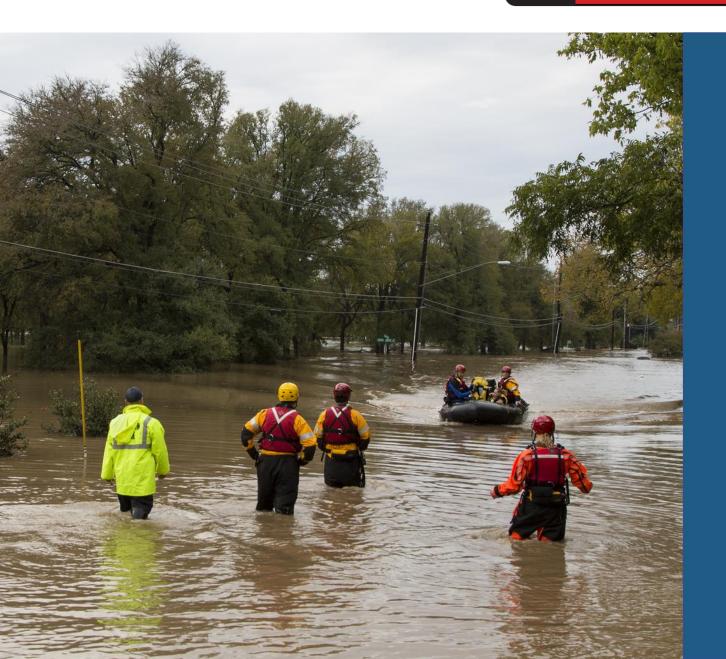


Watershed Protection Department Environmental Commission | September 4, 2019





### **Overview**

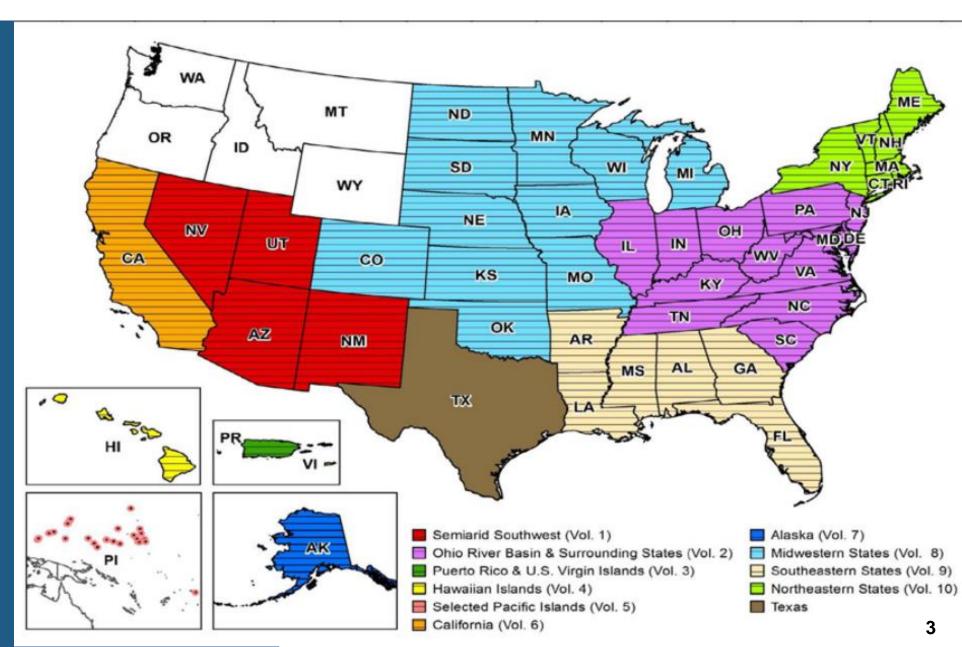
- Atlas 14 background
- Summary of key impacts from Atlas 14
- Recommended response
- Outreach

