Zoning Ordinance Approval ACCITY OF AUSTIN ACCEPTATION FOR COUNCIL ACTION PA

AGENDA ITEM NO.: 48 AGENDA DATE: Thu 04/22/2004

PAGE: 1 of 1

SUBJECT: C14-03-0165 - Shaid Zoning - Approve third reading of an ordinance amending Chapter 25-2 of the Austin City Code by zoning property locally known as 3206 West Slaughter Lane (Slaughter Creek Watershed -Barton Springs Zone) from interim-rural residence (I-RR) district zoning to townhouse & condominium residence (SF-6) district zoning. First reading on February 5, 2004. Vote: 6-1, Slusher nay. Second Reading on March 25, 2004. Vote: 6-1, Slusher nay. Conditions met as follows: Restrictive Covenant incorporates the conditions accepted by City Council at second ordinance reading. Applicant: Orrin Shaid and Orrin Shaid III. Agent: Crocker Consultants (Sarah Crocker). City Staff: Wendy Walsh, 974-7719.

REQUESTING Neighborhood Planning **DIRECTOR'S**

DEPARTMENT: and Zoning **AUTHORIZATION:** Greg Guernsey

RCA Serial#: 5023 Original: Yes Published: Fri 04/09/2004

Disposition: Adjusted version published: Fri 04/16/2004

THIRD READING SUMMARY SHEET

ZONING CASE NUMBER: C14-03-0165

<u>REQUEST</u>: Approve third reading of an ordinance amending Chapter 25-2 of the Austin City Code by rezoning property locally known as 3206 West Slaughter Lane (Slaughter Creek Watershed-Barton Springs Zone) from interim-rural residence (I-RR) district zoning to townhouse & condominium residence (SF-6) district zoning. The Restrictive Covenant provides that at the time a site plan is submitted, it will include an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan and a landscape plan for the use of native and adapted plant materials.

DEPARTMENT COMMENTS:

On Wednesday, April 14, 2004, Mr. Pat Murphy, the City's Environmental Officer inspected the site with the applicant and his engineer. Mr. Murphy's inspection revealed a significant Critical Environmental Feature (CEF) in the form of an 18" in diameter vent hole in the ground along the west side of the property, about halfway between the front and rear property lines. The hole was expelling air and would trigger a 150-foot setback requirement from any future development. This setback would significantly impact the applicant's proposed residential project as contemplated at this time. Mr. Murphy also inspected the proposed creek crossings and determined that two creek crossings could be utilized, in light of the CEF discovery.

The applicant's representative and her engineer had a joint meeting with Zoning and Watershed Protection staff on April 7, 2004 to discuss development issues on the property. The applicant would like to maintain two creek crossings: one to enter the property and one to provide access to its northern portion. The applicant has discussed the use of a freestanding bridge (in lieu of a box culvert which has a concrete-lined bottom) in order to maintain the natural stream course, and agrees not to build residential units in the 100-year flood plain.

The applicant has provided two conceptual plans showing flood plain constraints and residential development of the property. The first plan shows development which may occur by way of the recorded 1978 plat and the second shows development which may occur with the application of SOS regulations. Please refer to Attachment A, following the Zoning Map.

The applicant has entered into a Restrictive Covenant with the City that provides that at the time a site plan is submitted, it will include an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan and a landscape plan for the use of native and adapted plant materials.

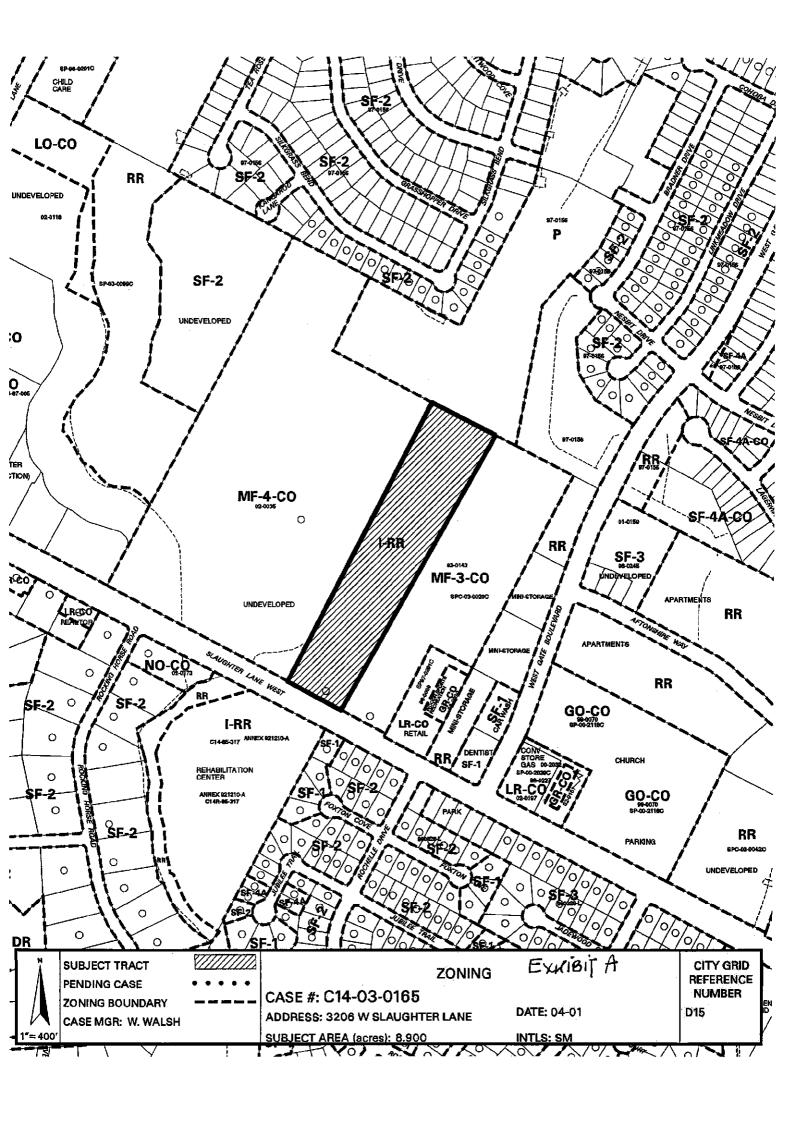
OWNER/APPLICANT: Orrin Shaid and Orrin Shaid III

<u>AGENT</u>: Crocker Consultants (Sarah Crocker)

<u>DATE OF FIRST READING</u>: February 5, 2004, approved SF-6 district zoning, on 1st Reading (6-1, D.S. – Nay).

<u>DATE OF SECOND READING</u>: March 25, 2004, approved SF-6 district zoning, on 2nd Reading. Applicant will continue negotiations with the Watershed Protection and Development Review staff. (6-1, D.S. – Nay).

CITY COUNCIL HEARING DATE: April 22, 2004



Thrower Design

701 Brazos Street, Suite 300A • Austin, Texas • 78701 (512) 476-4456 • Fax (512) 476-4454

February 3, 2004

Ms. Sarah Crocker Crocker Consultants 809 South Lamar Blvd. Austin, Texas 78704

RE:

Shaid Zoning

C14-03-0165

Dear Ms. Crocker,

We have been asked to prepare two Concept Plans for the above referenced property to identify a reasonable yield of the property utilizing old rules under one scenario and S.O.S. compliance under another scenario.

