

City of Austin Environmental Commission Air Quality Update

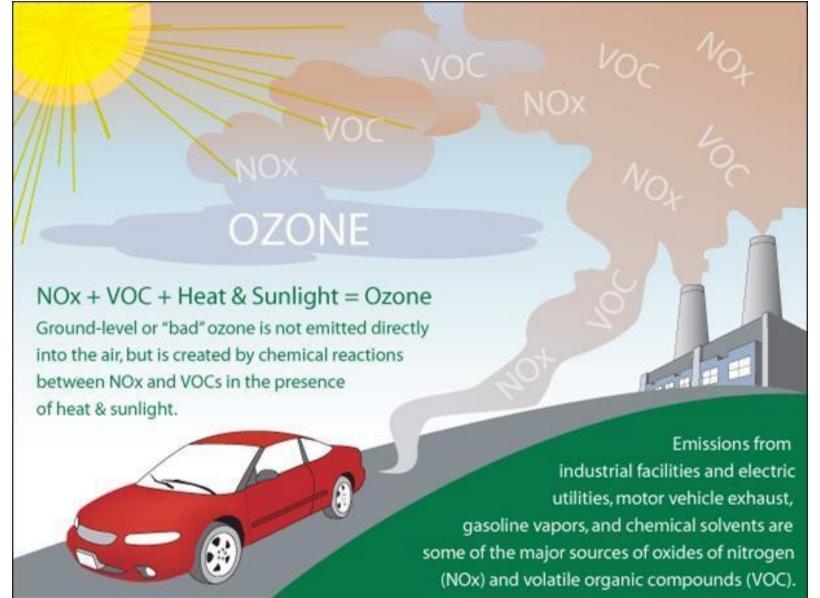
June 5, 2019
Phoebe Romero – Office of Sustainability
Andrew Hoekzema – Capital Area Council of Governments







What is Ground Level Ozone?



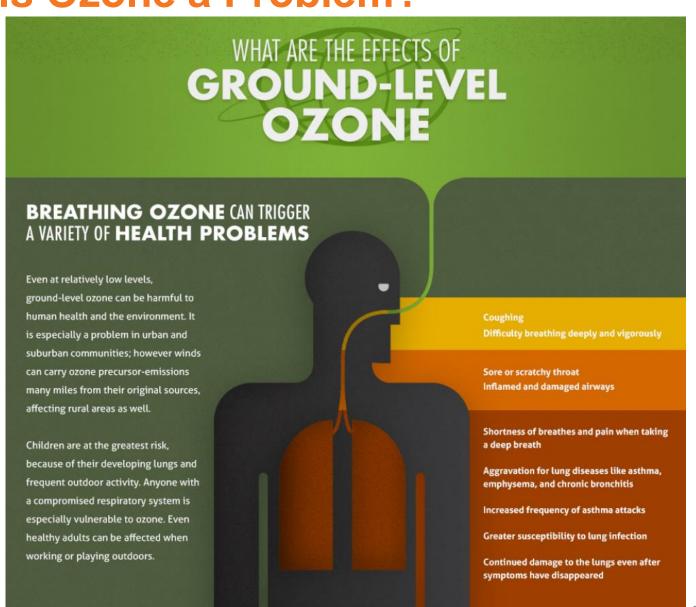
Why is Ozone a Problem?





Source: www.nps.gov/subjects/air/nature-ozone.htm





What is the City of Austin Doing to Maintain Good Air Quality?

- Joined the new 2019-2023 Regional Air Quality Plan effective December 21, 2018
- The City of Austin made over 30 commitments to emission reduction measures in the regional plan
- Approved by Council Resolution on November 29, 2018





What Can the City's Residents Do to Help Maintain Good Air Quality?

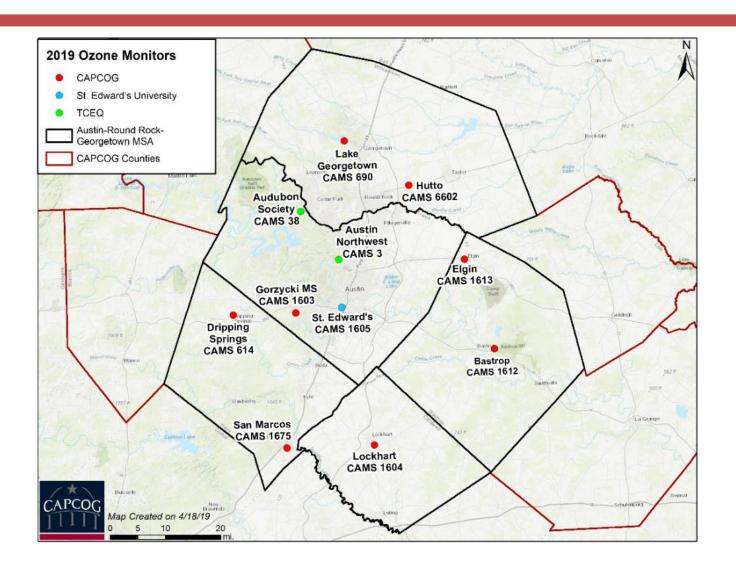


- Drive Less
 - Take Transit
 - Telecommute/Teleconference
- Drive Clean
 - Maintain Your Vehicle
 - Refuel after 6 p.m.
- Conserve
 - Use an Electric or Manual Lawn Mower
 - Plant More Trees