### Atlas 14 Background

 Nationwide study of rainfall intensities

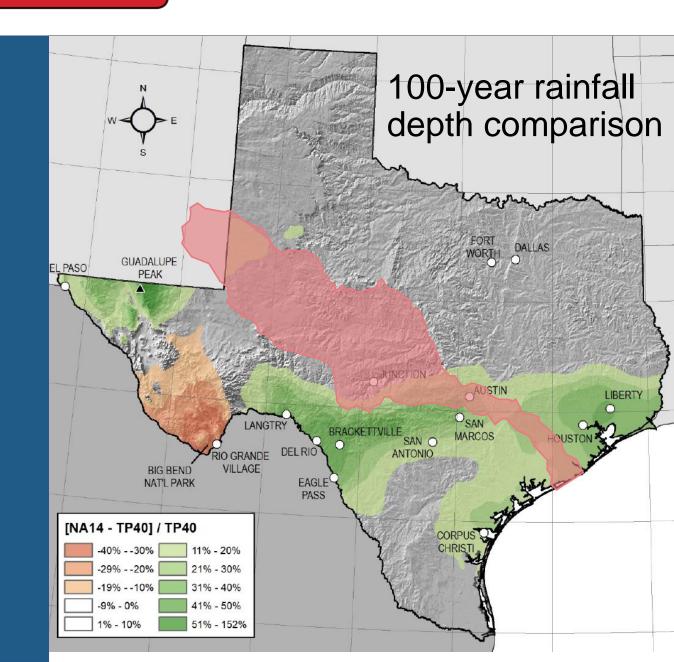
### **Partners**

- Federal NOAA, National Weather Service, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Federal Highway Administration
- State/Local TxDOT, Harris County Flood Control District, City of Austin, et al.



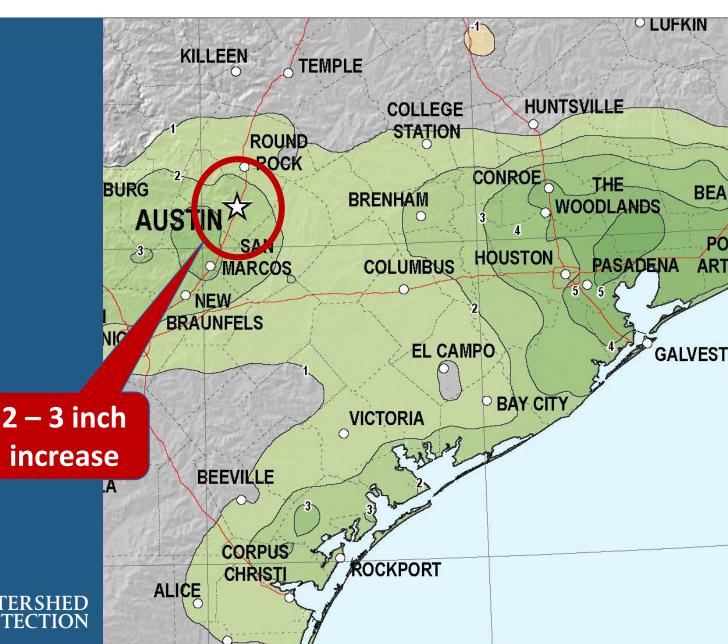
## **Atlas 14 Rainfall Changes**

- Nationwide examination of historic rainfall data
- Adds data from 1961 2017
- Colorado River watershed upstream of Austin not significantly impacted