The flood plain is a large limiting factor in the development of the site. A flood plain analysis was prepared by Chris McComb, P.E., which identified the existing flood plain and a modified flood plain incorporating channel improvements. Other limiting site development factors are the limited frontage for the property at 257', as well as the extensive tree coverage.

Concept Plan 1 is based on the application of older rules governing the development of the property. The modified flood plain and channel improvements which created larger pockets for development. A single driveway from Slaughter Lane serves the entire development of 24 townhome units. These townhome units are 4-units combined into single buildings with a total of 6 building proposed for development. The existing home is retained and can be converted to a clubhouse / common area for the residents of the site.

Concept Plan 2 is based on the current rules, being the S.O.S. rules, governing the development of the property. The site appears to be wholly or partially within the Recharge Zone of the Edward's Aquifer and as such we have only accounted for 15% allowable impervious cover for the entire site as if it were entirely within the recharge zone. The waterway is defined as a minor tributary and the Critical Water Quality Zone

attachment a

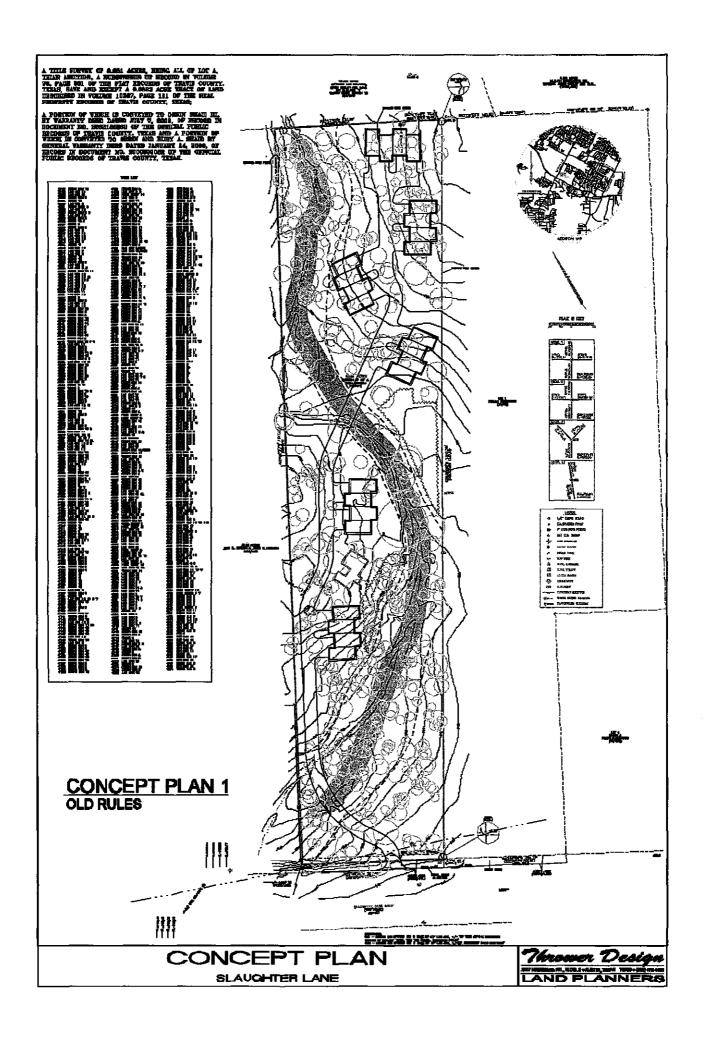
LAND PLANNERS

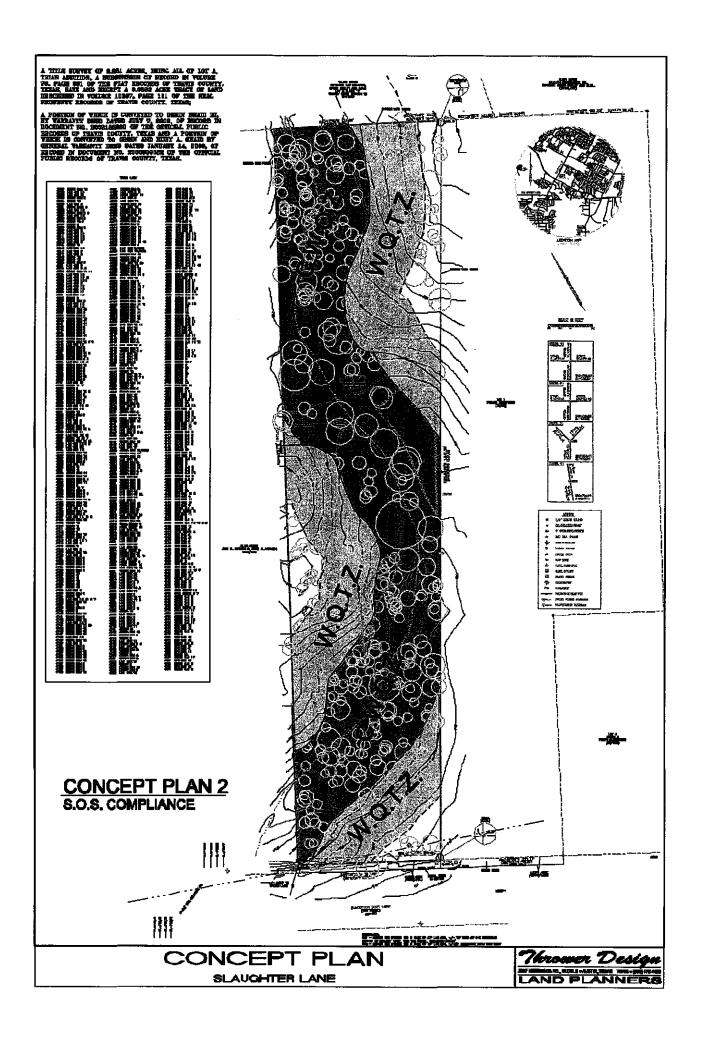
and Water Quality Transition Zone greatly impact the site. As you can see on the attached plan the limited amount of uplands would only allow 5,100 s.f. of development prior to the perimeter roadway deduction required by Code. These deductions reduce the allowable impervious cover of the site to 0 s.f., (The actual computed deduction causes the allowable s.f. to be -1,750 s.f., which is not possible so we rounded this to zero).

I trust that this meets your needs and should you have any questions, please call me at my office.

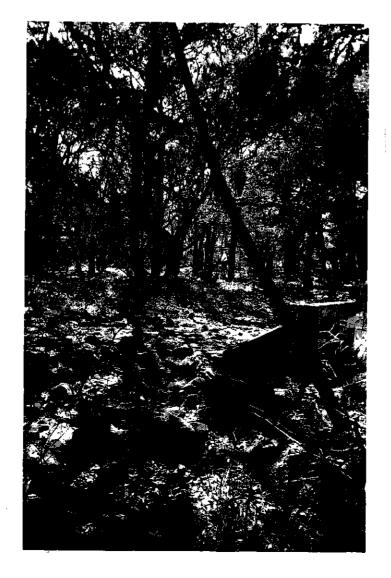
Sincerely,

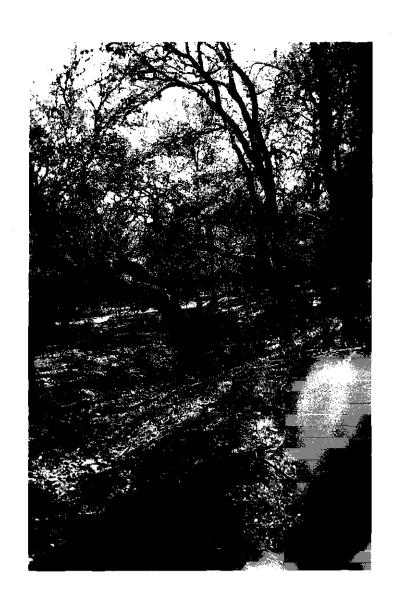
A. Ron Thrower (original sent without signature via email)

