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January 9, 2020

Mr. Earl Hunt

Subject: Mark Odom Plans for 2803 Edgewater Drive

Mr. Hunt,

(BOA) Case No. C15-2019-0055 ADV PACKET Jan 13 copy. documents available for my review (via Dropbox). The files found are related to a Board of Adjustment project. My review was focused on drainage and related environmental concerns. You made design The purpose of this letter is to provide my review comments on the plans prepared for the referenced

preventing scour and erosion. The limited hydrologic analysis I reviewed simply shows a comparison between pre- and post-development peak discharges at the detention basin and on the roadway. The cover can be managed without causing scour, erosion and offsite impacts site plan review process. Mr. Odom's plans do not convince me that the proposed increase in impervious buildings are in place. I expect all of these details will be provided as part of the City of Austin (COA) provided design information does not show how these flows would reach the detention basin once is most of the specific site alterations, and his designs do not show how runoff will be directed while cover than currently allowed. However, his analysis of proposed drainage conditions does not address to his steep tract of land. He believes that he can develop his site to a much higher level of impervious Mr. Odom's main argument to the BOA is the unfairness of the impervious cover requirements that app!

the following questions need to be addressed in the site drainage design. must show flow rates and velocities that are used to design runoff controls to protect these areas. I believe changes to this lot. Each major flow path across the site should be clearly shown and the drainage analysis general, the overall hydrologic analysis does not adequately represent the proposed grading and structural vegetation and soils, etc.). It's not enough to simply build a catchment basin at the bottom of the site. In showing more drainage areas that correspond to the varying site conditions (grading, structures routed down slope. A complicated drainage site such as this one is typically analyzed in more detail on the subject tract or the adjacent properties, the site runoff must be carefully accounted for and properly To determine an allowable amount of impervious cover, and not cause on-going maintenance problems by land alterations on steep slopes. The allowable amount of cover should be determined on a case basis Today's regulatory limits on impervious cover were derived based on a long history of problems caused

Roof Runoff:

- 1. Drawing notes state that the building runoff would be captured by gutters and collected stored or otherwise managed, once they are discharged from the gutters. However, there are no drawings or descriptions on how these captured flows would be routed
- Is rain water capture intended to mitigate for structure runoff and, if so, how will the system be

Rain Gardens:

- How are the rain gardens intended to function? (i.e., what is their intended capture volume and how much of the upland drainage area is controlled by these facilities?)
 Will they include under drains? And what provisions are there to control by-pass flows once the
- gardens are saturated and overflowing?

Mark Odom Plans for 2803 Edgewater Tamuary 9, 2020

3. The retaining walls that form the rain gardens will tend to divert overland flows toward each side of the house. Here, the drainage will become constricted and significantly concentrated compared to the drainage ways under existing conditions. The plans show no runoff conveyances to manage these concentrated flows.

Septic Drain Fields

ground is saturated. There should be some analysis that demonstrates the drain fields can withstand runoff impacts without compromising their function. particularly at the edges of the retaining walls, which will function as runoff discharge controls once the The drainage designs do not show how runoff will be routed over the extensive drain field areas

ground water, and their impacts on the drainage system and septic drain field function must be to be critical environmental features. If there are rim rock outcrops, they could be a source of emerging subject tract. These features need to be carefully evaluated and shown on the plans if they are determined It is my understanding that you have observed potential rim rock features near the upper end of the

not convinced the requested amount of impervious cover can be justified detention basin. There are too many drainage system disconnections under the present design, and I am upper end of the lot, over the extensive septic drain fields, around the house perimeter and on toward the the detention basin, there are no runoff conveyances that show how stormwater would be routed from the the bottom of the lot. Except for a grated trench drain proposed to capture and divert driveway runoff to available drawings only show a set of proposed rain gardens upslope of the house and a detention basin at incomplete for both temporary construction phases and permanent post-construction site conditions. The disturbing construction activities begin. To this end, the drainage system design that I reviewed is Managing stormwater runoff to prevent scour and erosion will be a great challenge once the ground

Please contact me if you have questions

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2803 EDGEWATER C15-2019-0055 INTERESTED PARTY SUGGESTIONS - JAN 13, 2020

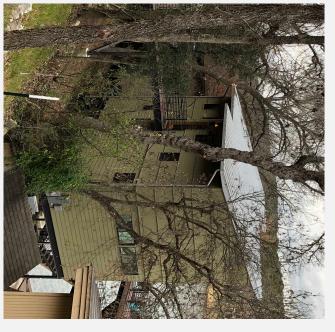
- their project's size, but its scale and appropriateness continue to concern us. Do these advocating denial of this variance request. We recognize that the applicants have decreased results conform to the area of character of the neighborhood? The Board of Adjustment has encouraged us to seek a compromise rather than simply
- We are suggesting reasonable development to enable the owners to enjoy the property with less environmental impact.

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We would propose an alternative development model of a "stilt house" with a pier and beam foundation, a minimal impervious footprint, and a gravity-fed septic system.

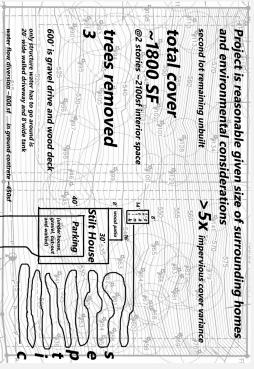
A recent example of this construction is 1806 Ski Slope Drive, situated on Lake Austin less than a mile from 2803 Edgewater.

We also suggest that the owners might utilize the adjacent lot which they also own for their septic field.



1806 Ski Slope Drive

Advantages of "stilt" construction – flexibility of placement on slopes, less need to alter and grade the land, less need to damage or remove trees, and greatly simplified drainage requirements.



Rough sketch of sample "Stilt House"

2803 EDGEWATER C15-2019-0055 INTERESTED PARTY SUGGESTIONS - JAN 13, 2020

We'd like to see fewer retaining walls, especially in close proximity to the top of the hillside. We'd like to see a gravity-fed septic system which doesn't come so far up the hillside.

Water Resources Engineer Jeff Kessel, in his letter [attached], notes that there are "drainage system disconnections". He states that the proposed drainage conditions do not address most of the specific site alterations or show how runoff will be directed. He questions how the proposed increase in impervious cover can be managed without causing scour, erosion and offsite impacts.

