AGENDA ITEM NO.: Z-6 AGENDA DATE: Thu 12/02/2004 PAGE: 1 of 1

SUBJECT: C14H-04-0013 - Conduct a public hearing and approve an ordinance amending Chapter 25-2 of the Austin City Code by zoning property locally known as the Keith House, 2400 Harris Boulevard (Shoal Creek Watershed) from Family Residence, (SF-3) district zoning to Family Residence– Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning. Historic Landmark Commission Recommendation: To grant Family Residence-Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning . Zoning and Platting Commission Recommendation: To grant Family Residence-Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning. City Staff: Steve Sadowsky, Historic Preservation Office, Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department, 974-6454.

REQUESTING	Neighborhood Planning	DIRECTOR'S
DEPARTMENT:	and Zoning	AUTHORIZATION: Alice Glasco

ZONING CHANGE REVIEW SHEET

CASE NUMBER: C14H-04-0013 HLC DATE: September 13, 2004 ZAP DATE: November 2, 2004

AREA: 9777.44 square feet

APPLICANT: James and Linda Magnuson, owners AGENT: N/A

HISTORIC NAME: Keith House

WATERSHED: Shoal Creek

ADDRESS OF PROPOSED ZONING CHANGE: 2400 Harris Boulevard

ZONING FROM: SF-3 ZONING TO: SF-3 -H

SUMMARY STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Staff **recommends** the proposed zoning change from family residence (SF-3) district to family residence - Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning.

HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION ACTION: Recommended a zoning change from family residence (SF-3) district to family residence-Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning. Vote: 6-0 (Fowler, Hooper, and Mather absent).

ZONING AND PLATTING COMMISSION ACTION: Recommended a zoning change from family residence (SF-3) district to family residence-Historic (SF-3-H) combining district zoning. Vote: 8-0-1 (Baker abstaining).

DEPARTMENT COMMENTS:

The house is contributing to the Old West Austin National Register Historic District, and is individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places.

CITY COUNCIL DATE: December 2, 2004	ACTION:
ORDINANCE READINGS: 1 ST 2 ND 3 ^{SD}	ORDINANCE NUMBER:
CASE MANAGER: Steve Sadowsky	PHONE: 974-6454

NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION:

Pemberton Heights Neighborhood Association

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION:

The ca. 1933 Keith House is an excellent example of the Monterey style in Austin and is associated with William Dixon Anderson, the chief builder for Calcasieu Lumber Company. The Keith House meets Historic Landmark Designation Criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12.

1. Character, interest or value as part of the development, heritage or cultural characteristics of the City of Austin, State of Texas, or the United States. The ca. 1933 Keith House is located in Pemberton Heights, an exclusively residential suburb developed in the 1920s with the construction of the bridge over Shoal Creek at 24th Street. Pemberton Heights was designed by Hugo Kuehne, a noted Austin architect, and followed the principles of the City Beautiful movement, which specified incorporating the natural topography into the design of the neighborhood. Pemberton has the winding streets, small parks and green spaces all typical of City Beautiful ideals, and was designed to be an upper middle-class suburb of Austin, with deeds specifying the size and cost of houses to be built in the neighborhood. The Keith House is one of the focal points of the neighborhood, both in terms of its site and its architecture.

2. Recognition as a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark, a National Historic Landmark, or entered into the National Register of Historic Places. The Keith House is a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark, and was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1997.

3. Embodiment of distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type or specimen. The Keith House is a classic example of the Monterey style, popular especially in the Southwest from the 1920s through the 1940s. First built in California in the mid-1920s, houses in the Monterey style are typically two stories, L-shaped, and have a low-pitched gable roof and a second-story cantilevered balcony in front, covered y the principal roof. The first and second stories are often clad in different materials, such as wood siding, brick, and stucco. The Keith House exemplifies the distinguishing characteristics of the Monterey style in its L-plan, cantilevered wooden balcony, and brick and stucco walls.