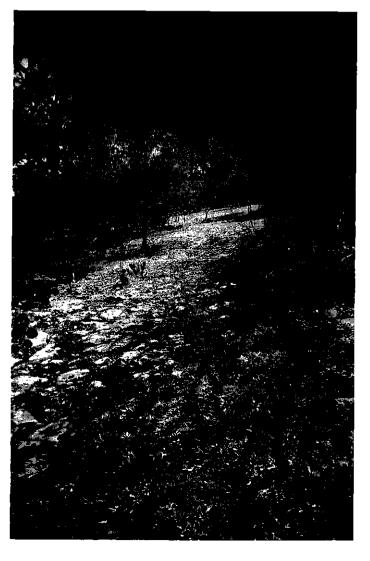




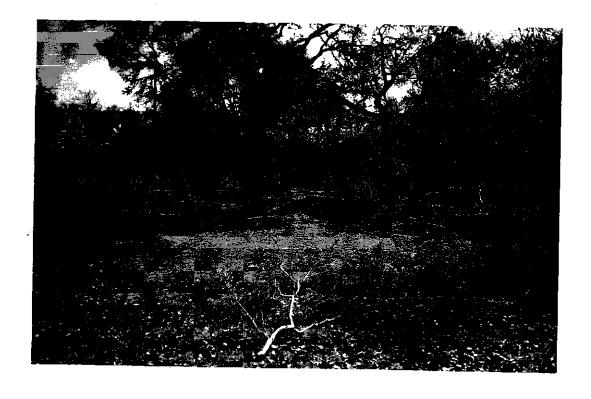








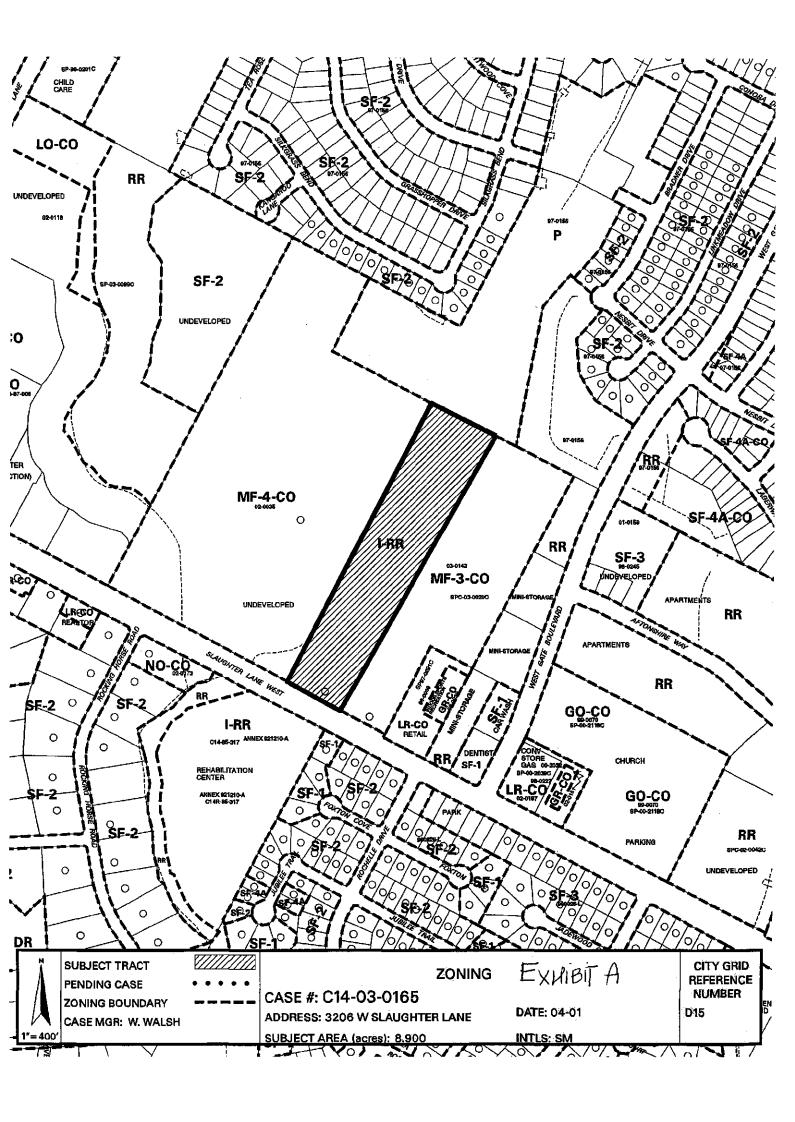








	ORDINANCI	F NO		
	ORDINANCE	E NO		
1 2 3 4 5 6	AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING PROPERTY LOCATED AT 3206 W THE ZONING MAP FROM INTER TO TOWNHOUSE AND CONDOMIC BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CIT	VEST SLAUG RIM RURAI NIUM RESI	GHTER LANE AND CHANGING L RESIDENCE (I-RR) DISTRICT DENCE (SF-6) DISTRICT.	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	PART 1. The zoning map established by Section 25-2-191 of the City Code is amended to change the base district from interim rural residence (I-RR) district to townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district on the property described in Zoning Case No.C14-03-0165, on file at the Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department, as follows: Lot A, Trian Addition Subdivision, a subdivision in the City of Austin, Travis County, Texas, according to the map or plat of record in Plat Book 76, Page 331, of the Plat Records of Travis County, Texas,			
16 17 18 19 20	locally known as 3206 West Slaughter and generally identified in the map attace. PART 2. This ordinance takes effect on	hed as Exhibi		
21 22 23	PASSED AND APPROVED	1.		
24 25 26 27 28 29	, 2004	§ § § 	Will Wynn Mayor	
30 31 32 33	APPROVED: David Allan Smith	ATTEST	Shirley A. Brown	
34	City Attorney Draft: 12/26/2003 Page	e 1 of l	City Clerk COA Law Department	



RESTRICTIVE COVENANT

OWNER:

Orrin Shaid and Orrin Shaid III

ADDRESS:

3206 West Slaughter Lane, Austin, TX 78748

CONSIDERATION: Ten and No/100 Dollars (\$10.00) and other good and valuable consideration paid by the City of Austin to the Owner, the receipt and

sufficiency of which is acknowledged.

PROPERTY:

Lot A, Trian Addition Subdivision, a subdivision in the City of Austin, Travis County, according to the map or plat of record, in Plat Book 76,

Page 331, of the Plat Records of Travis County, Texas.

WHEREAS, the Owner of the Property and the City of Austin have agreed that the Property should be impressed with certain covenants and restrictions;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is declared that the Owner of the Property, for the consideration, shall hold, sell and convey the Property, subject to the following covenants and restrictions impressed upon the Property by this restrictive covenant. These covenants and restrictions shall run with the land, and shall be binding on the Owner of the Property, its heirs, successors, and assigns.