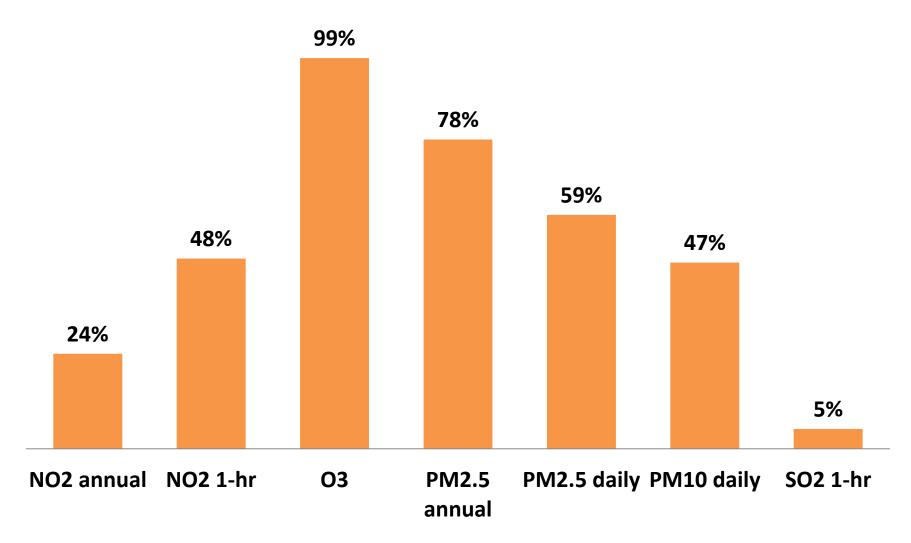
2019 Monitors





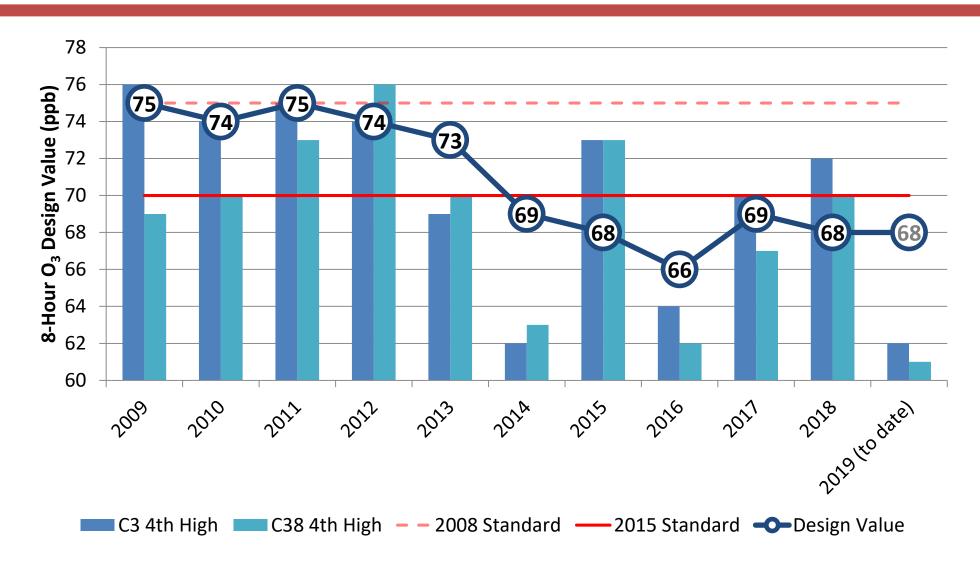
2017 Metro Air Quality Compared to NAAQS