4. Identification as the work of an architect or master builder whose individual work has influenced the development of the city. The house was designed and built by William Dixon Anderson (1988-1972), the chief builder of Calcasieu Lumber Company. Calcasieu designed and built houses all over Austin, including the unique Calcasieu cottages, which were small individual houses generally placed in a bungalow court configuration. Calcasieu Lumber Company produced designs for homebuyers, then provided the materials and labor to construct the house on the purchaser's land, following the precedent set by national companies such as Sears, which offered complete houses through its catalog. Anderson studied architecture under Samuel Gideon at the University of Texas, and although he never became a licensed architect, went to work designing houses for Calcasieu in 1915, a position he retained for over 40 years.

5. Embodiment of elements of architectural design, detail, materials, or craftsmanship which represent a significant architectural innovation. The Keith House incorporates the innovation of masonry veneer exterior walls, a technique first developed in the mid~1920s, and which greatly reduced the cost of producing a brick-walled house over the earlier solid masonry construction methods. The innovation of brick or stone veneer allowed the middle class to build brick and stone-clad houses when solid masonry houses were generally the privilege of the wealthy.

6. Relationship to other distinctive buildings, sites, or areas which are eligible for preservation according to a plan based on architectural, historic, or cultural motif. The Keith House is listed as contributing to the Old West Austin National Register Historic District.

7. Portrayal of the environment of a group of people in an area of history characterized by a distinctive architectural style. The Keith House exemplifies the ideals of the upper middle class in Austin in the 1920s and 1930s in its architecture and location in a prestigious suburb. The house is a romantic style, which was popular among wealthier homebuyers, especially in the Southwest.

11. Identification with a person or persons who significantly contributed to the culture and development of the city, state or United States. William Dixon Anderson (see No. 4 above) purchased the lot in 1927, and sold it to his sister, Maggie Mae Keith in 1932. Anderson designed and built the house for his sister in 1933.

12. A building or structure that because of its location has become of value to a neighborhood, community area, or the city. The Keith House in prominently located on Harris Boulevard at Windsor Road and serves as a gateway into Pemberton Heights.

PARCEL NO.: 0115010508000	DEED RECORD:	Vol.	12704,	Page
	2330 (1996)			

ANNUAL TAX ABATEMENT: \$9,210 (owner-occupied rate). City tax exemption: \$2,425.

APPRAISED VALUE: \$623,753

PRESENT USE: Residence

CONSTRUCTION/DESCRIPTION: Two-story L-shaped Monterey style house with brick veneer, low-pitched gable roof, and secondstory wooden cantilevered balcony.

