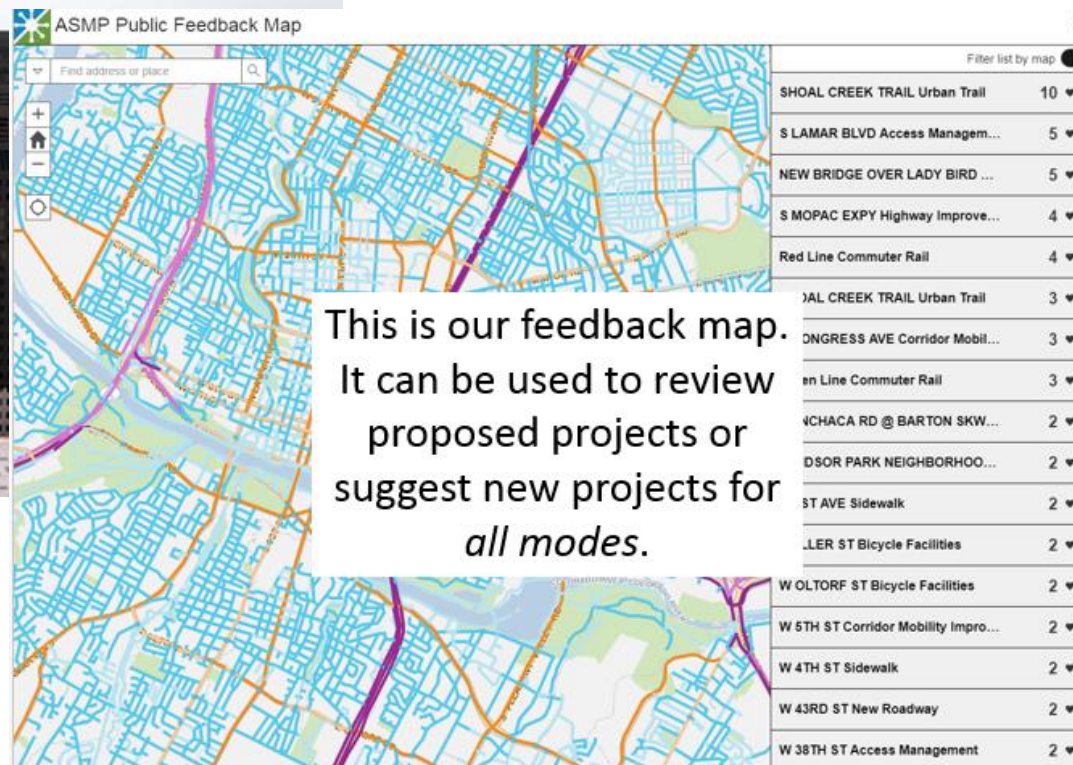
Phase II Results

Overall Population



Focus Populations





What we heard/key changes in Phase III

Phase III Engagement focused on the draft maps and policies

All comments & staff responses are available online

Plan was adapted based on feedback

**50+ events
attended**

**2,600+ comments
received on the
maps**

**184 survey
responses on the
policies**

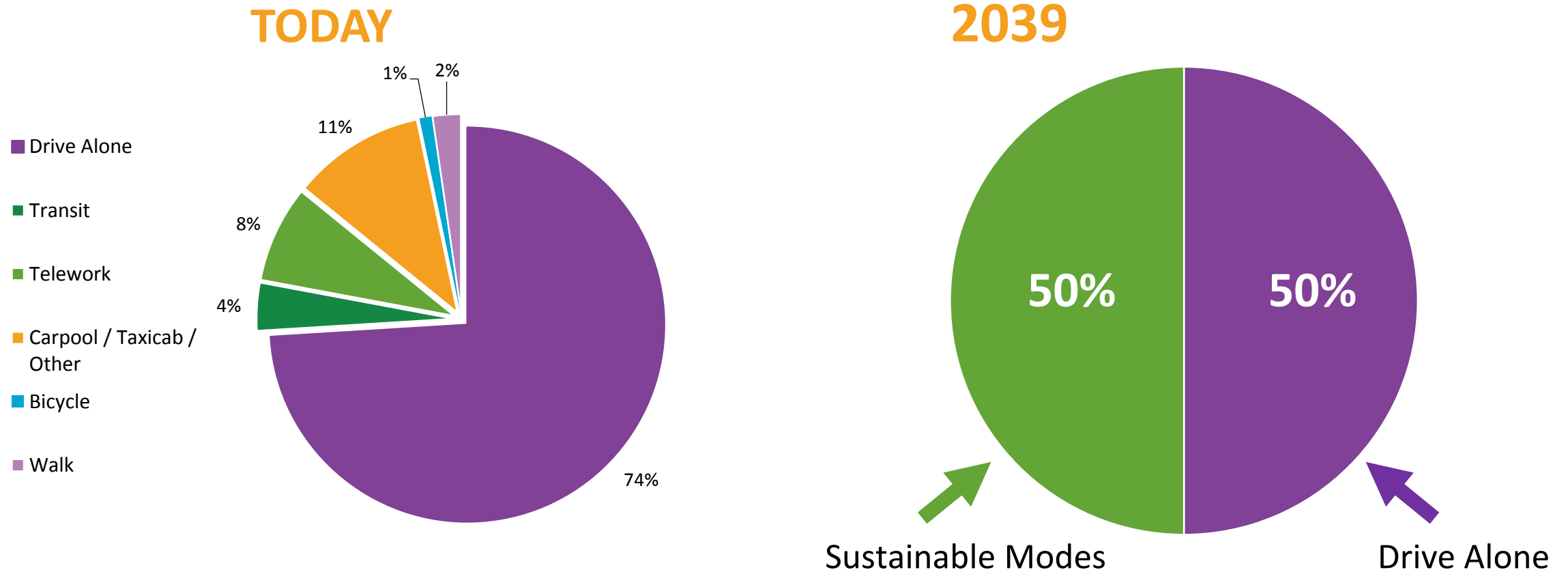
**Hosted focus
groups and 23
office hours
throughout
Austin**

