


BULL CREEK PUD EXHIBIT C LAND USE PLAN

CITY OF AUSTIN CASE NUMBER: C814-2009-0139.03

REPLACEMENT SHEET



Lakeshore Habitat/Herbaceous Wetland/Rain Garden			
Common Name	Scientific Name	Stability Rating	Emergent
Bald Cypress	<i>Taxodium distichum</i>	9	
Dwarf Palmetto	<i>Sabal minor</i>		Y
Southern Maidenhair Fern	<i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i>		
California Bulrush	<i>Schoenoplectus californicus</i>	9	Y
Frogfruit	<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>	4	
Obedient Plant	<i>Physostegia angustifolia</i>		Y
Powdery Thalia	<i>Thalia dealbata</i>		Y
Buttonbush	<i>Cephaelanthus occidentalis</i>	8	
Wooly Rose Mallow	<i>Hibiscus lasiocarpus</i>		Y
Coastal Water Hyssop	<i>Bacopa monnieri</i>		Y
American Water Willow	<i>Justicia americana</i>	7	Y
Squarestem Spikerush	<i>Eleocharis quadrangulata</i>	6	Y
Horsetail Reed	<i>Equisetum hymenale</i>	6	Y
Clover Fern	<i>Marselia macropoda</i>		Y
Bushy Bluestem	<i>Andropogon glomeratus</i>	5	
Giant Cut Grass	<i>Zizaniopsis miliacea</i>	9	Y
Common Three-Square Bulrush	<i>Scirpus pungens</i>	9	Y
Starrush Whitetop	<i>Rhynchospora colorata</i>	6	Y
White Spider Lily	<i>Hymenocallis liriosme</i>		Y
Texas Rush	<i>Juncus texanus</i>	7	Y
Berkeley Sedge	<i>Carex divulsa</i>		Y
Cherokee Sedge	<i>Carex cherokeensis</i>		
Pickerel Weed	<i>Pontederia cordata</i>		Y
White Water-Lily	<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>		Y
Yellow Cow-Lily	<i>Nuphar lutea</i>		Y
Pale Spikerush	<i>Eleocharis macostachya</i>	6	Y

Forested Wetland Enhancement			
Common Name	Scientific Name		
American Beautyberry	<i>Callicarpa americana</i>		
Aromatic Sumac	<i>Rhus aromatica</i>		
Bur Oak	<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>		
Flame Acanthus	<i>Anisacanthus quadrifidus var. wrightii</i>		
Pecan	<i>Carya illinoiensis</i>		
Possumhaw Holly	<i>Ilex decidua</i>		
Northern Spicebush	<i>Lindera benzoin</i>		
Red Buckeye	<i>Aesculus pavia</i>		
Roughleaf Dogwood	<i>Cornus drummondii</i>		
Dwarf Palmetto	<i>Sabal minor</i>		
Shrubby Boneset	<i>Ageratina havanensis</i>		
Turkscap	<i>Malvaviscus arboreus var. drummondii</i>		
Yaupon Holly	<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>		
Virginia Wildrye	<i>Elymus virginicus</i>		
Inland Sea Oats	<i>Chasmanthium latifolium</i>		
Brazos Penstemon	<i>Penstemon tenuis</i>		

Lowland Woodland			
Common Name	Scientific Name		
Beargrass	<i>Nolina texana</i>		
Monterey Oak	<i>Quercus polymorpha</i>		
Chinquapin Oak	<i>Quercus muehlenbergii</i>		
Live Oak	<i>Quercus virginiana</i>		
Mexican Plum	<i>Prunus mexicana</i>		
Prairie Flameleaf Sumac	<i>Rhus lanceolata</i>		
Possumhaw Holly	<i>Ilex decidua</i>		
Red Buckeye	<i>Aesculus pavia</i>		
Shrubby Boneset	<i>Ageratina havanensis</i>		
Turkscap	<i>Malvaviscus arboreus var. drummondii</i>		
Virginia Creeper	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>		
Eve's Necklace	<i>Styphnolobium affine</i>		
Yaupon Holly	<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>		
Inland Sea Oats	<i>Chasmanthium latifolium</i>		
Cherokee Sedge	<i>Carex cherokeensis</i>		
Frogfruit	<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>		
Straggler Daisy	<i>Calyptocarpus vialis</i>		
River Fern	<i>Thelypteris kunthii</i>		
Cedar Sage	<i>Salvia roemeriana</i>		
Lyre Leaf Sage	<i>Salvia lyrata</i>		
Golden Groundsel	<i>Packera obovata</i>		
Texas Sedge	<i>Carex texensis</i>		
Mountain Pea	<i>Orbexilum pedunculatum</i>		

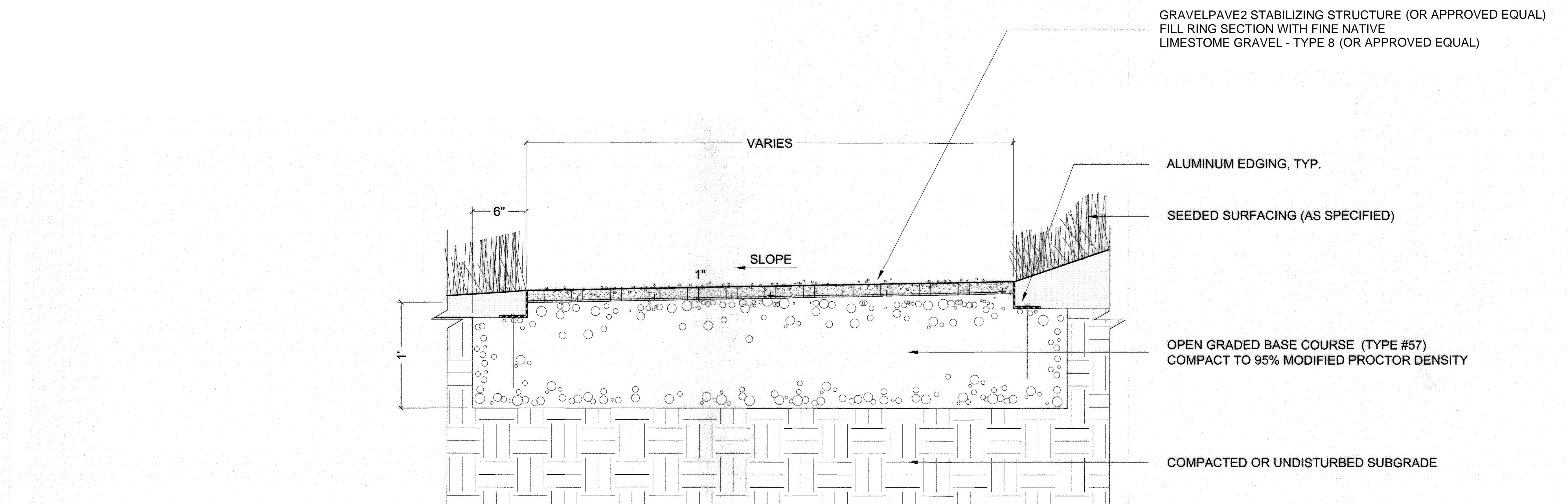
Escarpment Woodland			
Common Name	Scientific Name		
Cedar Elm	<i>Ulmus crassifolia</i>		
Monterey Oak	<i>Quercus polymorpha</i>		
Live Oak	<i>Quercus virginiana</i>		
Eastern Red Cedar	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>		
Beargrass	<i>Nolina texana</i>		
Elbowbush	<i>Forestiera pubescens</i>		
Eve's Necklace	<i>Styphnolobium affine</i>		
Mexican Buckeye	<i>Ungnadia speciosa</i>		
Agarita	<i>Mahonia trifoliate</i>		
Possumhaw Holly	<i>Ilex decidua</i>		
Shrubby Boneset	<i>Ageratina havanensis</i>		
Texas Mountain Laurel	<i>Sophora secundiflora</i>		
Texas Persimmon	<i>Diospyros texana</i>		
Redbud	<i>Cercis canadensis var. texensis</i>		
Prairie Flameleaf Sumac	<i>Rhus lanceolata</i>		
Turkscap	<i>Malvaviscus arboreus var. drummondii</i>		
Virginia Creeper	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>		
Yaupon Holly	<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>		
Frogfruit	<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>		
Straggler Daisy	<i>Calyptocarpus vialis</i>		

SOIL DECOMPACTION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE STAGING, PARKING, AND LAYDOWN AREA ON THE RESTORATION PLAN FOR SUBMITTAL TO THE OWNER:

1. THIS WORK SHALL CONSIST OF PERFORMING ALL REQUIRED ACTIVITIES FOR SOIL DECOMPACTION IN AREAS SHOWN ON THE RESTORATION PLAN. THE SCOPE OF WORK INCLUDES ALL LABOR, MATERIALS, TOOLS, SUPPLIES, EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES, TRANSPORTATION AND SERVICES NECESSARY FOR PERFORMING ALL OPERATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH SOIL DECOMPACTION, COMPLETE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS AND AS SPECIFIED HEREIN.
 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SUPPLYING ALL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES SO AS TO PERFORM SOIL DECOMPACTION AS NECESSARY WITHOUT DELAYING CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS.
 3. THE SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SPECIFICATION ITEM SHALL INCLUDE THE TEST RESULTS, INFORMATION ABOUT PROPOSED EQUIPMENT, AND SAMPLES NECESSARY FOR APPROVAL OF DECOMPACTION TECHNIQUES AND METHODS.
 4. SOIL COMPACTION TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED BOTH BEFORE AND AFTER MODIFICATION OF SOIL, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
 5. SOIL COMPACTION TESTING SHALL INCLUDE WRITTEN RESULTS AND MAPPED LOCATIONS OF TESTS PROVIDED TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND OWNER. A MINIMUM OF TWO TESTS PER 5,000 SQUARE FEET ARE REQUIRED. TEST RESULTS SHALL BE REPORTED IN PERCENT OF STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY OR BULK DENSITY (G/CM3) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. FOR SURFACE DECOMPACTION, MEASURE AT BOTH THE SURFACE AND AT SIX (6) INCHES DEPTH. FOR SUBSURFACE DECOMPACTION, MEASURE AT A DEPTH OF BOTH 12 AND 18 INCHES.
 6. PROVIDE WRITTEN INFORMATION ON TYPE AND SIZE OF EQUIPMENT PROPOSED TO PRODUCE THE DESIRED DECOMPACTION RESULTS.
 7. PROVIDE A ONE GALLON SAMPLE OF THE COMPOST AND MULCH MATERIAL AT THE SAME TIME AS A LAB ANALYSIS SUPPLIED BY THE PRODUCER TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT VERIFYING THAT THE PRODUCTS MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN STANDARD SPECIFICATION 661S. LAB ANALYSES FOR COMPOST SHALL BE DATED WITHIN 90 CALENDAR DAYS OF THE TIME OF SUBMITTAL.
 8. PRODUCER SHALL PROVIDE A LETTER STATING THE LENGTH OF THE COMPOSING PERIOD FOR COMPOST, AND LISTING THE SOURCE MATERIALS BY VOLUME FOR COMPOST AND MULCH.
 9. FOR DECOMPACTION WORK UNDER TREES, PROVIDE QUALIFIED ARBORIST CREDENTIALS, INCLUDING PROOF OF CERTIFICATION FROM THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ARBORICULTURE, LICENSES, RESUME AND REFERENCES FOR THE SUPERVISOR OF THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED WITHIN THE CRZ OF EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN.
- CONSTRUCTION METHODS FOR THE STAGING, PARKING, AND LAYDOWN AREA ON THE RESTORATION PLAN:**
1. BEFORE INITIATION OF DECOMPACTION ACTIVITIES, ALL REQUIRED EROSION CONTROL AND ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES SHALL BE IN PLACE AS INDICATED AND THE DEPTH(S) AND LOCATION(S) OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED. THE SURFACE OF THE SUBGRADE SHALL BE SHAPED IN GENERAL CONFORMITY WITH THE TYPICAL SECTIONS, LINES, AND GRADES INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS BY THE REMOVAL OF EXISTING MATERIAL OR BY THE ADDITION OF APPROVED MATERIAL AS ESTABLISHED BY THE ENGINEER OR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
 2. COMPACTION LEVELS THAT ARE DETERIMENTAL TO ROOT GROWTH ARE DEPENDENT ON SOIL TYPE, WHICH TYPICALLY VARIES FROM SITE TO SITE AND MUST BE DETERMINED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR SOILS CONSULTANT BEFORE TESTING OCCURS.
 3. COMPACTION RATING OF ALL Affected SOILS SHALL BE BETWEEN 75 AND 85 PERCENT STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY WITH A PENETRATION RESISTANCE BETWEEN 75 TO 175 PSI.
 4. ALL SOIL MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES INCLUDING AMENDMENT AND/OR DECOMPACTION MUST OCCUR AT A SOIL MOISTURE CONTENT BETWEEN FIVE (5) AND 20 PERCENT MEASURED AT THE DEPTH OF THE WORK.
 5. COMPACTED SURFACE SOIL (0 - 6 INCH SOIL DEPTH) - DO NOT USE ROTOTILLER, USE DISC PLOW / HARROW TO LOSEN SOIL TO UNIFORM CLOD SIZE. DO NOT OVER CULTIVATE IN ORDER TO PRESERVE EXISTING SOIL STRUCTURE. MAKE A MINIMUM OF TWO PASSES ALONG PERPENDICULAR PATHS. BETWEEN PASSES, TOP-DRESS WITH COMPOST AS REQUIRED TO BRING THE SOIL ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT TO THE LEVEL AS INDICATED WITHIN THE PLANS OR RELATED SPECIFICATIONS.
 6. COMPACTED SUBSOIL (6 - 18 INCH SOIL DEPTH) : AFTER ROUGH GRADING AND REMOVING ALL PLANTS AND DEBRIS FROM THE SURFACE, LOSEN THE SOIL BY DRAGGING A RIPPING SHANK OR CHISEL THROUGH THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 18 INCHES FROM FINISHED GRADE. THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL SPECIFY THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH OF RIPPING BASED UPON SITE CONDITIONS. SHANK SPACING VARIES WITH SOIL MOISTURE, SOIL TYPE, AND DEGREE AND DEPTH OF COMPACTION. SHANK SPACING SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. AT LEAST THREE (3) SEPARATE SERIES OR PATTERNS OF MOVEMENT ARE REQUIRED. THE FIRST SERIES OR PATTERN OF PASSES IS APPLIED LENGTHWISE, PARALLEL WITH THE LONGEST SPREAD OF THE SITE; GRADUALLY PROGRESSING ACROSS THE SITE'S WIDTH, WITH EACH SUCCESSIVE PASS. THE SECOND SERIES RUNS OBliquely, CROSSING THE FIRST SERIES AT AN ANGLE OF ABOUT 45 DEGREES. THE THIRD SERIES RUNS AT RIGHT ANGLE OR 90 DEGREES TO THE FIRST SERIES. BETWEEN PASSES, TOP-DRESS WITH COMPOST AS REQUIRED TO BRING THE SOIL ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT TO A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TO FOUR (4) PERCENT BY WEIGHT.
 7. COMPACTED SOIL WITHIN THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE OF EXISTING ESTABLISHED TREES: A.F.M. (AIR EXCAVATION, FERTILIZATION, MULCHING) OR VERTICAL MULCHING.
 8. TWO TECHNIQUES ARE DESCRIBED BASED ON TREE LOCATION RELATIVE TO THE FLOODPLAIN AND POTENTIAL FOR ADVERSE EROSION. AN INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ARBORICULTURE CERTIFIED ARBORIST SHOULD OVERSEE WORK UNDER TREES AT ALL TIMES.
 9. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD DECOMPACTION WORK BE DONE IN THE ONE-QUARTER (%) CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.
 10. REMOVE THE TOPS OF ALL PLANTS TO BE REMOVED FROM THE ROOT ZONE. REMOVE SOD WITH A WALK BEHIND SOD CUTTER. ONLY GRUB-OUT THE ROOTS OF INVASIVE PLANTS TO BE REMOVED.
 11. PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK, THE PROPOSED AREA SHALL BE SUFFICIENTLY WETTED TWENTY-FOUR (24) HOURS IN ADVANCE TO MINIMIZE DUST TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
 12. USE A PNEUMATIC AIR EXCAVATION TOOL.
 13. METHOD 1 - A.F.M.: IN A LOCATION OUTSIDE THE FLOODPLAIN AND ON SLOPES OF 3:1 OR LESS, USE A PNEUMATIC AIR TOOL TO LOSEN THE TOP NINE (9) INCHES OF THE SOIL WITHIN 50 PERCENT OF THE AREA WITHIN THE TREE DRIPLINE. SURFACE ROOTS MAY MOVE AND SEPARATE FROM SOIL DURING THIS PROCESS BUT THE ROOTS ON THE DRIPLINE SHOULD NOT BE BROKEN. INCORPORATE ORGANIC FERTILIZERS TO PROVIDE NUTRIENTS AS INDICATED BY THE SOIL TEST AND AS RECOMMENDED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR SOIL CONSULTANT. ANY FERTILIZER TREATMENT SHOULD BE APPLIED A CERTIFIED ARBORIST. ADD THREE (3) INCHES OF COMPOST OVER THE SOIL IMMEDIATELY AFTER AERATION. USE A PNEUMATIC AIR TOOL TO MIX THE COMPOST INTO THE TOP SIX (6) INCHES OF THE LOSEN SOIL. APPLY A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) INCHES OF SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH ACROSS THE AREA BETWEEN THE DRIPLINE TO WITHIN ONE (1) FOOT FROM THE TRUNK.
 14. METHOD 2 - VERTICAL MULCHING: THIS TECHNIQUE IS SUITABLE FOR A FLOODPLAIN OR OTHER LOCATION SUBJECT TO ADVERSE EROSION. USE A PNEUMATIC AIR TOOL TO MAKE ONE (1) INCH MINIMUM DIAMETER HOLES TO A DEPTH OF TWELVE (12) INCHES WITH HOLES THREE (3) FEET ON CENTER FROM THE HALF CRITICAL ROOT ZONE (CRZ) TO THE DRIPLINE. FUNNEL COMPOST INTO THE HOLES. APPLY A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) INCHES OF SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH ACROSS THE AREA BETWEEN THE DRIPLINE TO WITHIN ONE (1) FOOT FROM THE TRUNK.
 15. WORK IN SECTIONS SUCH THAT THE ENTIRE PROCESS - INCLUDING ANY PROPOSED IRRIGATION - CAN BE COMPLETED IN ONE DAY FOR EACH SECTION. APPLY TEN (10) GALLONS OF WATER PER INCH IN DIAMETER OF DBH OVER THE LOSEN SOIL AT THE COMPLETION OF EACH DAY'S WORK EXCEPT DURING PRECIPITATION EVENTS OF HALF INCH OR GREATER. DURING DROUGHT OR OTHER PROLONGED DRY PERIODS, CONTINUE TO PROVIDE SUPPLEMENTAL WATER FOR ONE (1) TO THREE (3) WEEKS MINIMUM AFTER TREATMENT.
 16. DECOMPACTED TREE ROOT ZONES SHOULD BE ACCESS-RESTRICTED FOR ONE YEAR USING STEEL POSTS AND CHAIN BARRIERS. AT MINIMUM, OR APPROVED EQUAL, THE BARRIERS SHALL BE ERECTED AT THE EDGE OF THE DECOMPACTED ZONES AROUND AN ENTIRE TREE OR TREE CLUSTER, PER THE PLANS, WITHOUT DRIVING POSTS INTO ROOTS OVER TWO (2) INCHES IN DIAMETER.
 17. PROTECTION OF DECOMPACTED SOILS: AFTER ANY DECOMPACTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TAKEN PLACE DO NOT ALLOW VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT, OR STOCKPILING OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS ON PREVIOUSLY-DECOMPACTED SOIL.
 18. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT DECOMPACTED SOIL FROM DAMAGE INCLUDING CONTAMINATION AND RE-COMPACTION DUE TO OTHER SOIL INSTALLATION, PLANTING OPERATIONS, AND OPERATIONS BY OTHER CONTRACTORS. MAINTAIN PROTECTION OF DECOMPACTED AREAS UNTIL PROJECT ACCEPTANCE. UTILIZE FENCING AND MATTING AS REQUIRED OR DIRECTED TO PROTECT THE FINISHED SOIL WORK. TREAT, REPAIR OR REPLACE DAMAGED DECOMPACTED SOIL IMMEDIATELY.
 19. REPAIR OF RE-COMPACTED SOILS: AFTER DECOMPACTION HAS TAKEN PLACE, ANY SOIL THAT BECOMES RE-COMPACTED TO A DENSITY GREATER THAN 85% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY OR PENETRATION RESISTANCE OF 225 PSI SHALL BE DECOMPACTED AGAIN.
 20. LOSEN COMPACTED SOIL AND REPLACE SOIL THAT HAS BECOME CONTAMINATED AS DETERMINED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR SOIL CONSULTANT. RE-COMPACTED AND/OR CONTAMINATED SOIL SHALL BE LOSENED OR REPLACED AT NO EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
 21. WHERE MODIFIED EXISTING SOIL HAS BECOME COMPACTED OR CONTAMINATED AND NEEDS TO BE REPLACED, PROVIDE IMPORTED SOIL THAT IS OF SIMILAR COMPOSITION, DEPTH AND DENSITY AS THE SOIL THAT WAS REMOVED.