CONDITION: Excellent

PRESENT OWNERS

James and Linda Magnuson 2400 Harris Boulevard Austin, Texas 78703

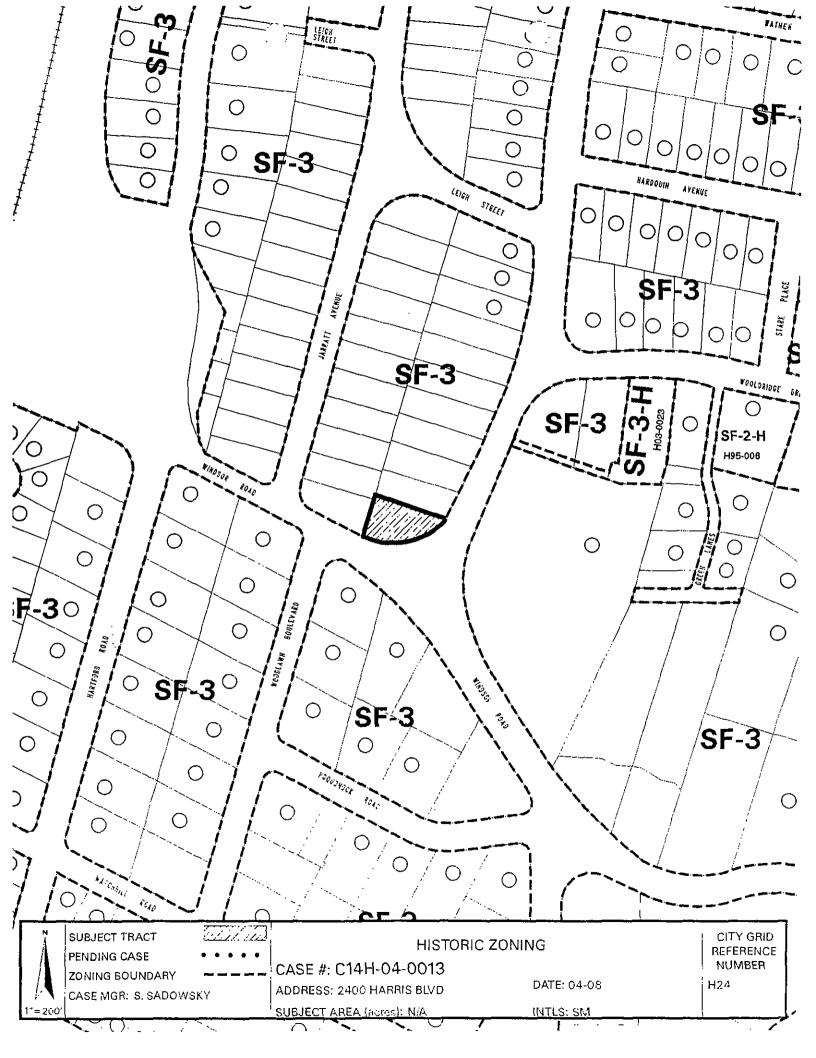
DATE BUILT: ca. 1933

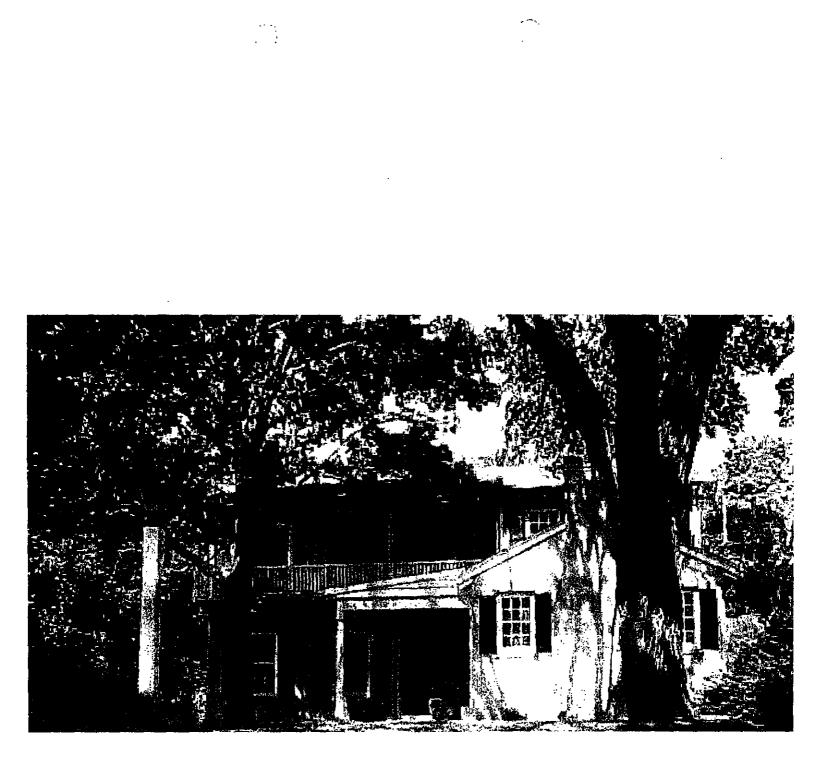
ALTERATIONS/ADDITIONS: None known

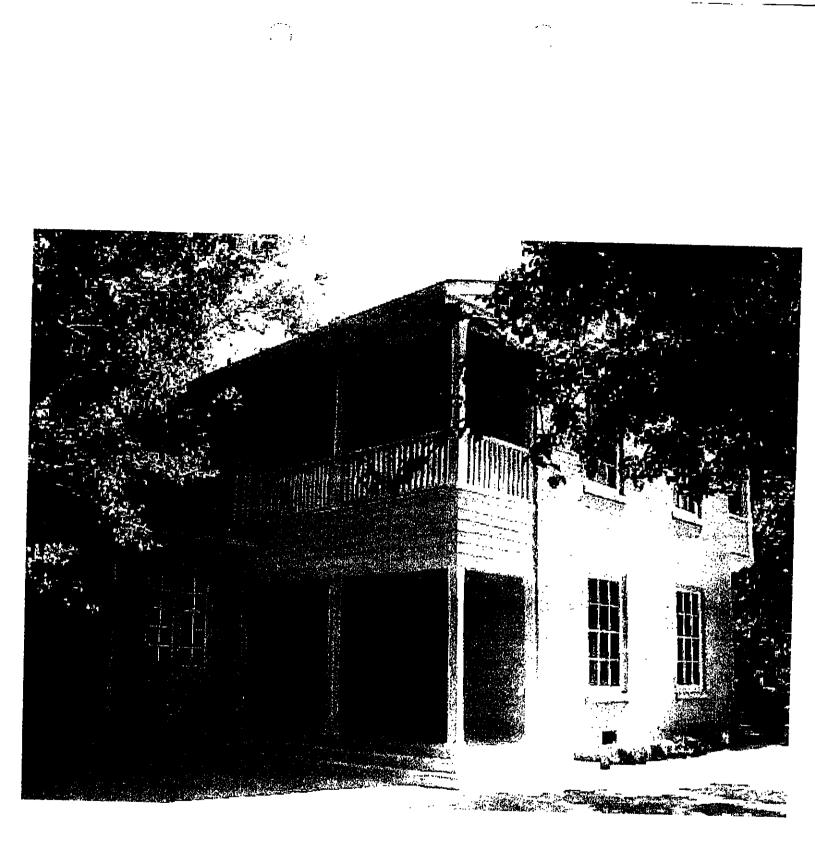
ORIGINAL OWNER(S): Jacque Nicholas and Maggie Mae Keith

OTHER HISTORICAL DESIGNATIONS:

NATIONAL REGISTER: Yes RECORDED TEXAS LANDMARK: Yes NATIONAL LANDMARK: No LOCAL SURVEYS: Yes, it is listed as contributing to the Old West Austin National Register Historic District.









F. 1: Historical Documentation - Deed Chronology

Deed Research for (fill in address) 2400 Harris BV, Austin, Texas

List Deeds chronologically, beginning with earliest transaction first and proceeding through present ownership. The first transaction listed should date at least back to when the original builder of any historic structures on the site first acquired the property (i.e., should pre-date the construction of any buildings/structures on the site). Please use the format delineated below.

For each transaction please include: name of Grantor/Grantee, date of transaction, legal description involved, price, and volume/page number of deed records. If there is a mechanic's lien please copy the entire document.

Transaction

William D. and Gertrude Anderson	1927 - 1933	Vol 409, page 261
Jacques N. and Maggie Mae Keith	1933 - 1963	Vol 481, page 205
Alice Corcoran	1963 – 1981	Vol 2566, page 342
Michael and Barbara O'Brien	1981 – 1989	Vol 7322, page 432
First State Bank	1989 – 1992	Vol 10879, page 908
Pierre and Joyce Fricke	1992 - 1996	Vol 11673, page 2107
James L. and Linda W. Magnuson	1996 —	Vol 12639, page 653