## Atlas 14 Rainfall Changes

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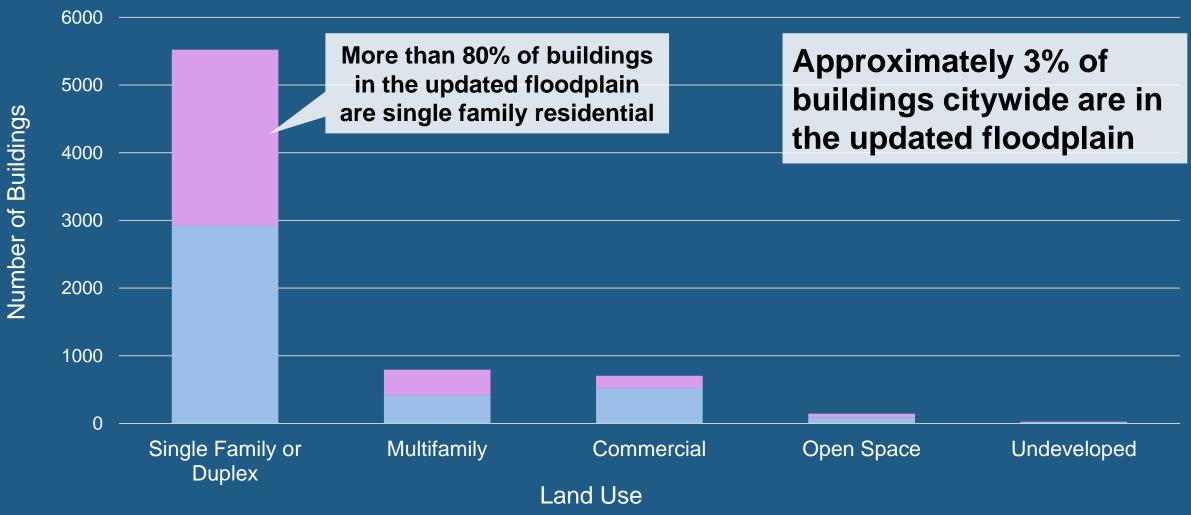
## What does the new understanding of **Flood Risk Mean?**

- More buildings in the 100-year floodplain.
- Depth of flooding increases.
- More low water crossings at risk of flooding.
- Depth and velocity of flooding over roadways increase.



### **Buildings in the Floodplain**

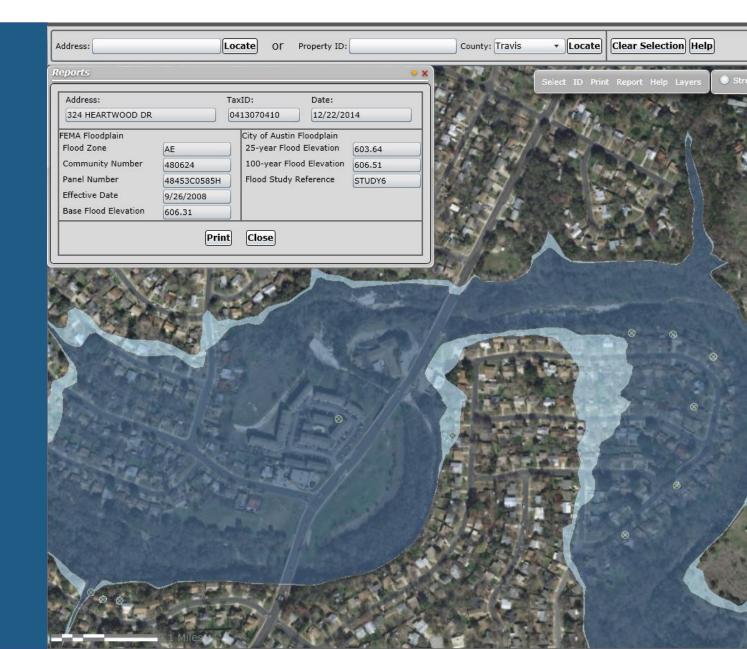
Buildings in Current 100 -Year Floodplain
Buildings in Updated 100 - Year Floodplain