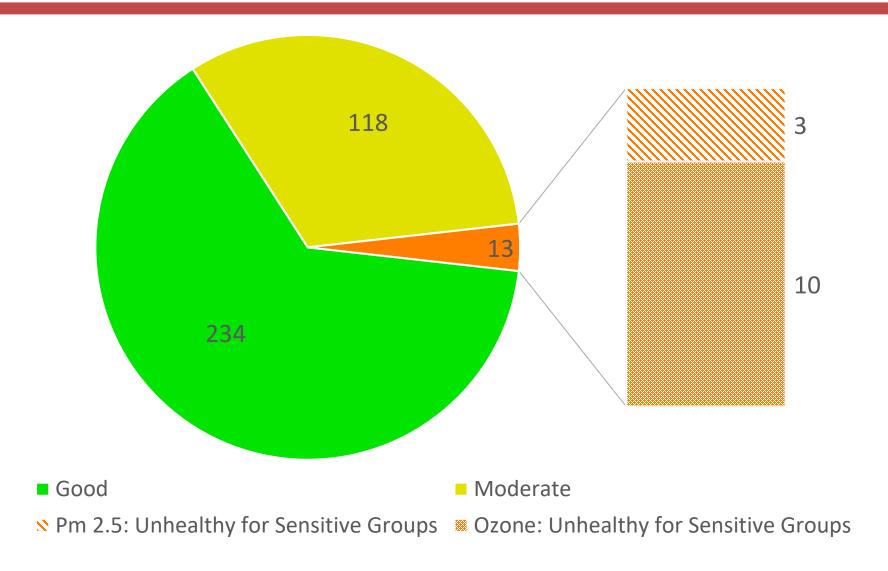
Ozone Season Design Value Trend





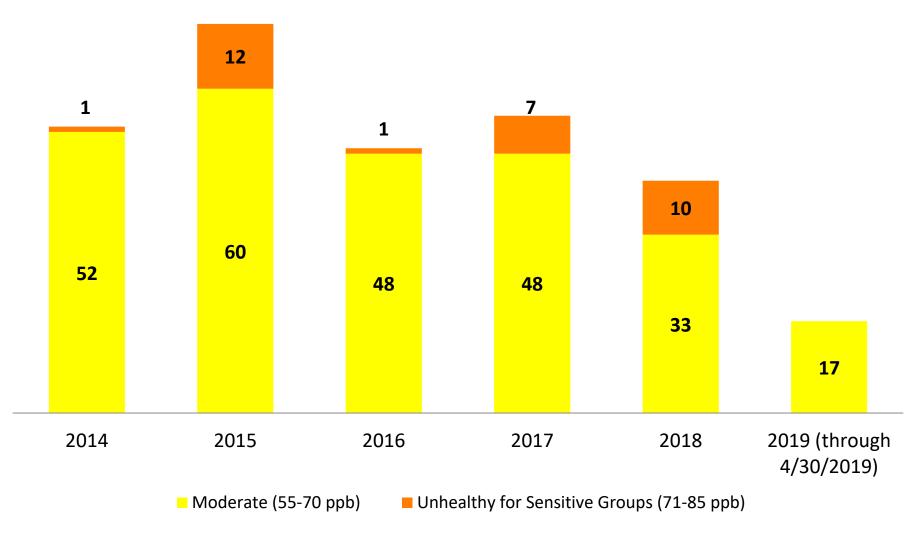
Air Quality Index (AQI) Days, 2018





MSA Moderate or Worse Ozone Days Compared to Prior Years





Regional Air Quality Program Funding Updates



- Local Funding for Air Quality Program:
 - CAPCOG is planning for \$380,000 \$430,000 for FY 2020
- State Funding for Air Quality Program
 - TCEQ's budget adopted by legislature for 2020-2021 reinstates "near-nonattainment" planning funding vetoed by Governor Abbott for 2018-2019 biennium
 - Funding would be restricted to only monitoring and emissions inventory work, with each "area" getting a minimum of about \$280K for the biennium
 - Gov. has until June 16 to sign or veto legislation
 - Unclear how TCEQ will interpret certain provisions if it remains in budget
- Federal Funding for Commute Solutions Program
 - CAMPO Policy Board will decide on 2020-2022 funding on June 10

Legislative Updates



- Texas Emission Reduction Plan (TERP)
 - Provides grants to replace older vehicles and build alternative fueling infrastructure
 - HB 3745: extended all TERP revenues (>\$550M per biennium) and establishes a new TERP "fund" starting in 2021 to enable full use of revenue
 - HB 1346: loosens eligibility requirements to allow for more potential grant recipients to apply based on % of use in nonattainment and near-nonattainment areas (reduces to 50% from 75%)
- Drive a Clean Machine (DACM)/Low-Income Vehicle Repair and Replacement Assistance Program (LIRAP)/Local Initiatives Projects (LIP)
 - DACM/LIRAP provided funding assistance to moderate- and low-income individuals to repair or replace older personal vehicles (10+ years old) and newer vehicles that fail an emissions test in Travis and Williamson Counties
 - The LIP program provided counties that had inspection and maintenance programs with funding to conduct various emission reduction activities such as targeted "sticker" enforcement
 - The House version of the budget reinstated LIRAP and LIP funding vetoed by the Governor in 2017, but it did not make it into the final version
 - SB 1070 (Watson) and HB 2253 (Israel) were intended to provide a way to reinstate DACM by reforming the LIP program and making DACM one of multiple options available under LIP – SB 1070 made it out of Committee but didn't make it beyond that and HB 2253 never came up for a hearing

Thank You



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