• • •				
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)	: :			OMB No. 10024-0018
United States Department of National Park Service	of the Interior			
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HIS REGISTRATION FORM	STORIC PLACES			
1. NAME OF PROPERTY				
HISTORIC NAME: Keith Hous OTHER NAME/SITE NUMBER:				
2. LOCATION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
STREET & NUMBER: 2400 Ha CITY OR TOWN: Austin STATE: Texas CODE:		CODE: 453	NOT FOR PU VICINITY: N ZIP CODE: 7	
3. STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY				
Historic Places and meets the proced _x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co	tional Register criteria. I recom	mend that this property	be considered sig	nificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co	tional Register criteria. I recom	mend that this property	be considered sig	mificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional o	mend that this property comments.)		mificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional o	mend that this property comments.)		mificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the Nationa	mend that this property comments.)		mificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the propertymeet (See continuation sheet for additi	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the Nationa ional comments.)	mend that this property comments.)		mificantnationally
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the propertymeet (See continuation sheet for additi Signature of commenting or other off	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the Nationa ional comments.)	mend that this property comments.)	Date	mificantnationally
	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the Nationa ional comments.) ficial	mend that this property comments.)	Date	mificantnationally
statewide_x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the propertymeet	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the National onal comments.) ficial	mend that this property comments.)	Date	Date of Action
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the propertymeet (See continuation sheet for additi Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau 4. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE of	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the National ional comments.) ficial CERTIFICATION Si r ional Register	mend that this property comments.)	Date	Date of Action
_x_meetsdoes not meet the Nat statewide _x_locally. (See co Signature of certifying official State Historic Preservation O State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the propertymeet (See continuation sheet for additi Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau 4. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE of I hereby certify that this property is: entered in the National Register See continuation sheet. See continuation sheet.	tional Register criteria. I recom ntinuation sheet for additional of fficer, Texas Historical C sdoes not meet the National onal comments.) ficial CERTIFICATION Si r ional Register National Register	mend that this property comments.)	Date	Date of Action

5. CLASSIFICATION

OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY: Private

CATEGORY OF PROPERTY: Building

NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITHIN PROPERTY:	CONTRIBUTING	Noncontributing
	1	1 BUILDINGS
	0	0 SITES
	0	0 STRUCTURES
	0	0 OBJECTS
	1	1 TOTAL

NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTING RESOURCES PREVIOUSLY LISTED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER: 0

NAME OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING: N/A

6. FUNCTION OR USE

HISTORIC FUNCTIONS: DOMESTIC/single dwelling = House

CURRENT FUNCTIONS: DOMESTIC/single dwelling = House

7. DESCRIPTION

ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION: O'THER: Monterey

MATERIALS: FOUNDATION WOOD WALLS BRICK, WOOD, STUCCO ROOF ASPHAL'T OTHER N/A

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (see continuation sheets 7-5 through 7-10).

••

8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

APPLICABLE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

- A PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH EVENTS THAT HAVE MADE A SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTION TO THE BROAD PATTERNS OF OUR HISTORY.
- **B** PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH THE LIVES OF PERSONS SIGNIFICANT IN OUR PAST.
- X C PROPERTY EMBODIES THE DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF A TYPE, PERIOD, OR METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION OR REPRESENTS THE WORK OF A MASTER, OR POSSESSES HIGH ARTISTIC VALUE, OR REPRESENTS A SIGNIFICANT AND DISTINGUISHABLE ENTITY WHOSE COMPONENTS LACK INDIVIDUAL DISTINCTION.
- ___ D PROPERTY HAS YIELDED, OR IS LIKELY TO YIELD, INFORMATION IMPORTANT IN PREHISTORY OR HISTORY.

CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS: N/A

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE: Architecture

PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE: 1933-1948

SIGNIFICANT DATES: 1933

SIGNIFICANT PERSON: N/A

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: N/A

ARCHITECT/BUILDER: William Dixon Anderson, designer / Calcasieu Lumber Co., builder

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (see continuation sheets 8-11 through 8-14).

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES

BIBLIOGRAPHY (see continuation sheets 9-15 through 9-16).

PREVIOUS DOCUMENTATION ON FILE (NPS): N/A

_ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.

