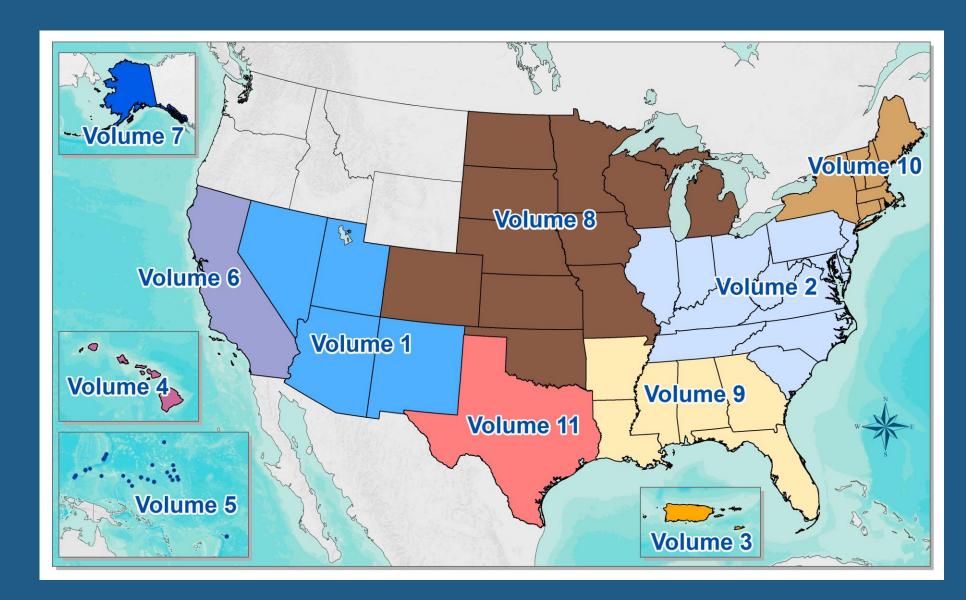


Watershed Protection Department Joint Sustainability Committee | June 26, 2019



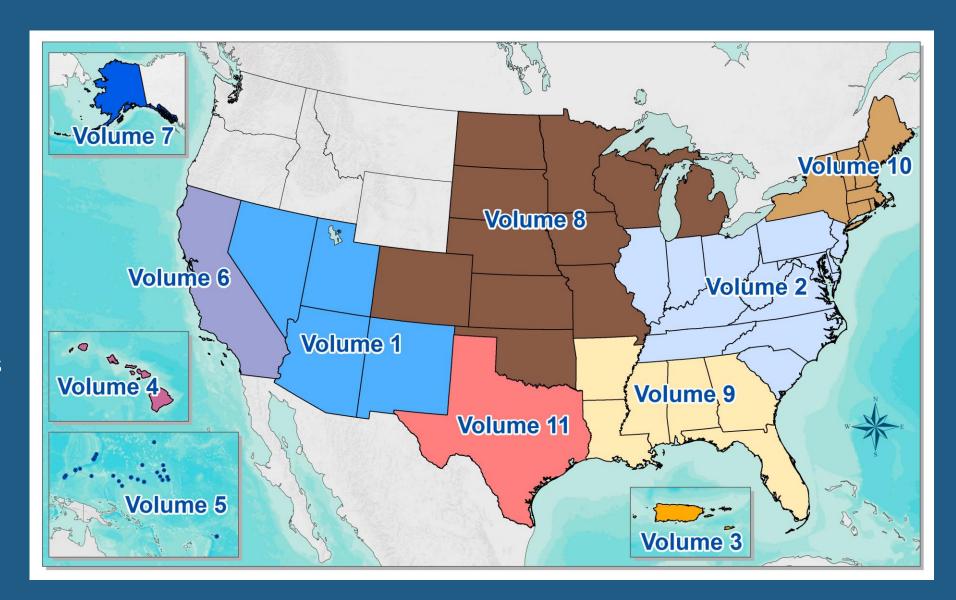
Atlas 14 **Background**

- Nationwide study of historic rainfall frequency estimates (How much rain to expect)
- Temporal distribution of rainfall (What pattern rain falls)
- Examines the effects of climate change as trends (Does the data indicate that future rainfall will be different)