SUSTAINABLE LAND MANAGEMENT:

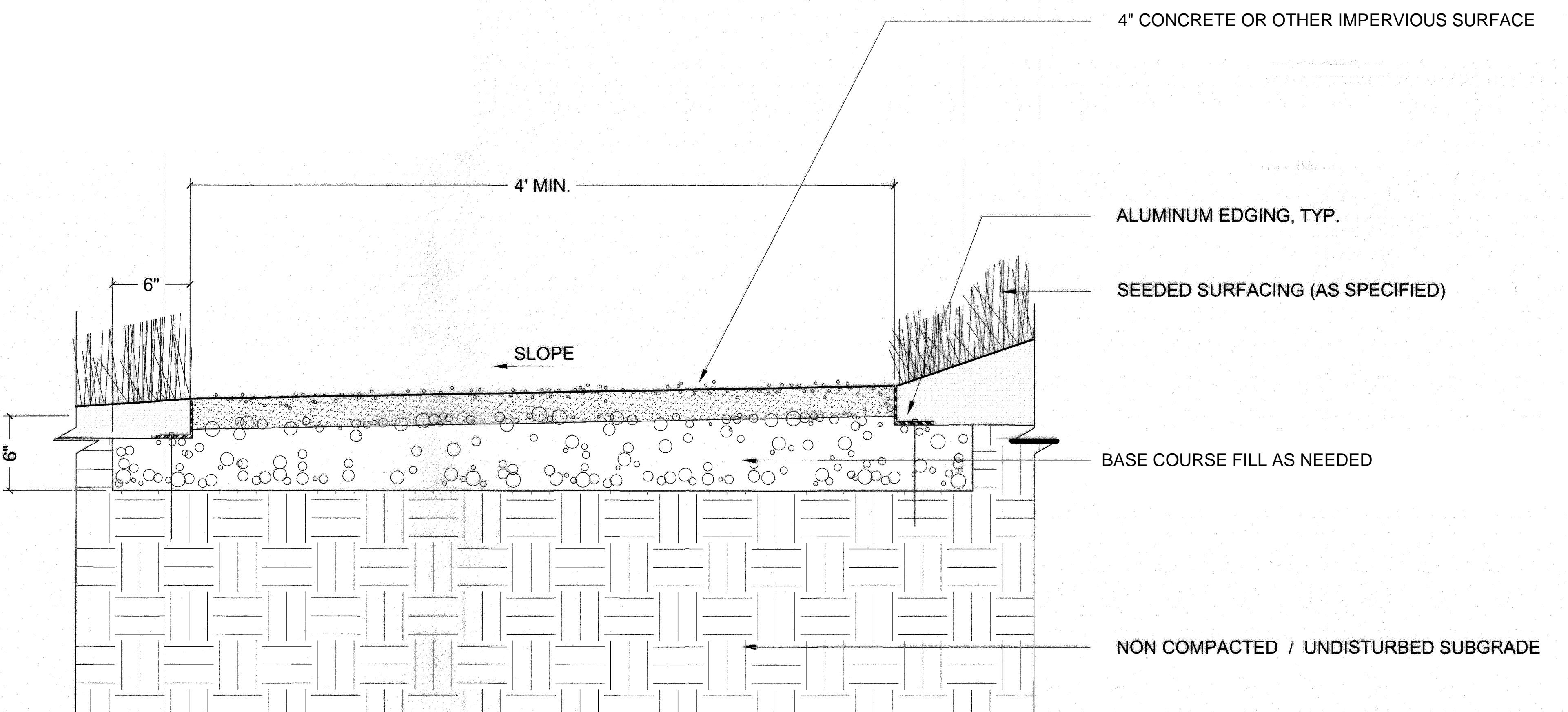
1. THE APPLICANT IS COMMITTED TO CREATING A SUSTAINABLE LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE SITE. THE PLAN WILL USE AN ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK THAT FOCUSES ON AN ENHANCED USER EXPERIENCE AND ECOLOGICAL FUNCTIONALITY THAT RESULTS IN LONG-TERM, SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF THE SITE. AT A MINIMUM, THE LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN WILL INCLUDE BI-ANNUAL MANAGEMENT OF INVASIVE SPECIES (AS LISTED BELOW), INCREASES IN DIVERSITY THROUGH PLANTING AND SEEDING, ENSURING NATIVE VEGETATIVE COVER, AND ANNUAL MONITORING.
2. INVASIVE SPECIES WILL BE MANAGED BY BEST PRACTICES PRESCRIBED IN THE CITY OF AUSTIN INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT PLAN THAT RESULTS IN LESS THAN 5% OF COVER OF ANY PARTICULAR INVASIVE SPECIES WITHIN ENVIRONMENTALLY SUPERIOR AREAS. INVASIVE SPECIES OF CONCERN AND OBSERVED ON THE SITE INCLUDE: BERMUDAGRASS (*CYDONIA*



1

PERVIOUS WALKWAYS SECTION - TYP.

SCALE: 1"=1'-0"



1

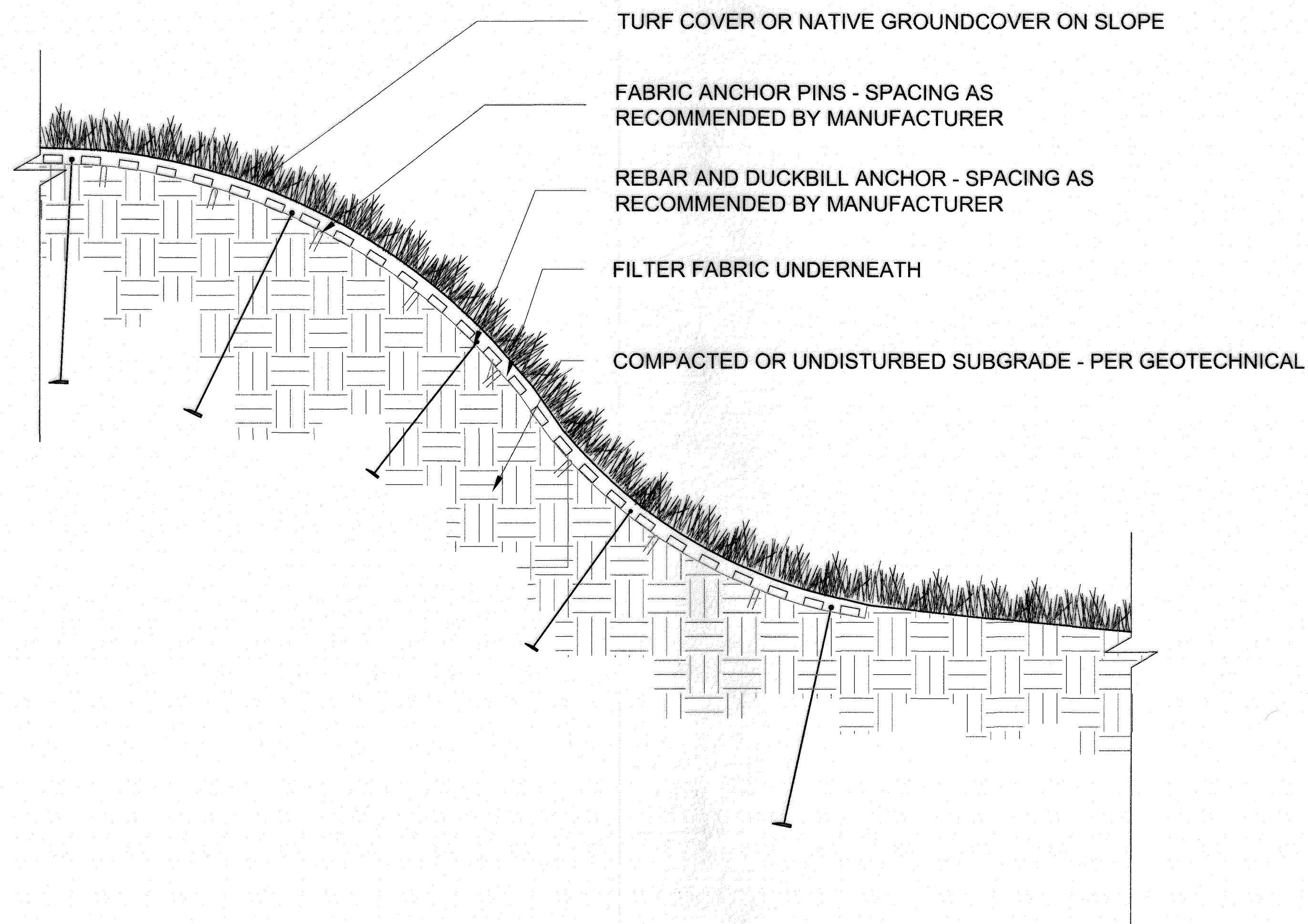
IMPERVIOUS WALKWAYS SECTION - TYP.