- At the time an application for approval of a site plan is submitted for development of the 1. Property, or any portion of the Property, an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) plan shall be submitted to the Watershed Protection and Development Review Department for review and approval.
- 2. The IPM plan shall comply with the guidelines in Section 1.6.9.2 (D) and (F) of the Environmental Criteria Manual that are in effect on the date of this covenant.
- 3. At the time an application for approval of a site plan is submitted for development of the Property, or any portion of the Property, a landscape plan shall be submitted to the Watershed Protection and Development Review Department for review and approval. Ninety percent of the total plant material used, exclusive of turf, shall be native to Central Texas or on the Grow Green Native and Adapted Landscape Plants list, attached as Exhibit "A". Plants on the Invasive Species/Problem Plants list, attached as Exhibit "B", may not be included.
- 4. If any person or entity shall violate or attempt to violate this agreement and covenant, it shall be lawful for the City of Austin to prosecute proceedings at law or in equity against such person or entity violating or attempting to violate such agreement or covenant, to prevent the person or entity from such actions, and to collect damages for such actions.
- 5. If any part of this agreement or covenant is declared invalid, by judgment or court order, the same shall in no way affect any of the other provisions of this agreement, and such remaining portion of this agreement shall remain in full effect.

- If at any time the City of Austin fails to enforce this agreement, whether or not any 6. violations of it are known, such failure shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel of the right to enforce it.
- This agreement may be modified, amended, or terminated only by joint action of both (a) a majority of the members of the City Council of the City of Austin, and (b) by the owner(s) of the Property subject to the modification, amendment or termination at the 7. time of such modification, amendment or termination.

EXECUTED this the OWNER: Orrin Shaid APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Assistant City Attorney City of Austin

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF TRAVIS

This instrument was acknowledged before me on this the 2004, by Orrin Shaid.

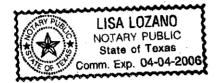
day of

Van

THE STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF TRAVIS

80000

This instrument was acknowledged before me on this the oq day of march 2004, by Orrin Shaid III.



Notary Public, State of Texas

After Recording, Please Return to: City of Austin Department of Law P. O. Box 1088 Austin, Texas 78767

Attention: Diana Minter, Legal Assistant

EXHIBIT A

Grow Green Native and Adapted Landscape Plants

Trees

Ash, Texas Fraxinus texensis
Arizona Cypress Cupressus arizonica
Big Tooth Maple Acer grandidentatum
Cypress, Bald Taxodium distichum
Cypress, Montezuma Taxodium
mucronatum
Elm, Cedar Ulmus crassifolia
Elm, Lacebark Ulmus parvifolia
Honey Mesquite Prosopis glandulosa
Oak, Bur Quercus macrocarpa
Oak, Chinquapin Quercus muhlenbergii
Oak, Southern Live Quercus virginiana

Oak, Escarpment Live Quercus fusilformis
Oak, Lacey Quercus glaucoides
Oak, Monterey (Mexican White)
Quercus polymorpha
Oak, Shumard Quercus shumardii
Oak, Texas Red Quercus texana
(Quercus buckleyi)
Pecan Carya illinoinensis
Soapberry Sapindus drummondii

Small Trees/Large Shrubs

Anacacho Orchit Tree Bauhinia congesta Buckeye, Mexican Ungnadia speciosa Buckeye, Rec Aesculus pavia Caolina Buckthorn Rhamnus caroliniana Cherry Laurel Prunus caroliniana Crape Myrtle Lagerstroemia indica Desert Willow Chilopsis linearis Dogwood, Roughleaf Cornus drummondii Escarpment Black Cherry Prunus serotina var, eximia Eve's Necklace Sophora affinis Goldenball Leadtree Leucaena retusa Holly, Possumhaw Ilex decidua Holly, Yaupon *Ilex vomitoria* Mountain Laurel, Texas Sophora secundiflora

Persimmon, Texas Diospyros texana Pistachio, Texas Pistacia texana Plum, Mexican Prunus mexicana Pomegranate Punica granatum Redbud, Mexican Cercis canadensis 'mexicana' Redbud, Texas Cercis canadensis var. 'texensis' Retama Jerusalem Thorn Parkinsonia aculeata Senna, Flowering Cassia corymbosa Smoke Tree, American Cotinus obovatus Sumac, Flameleaf Rhus lanceolata Viburnum, Rusty Blackhaw Viburnum rufidulum Viburnum, Sandankwa Viburnum suspensum

Shrubs

Abelia, Glossy Abelia grandiflora Agarita Berberis trifoliata Agave (Century Plant) Agave sp. American Beartyberry Callicarpa americana Artemisia Artemisia 'Powis Castle' Barbados Cherry Malpighia glabra Barberry, Japanese Berberis thunbergii 'Atropurpurea' Basket Grass (Sacahuista) Nolina texana Black Dalea Dalea frutescens Bush Germander Teucrium fruticans Butterfly Bush Buddleja davidii Butterfly Bush, Wooly Buddleja marrubiifolia Coralberry Symphoricarpos orbiculatus Cotoneaster Cotoneaster sp. Eleagnus Eleagnus pungens Esperanza/Yellow Bells Tecoma stans Flame Acanthus Anisacanthus quadrifidus var. wrightii Fragrant Mimosa Mimosa borealis Holly, Burford Ilex cornuta 'Burfordii' Holly, Dwarf Chinese Ilex cornuta 'Rotunda nana' Holly, Dwarf Yaupon Ilex vomitoria 'Nana' Jasmine, Primrose Jasminum mesnyi Kidneywood Eysenhardtia texana Lantana, Native Lantana horrida Mistflower, Blue (Blue Boneset) Eupatorium coelestinum Mistflower, White (Shrubby White Boneset) Ageratina havanense Mock Orange Philadelphus coronarius

Nandina Nandina domestica 'Compacta' nana' 'Gulf Stream' Oleander Nerium oleander Palmetto Sabal minor Prickly Pear Opuntia engelmannii var. lindheimeri Rose, Belinda's Dream Rosa 'Belinda's Dream' Rose, Lamarne Rosa 'Lamarne' Rose, Livin' Easy Rosa 'Livin' Easy' Rose, Marie Pavie Rosa 'Marie Pavie' Rose, Martha Gonzales Rosa 'Martha Gonzales' Rose, Mutabilis Rosa 'Mutabilis' Rose, Nearly Wild Rosa 'Nearly Wild' Rose, Old Blush Rosa 'Old Blush' Rose, Perle d'or Rosa 'Perle d'or' Rock Rose Pavonia lasiopetala Rosemary Rosmarinus officinalis Sage, Mountain Salvia regla Sage, Texas (Cenizo) Leucophyllum frutescens Senna, Lindheimer Cassia lindheimeriana Southern Wax Myrtle Myrica cerifera Sumac, Evergreen Rhus virens Sumac, Fragrant (Aromatic) Rhus aromatica Texas Sotol Dasylirion texanum Turk's Cap Malvaviscus arboreus Yucca, Paleleaf Yucca pallida Yucca, Red Hesperaloe parviflora Yucca, softleaf Yucca recurvifolia Yucca, Twistleaf Yucca rupicola