Item D-01 Type	Engagement *with Project Connect	12 of 32			
		Phase 1: Goals	Phase 2: Scenarios	Phase 3: Policies + Projects	Phase 4: Adoption
Targeted Engagement with a focus on historically underrepresented/ underserved communities	Paper survey (in person, delivery, and mail-in)	●	●	●	
	Organizational outreach	●	●	●	●
	Employer-based events	●	●		
	Employer-based electronic outreach	●	●	●	●
	Paid, targeted social media	●	●	●	●
	Focus groups		●	●	
	Community events and presentations*	●	●	●	●
	Quality of Life Commissions		●	●	
	Office Hours (in libraries)			●	
Traditional public engagement	Multimodal Community Advisory Committee*	●	●	●	●
	“Traffic Jam!” Events*	●	●		
	Online survey	●	●	●	
	Organizational newsletters	●	●	●	●
	Public Hearings				●
	Unpaid, general social media	●	●	●	●
	Materials/ads in libraries and recreation centers	●	●		
	E-Blast (ASMP Newsletter to all contacts)	●	●	●	●

Motivation for the Plan

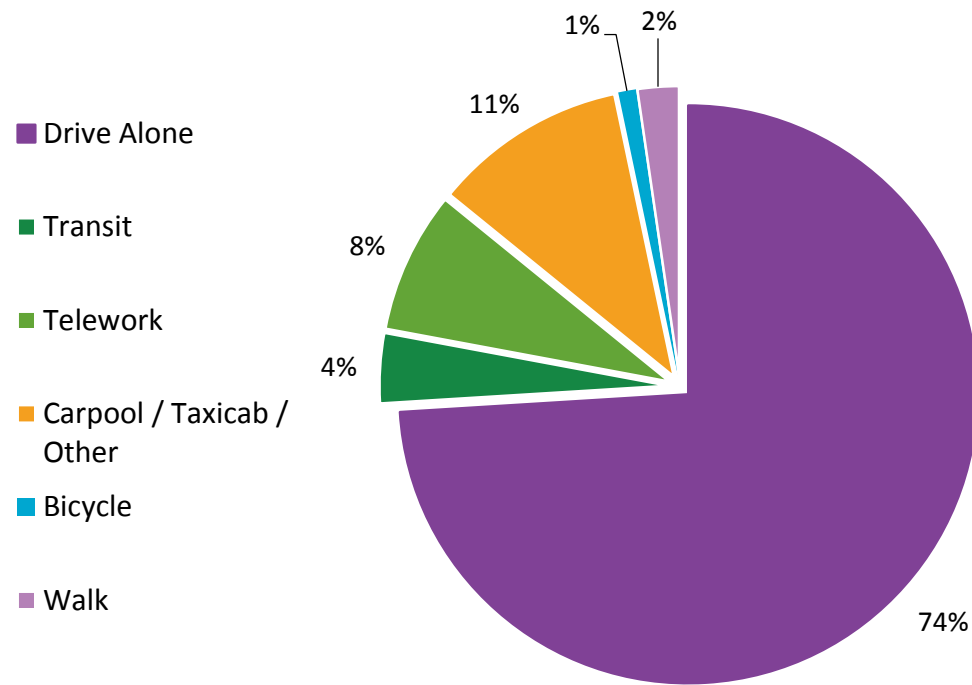
Motivation for the Plan

74% drive alone today vs. 50% in 2039

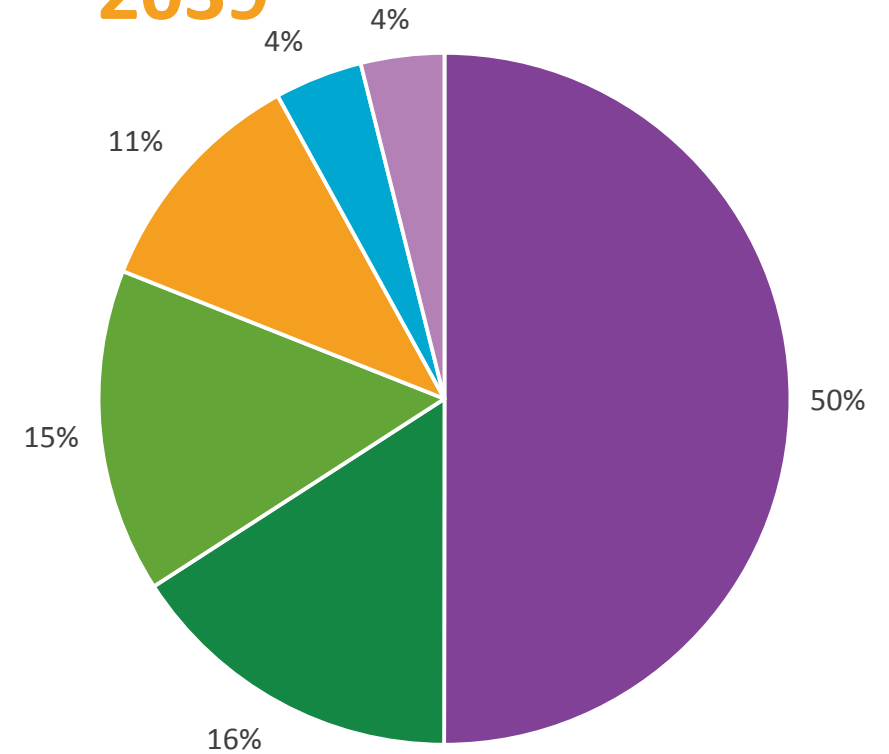


Mode Share Targets