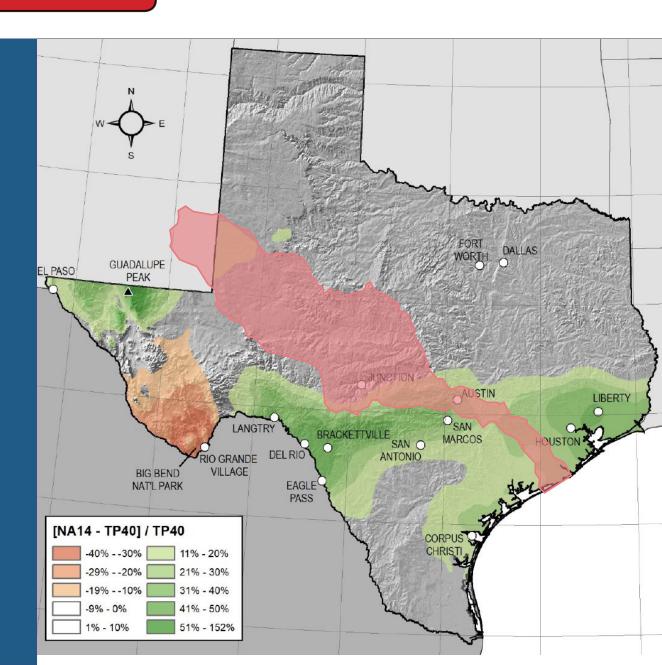
Partners

- Federal National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Federal Highway Administration
- State/Local TxDOT, Harris **County Flood Control** District, City of Austin, et al.



Atlas 14 Rainfall Changes

- Adds data from 1961 2017
- Colorado River watershed not significantly impacted



Atlas 14 Rainfall Changes

- Rainfall data suggests revising the rainfall pattern used for floodplain studies and drainage infrastructure design
 - Benchmark testing indicates varied impacts to peak flow and detention volume
- "Because [statistical] tests...indicated no statistically significant trends in the data, the assumption of stationary [rainfall] was accepted for this project area and no adjustment to...the data was recommended."
- "[NOAA] developed a modeling framework that allows non-stationary climate effects to be integrated into the NOAA Atlas 14 process and [NOAA is] testing the feasibility of incorporating future climate projections into precipitation frequency analysis.