Perennials

Black-eved Susan Rudbeckia hirta Bulbine B. frutescens or caulescens Bush Morning Glory Ipomoea fistulosa Butterfly Weed Asclepias tuberosa Buterfly Weed 'Mexican' Asclepias curassivica Cast Iron Plant Aspidistra elatior Chile Pequin Capsicum annuum Cigar Plant Cuphea micropetala Columbine, Red Aquilegia canadensis Columbine, Yellow Aquilegia chrysantha 'Texas Gold' Coreopsis Coreopsis lanceolata Daisy, Blackfoot Melampodium leucanthum Daisy, Copper Canyon Tagetes lemmonii Damiantia Crysactina mexicana Fall Aster Aster oblongifolius Fern, River Thelypteris kunthii Firebush Hamelia patens Gaura Gaura lindeheimeri Gayfeather Liatris mucronata Gregg Dalea Dalea greggii Hibiscus, Perennial Hibiscus moscheutos. Hibiscus coccineus Honeysuckle, Mexican Justicia spicigera Hymenoxys (Four Nerve Daisy) Tetraneuris scaposa Indigo Spires Salvia 'Indigo Spires' Iris, Bearded Iris albicans Iris, Butterfly/Bicolor (African) Dietes Lamb's Ear Stachys byzantina Lantana Lantana x hybrida (many

varieties)

Lantana, Trailing Lantana montevidensis Marigold, Mexican Mint Tagetes lucida Obedient Plant, Fall Physostegia virginiana Oregano, Mexican Poliomintha longiflora Penstemon Penstemon sp. Phlox, Fragrant Phlox pilosa Pink Skullcap Scutellaria suffrutescens Plumbago Plumbago auriculata Poinciana, Red Bird of Paradise, Pride of **Barbados** Caesalpinia pulcherrima Primrose, Missouri Oenothera macrocarpa Purple Coneflower Echinacea purpurea Ruellia Ruellia brittoniana Sage, Cedar Salvia roemeriana Sage, Jerusalem Phlomis fruticosa Sage, Majestic Salvia guaranitica Sage, Mealy Blue Salvia farinacea Sage, Mexican Bush Salvia leucantha Sage, Penstemon, Big Red Sage Salvia penstemonoides Sage, Russian Perovaskia atriciplifolia Sage, Scarlet or 'Tropical' Salvia coccinea Salvia, Gregg (Cherry Sage) Salvia greggii Shrimp Plant Justicia brandegeana Texas Betony Stachys coccinea Verbena, Prairie Verbena bipinnatifida Yarrow Achillea millefolium Zexmenia Wedelia texana

Ornamental Grasses

Bluestem, Big Andropogon gerardii Bluestem, Bushy Andropogon glomeratus Bluestem, Little Schizachyrium scoparium Fountain Grass, Dwarf Pennisetum alopecuroides Indian Grass Sorghasturm nutans Inland Sea Oats Chasmanthium latifolium Mexican Feathergrass (Wiregrass) Stipa tenuissima
Muhly, Bamboo Muhlenbergia dumosa
Muhly, Big Muhlenbergia lindheimeri
Muhly, Deer Muhlenbergia rigens
Muhly, Gulf Muhlenbergia capillaris
Muhly, Seep Muhlenbergia reverchonii
Sideoats Grama Bouteloua curtipendula
Wild Rye Elymus canadensis

Vines

Asian Jasmine Trachelospermum asiaticum
Carolina Jessamine Gelsemium sempervirens
Coral Vine Antigonon leptopus
Crossvine Bignonia capreolata
Fig Vine Ficus pumila

Honeysuckle, Coral Lonicera sempervirens Lady Banksia Rose Rosa banksiae Passion Vine Passiflora incarnata Trumpet Vine Campsis radicans Virginia Creeper Parthenocissus quinquefolia

Groundcover

Aztec Grass Ophiopogon japonicus
Frogfruit Phyla incisa
Horseherb Calyptocarpus vialis
Leadwort Plumbago Ceratostigma
plumbaginoides
Liriope Liriope muscari
Monkey Grass (Mondo Grass)
Ophiopogon japonicus
Oregano Origanum vulgare
Periwinkle, Littleleaf Vinca minor
Pigeonberry Rivina humilis

Purple Heart Secreasea pallida
Santolina (Lavender Cotton) Santolina
chamaecyparissus
Sedge, Berkeley Carex tumulicola
Sedge, Meadow Carex perdentata
Sedge, Texas Carex texensis
Sedum (Stonedrop) Sedum nuttallianum
Silver Ponyfoot Dichondra argentea
Wooly Stemodia Stemodia lanata
(Stemodia tomentosa)

Turf Grasses

Bermuda 'Tif 419', 'Sahara', 'Baby', 'Common' Buffalo '609', 'Stampede', 'Prairie' St. Augustine 'Baby', 'Common', 'Raleigh', 'Delmar' Zoysia, Fine Leaf 'Matrella', 'Emerald', 'Zorro' Zoysia, Coarse Leaf 'Japonica', 'Jamur', 'El Toro', 'Palisade

EXHIBIT B

Invasive Species/Problem Plants

PLANTS TO AVOID

INVASIVES

(Plants that are non-native to the Central Texas ecosystem and tend to out-compete native species)

Do Not Plant

(Travel by seeds, berries, and spores so can be transported long distances. They have already invaded preserves and greenbelts):

- Arizona Ash
- Chinaberry
- Chinese Pistache
- Chinese Tallow
- Chinese Privet
- Elephant Ear
- Holly Fern
- Japanese Honeysuckle
- Ligustrum, Wax Leaf
- Mimosa
- Mulberry, Paper
- Nandina (large, berrying varieties)
- Photinia, Chinese
- Pyracantha
- Tamarisk
- Tree of Heaven

Do Not Plant Near Parks/Preserves/Greenbelts

(travel by runners, rhizomes, and stems so only invade neighboring areas):

- Bamboo
- English Ivy
- Vinca (Periwinkle)

PROBLEM TREES AND SHRUBS

(Typically fast-growing, highly adaptable, but often have weak wood and are short-lived. Most are susceptible to insect and disease problems.)

- Arizona Ash
- Azalea (not adapted to Austin soils)
- Boxelder
- Camellia
- Chinaberry
- Chinese Privet
- Chinese Tallow
- Cottonwood
- Ligustrum
- Lombardy Poplar
- Mimosa
- Mulberry, Paper
- Photinia, Chinese
- Siberian Elm
- Silver Maple
- Sweetgum
- Sycamore
- Tree of Heaven

ZONING CHANGE REVIEW SHEET

<u>CASE</u>: C14-03-0165 <u>Z.P.C. DATE</u>: December 2, 2003

December 16, 2003

ADDRESS: 3206 West Slaughter Lane

OWNER AND APPLICANT: Ortin Shaid & AGEN

AGENT: Crocker Consultants

Orrin Shaid III

(Sarah Crocker)

ZONING FROM: I-RR

<u>TO:</u> SF-6

AREA: 8.900 acres

SUMMARY STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

The staff's recommendation is to grant townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district zoning.

ZONING & PLATTING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION:

December 2, 2003: POSTPONED TO 12/16/03 DUE TO NOTIFICATION PROBLEMS (STAFF)
[J.M; J.G 2ND] (9-0)

December 16, 2003: APPROVED STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION OF SF-6 ZONING; BY CONSENT.

 $[J.M; J.G 2^{ND}]$ (8-0) C.H - ABSENT

ISSUES:

On Wednesday, April 14, 2004, Mr. Pat Murphy, the City's Environmental Officer inspected the site with the applicant and his engineer. Mr. Murphy's inspection revealed a significant Critical Environmental Feature (CEF) in the form of an 18" in diameter vent hole in the ground along the west side of the property, about halfway between the front and rear property lines. The hole was expelling air and would trigger a 150-foot setback requirement from any future development. This setback would significantly impact the applicant's proposed residential project as contemplated at this time. Mr. Murphy also inspected the proposed creek crossings and determined that two creek crossings could be utilized, in light of the CEF discovery.