SCALE: 1"=1'-0"

BULL CREEK PUD

EXHIBIT F - DETAILS

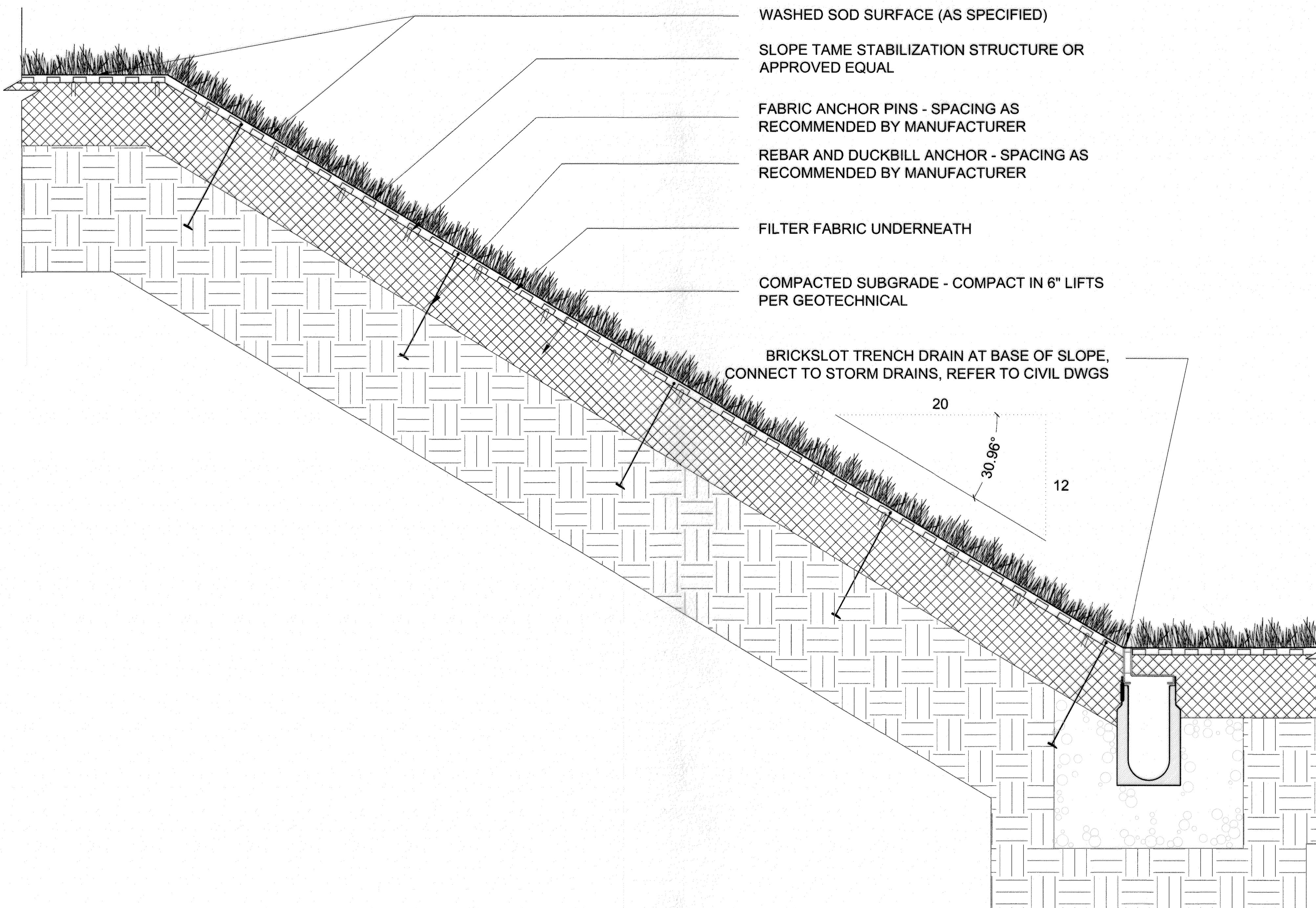
CITY OF AUSTIN CASE NUMBER: C814-2009-0139.03



1

NATURAL SLOPE STABILIZATION DETAIL- GREATER THAN 3:1 - TYP.

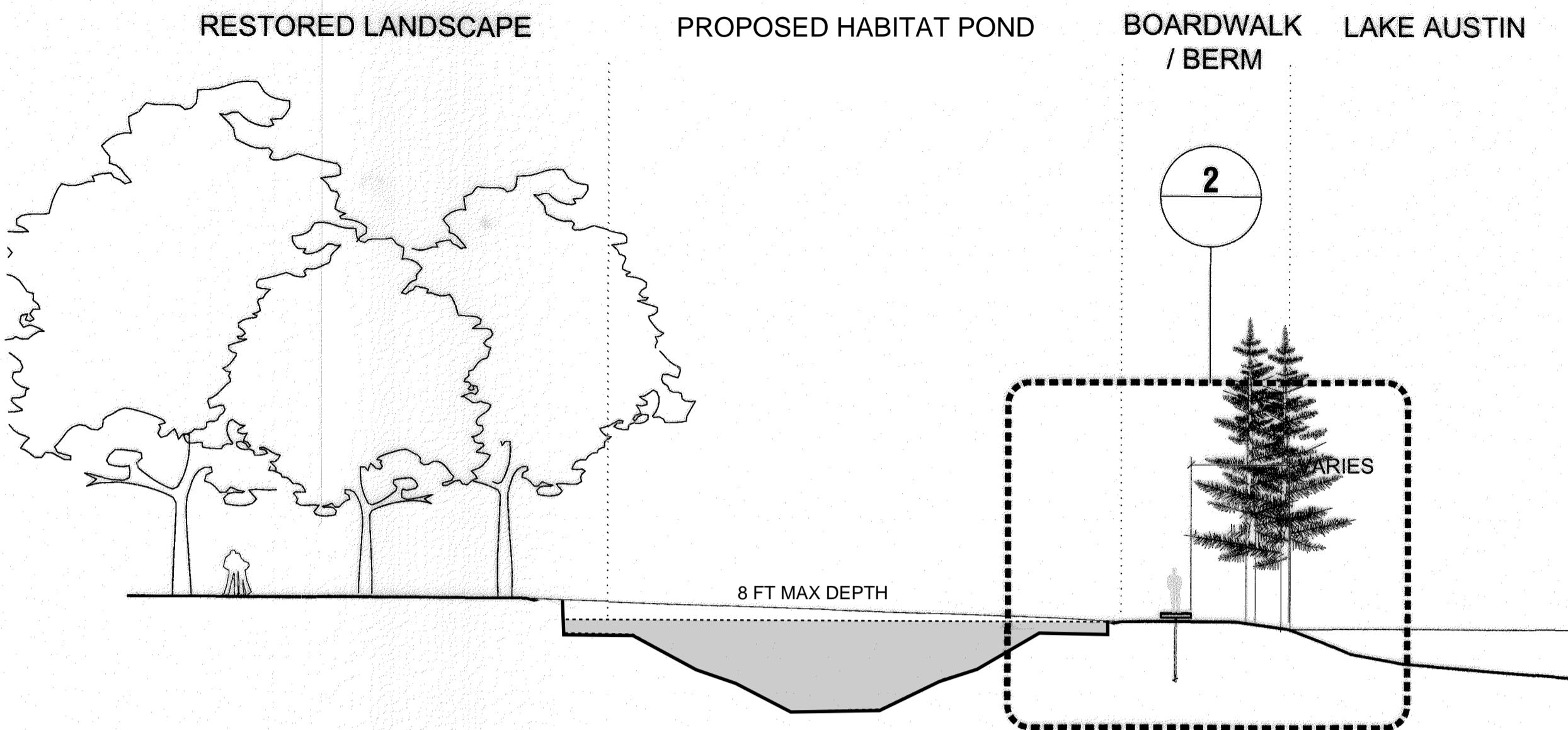
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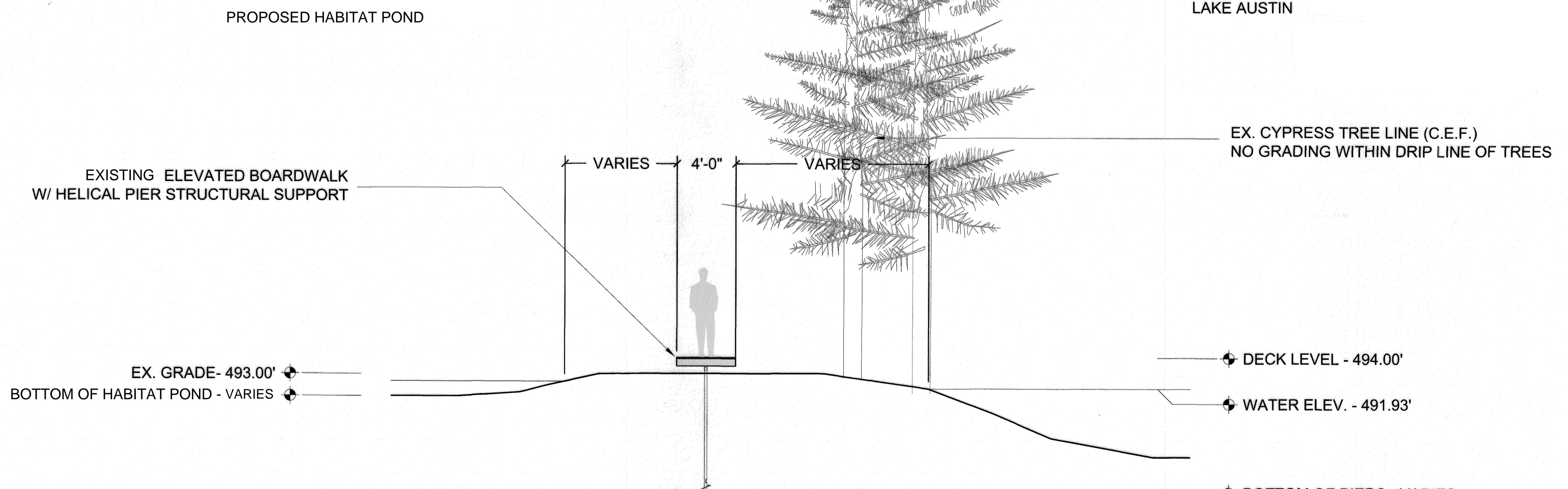
ARCHITECTURAL SLOPE STABILIZATION DETAIL - TYP.