- _ previously listed in the National Register
- _ previously determined eligible by the National Register
- _ designated a National Historic Landmark
- _ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- _ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

PRIMARY LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL DATA:

x State historic preservation office (Texas Historical Commission)

- Other state agency
- _Federal agency
- _Local government
- _ University
- x Other -- Specify Repository: Austin History Center, Austin, TX

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF PROPERTY: less than one acre

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Block 1, Lot 1, first section of Pemberton Heights Addition, Austin, Travis County, Texas, according to the map or plat thereof recorded in Volume 3, Page 136, Plat Records of Travis County, Texas

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION Nomination includes all property historically associated with the building.

11. FORM PREPARED BY (with Assistance from Gregory Smith, Historian, Texas Historical Commission) NAME/TITLE: James L. Magnuson **DATE: 12-15-97 ORGANIZATION: N/A** STREET & NUMBER: 2400 Harris Blvd. **TELEPHONE: (512) 838-4726** STATE: TX ZIP CODE: 78703-2406 CITY OR TOWN: Austin ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION **CONTINUATION SHEETS** MAPS (see continuation sheet MAP-18) **PHOTOGRAPHS** (see continuation sheet PHOTO-17) ADDITIONAL ITEMS N/A PROPERTY OWNER NAME: James L. and Linda W. Magnuson STREET & NUMBER: 2400 Harris Blvd. **Telephone:** (512) 838-4726 STATE: TX ZIP CODE: 78703-2406 CITY OR TOWN: Austin

۰.

edictration Form

~<u>____</u>

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section <u>7</u> Page <u>5</u>

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

The Keith House (1933) is a 2-story, single-family residence in Austin, Texas. Located in its original location at 2400 Harris Boulevard (formerly 2501 Windsor Road), the house marks the entrance to Pemberton Heights, a neighborhood of homes built almost exclusively during the first half of the 20th century. Featuring both Colonial Revival and Spanish Colonial Revival elements, The Keith House exemplifies characteristics of the Monterey style popular in the United States from 1925 - c.1955, and retains a high degree of architectural integrity.

The Keith House is at the northwest corner of the intersection of Windsor Road (a primary east-west artery) and Harris Boulevard. Situated at the apex of a hill, the house has an unobstructed view of the State Capitol and downtown Austin, about 2 miles southeast. The house is set into the far northwest corner of the lot, with the south and east portions of the lot serving as the yard. The property line to the south and east is a sweeping curve, following the curvature of the streets. The north of the lot is marked by a brick wall with stone sections at both ends. A wooden fence marks the west property line. A stone walk leads from the public sidewalk on the southeast to the front door. The U-shaped concrete driveway leads to a 2-car garage at the northwest corner of the lot. Like most houses in the neighborhood, the Keith House is situated on semi-wooded lot. A mosaic reading "Harris Boulevard" (1927) is set into the curb in front of the house.

The Keith House is an example of the Monterey style, a revival of Anglo-influenced Spanish Colonial houses of northern California.¹ English Colonial influence is evident through the use of brick, placement of chimneys at the gable ends, 1/1 double-hung windows paired with shutters, and a central hallway. Spanish Colonial influences include a cantilevered wooden balcony, wooden balustrade, low-pitched roof, and varied exterior wall materials.²

The south and east elevations of the Keith House are visible from the street. The house features an irregular plan with a primary 2-story section and two single-story extensions. The 2-story main block is 5 bays wide, with the primary elevation on the east. The east elevation features a second-story cantilevered wooden porch on the three southernmost bays. French doors open onto the balcony from the second-story bedrooms and staircase landing. The roof features exposed rafter ends. The front door, at the center on the east elevation, is covered by the porch of the 1-story wing, which meets the 2-story main block at the two northernmost bays. The porch of the extension is 1-bay deep, and meets the 2-story block at its central bay. The extension features a gable end with a centrally-placed external

¹McAlester & McAlester, <u>A Field Guide to American Houses</u>, p. 431.