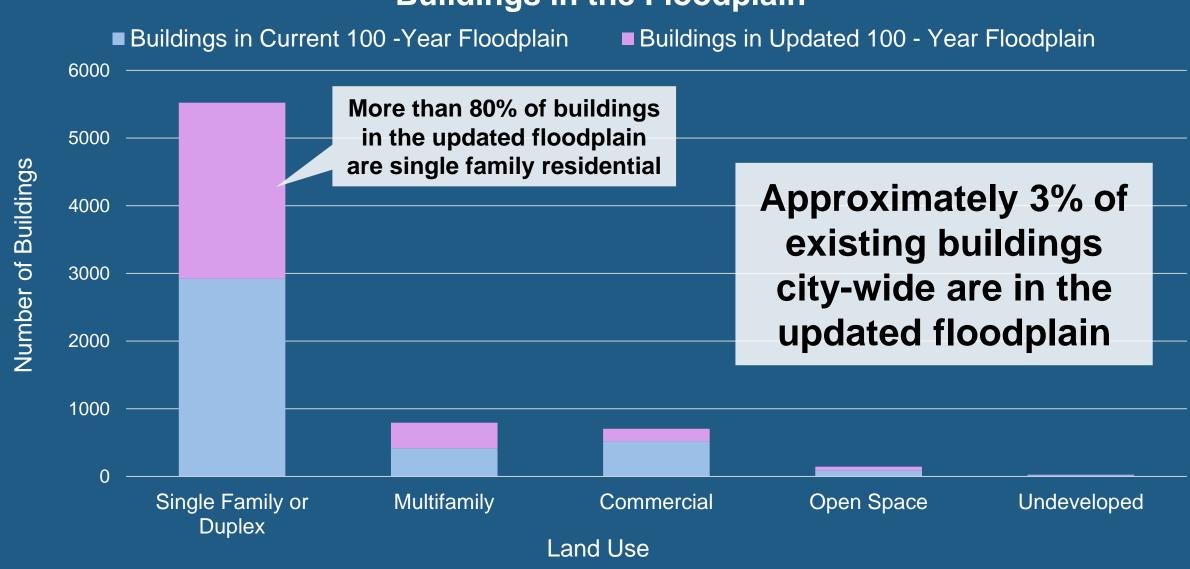
5

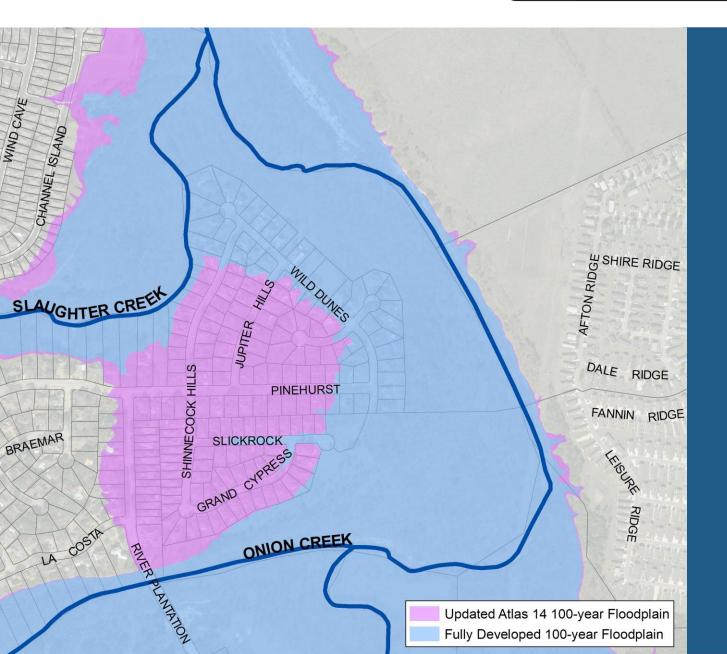
Key impacts of Atlas 14 updated rainfall data

Measure	Current	Updated	Percent Increase
100-year rainfall (24-hour)	10.2 inches	Up to 13+ inches	30%
Buildings in 100- year floodplain	4,000	7,200*	80%

^{*}Excludes Colorado River floodplain and associated lakes



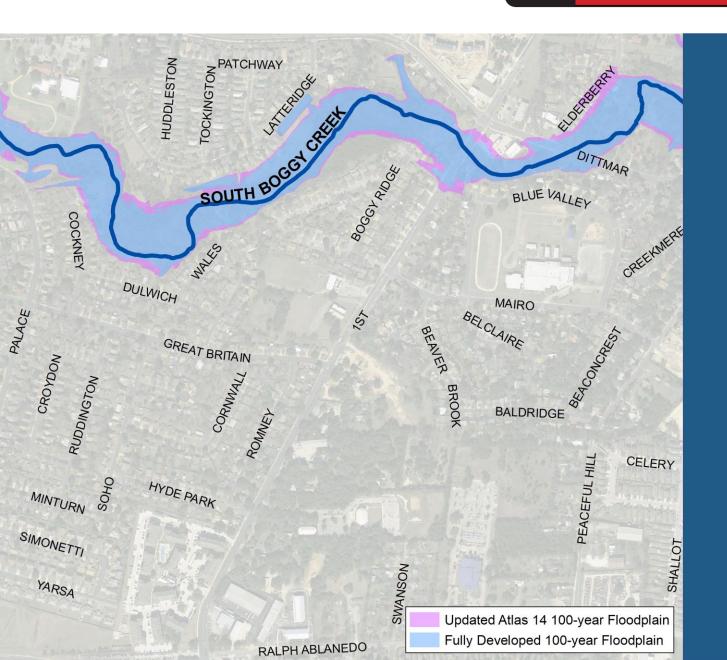




Austin's

Floodplains Will Expand

- More homes and businesses are at risk of flooding than previously thought.
- Affects ability to develop, remodel, or redevelop property.
- Affects the need for and the cost of flood insurance.
- Floodplains will need to be restudied.
- See impacts at ATXfloodpro.com