SCALE: 1"=1'-0"



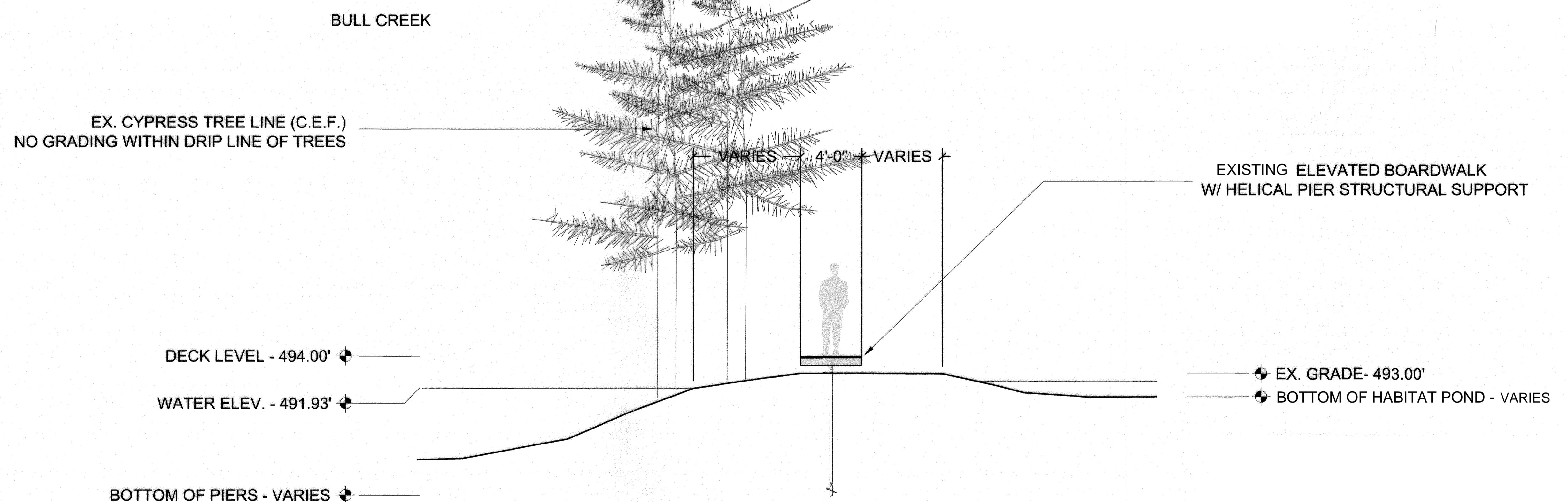
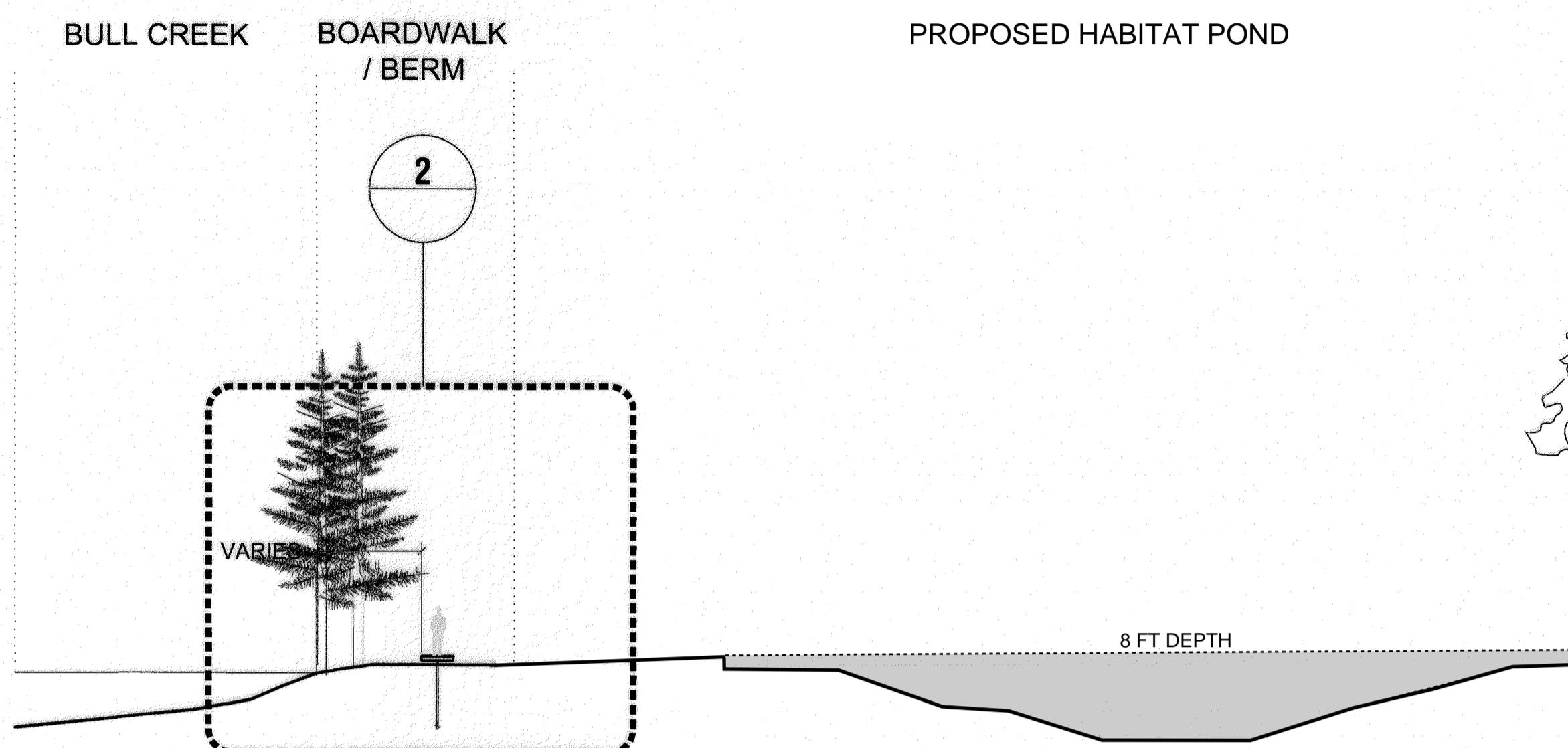
1 SITE SECTION - TYP.

SCALE: 1/32"=1'-0"



2 BOARDWALK SECTION - TYP. @ LAKE AUSTIN

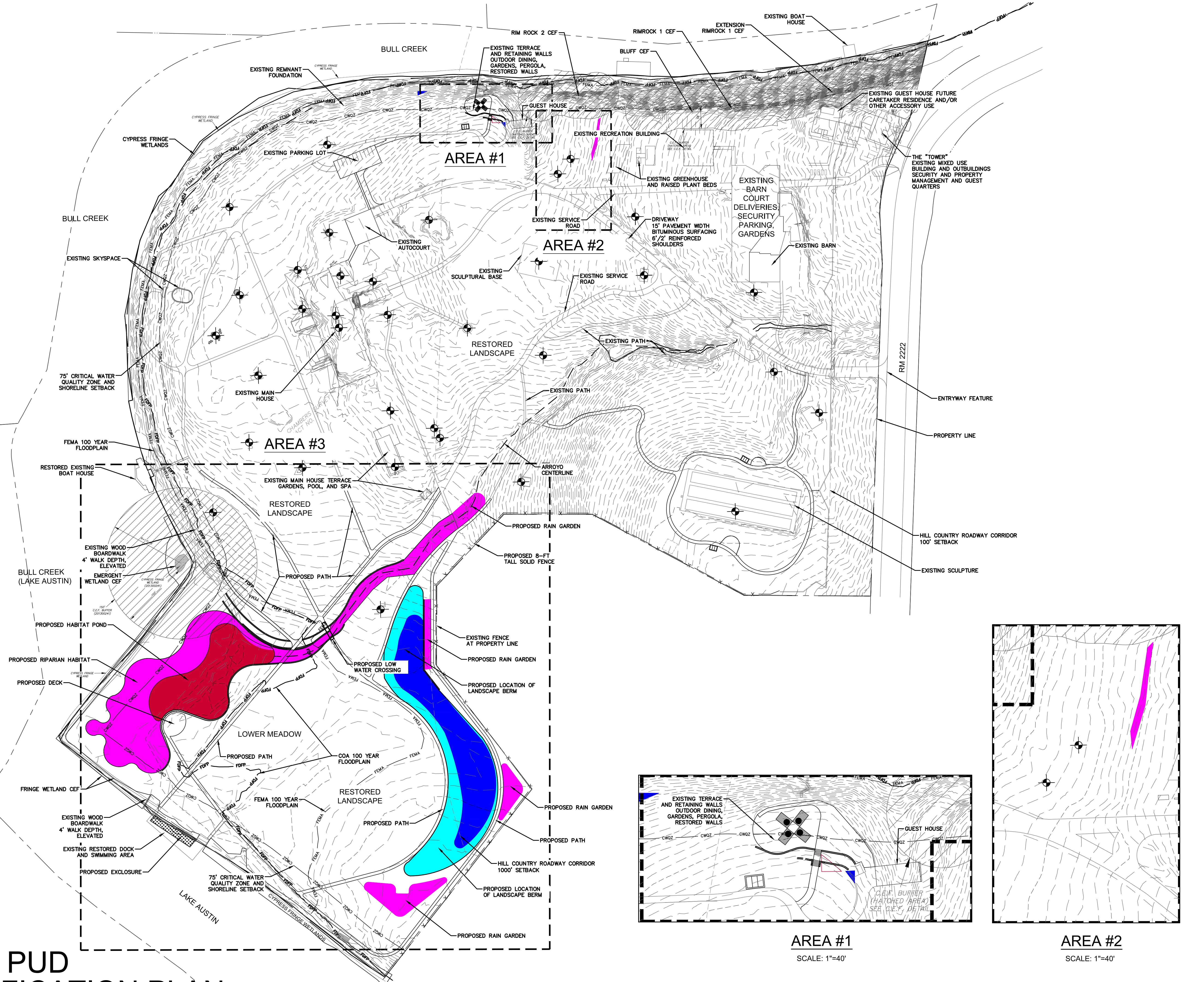
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"