²Harrison, Henry S., <u>Houses: the Illustrated Guide to Construction, Design, and Systems</u>, pp. 113, 150.

÷ ---

· .

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

27-ta,

Section 7 Page 6

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

chimney flanked by 1/1 windows.

Non-functional chimneys (serving only as roofline ornamentation) are centrally placed on the south and west elevations of the main block. The south elevation features symmetrically-placed 1/1 windows, with 6/6 screens, on both floors. Shutters, removed at the time when photographed (see photo 4) are undergoing restoration and will be reinstalled by the owners. The gable features quarter-round attic vents. The north elevation features five symmetrically-placed 1/1 windows, with 6/6 screens, on the ground floor (two of which are on the 1-story wing). The second floor has identical fenestration as on the south elevation, with similar quarter-round attic vents. There are no shutters on the north elevation, which is approximately six feet from the brick wall, marking the property line.

The west elevation features a small second-story balcony, with wooden a balustrade, supported by wooden 4x4 posts. The back door is on the porch beneath the balcony.

The primary entrance in the center of the east elevation leads to a small foyer dominated by an elegant 180degree spiral staircase. The mahogany railing is curved and precisely fitted, and the wooden banisters are closely spaced (two per step). A door on the north wall of the foyer leads to the "front room," which fills the east wing of the house. The front room features a Federal-style carved mantelpiece and functioning fireplace on the east wall, flanked by identical 1/1 windows. A door on the west wall of the front room leads to the dining room. A door on the west wall of the dining room leads to the kitchen. South of the kitchen is a breakfast nook, separated from the kitchen by an archway.

The south door off the foyer leads to a guest bedroom. A hallway runs to the north of the staircase, terminating at the kitchen. The bathroom is accessible from the central hallway and also from the guest bedroom.

The 2^{nd} floor plan includes two bedrooms and a bathroom. The master bedroom occupies the north end, and another bedroom occupies the south end. The east balcony is accessible from both bedrooms, and also from the foyer at the top of the stairs. The bathroom, west of the stairs, is accessible from both bedrooms. The west balcony is accessible only from the south bedroom.

The interior of the Keith House retains a high degree of integrity, appearing much as it would have in the 1930s. All woodwork and doors are original, including the hardware. The floors throughout the house are oak, except in the kitchen. During a recent kitchen renovation, the current owners removed linoleum and refinished the pine floor. Both bathrooms retain original fixtures, hardware, and tiles. The floors in both bathrooms consist of 1½-inch x ¾-inch white tiles and 3/8-inch x 3/8-inch blue or green tiles, laid in geometric patterns. The walls are clad in 4x4-inch off-

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 7

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

white tiles, trimmed in blue and green tile.

The windows, made of old-growth cedar, are currently being re-screened and painted. The restoration craftsman noted that they are in excellent condition for their age.

During the kitchen renovation, the owners discovered that the original base cabinets had been replaced with low-quality cabinets, and were damaged beyond repair. The owners opted to replace all kitchen cabinets with a comparable, custom-made style. The original kitchen wallpapers were intact under two layers of wallpaper.

In other areas of the house, there is evidence that the walls and ceilings have been repaired or replaced due to water damage and the installation of the central air conditioning units and ductwork. Portions of the original wallpapers are in evidence in the crawl spaces above the master bedroom and in the ductwork area in the opening at the second-story stair landing.

The two chandeliers in the front room and the light fixture in the entry are original, but all others have been replaced with compatible light fixtures from the 1900s-1940s. The Keith House retains a high degree of integrity of location, setting, workmanship, materials, design, feeling, and association. Its original salient features remain intact, from the interior woodwork to the view of the capitol and downtown. Only minor changes, such as paint color, have occurred since the house's construction in 1933.

.....