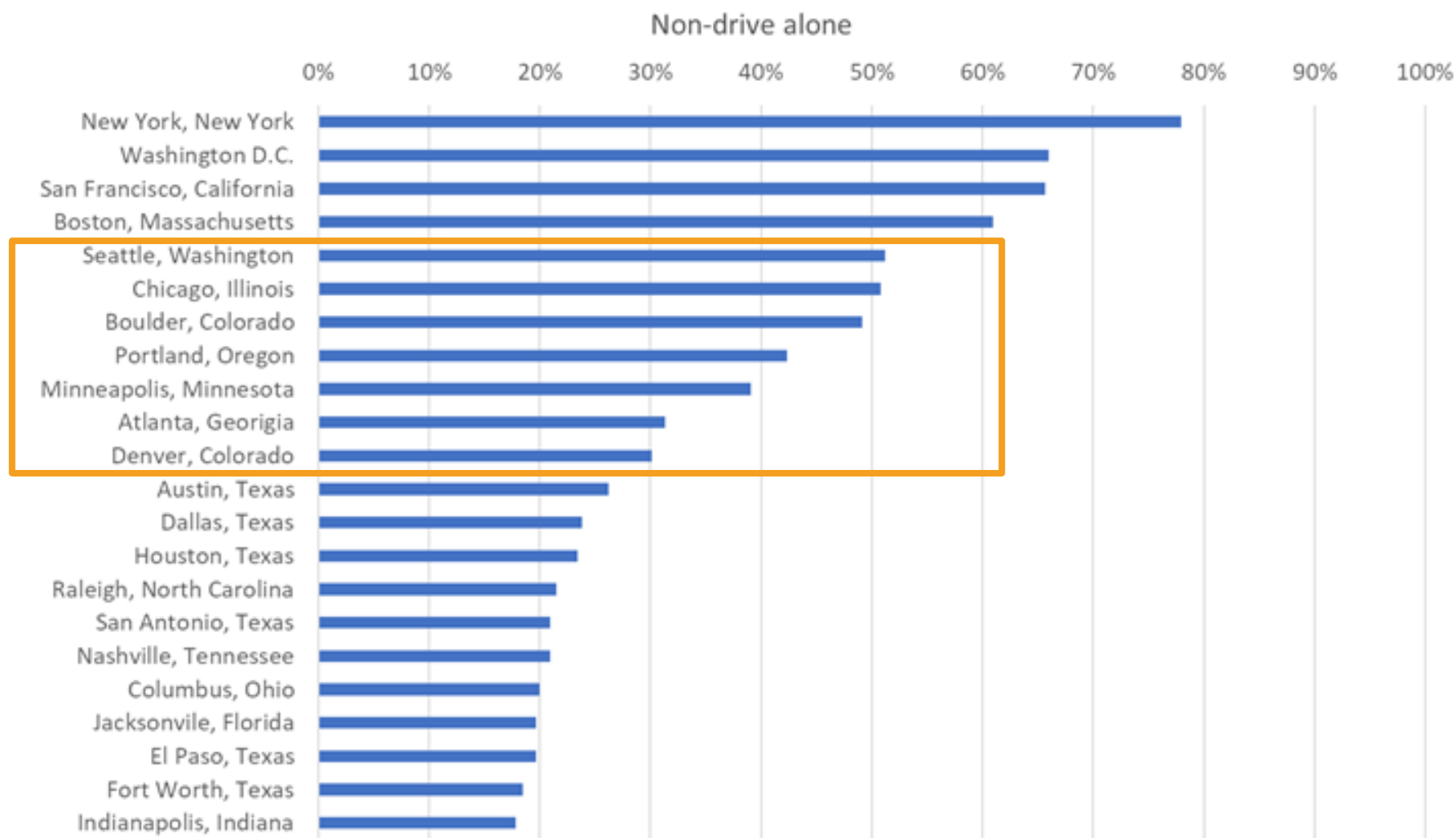
TODAY



2039



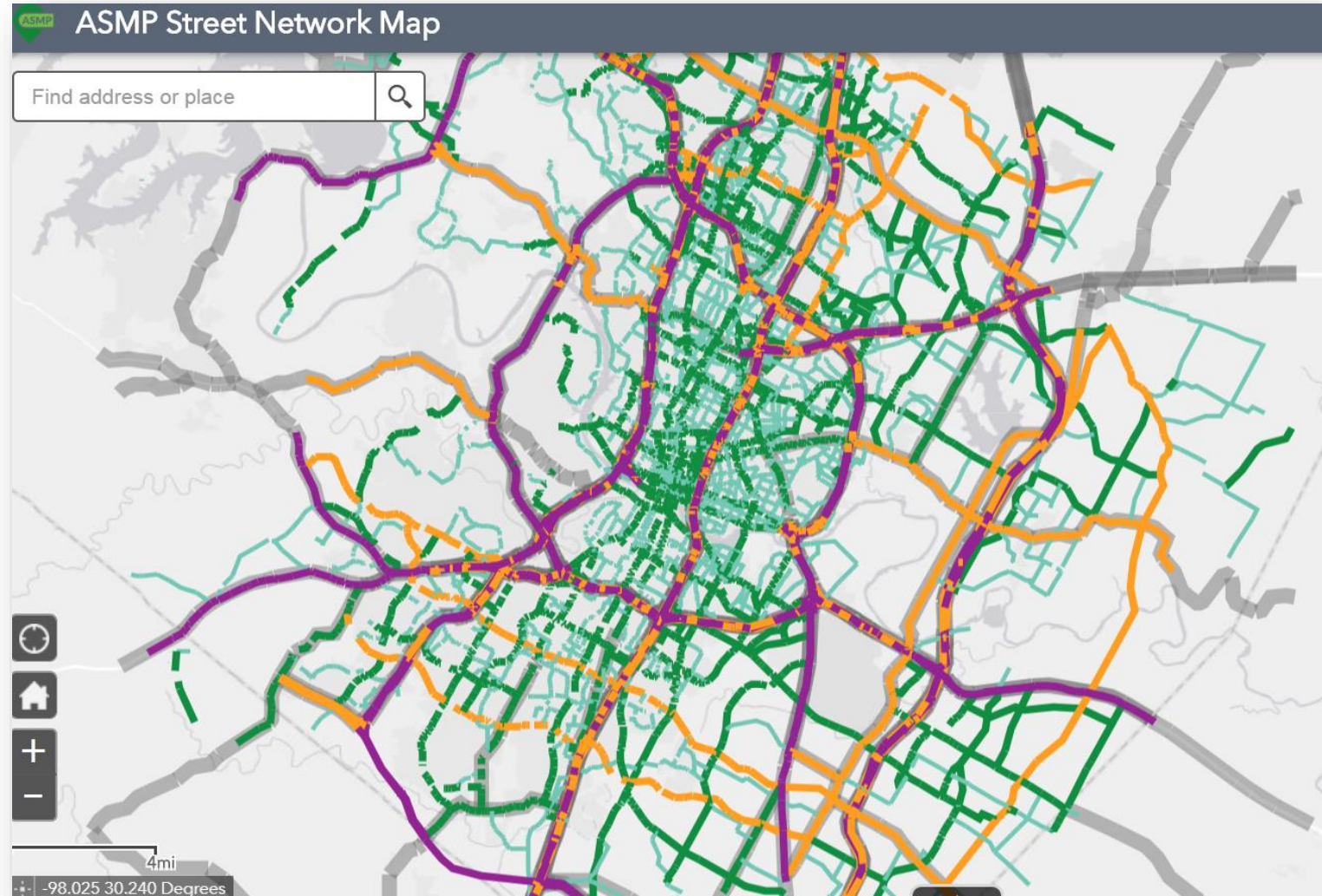
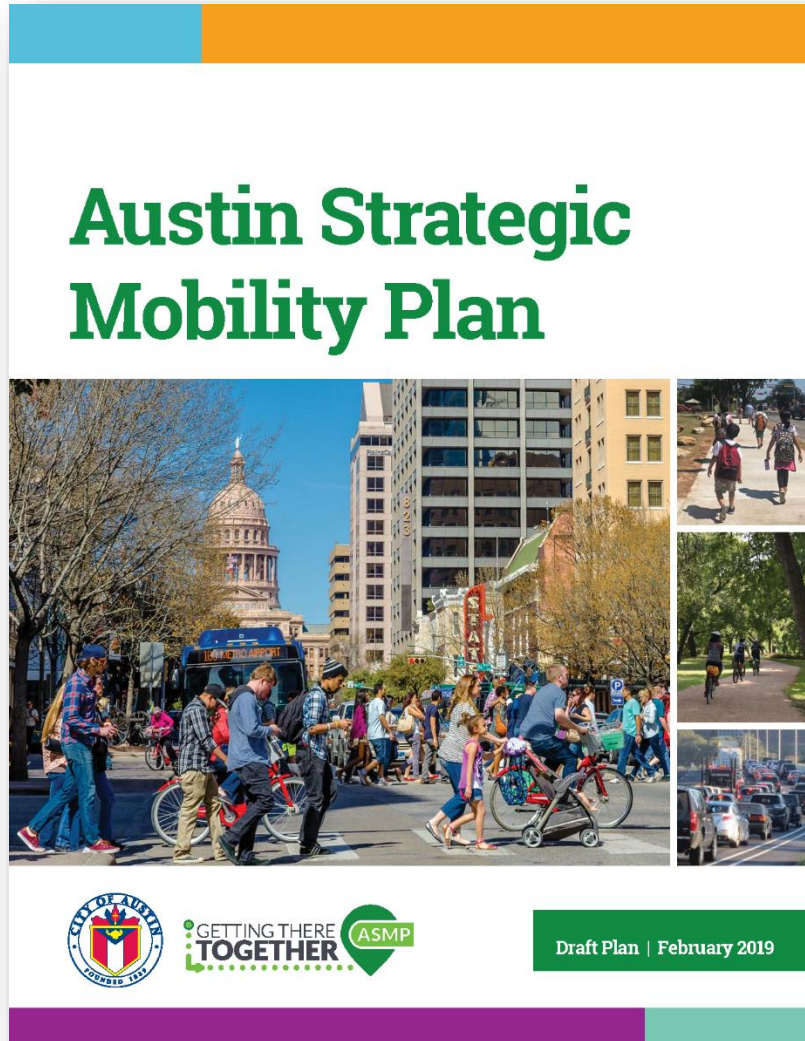
What would it look and feel like?



Data via U.S. Census; based on commutes for square mile area of entire city

ASMP Final Draft Plan

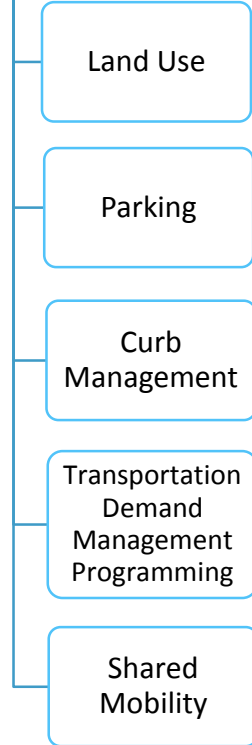
Policy Document, Street Network Table + Map