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FloodPro Explore Atlas 14 Changes I want to... Atlas 14 Changes The National Weather Service is completing a historical rainfall study, called Atlas 14. This study shows that Central Texas is more likely to experience larger storms than previously thought. This means that severe flooding is also more likely. To discover if your property has an increased flood risk, please enter an address in the address search below. Interim Atlas 14 100-Year Floodplain Current 100-Year Floodplain Atlas 14 website -Address Search Enter a street address starting with a House Number (Example: 505 Barton Springs Rd). Street Address: * 800 W 6TH ST Search Cancel StreetMap

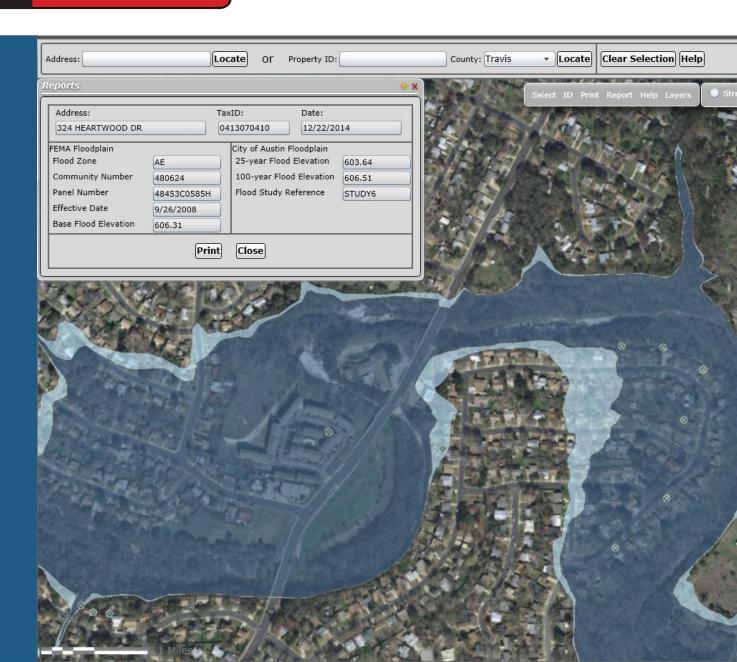
Using FloodPro

- Go to ATXfloodpro.com
- Click "I want to..."
- Click "Explore Atlas 14 Changes"
- Enter an address to search

Flood Prevention Strategies

How do we ensure that *new* development minimizes its flood risk and the risk to others?

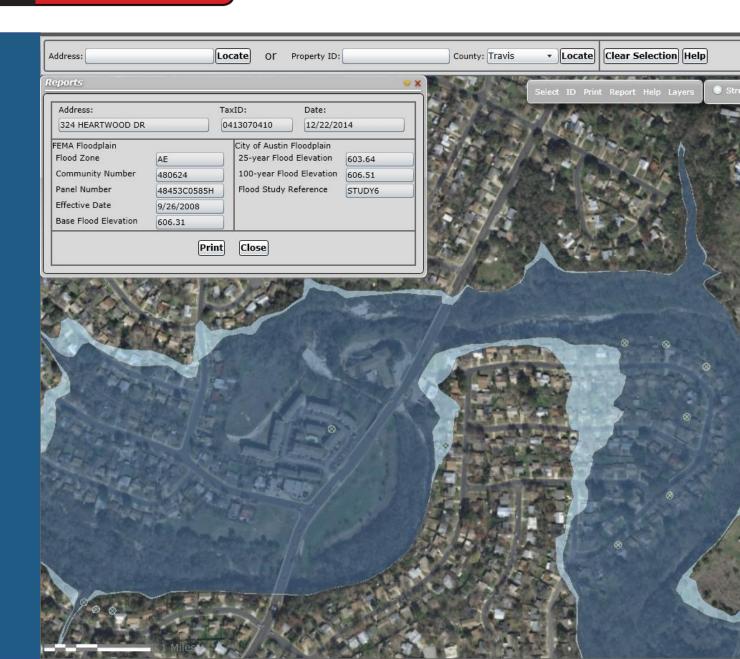
- Floodplain regulations
- Drainage regulations and criteria