The applicant's representative and her engineer had a joint meeting with Zoning and Watershed Protection staff on April 7, 2004 to discuss development issues on the property. The applicant would like to maintain two creek crossings: one to enter the property and one to provide access to its northern portion. The applicant has discussed the use of a freestanding bridge (in lieu of a box culvert which has a concrete-lined bottom) in order to maintain the natural stream course, and agrees not to build residential units in the 100-year flood plain.

The applicant has provided two conceptual plans showing flood plain constraints and residential development of the property. The first plan shows development which may occur by way of the recorded 1978 plat and the second shows development which may occur with the application of SOS regulations. Please refer to Attachment A, following the Zoning Map.

The applicant has entered into a Restrictive Covenant with the City that provides that at the time a site plan is submitted, it will include an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan and a landscape plan for the use of native and adapted plant materials.

DEPARTMENT COMMENTS:

The subject property consists of one single family residence and otherwise undeveloped acreage on one platted lot, and is zoned interim – rural residence (I-RR) district. Access is taken to Slaughter Lane, an improved, 6- lane major arterial roadway. Please refer to Exhibits A and A-1.

The applicant proposes to rezone the property to the townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district and develop the property with townhouse / condominium uses.

This segment of West Slaughter Lane between West Gate Boulevard and Brodie Lane is in transition from undeveloped property and single family residences on large lots to multi-family residential (MF-4-CO) and commercial zoning (GR-CO, LR-CO) and development. The MF-4-CO property adjacent to the west as well as the proposed MF-3-CO property adjacent to the east have been approved with conditions including SF-6 density and uses. The applicant's request for SF-6 zoning is appropriate along West Slaughter Lane and will further diversify the range of housing choices available in the general area. Townhouse / condominiums are compatible with the surrounding zoning and development which includes a shopping center with a grocery store, bank, restaurant and other retail uses, proposed multi-family to the west, and proposed convalescent services facility to the east.

EXISTING ZONING AND LAND USES:

	ZONING	LAND USES	
Site	I-RR	One single family residence; Undeveloped	
North	P; RR; SF-2	Single family residences; Drainage area; Undeveloped	
South	NO-CO; RR; I-RR; SF- 1; SF-2; SF-3	Single family residence; Undeveloped; Rehabilitation center; Neighborhood park	
East	MF-3-CO; LR-CO;	Single family residence proposed for Convalescent Services;	
Down	GR-CO; RR; SF-1;	Administrative and business office; Personal improvement	
	GO-CO; SF-3	services - athletic facility; Convenience storage; Medical	
		office; Auto washing; Service station with auto washing;	
		Church; Apartments; Undeveloped	
West	MF-4-CO; GR-CO; RR	Undeveloped; Shopping center with food sales, financial	
		services and restaurants	

AREA STUDY: N/A

TIA: Is not required

WATERSHED: Slaughter Creek - Barton Springs Zone DESIRED DEVELOPMENT ZONE: No

CAPITOL VIEW CORRIDOR: No

HILL COUNTRY ROADWAY: No

NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATIONS:

217 – Tanglewood Forest Neighborhood Association 384 – S

384 - Save Barton Creek Association

385 – Barton Springs Coalition 405 – Residents of Oak Parke 428 – Barton Springs / Edwards Aquifer Conservation District

465 - Cherry Creek on Brodie Neighborhood Assn.

511 – Austin Neighborhoods Council

918 – Davis Hills Estate HOA

943 - Save Our Springs Alliance

959 - Villages Neighborhood Association

SCHOOLS:

Kocurek Elementary School

Bailey Middle School

Bowie High School

CASE HISTORIES:

NUMBER	REQUEST	ZONING AND PLATTING COMMISSION / PLANNING COMMISSION	CITY COUNCIL
C14-03-0143	I-RR to MF-3-CO	To Grant MF-3-CO with CO to include Convalescent Services as the only permitted MF-3 use and all other SF-6 uses.	Approved MF-3-CO as recommended by the Zoning and Platting Commission (12-11-03).
C14-02-0173	DR to GR	To Grant NO-CO with conditions of no additional impervious cover and prohibit access from Rocking Horse Road.	Approved NO-CO as recommended by ZAP and a Restrictive Covenant for IPM Plan and use of native / adapted plant materials (7-17-03)
C14-02-0118	LO-CO to GR	To Grant GR-CO with list of prohibited uses and 2,000 trips per day	Approved GR-CO as recommended by ZAP (7-31-03)
C14-02-0035	I-RR to MF-4	To Grant MF-4-CO with conditions: Restrict development to MF-3 development standards, except height – limit of 45 feet; SF-6 density; 2,000 vehicle trips per day; 300 foot wide buffer along the north property line.	Approved MF-4-CO with Conditional Overlay restricting development to MF-3 standards with exception of a 45' height limit; SF-6 density; 2,000 trips; 300' wide vegetative buffer along north property line, adjacent to adjoining residential district, with limited improvements allowed. A Restrictive Covenant requires the use of native plants and an IPM Plan. (11-21-02).
C14-02-0151	LR-CO to GR-CO	To GR-CO with CO limiting property to vehicle trips to 300 per day	Approved GR-CO, as recommended by ZAP (12-5-02)
C14-02-0197	LR-CO to LR-CO	To Grant LR-CO with CO for 2,700 trips per	Approved LR-CO as recommended by ZAP

		day and one berm sign	(2-6-03)
C14-01-0159	LO-CO to SF-3	To Grant SF-3	Approved SF-3 (1-10-02)
C14-00-2032	LR-CO to LR-CO	To Grant LR-CO w/conds.	Approved LR-CO w/conds. (4-20-00)
C14-99-0070	I-RR to GO	To Grant GO-CO w/conds.	Approved GO-CO w/conds.(12-2-99)
C14-97-0156	I-RR and I-SF-2 to RR; SF-1; SF-2; SF-3; SF-4; SF-6; GR; P	To Grant RR; SF-2; SF-4A; LO; LR; and P	Approved RR; SF-2; SF-4A; LO; P w/conds. (6-25-98)
C14-96-0039	I-RR to GR; LR	To Grant GR-CO on Tract 1; LR-CO on Tract 2	Approved as per PC recommendation (5-23-96)

Page 4

RELATED CASES:

The subject property was annexed into the City limits on December 31, 1992 (Ordinance Number 921210-A) and assigned I-RR district zoning.

The property is platted as Lot A of Trian Addition, recorded in May 1978 (C8s-78-073). Please refer to Exhibit B.

ABUTTING STREETS:

STREET	RIGHT- OF-WAY	PAVEMENT WIDTH	CLASSIFICATION	DAILY TRAFFIC
West Slaughter Lane	100 feet	2 @ 32 feet	Arterial	24,750 (1998)

^{**} There is a funded Capital Improvement Project to widen the Slaughter / Brodie Lanes intersection by adding left-turn lanes.

There are no sidewalks along this portion of Slaughter Lane. Capital Metro bus service is not available within 1/4 mile of this property.

Slaughter Lane between Brodie Lane and Manchaca Road is classified in the Bicycle Plan as a Priority 1 bike route (Route #86).