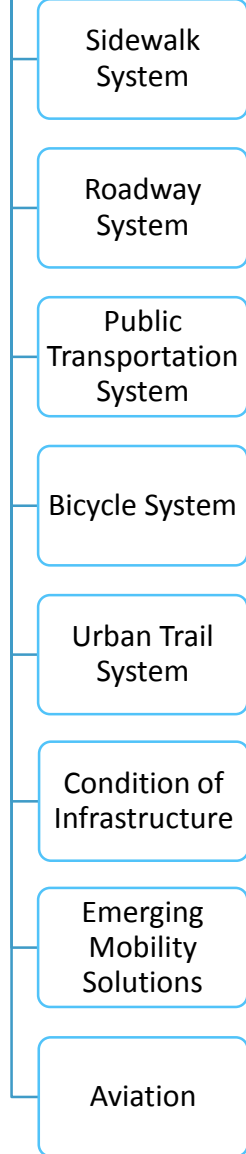
Prioritizing Our Safety



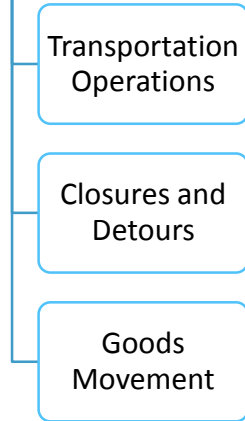
Managing Our Demand



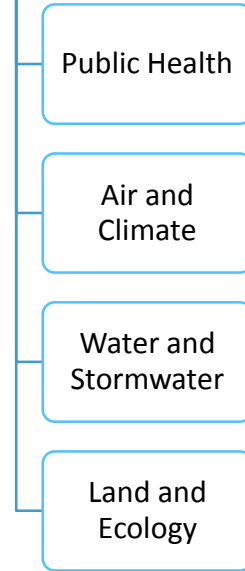
Supplying Our Transportation Infrastructure



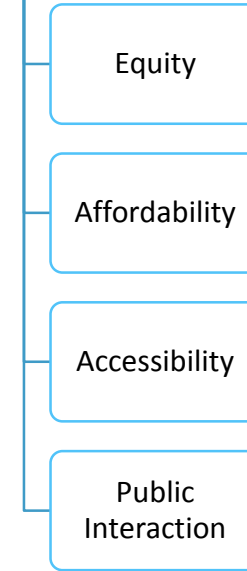
Operating Our Transportation Network



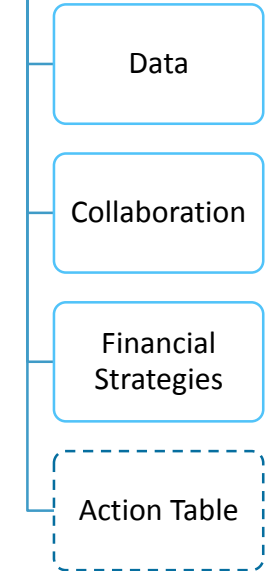
Protecting Our Health and Environment



Supporting Our Community



Implementing Our Plan



Chapters & Subchapters

How do we get to 50/50?

126 Policies



100s of multimodal
projects to achieve
ASMP goals



Elements of the Plan

Indicators + Targets: More specific measures of our goals which help us know how well we are achieving them. Some indicators have identified targets necessary to make ambitious yet reasonable progress toward a goal within a specified timeline.

Policies: A definite course or method of action to guide and determine present and future decisions

Actions: Steps necessary to support policies, programs, and projects

Elements of the Plan

Priority Networks: Designated for the roadway, public transportation, and bicycle systems to show where modes are prioritized to improve operations

Transportation Network Maps: Identify possible projects the City may pursue in the next 20 years based on a variety of factors, including the evolving needs of the transportation network, engineering analysis, public input, and available funding

Street Network Table: Inventory of our streets and their future conditions, which will be used to identify right of way dedication requirements

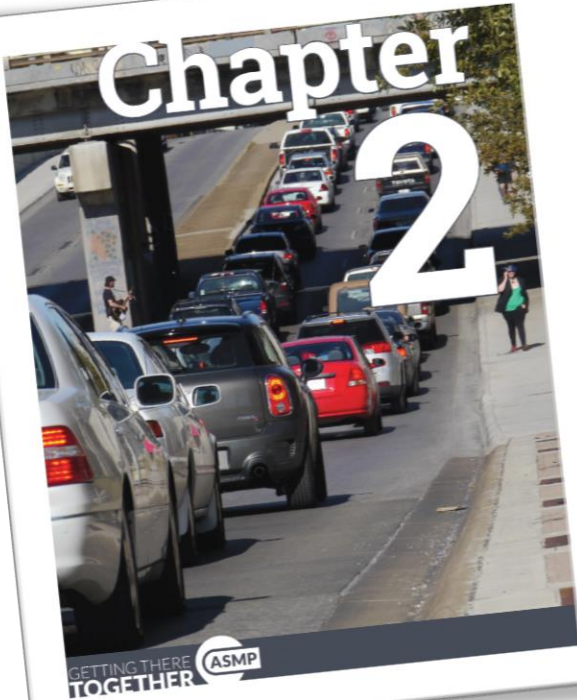
Top Strategies

- **Reduce traffic fatalities, serious injuries** by focusing on safety culture, behaviors
- **Move more people** by investing in public transportation
- **Manage congestion** by managing demand
- **Build active transportation access for all ages and abilities** on sidewalk, bicycle, and urban trail systems
- **Strategically add roadway capacity** to improve travel efficiency