Austin's

Floodplain Regulations

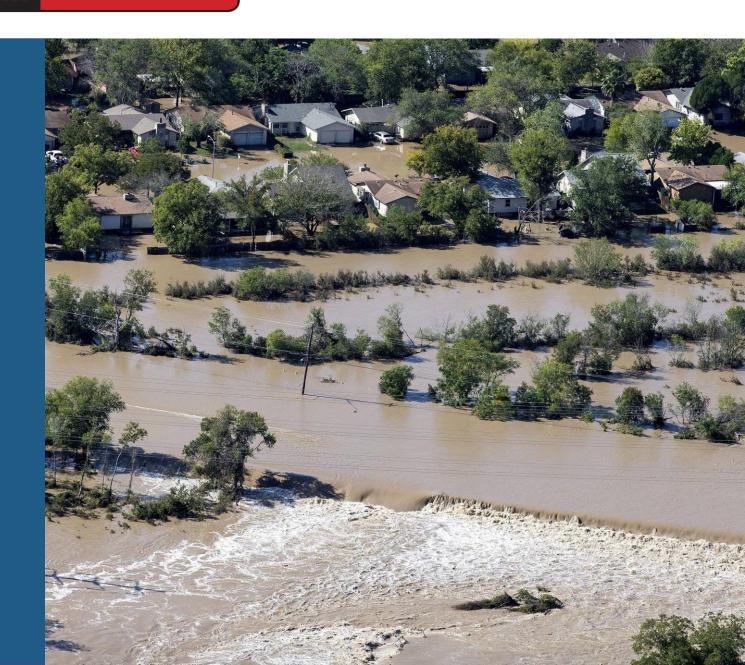
- No adverse impact
- Freeboard
- Safe access