### Overview of Flood Prevention Strategies

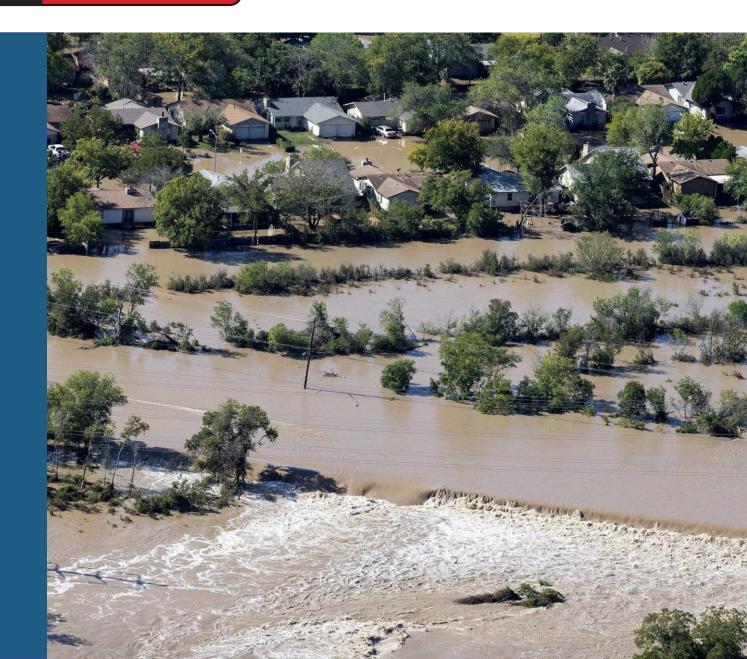
How do we ensure that *new* development minimizes its flood risk and the risk to others?

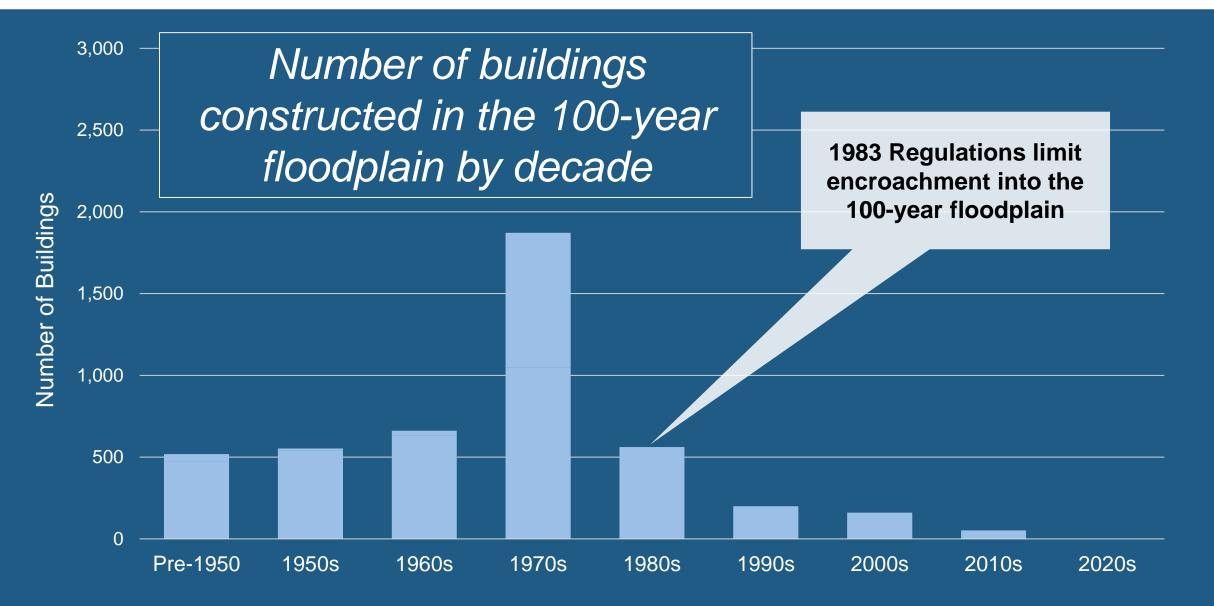
- Floodplain regulations
- Drainage criteria



### City of Austin **Floodplain Regulation History**

- 1975 Entered FEMA emergency program; first floodplain maps
- 1983 Entered full National Flood Insurance Program; updated maps and floodplain regulations
- 2003 Amended regulations to include administrative variance process