CITY COUNCIL DATE:	January 15, 2004	ACTION: Approved postponement request by the Applicant to 2-5-04 (6-0, McCracken off the dais)
	February 5, 2004	Approved SF-6 district zoning on 1 st Reading (6-1, D.S – Nay)
	March 4, 2004	Approved postponement request by the Applicant to 3-25-04 (6-0, McCracken off the dais)
	March 25, 2004	Approved SF-6 district zoning on 2 nd

Reading. Applicant will continue

negotiations with Watershed Protection and Development Review Department staff.

(6-1, D.S - Nay)

April 15, 2004

Approved postponement request by the Staff to 4-22-04 to continue working with the

Applicant (7-0)

April 22, 2004

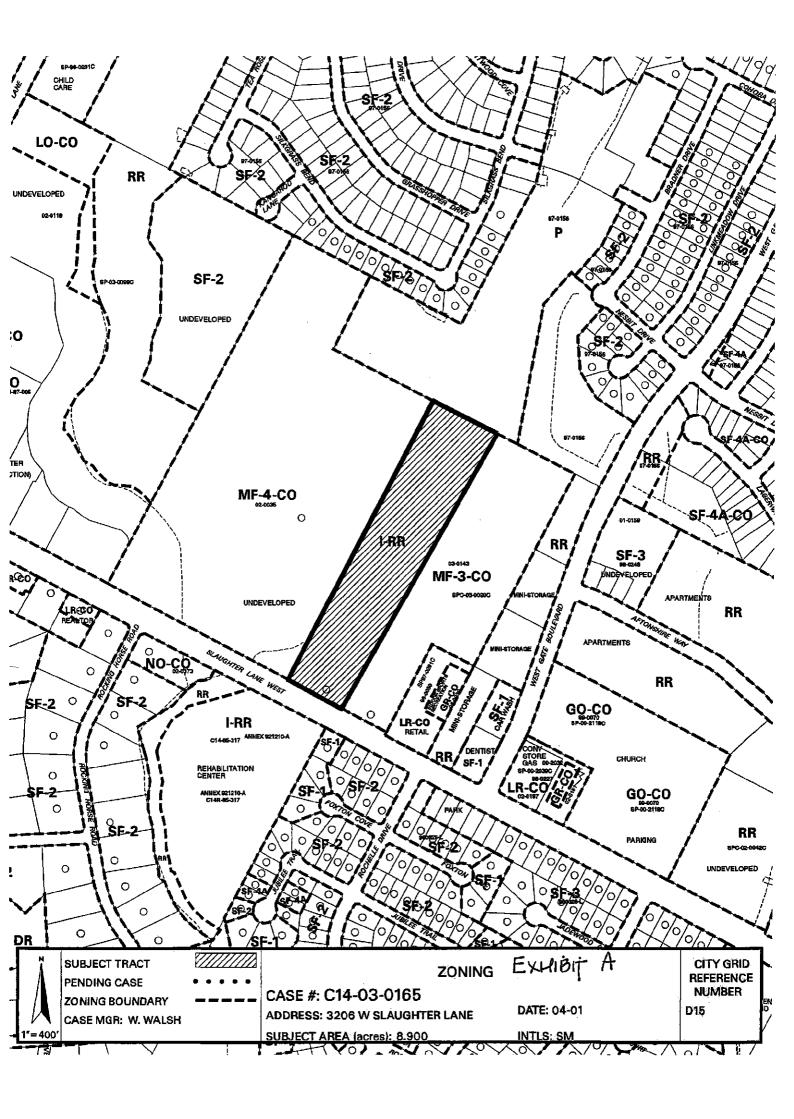
ORDINANCE READINGS: 1st February 5, 2004 2nd March 25, 2004 3rd

ORDINANCE NUMBER:

CASE MANAGER: Wendy Walsh

e-mail: wendy.walsh@ci.austin.tx.us

PHONE: 974-7719





5-1-78 Mil

Econ L. Comunt, R.S.

EXMIBIT B RECORDED PLAT

This subdivision is separated for antisyldeal value wills. He will may be installed whited 130° of a separate spices one way a separate be installed within 140° of a will. Mary Ett C80:-18-073

SUMMARY STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

The staff's recommendation is to grant townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district zoning.

BACKGROUND

The subject property consists of one single family residence and otherwise undeveloped acreage on one platted lot, and is zoned interim – rural residence (I-RR) district. Access is taken to Slaughter Lane, an improved, 6- lane major arterial roadway.

The applicant proposes to rezone the property to the townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district and develop the property with townhouse / condominium uses.

This segment of West Slaughter Lane between West Gate Boulevard and Brodie Lane is in transition from undeveloped property and single family residences on large lots to multi-family residential (MF-4-CO) and commercial zoning (GR-CO, LR-CO) and development. The MF-4-CO property adjacent to the west as well as the proposed MF-3-CO property adjacent to the east have been approved with conditions including SF-6 density and uses. The applicant's request for SF-6 zoning is appropriate along West Slaughter Lane and will further diversify the range of housing choices available in the general area. Townhouse / condominiums are compatible with the surrounding zoning and development which includes a shopping center with a grocery store, bank, restaurant and other retail uses, proposed multi-family to the west, and proposed convalescent services facility to the east.

BASIS FOR LAND USE RECOMMENDATION (ZONING PRINCIPLES)

1. The proposed zoning should be consistent with the purpose statement of the district sought.

The SF-6, Townhouse and Condominium Residence District, is intended as an area for moderate density single family, duplex, two-family, townhouse and condominium use. The applicant intends to develop the property with a condominium project consisting of detached units.

2. Zoning changes should promote compatibility with adjacent and nearby uses.

This segment of West Slaughter Lane between West Gate Boulevard and Brodie Lane is in transition from undeveloped property and single family residences on large lots to multi-family residential (MF-4-CO) and commercial zoning (GR-CO, LR-CO) and development. The MF-4-CO property adjacent to the west as well as the proposed MF-3-CO property adjacent to the east have been approved with conditions including SF-6 density and uses. The applicant's request for SF-6 zoning is appropriate along West Slaughter Lane and will further diversify the range of housing choices available in the general area. Townhouse / condominiums are compatible with the surrounding zoning and development which includes a shopping center with a grocery store, bank, restaurant and other retail uses, proposed multi-family to the west, and proposed convalescent services facility to the east.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Site Characteristics

The site consists of one single family residence and otherwise undeveloped acreage. The property slopes towards an unnamed tributary of Slaughter Creek, extending southwest to northeast through the west boundary.

Impervious Cover

The maximum impervious cover allowed by the SF-6 zoning district would be 15% within the Barton Springs Zone by way of the more restrictive watershed regulations.

Environmental

Based on City maps, all or a portion of this site is located over the Edward's Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site is in the Slaughter Creek of the Colorado River Basin. Any portion of the site that is within either the Recharge or Contributing Zone of the Edwards Aquifer is classified as a Barton Springs Zone (BSZ) watershed. Project applications at the time of this report are subject to the SOS Ordinance which allows 15% impervious cover in the recharge zone and 25% impervious cover in the contributing zone.

A determination of whether development of this property qualifies as a project in process and subject to the rules or regulations in effect at the time the original permit application was filed for development of this site, has not yet been made. The determination is made at the time of subdivision / site plan application.

According to flood plain maps, there is no flood plain within the project location.

Standard landscaping and tree protection will be required in accordance with LDC 25-2 and 25-8 for all development and/or redevelopment.

Under current watershed regulations, development or redevelopment on this site will be subject to providing structural sedimentation and filtration basins with increased capture volume and 2 year detention. Runoff from the site is required to comply with pollutant load restrictions as specified in LDC Section 25-8-514.