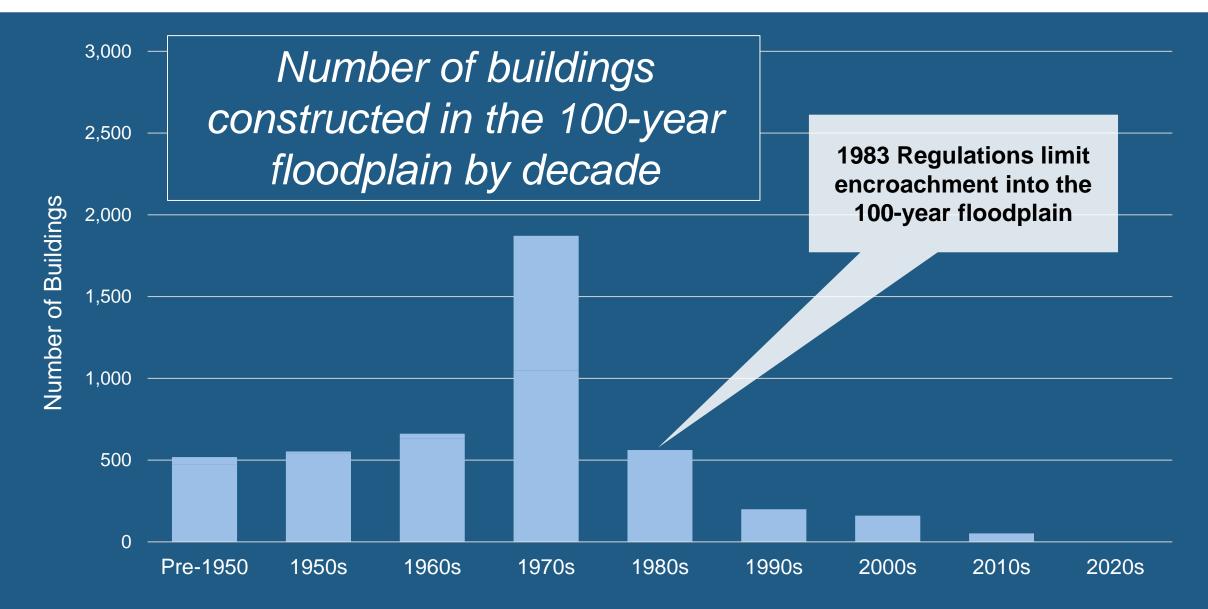


City of Austin

Floodplain Regulation History

- 1975 Entered FEMA emergency program; first floodplain maps and regulations
- 1983 Entered full National Flood Insurance Program; updated maps and floodplain regulations
- 2003 Amended regulations to include administrative variance process





Recommended Response

Step 1

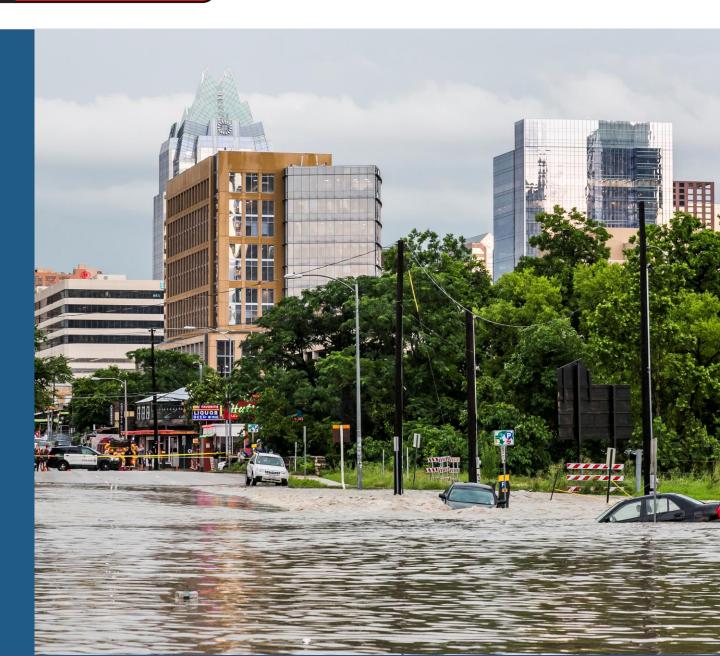
Land Development Code amendments

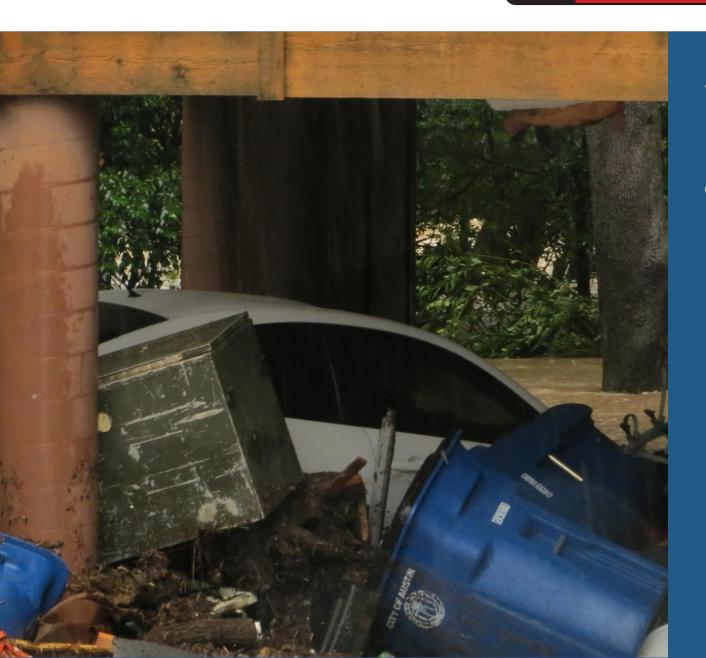
Step 2

Drainage Criteria Manual revisions

Step 3

Floodplain Study and Mapping Updates





Step 1 Land Development Code amendments

- Revise floodplain definitions
- Create a redevelopment exception
- **Expand the Colorado River** exception
- Increase the freeboard requirement