### **Recommended Response**

### Step 1

Land Development Code amendments

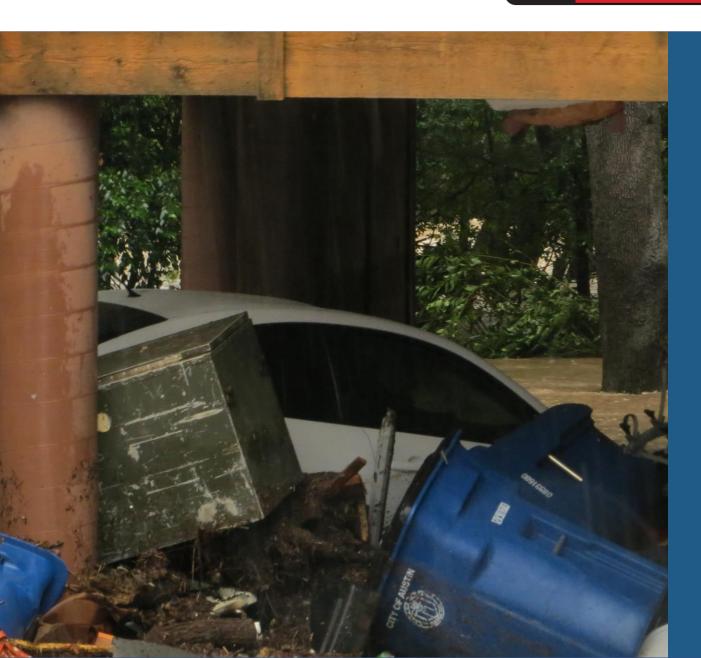
## Step 2

Drainage Criteria Manual revisions

Step 3

Flood Risk Evaluation





Step 1 Land Development Code amendments

**FLOOD SAFETY** 

ATX

- Revise floodplain definitions
- Create a redevelopment exception
- Expand the Colorado River exception
- Increase the freeboard requirement

### **Revise floodplain definitions**

Interim definitions until floodplains

are re-mapped in 2 - 3 years

No change to Colorado River

 $\rightarrow$ 

New 100-yr floodplain →

New 25-yr floodplain

floodplain

•

•

Current 100-yr floodplain

floodplain

Current 500-yr

Storm Level	Current Rainfall Depth (24 hour storm)	Updated Rainfall Depth (24 hour storm)
100-year (1% chance)		Up to 13+ inches
500-year (0.2% chance)	13.5 inches	

### **Revise floodplain definitions**

New 100-yr floodplain Current 500-yr floodplain

New 25-yr floodplain

Current 100-yr floodplain

- Interim definitions until floodplains are re-mapped in 2 - 3 years
- No change to Colorado River floodplain

#### Purpose

- Limit construction of new buildings in areas with known flood risk during remapping process
- Limit creating existing, nonconforming structures

## **Flood Risk Reduction Challenge**

7,200 buildings in the 100-year floodplain
53\* buildings with flood risk reduced each year
135+ years to reduce current risk

How can we increase the pace of flood risk reduction?

## Create a redevelopment exception

Administrative approval process for a residential building in the floodplain if:

- 1. Replaces an existing residential building
- 2. Finished floor elevation is at least 2 feet above the 100-year floodplain
- 3. Does not increase number of dwelling units
- 4. No adverse flooding impact

If these 4 conditions are met, the safe access requirement is waived

#### Purpose Finished Floor Elevation Finished Incentivizes development that Floor decreases flood risk Elevation Freeboard 80% of buildings in the 100-year floodplain are residential 100-fear Doesn't increase the number of Surface Elevationing units at risk of flooding **Re-developed condition**