Top Strategies

- **Connect people to services and opportunities** for better health
- **Address affordability** by linking housing and transportation investments
- **Right-size and manage parking supply** to manage demand
- **Develop shared mobility options** with data and emerging technology
- **Build and expand community relationships** with plan implementation

Chapter 2: Managing Our Demand



Managing Our Demand

Demand on our transportation network is the use of our transportation systems. When we wish to drive our car to work or walk to the park we are signaling a desire to use that road or sidewalk; we are creating a demand for the transportation network. Rush hour, when most people are using the transportation network, is a period of high demand. When demand on our transportation network exceeds the capacity our network can supply we experience congestion.

Transportation demand is driven by several different things, and it often shifts and flows throughout each day and throughout the year. When we need to go to work affects when we wish to travel on our transportation network. Land use also has a large influence on our demand, where and how we build, our homes, workplaces, and stores dictate how we access those places. It is difficult to walk to the park if the only road available is a highway. Where we put our vehicles, whether or not we use our cars by ourselves or with people, and if we own a car at all, all affect how we move around and the demand for our transportation network.

Our transportation network is a finite resource; there is a limited amount of space in which to build or expand our network. However, the demand on our transportation network continues to grow. Historically, our urban landscape served the growing demand by focusing on supply. We would expand our transportation network's capacity through the construction of high-volume roadways. This added capacity has encouraged and incentivized car trips, most of which are drive-alone trips. However, more and larger roadways have increased the demand for our transportation network. It is not unlike Austin; new and expanded roadways have been shown to create more demand for our roads. To help alleviate the burden on what the transportation network can supply, we must focus on how we can manage our demand.

This chapter examines how to maximize the effectiveness of our transportation network. Land use planning helps us use our different transportation systems more effectively. Parking supply can influence the number of vehicle trips taken on our transportation network. We manage our curb space by determining how and when it should be used best. We also manage our demand through programming that specifically targets reducing drive-alone trips. Shared, smart mobility options make it possible for emerging technologies to reduce driving alone. Managing the demand on our transportation network is critical to most efficiently use our limited supply.

City of Austin

Policy Summary

Land Use

Policy 1 Promote transit-supportive densities along the Transit Priority Network

Policy 2 Encourage employers to locate near public transportation

Policy 3 Create places that encourage travel choice and are connected

Policy 4 Minimize the impact of development on the roadway system by prioritizing multimodal solutions

Policy 5 Make streets great places

Parking

Policy 1 Efficiently use existing parking supply

Policy 2 Right-size future parking supply to encourage sustainable trip options

Policy 3 Coordinate on-street parking with curb management strategies for flexibility and adaptability with future parking and mobility technology

Curb Management

Policy 1 Use context to determine mobility and non-mobility curb uses

Policy 2 Manage curb space dynamically

Policy 3 Streamline objects at the curb to improve safety and mobility

Transportation Demand Management Programming

Policy 1 Implement community-wide strategies to increase use of all transportation options and manage congestion

Policy 2 Lead by example in offering, promoting, and implementing mobility options for City of Austin employees

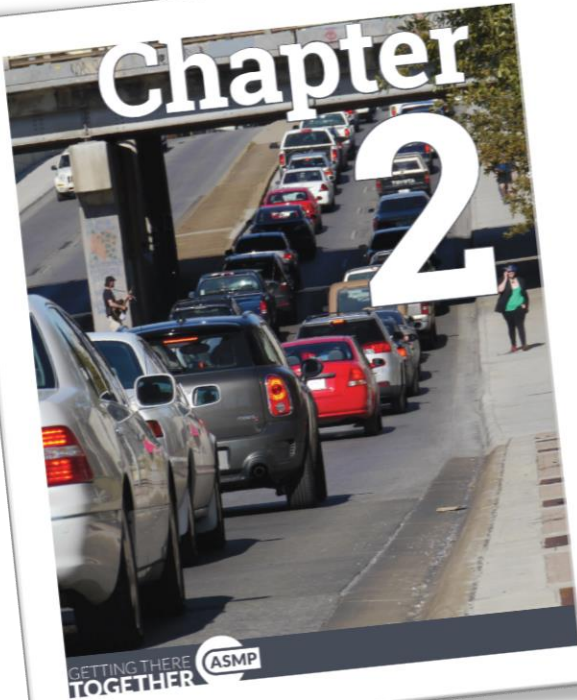
Shared Mobility

Policy 1 Emphasize and incentivize shared mobility solutions

Policy 2 Promote seamless transfers between transportation modes and systems

Policy 3 Support the creation of Mobility Hubs

Indicators and Targets - *Examples*



Managing Our Demand

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City of Austin



Increase the number of people living and working within a 1/2 mile of the Transit Priority Network