Revise floodplain definitions

- Interim definitions until floodplains are re-mapped in 2 - 3 years
- No change to Colorado River floodplain

Storm Level	Current Rainfall Depth (24 hour storm)	Updated Rainfall Depth (24 hour storm)
25-year (4% chance)	7.6 inches	Up to 9 inches
100-year (1% chance)	10.2 inches	Up to 13+ inches
500-year (0.2% chance)	13.5 inches	Up to 19.5 inches

Revise floodplain definitions

- No change to Colorado River floodplain
- Interim definitions until floodplains are re-mapped in 2 - 3 years

Purpose

- Limit construction of new buildings in areas with known flood risk during remapping process
- Limit creating existing, nonconforming structures

Flood Risk Reduction Challenge

7,200 buildings

53* buildings

135+ years

in the 100-year floodplain

with flood risk reduced each year

to reduce current risk

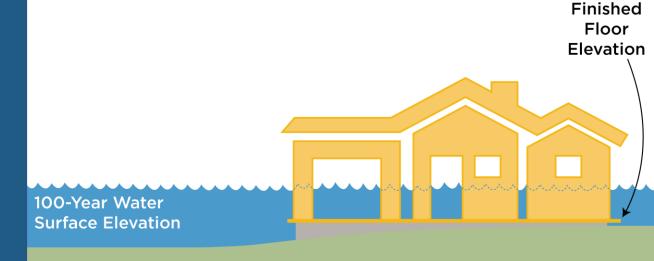
How can we increase the pace of flood risk reduction?

Create a redevelopment exception

Administrative approval process for a residential building in the floodplain if:

- 1. Replaces an existing residential building
- 2. Finished floor elevation is at least 2 feet above the 100-year floodplain
- 3. Does not increase number of dwelling units
- 4. No adverse flooding impact

If these 4 conditions are met, the safe access requirement is waived



Existing condition

Create a redevelopment exception

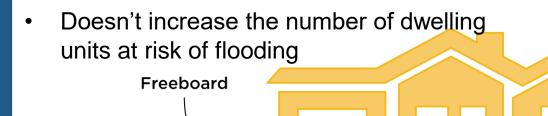
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If these 4 conditions are met, the safe access requirement is waived

Purpose

- Incentivizes development that decreases flood risk
- 80% of buildings in the 100-year floodplain are residential



100-Year Water **Surface Elevation**

Re-developed condition

Finished

Floor Elevation

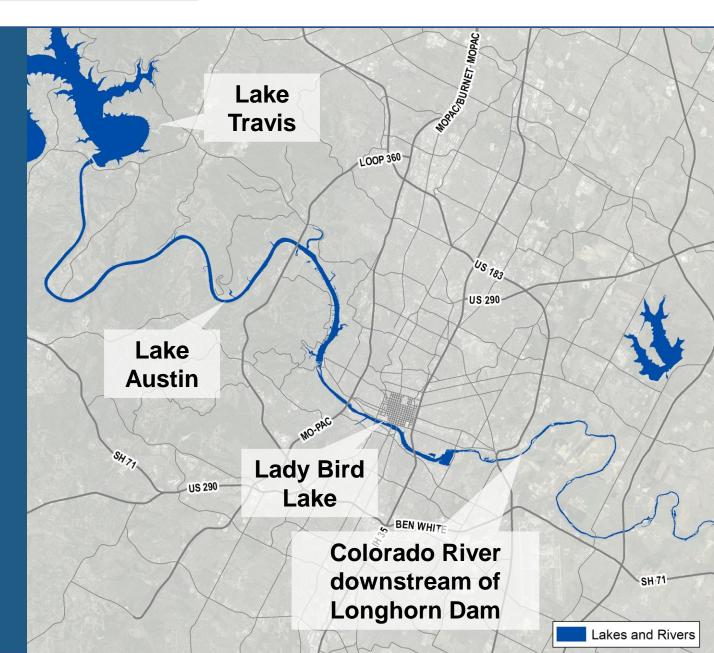
Expand the Colorado River exception

The existing exception allows for a building to encroach on the 100-year floodplain without safe access if it is:

- Downstream of Longhorn Dam
- Along Lady Bird Lake

WPD recommends expanding this exception to include:

- Lake Austin
- Lake Travis



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Purpose

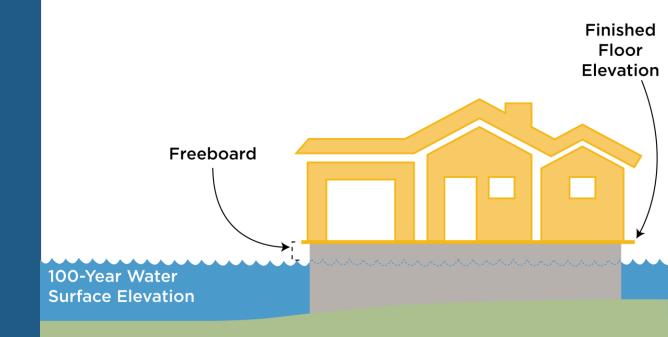
- Provide uniform regulations along Colorado River
- Colorado River flooding is not flash flooding like rest of City

Increase the freeboard requirement

Increase the minimum height between a building's finished floor and the 100-year floodplain from 1 ft to 2 ft

Purpose

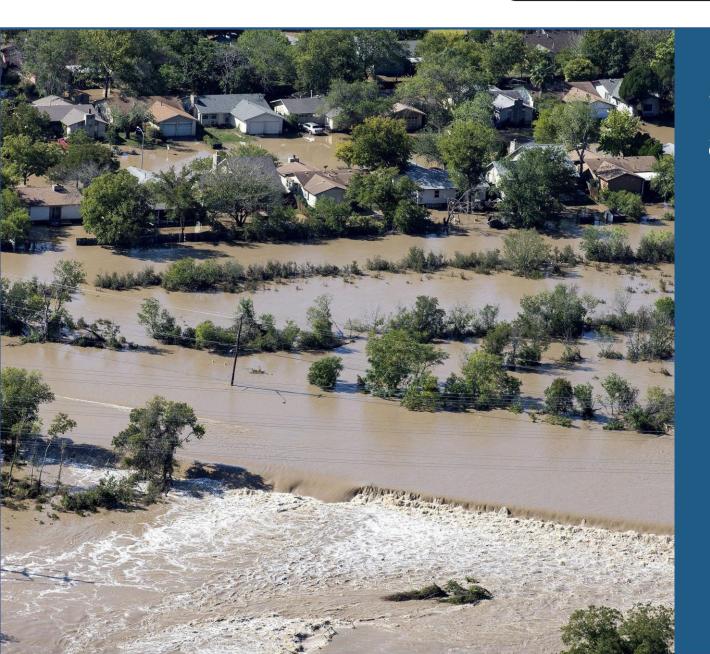
- Freeboard is the single-most effective means for reducing flood risk to a building in the floodplain
- Reduce flood insurance premiums



Step 2 Drainage Criteria Manual revisions

- Atlas 14 updates rainfall rates that are used to determine:
 - Floodplain location
 - Size of storm drain pipes, inlets, and ditches
 - Detention pond size





Step 3 Floodplain Study and Mapping Updates

- Utilize consultants from rotation list to complete studies
- Process to take 2 3 years
- Once complete, will provide data to FEMA to update flood insurance maps

Next Steps

- Currently WPD working on 2nd draft ordinance
- Mid to late 2019 Public Hearings at Boards and Commissions and City Council
- Late 2019 Drainage Criteria Manual updates (rules change process that includes stakeholder input)
- 2019 to 2021 Re-mapping of Austin floodplains
- 2022 FEMA map updates