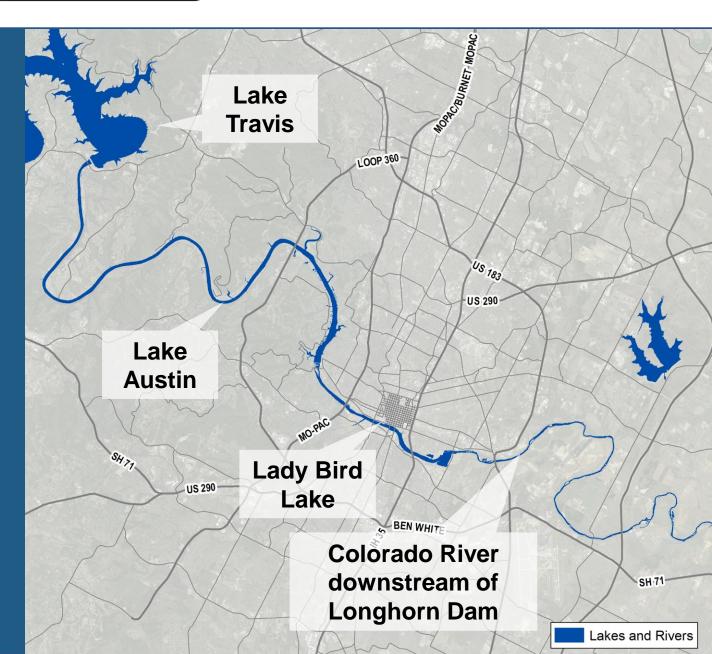
## Expand the Colorado River exception

The existing exception allows for a building to encroach on the 100-year floodplain without safe access if it is:

- Downstream of Longhorn Dam
- Along Lady Bird Lake

WPD recommends expanding this exception to include:

- Lake Austin
- Lake Travis



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### Purpose

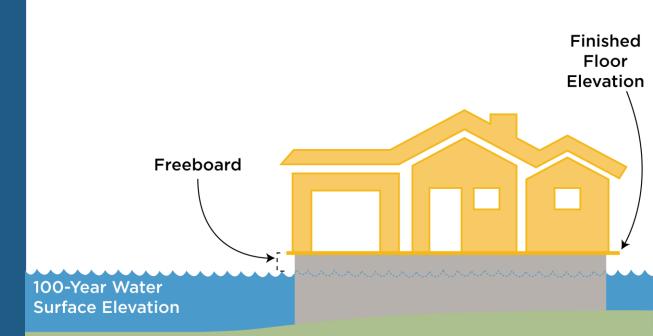
- Provide uniform regulations along Colorado River
- Colorado River flooding is not flash
   flooding like rest of City

## Increase the freeboard requirement

Increase the minimum height between a building's finished floor and the 100-year floodplain from 1 ft to 2 ft

### **Purpose**

- Freeboard is the single-most effective means for reducing flood risk to a building in the floodplain
- Reduce flood insurance premiums



### Who Have We Talked To?

Contacted more than 2,500 people at 88 different meetings Public meetings 24,000 postcards sent to residents in the floodplain Neighborhood groups **Environmental Community Professional Associations Development Organizations Boards and Commissions** 

### Who Have We Talked To?

### **Internal Departments**

- Development Services Department
- Parks and Recreation
- Neighborhood Housing and Community Development
- Corridor Planning Office
- Law

- Public Works Department
- Austin Transportation Department
- Austin Water
- Sustainability
- Office of Real Estate Services
- Equity Office
- Travis County

## What We Heard and How We Responded

- Timing gap between code amendments and DCM rules
  - Eliminated gap DCM draft rules are released

### Building height limitations with Subchapter F

• Increased allowable building height by 2 feet

Losing some entitlements of approved residential subdivisions

• Safe access compliance determined at time of prelim. plan or plat

Drainage infrastructure challenges for phased developments

• Draft DCM rules establish modified criteria for phased developments

## **Step 2** Drainage Criteria Manual revisions

- Atlas 14 updates rainfall rates that are used to determine:
  - Floodplain location
  - Size of storm drain pipes, inlets, and ditches
  - Detention pond size
- Rules making process
  - Draft DCM released in August
  - Stakeholder input





# **Step 3** Flood Risk Evaluation

Update floodplain studies citywide

- Process to take 2 3 years
- Once complete, will provide data to FEMA to update flood insurance maps

Evaluate impacts to existing infrastructure

- Floodwalls
- Channels