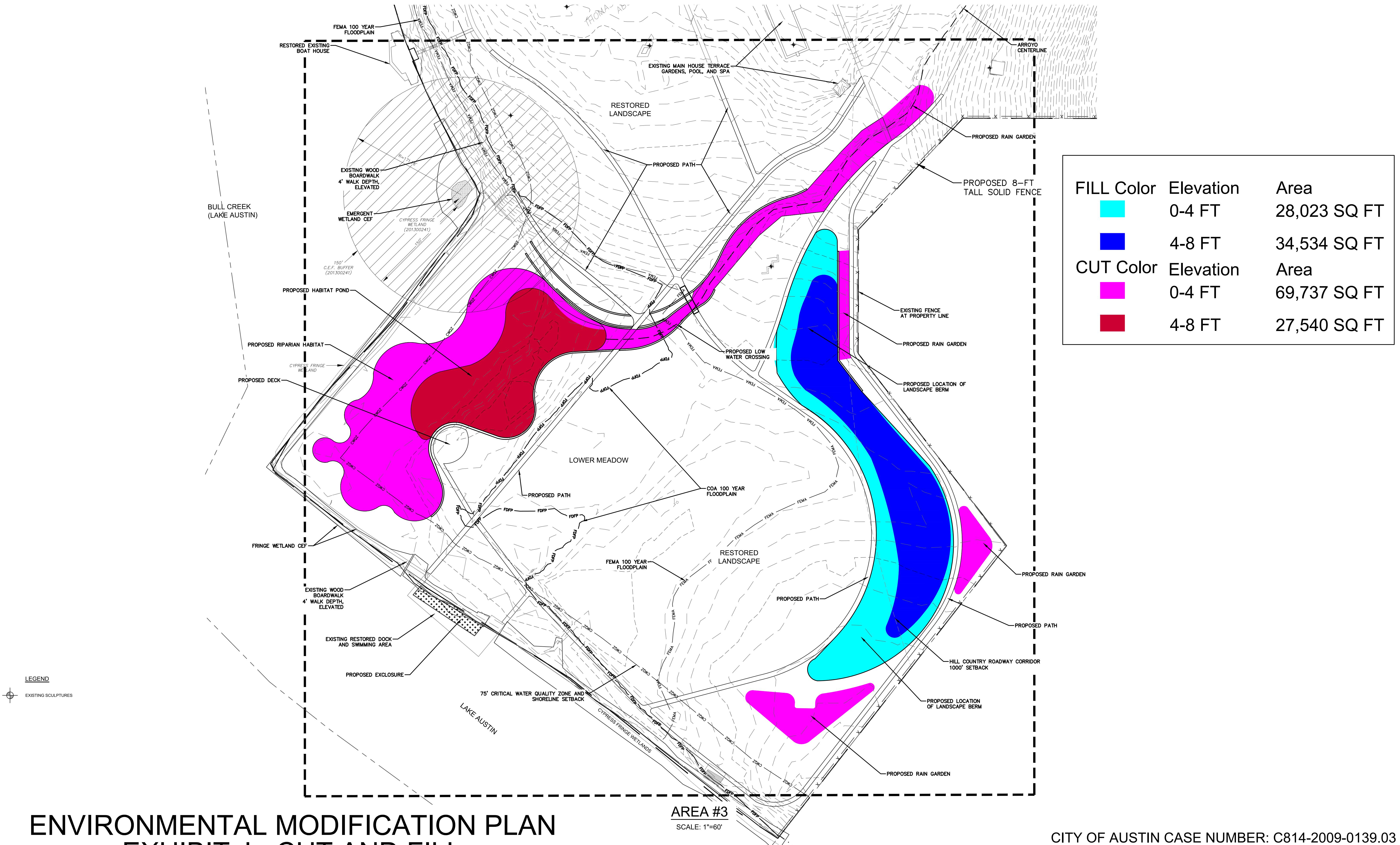
100
0 50 100 200
1" = 100'

FILL Color	Elevation	Area
■	0-4 FT	28,023 SQ FT
■	4-8 FT	34,534 SQ FT
CUT Color	Elevation	Area
■	0-4 FT	69,737 SQ FT
■	4-8 FT	27,540 SQ FT



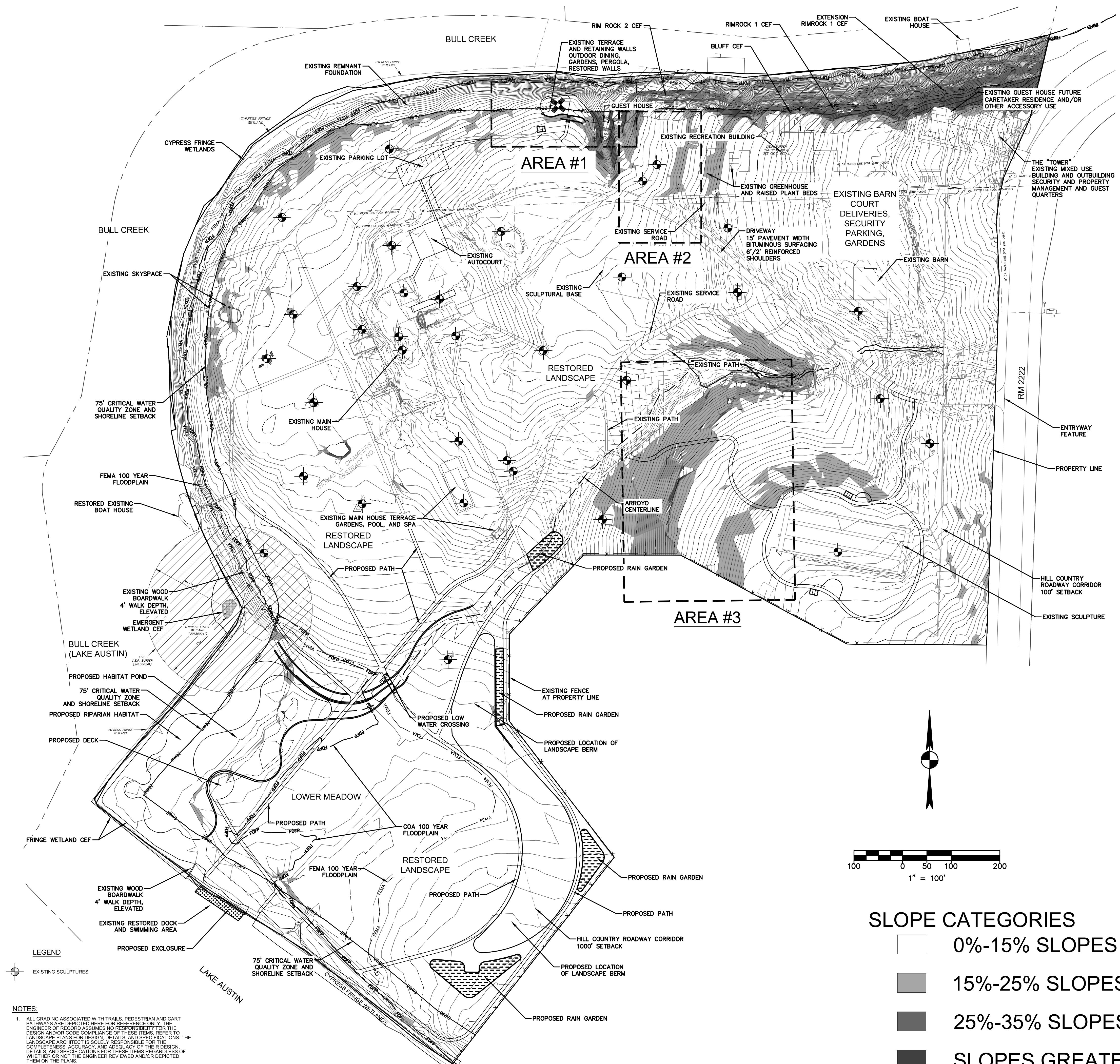
BULL CREEK PUD ENVIRONMENTAL MODIFICATION PLAN EXHIBIT J - CUT AND FILL

CITY OF AUSTIN CASE NUMBER: C814-2009-0139.03
REPLACEMENT SHEET



CITY OF AUSTIN CASE NUMBER: C814-2009-0139.03
REPLACEMENT SHEET

BULL CREEK P.U.D.