Water Quality

The location of the boundary between the Recharge Zone and the suburban zone is important in determining how development on this site will occur. A geologic assessment will need to be completed and reviewed prior to initiating design of the site. Once the boundary is determined, then the water quality system can be established based on the regulations for each classification of watershed. Water quality systems in the Barton Springs Zone are typically designed for non-degradation. This is typically achieved by the use of retention ponds where the captured volume is spread over the site by the use of re-irrigation systems or infiltration systems.

Transportation

No additional right-of-way is needed at this time.

The trip generation under the requested zoning is estimated to be 774 trips per day, assuming that the site develops to the maximum intensity allowed under the zoning classification (without consideration of setbacks, environmental constraints, or other site characteristics).

A traffic impact analysis was not required for this case because the traffic generated by the proposed zoning does not exceed the threshold of 2,000 vehicle trips per day. [LDC, 25-6-113]

TPSD Right-of-Way

The scope of this review is limited to the identification of needs for dedication and/or reservation of right-of-way for funded Capital Improvement Program (C.I.P.) Roadway Construction Projects and Transportation Systems Management (T.S.M.) Projects planned for implementation by the City of Austin. No aspect of the proposed project is being considered or approved with this review other than the need for right-of-way for City projects. There are separate right-of-way dedication and reservation requirements enforced by other Departments and other jurisdictions to secure right-of-way for roadway improvements contained in the Austin Metropolitan Area Roadway Plan, roadway projects funded by County and State agencies, and for dedication in accordance with the functional classification of the roadway.

We have reviewed the proposed zoning case and anticipate no additional requirement for right-of-way dedication or reservation for funded C.I.P. or T.S.M. projects at this location.

Water and Wastewater

The landowner intends to serve the site with City water and wastewater utilities. If water or wastewater utility improvements, or offsite main extension, or system upgrades, or utility adjustments, or relocation are required, the landowner will be responsible for all costs and providing. Also, the utility plan must be reviewed and approved by the Austin Water Utility. The plan must be in accordance with the City's utility design criteria.

Compatibility Standards

The site is subject to compatibility standards. Along portions of the north and south property lines, the following standards apply:

- No structure may be built within 25 feet of the property line zoned RR or SF-2.
- No structure in excess of two stories or 30 feet in height may be constructed within 50 feet of the property line.
- No structure in excess of three stories or 40 feet in height may be constructed within 100 feet of the property line.
- No parking or driveways are allowed within 25 feet of the property line.
- In addition, a fence, berm, or dense vegetation must be provided to screen adjoining properties from views of parking, mechanical equipment, storage, and refuse collection.
- Slaughter Lane is a scenic roadway.

Additional design regulations will be enforced at the time a site plan is submitted.

You may send your written comments to the Zoning Department, P. O. Box 1088, Austin	e Zoning & Platting Commission Assistant, Neighborhood Planning & n, TX 78767-8835.
Name (please print) CORT STERS Address 3107 - 3111 SLAUG	Zoning & Platting Commission Hearing Date: December 16, 2003 4. Max James, Bos Pittmer I am in favor (Estoy de acuerdo) I object
WE REPRESENT THE ONE OFFICE ACROSS SLANGHTO 280-1094	(No estoy de acuerdo) STURY AND TWO STORY ER LN.

- .

1

	Name (please print) Heidi Chris Wo Address 3108 Fox ton Cove We have enough traffic to a with no need to add more Can'l get out of our sub divising	(Estoy de acuerdo) I object (No estoy de acuerdo) Strongly
--	---	---

You may send your written comments to the Zoning & Platting Commission Zoning Department, P. O. Box 1088, Austin, TX 78767-8835.	
File # C14-03-0165-WW Zoning & Platting Commission Name (please print) Heid + Chris Wolff Address 3108 Fox for Care 78748	I am in favor (Estoy de acuerdo) I object (No estoy de acuerdo)
We have enough traffic already? Can't even set out of our so division	Strong by
of being hit. (No Trushic light)	WITH DOT THE HUI

•

•

SUBSTANDARD LOT INFORMATION

Definitions:

Substandard Lot means a lot or tract recorded by deed or plat that does not comply with current area, width, or depth requirements, but that complied with the requirements in effect when it was placed on record.

City of Austin Land Development Code:

Section 25-2-943 SUBSTANDARD LOT

- (A) A substandard lot may be used for a non residential use that is permitted in the zoning district in which the lot is located if, except for minimum lot area, the use and development complies with the requirements of this title.
- (B) A substandard lot may be used for a residential use that is permitted in the zoning district in which the lot is located if the lot complies with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (1) A substandard lot recorded in the county real property records before March 15, 1946 must:
 - (a) have an area of not less than 4,000 square feet; and
 - (b) be not less than 33 feet wide at the street or at the building line, or have access to a street by an easement that is:
 - (i) not less than ten feet wide if it serves one lot, or not less than 18 feet wide if it serves more than one lot;
 - (ii) not more than 150 feet in length; and
 - (iii) maintained for access by the property owner.
 - (2) A substandard lot recorded in the county real property records after March 14, 1946 must:
 - (a) have and area of not less than 5,570 square feet; and
 - (c) be not less than 50 feet wide.
- C If a substandard lot is used with one or more contiguous lots for a single use or unified development, the requirements of this chapter apply to the aggregation of lots as if the aggregation were a single lot.

TOM, PLEASE SEND THIS TO ME. WE HAVE TO TALK. I'M NOT SURE IF WHAT I SAID BEFORE WAS RIGHT

QUESTION: Can a MF-4 use be placed on a substandard lot recorded after March 15, 1946 if the lot is less than 8000 square feet?

ANSWER: Yes, under Section 25-2-943, a multifamily residential use may be placed on a substandard lot that was recorded after March 15, 1946 if the lot is at least 5750 square feet and the development meets all other current use and site development regulations.

Under Section 25-2-21 (110) a substandard lot is defined as a lot or tract recorded by deed or plat that does not comply with current area, width, or depth requirements, but that complied with the requirements in effect when it was placed on record. Section 25-2-943 allows a use to be placed on a substandard lot under certain conditions.

Under Section 25-2-943(A), a substandard lot may be used for a nonresidential use that is permitted in the zoning district in which the use is located if, except for minimum lot size, the use and site development standards meet current Code requirements. For example, the current Code requirement for minimum lot width for a CS zoning district is 5750 square feet. Under Section 25-2-943(A), however, a developer could use a 4000 square foot substandard lot for a use allowed in CS if the development meets all of the other use and site development standards currently applicable to the use.

Section 25-2-943(B) addresses residential uses. The section allows a substandard lot to be used for a residential use permitted in the zoning district in which the lot is located under certain conditions. Unlike the requirements for nonresidential uses, the Code places minimum lot size and lot width requirements on substandard lots used for residential uses. If the lot was recorded in the county real property records before March 15, 1946, then a substandard lot may be used if it has an area of not less than 4000 square feet and either has a lot width of not less than 33 feet or has access to a street. For a substandard lot recorded in the county real property records after March 15, 1946, the lot must have an area of not less that 5750 square feet and must not be less than 50 feet wide.

Based on Section 25-2-943(B), a MF-4 use can be placed on a substandard lot recorded after March 15, 1946 if the lot is at least 5750 square feet and is 50 feet wide. The lot does not have to be 8000 square feet as required under current Code. The development does, however, have to comply with all other use a site development regulations, including setbacks and site area per unit requirements.