Reduce the number of drive-alone trips generated and vehicle miles traveled by new developments (by shifting trips to other modes and not by decreasing intensity)

Achieve an average 50% drive-alone trip reduction at a minimum by developments undergoing transportation analyses



Decrease the amount of parking spaces per capita



Increase the percentage of developments that reduce parking



Reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita



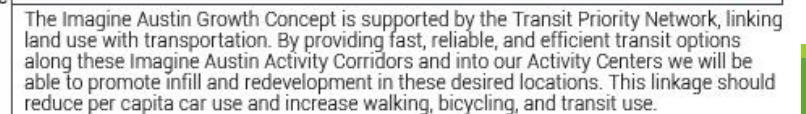
Increase the number of bicycle and shared active mobility parking spaces



City of Austin

Legend

-  Transit Priority Network
-  Activity Corridors
-  Future Open Space
-  Regional Center
-  Town Center
-  Neighborhood Center
-  Activity Centers for Redevelopment in Sensitive Environmental Areas
-  Job Center
-  Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone
-  Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone
-  County Boundaries
-  Lakes
-  City of Austin Parks
-  Austin City Limits
-  ETJ



How the elements work together – *Land Use Example*

Policy: Promote transit-supportive densities along the Transit Priority Network

Example Programs/Projects: Small area planning, corridor planning, density bonus programs, Chapter 380 incentive program

Indicator: Increase the number of people living and working within a ½ mile of the Transit Priority Network

Action Item Example(s):

- **21** - Update the land development code to:
 - require a more compact and connected street network
 - allow for and incentivize transit-supportive densities and require a mixture of land uses along the Transit Priority Network
 - allow for missing middle housing types, including mixed-use infill development types.
- **22** - Conduct corridor-based land use planning in parallel with corridor mobility planning and implementation to calibrate zoning and land development code requirements with needs, constraints, and opportunities to create cohesive multimodal corridors, quality built environment, and transit-supportive and context-sensitive density.

Path to Completion

- Boards & Commissions:
 - Zoning and Platting Commission (March 5 & **March 19**)
 - Environmental Commission (March 6)
 - Planning Commission (March 12 & March 26)
 - Urban Transportation Commission (March 18)
 - & Others
- City Council
 - March 7 – Set Public Hearing for March 28
 - March 28 – City Council Public Hearing, Ordinance Readings

For more information,
visit our website:

- Draft ASMP Policy Document
 - Policies
 - Indicators + Targets
 - Actions
 - System Maps
- Street Network Table + Map
- Future meeting details
- Previous engagement results

austintexas.gov/ASMP

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Resident Business Development Government Environment

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Get Involved with the ASMP
ASMP Timeline
Multimodal Community Advisory Committee

Transportation

GETTING THERE TOGETHER ASMP

AUSTIN STRATEGIC MOBILITY PLAN

The Austin Strategic Mobility Plan (ASMP) is Austin's new city-wide transportation plan. We are developing this plan to make it easier to get around Austin for years to come. Learn more about the ASMP.

El Plan Estratégico de Movilidad de Austin (ASMP, por sus siglas en inglés) es el nuevo plan de transporte para toda la ciudad de Austin. Lea más en nuestro sitio web español ASMP.

See the Final Draft of the ASMP!

The final draft of the ASMP is now available for review. The final draft ASMP policy document describes the ASMP's goals and action items. It also includes final draft maps of how the plan will impact our transportation network.

Final Draft ASMP Policy Document

The final draft policy document will guide how we make decisions that impact Austin's

TOP CONTENT

- ★ Right of Way (ROW) Permits
- ★ Right of Way Management Approval Network (ROWMAN)
- ★ Parking Enterprise
- ★ On Street Parking
- ★ Local Area Traffic Management

Click here to sign up & receive ASMP updates

 **Subscribe to receive updates**

However you get around Austin...
...we want to hear from you!

Get involved with the ASMP!

What is the ASMP and why do we need it?

Thank you

[AUSTINTEXAS.GOV/ASMP](https://austintexas.gov/asmp)