ENVIRONMENTAL MODIFICATION PLAN EXHIBIT K - CONSTRUCTION ON SLOPES

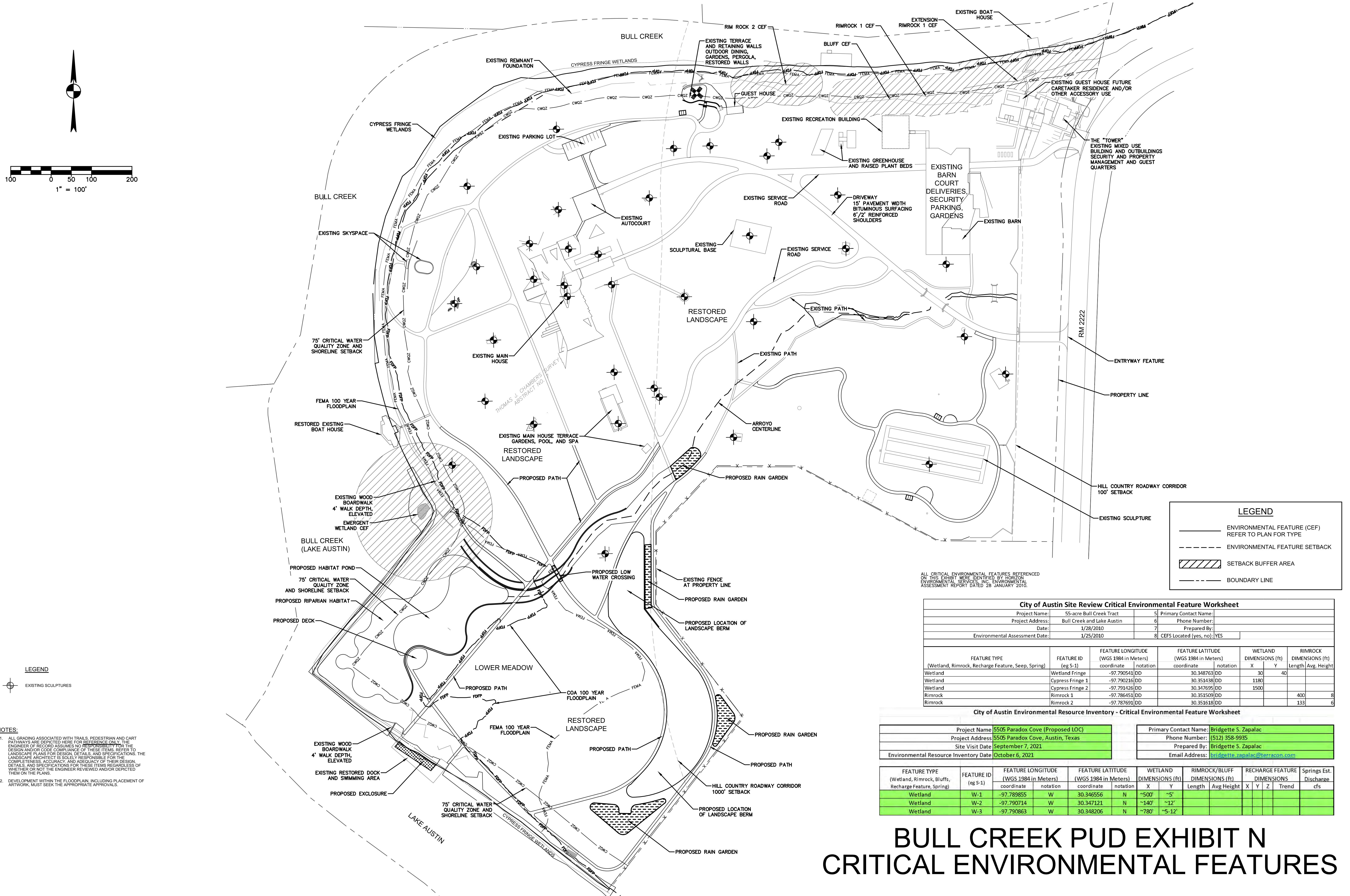
CITY OF AUSTIN CASE NUMBER: C814-2009-0139.03
REPLACEMENT SHEET

SLOPE CATEGORIES

- 0%-15% SLOPES
- 15%-25% SLOPES
- 25%-35% SLOPES
- SLOPES GREATER THAN 35%



Slopes Table				
Number	Minimum Slope	Maximum Slope	Area (Acres)	Color
1	0.00%	15.00%	44.3	
2	15.00%	25.00%	2.6	
3	25.00%	35.00%	0.4	
4	35.00%	100.00%	0.5	



SEE EXHIBIT O-1
FOR TOWER LOT DETAIL

PLAN KEY

- EXISTING TREE ≥ 19" DIAMETER
- ✗ EXISTING TREE ≥ 19" DIAMETER, TO BE REMOVED DUE TO IMMINENT HAZARD/DEAD
- ✓ EXISTING TREE ≥ 19", REMOVED VIA TORA
- ✗ EXISTING TREE ≥ 19", FALLEN/DEAD
- TRANSPLANTED LIVE OAK ≥ 8", PLANTED BEFORE 2022
- PROPOSED LOCATION OF RELOCATED TREES ≤ 19" IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED BERM, LOCATION TO BE VERIFIED IN FIELD
- ✗ EXISTING TREE ≤ 19", TO BE REMOVED DUE TO POOR HEALTH AND IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED BERM

1. PROTECT AND SAVE EXISTING TREES WITHIN LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION AS IDENTIFIED ON THE SITE PLAN FOR BULL CREEK LOWER MEADOW IMPROVEMENTS. FINAL LOCATIONS TO BE VERIFIED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT IN FIELD.

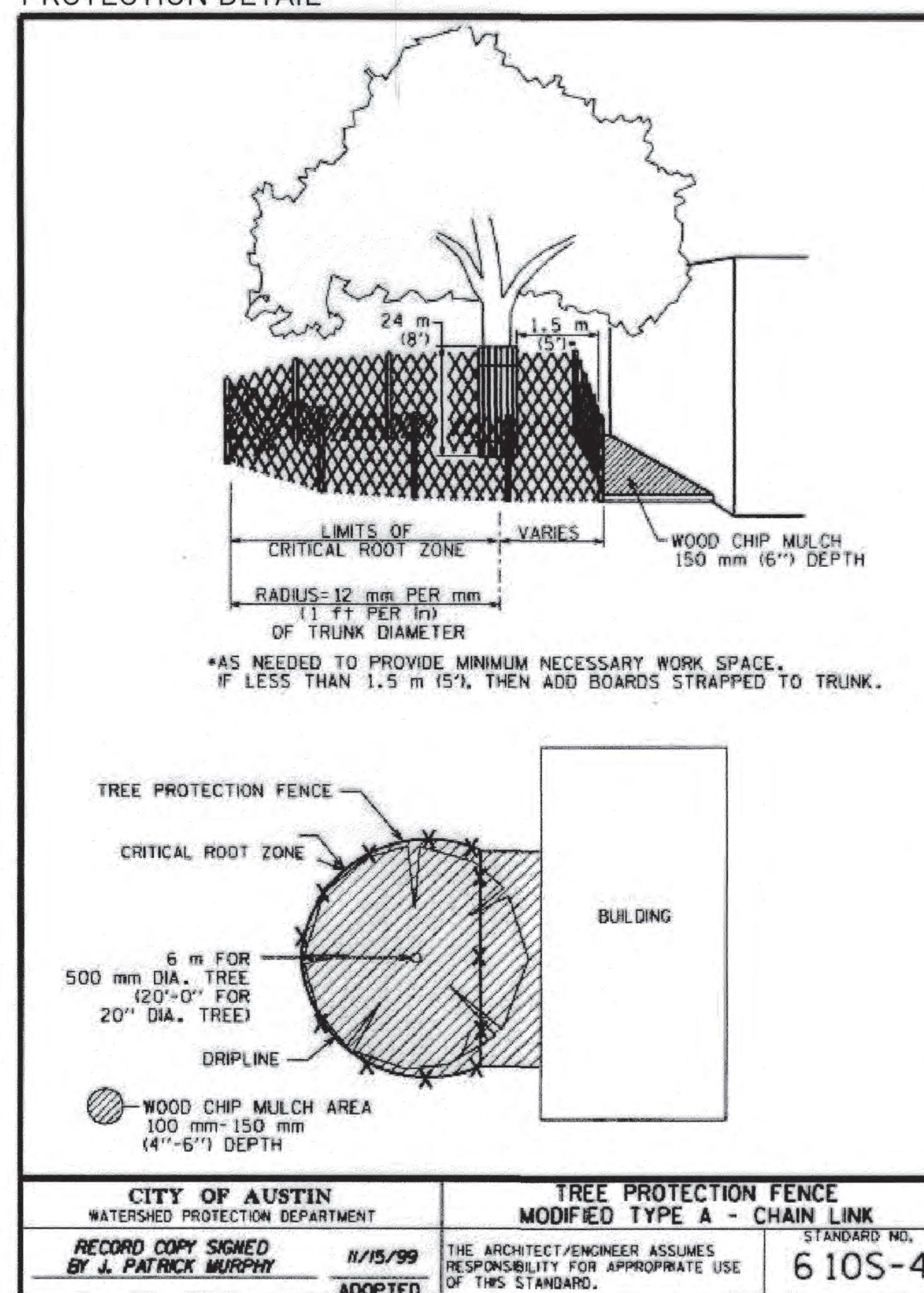
2. ALL FENCING PROTECTS CRITICAL ROOT ZONE (CRZ) OF SIGNIFICANT TREES PER CITY OF AUSTIN TREE PROTECTION ORDINANCE. SEE DETAIL PROVIDED IN THE SITE PLAN FOR BULL CREEK LOWER MEADOW IMPROVEMENTS.

3. THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE (CRZ) IS ONE FOOT FROM THE TREE TRUNK FOR EACH DIAMETER INCH OF TRUNK SIZE.

4. FENCING IS REQUIRED TO BE CHAIN-LINK MESH AT A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF FIVE FEET. A SIX INCH LAYER OF MULCH WITHIN THE ENTIRE AVAILABLE ROOT ZONE AREA IS REQUIRED FOR TREES WHICH HAVE ANY DISTURBANCE.

5. ALL TREES LESS THAN 19" DIAMETER ARE NOT SHOWN.

PROTECTION DETAIL



SAVED TREES, $\geq 19"$

ID	Total Diameter	Tree Type	Status
23259	19	Cedar	Saved
23311	19	Cedar	Saved
23391	19	Cedar	Saved
23437	19	Cedar	Saved
23561	19	Cedar	Saved
23681	19	Cedar	Saved
23723	19	Cedar	Saved
23970	19	Cedar	Saved
24133	19	Cedar	Saved
25064	19	Cedar	Saved
25073	19	Cedar	Saved
18311	19	Cedar Elm	Saved
16706	19	Cypress	Saved
16716	19	Cypress	Saved
16748	19	Cypress	Saved
16766	19	Cypress	Saved
16940	19	Cypress	Saved
16963	19	Cypress	Saved
16964	19	Cypress	Saved
16973	19	Cypress	Saved
6329	19	Live Oak	Saved
6332	19	Live Oak	Saved
6470	19	Live Oak	Saved
23039	19	Live Oak	Saved
23318	19	Live Oak	Saved
23360	19	Live Oak	Saved
23361	19	Live Oak	Saved
23363	19	Live Oak	Saved
23901	19	Live Oak	Saved
23902	19	Live Oak	Saved
24112	19	Live Oak	Saved
25104	19	Live Oak	Saved
25213	19	Live Oak	Saved
23824	20	Ash	Saved
9675	20	Cedar	Saved
18371	20	Cedar	Saved
18378	20	Cedar	Saved
23444	20	Cedar	Saved
23445	20	Cedar	Saved
23923	20	Cedar	Saved
24185	20	Cedar	Saved
25020	20	Cedar	Saved
25050	20	Cedar	Saved
25283	20	Cedar	Saved
18308	20	Cedar Elm	Saved
18313	20	Cedar Elm	Saved
16708	20	Cypress	Saved
16732	20	Cypress	Saved
16746	20	Cypress	Saved
16789	20	Cypress	Saved
16906	20	Cypress	Saved
16911	20	Cypress	Saved
16918	20	Cypress	Saved
16919	20	Cypress	Saved
16953	20	Cypress	Saved
23679	20	Cypress	Saved
6358	20	Elm	Saved
23907	20	Hackberry	Saved
24187	20	Hackberry	Saved
6334	20	Live Oak	Saved
6405	20	Live Oak	Saved
6453	20	Live Oak	Saved
18318	20	Live Oak	Saved
23346	20	Live Oak	Saved
24103	20	Live Oak	Saved
25366	20	Live Oak	Saved
6323	21	American Elm	Saved
6395	21	American Elm	Saved
18391	21	American Elm	Saved
6387	21	Cedar	Saved
9527	21	Cedar	Saved
9548	21	Cedar	Saved
23083	21	Cedar	Saved
23223	21	Cedar	Saved
23241	21	Cedar	Saved
23375	21	Cedar	Saved
23438	21	Cedar	Saved
23502	21	Cedar	Saved
23558	21	Cedar	Saved
23568	21	Cedar	Saved
23570	21	Cedar	Saved
23704	21	Cedar	Saved
23754	21	Cedar	Saved
23915	21	Cedar	Saved
24179	21	Cedar	Saved
24182	21	Cedar	Saved
25068	21	Cedar	Saved
16727	21	Cypress	Saved

REMOVED TREES, $\geq 19"$

ID	Total Diameter	Tree Type	Status
16736	21	Cypress	Saved
16787	21	Cypress	Saved
16936	21	Cypress	Saved
16956	21	Cypress	Saved
23773	21	Cypress	Saved
6371	21	Live Oak	Saved
6392	21	Live Oak	Saved
6466	21	Live Oak	Saved
6482	21	Live Oak	Saved
9524	21	Live Oak	Saved
18317	21	Live Oak	Saved
23047	21	Live Oak	Saved
23053	21	Live Oak	Saved
23335	21	Live Oak	Saved
23347	21	Live Oak	Saved
23394	21	Live Oak	Saved
23402	21	Live Oak	Saved
23763	21	Live Oak	Saved
23909	21	Live Oak	Saved
23977	21	Live Oak	Saved
24120	21	Live Oak	Saved
16993	21	Pecan	Saved
18361	22	American Elm	Saved
6321	22	Cedar	Saved
6322	22	Cedar	Saved
6327	22	Cedar	Saved
6473	22	Cedar	Saved
23028	22	Cedar	Saved
23155	22	Cedar	Saved
23193	22	Cedar	Saved
23571	22	Cedar	Saved
23685	22	Cedar	Saved
23896	22	Cedar	Saved
23900	22	Cedar	Saved
16750	22	Cypress	Saved
16771	22	Cypress	Saved
16946	22	Cypress	Saved
16949	22	Cypress	Saved
16971	22	Cypress	Saved
23775	22	Cypress	Saved
23786	22	Cypress	Saved
6398	22	Live Oak	Saved
6483	22	Live Oak	Saved
9636	22	Live Oak	Saved
23303	22	Live Oak	Saved
23342	22	Live Oak	Saved
23367	22	Live Oak	Saved
23713	22	Live Oak	Saved
23760	22	Live Oak	Saved
24178	22	Live Oak	Saved
24184	22	Live Oak	Saved
25088	22	Live Oak	Saved
25362	22	Live Oak	Saved
23654	22	Sycamore	Saved
23815	22	Sycamore	Saved
23310	23	Cedar	Saved
23969	23	Cedar	Saved
25136	23	Cedar	Saved
16735	27	Cypress	Saved
16915	27	Cypress	Saved
16927	26	Cypress	Saved
16967	26	Cypress	Saved
23785	26	Cypress	Saved
6354	26	Live Oak	Saved
6391	26	Live Oak	Saved
9598	26	Live Oak	Saved
23430	26	Live Oak	Saved
23912	26	Live Oak	Saved
23914	26	Live Oak	Saved
23951	26	Live Oak	Saved
24089	26	Live Oak	Saved
24105	26	Live Oak	Saved
24106	26	Live Oak	Saved
24195	26	Live Oak	Saved
16997	26	Pecan	Saved
23326	26	Post Oak	Saved
23320	26	Red Oak	Saved
23971	27	Cedar	Saved
16735	27	Cypress	Saved
16915	27	Cypress	Saved
16928	27	Cypress	Saved
16929	27	Cypress	Saved
16931	27	Cypress	Saved
16960	27	Cypress	Saved
6388	27	Live Oak	Saved
9601	27	Live Oak	Saved
23296	27	Live Oak	Saved
24110	27	Live Oak	Saved
25029	27	Live Oak	Saved
25371	27	Live Oak	Saved
16994	27	Pecan	Saved
16998	27	Pecan	Saved
16961	28	Cypress	Saved
16965	28	Cypress	Saved
23801	28	Cypress	Saved
24027	28	Cypress	Saved
6344	28	Live Oak	Saved
9580	28	Live Oak	Saved
23880	28	Live Oak	Saved
18315	29	Cedar	Saved
23029	29	Cedar	Saved
23662	29	Cedar	Saved
16948	29	Cypress	Saved
16950	29	Cypress	Saved
9592	29	Live Oak	Saved
6452	29	Live Oak	Saved
9640	29	Live Oak	Saved
23036	29	Live Oak	Saved
23037	29	Live Oak	Saved
23403	29	Live Oak	Saved
9616	24	Live Oak	Saved
23710	24	Live Oak	Saved
24092	24	Live Oak	Saved

Reference September 2020 Bartlett Tree Inspection Report for arborist recommended removal of the Cottonwood trees due to imminent health risk.

TREES IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED BERM TO BE RELOCATED OR REMOVED DUE TO POOR HEALTH, $\leq 19"$

ID	Total Diameter	Tree Type	Status
16736	21</		

Date: May 3, 2022

To: Environmental Commission, City of Austin

From: A Coalition of neighborhoods, including:

Courtyard HOA (neighborhood with “standing,” boundaries adjoin the property in question)

Lake Austin Collective (LAC)

Shepherd Mountain Neighborhood Association

2222 Coalition of Neighborhood Associations (CONA)

Northwest Austin Civic Association (NWACA)

Subject: Bull Creek PUD Amendment #3 (C814-2009-0139.03) – Conversion to Civic Use

Dear Commission Members:

We understand that the City’s environmental staff continues to review the Bull Creek PUD Amendment, but in the meantime, we would like to express concerns about the project’s environmental impact. Please note that besides these concerns, we support the proposed PUD amendment to convert the PUD to civic use, as we understand it. We hope your commission will help us address these three primary concerns:

1) Request #1: Require 100' setback from the CEF for siting of the artist's education building.

A 20,000 square foot building is planned to be sited along the cliff bordering Bull Creek, 55' from the CEF. Based on our understanding of the sensitivity of Bull Creek, we are asking that the setback from the CEF be increased to 100'.

History: The Bull Creek PUD is surrounded on one side by Bull Creek, a watershed which deposits directly into Lake Austin, and on another side by Lake Austin itself. Since Bull Creek is a small waterway, we are concerned that it will not be able to absorb any additional impacts. In 2010, a bridge was constructed on RM 2222 near Capital of Texas Highway to replace a low water crossing. Unfortunately, this caused a change in water flow velocity and a significant increase in sedimentation. Over time, these impacts have reduced the navigable depth of Bull Creek for many residents who have owned waterfront property on Bull Creek for 40 years. We have been experiencing firsthand the effects of increased development on Bull Creek, and the runoff from more and more impervious cover.

2) Request #2:

- a. **Require Right In, Right Out only access to the property**
- b. **Require the BOE consultant's modified TIA (required by staff) Findings and Recommendations to be implemented**
- c. **Require a Transportation Demand Management plan prior to approval of the PUD**
- d. **Require, in perpetuity, an annual report submitted to the director of ATD demonstrating compliance with the agreed daily trip max of 400 (200 in; 200 out)**
- e. **Require a reservation system to limit public access to the site**
- f. **Require the applicant to participate in necessary transportation improvements**

The current plans, as we understand them from the Booth team, are to allow for ingress and egress for traffic at the existing west-most entrance to the property. This entrance is located at a sharp bend in RM2222. The current plan is to widen RM2222 to allow for a left turn lane across RM2222 immediately preceding that sharp bend in the road. The only way to accommodate left in, left out access to the property would be to widen RM2222. This will wipe out the trees in the Hill Country Roadway buffer. We do not want the trees to be removed and we believe that right in, right out access is the only safe and environmentally feasible way to accommodate the increased traffic that will be entering and exiting the property once converted to the art museum.

- 3) Request #3: Limit the land use to Code section 25-2-6 Civic Uses, described in (15) Cultural services. Omit "commercial use" from the PUD amendment language to prevent potential other uses not defined for the intent of an art museum.**

We believe that commercial uses, whether intended or not, would allow for future uses not currently intended which will significantly change the potential for environmental burdens not planned or mitigated by the PUD amendment or the site plans under consideration by City Staff.

We have other and secondary concerns or questions that we would like to better understand, including:

- 1) Runoff, and specifically the size and location of water quality ponds
- 2) Fertilizer on the approximately 54 acres of largely grassy land
- 3) How the grass will be watered (from Bull Creek or Lake Austin) and the quantity of water for irrigation that would be permitted

May we suggest that the Commission consider a special committee to further evaluate these concerns.

If you have any questions or would like additional backup information, please email or call Denise Hogan, Courtyard HOA Board President at denise.1.hogan@gmail.com or 214.403.4454.

Thank you for your consideration.

Denise Hogan, Courtyard HOA

Linda Bailey, LAC

Marisa Lipscher, Shepherd Mountain NA

Tom Smith, CONA

Ben Luckens, NWACA

Charlie Galvin, NWACA