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

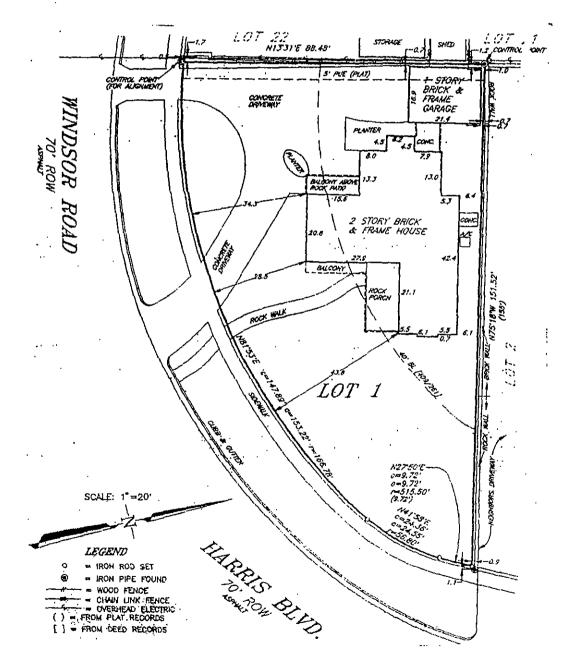
<u>___</u>

Section 7 Page 8

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Keith House

Survey Plat



, *4*

Austin, Travis County, Texas

Keith House

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

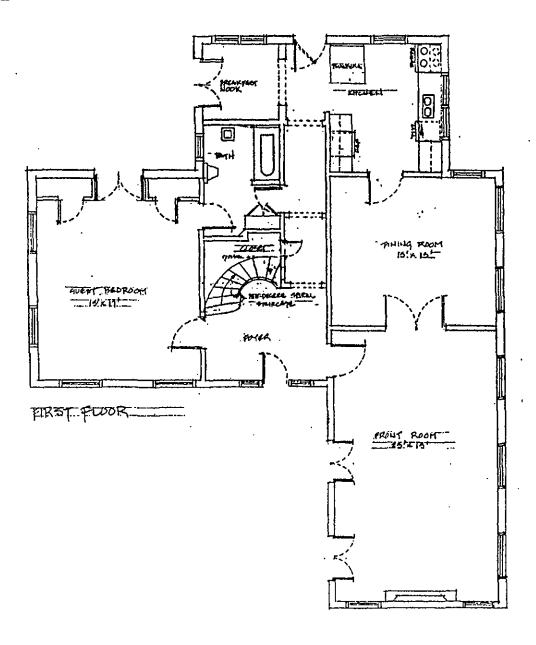
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

·. .

1

Section <u>7</u> Page <u>9</u>

First Floor Plan





. :

ι.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

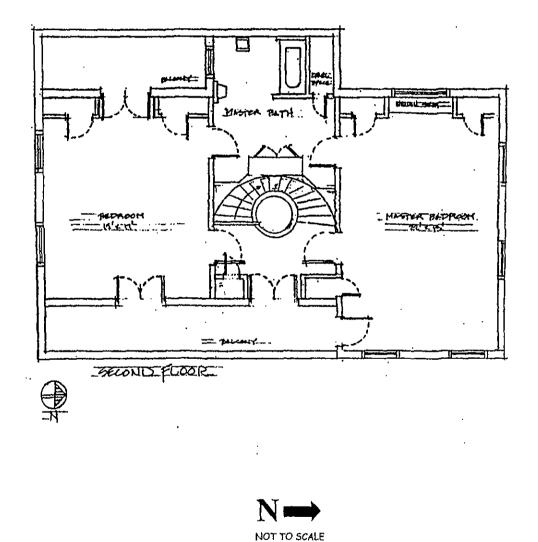
National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

*.*___

Section _7_ Page _10_

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Keith House Second Floor Plan



United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

2

Section 8 Page 11

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

William Dixon Anderson, a noted Austin builder and salesman employed by the Calcasieu Lumber Company, designed the Keith House (1933) for his sister, Maggie Mae Keith, and her husband Jacque Nicholas Keith. A wellcrafted example of an early 20th century Monterey home featuring elements of Colonial and Spanish Colonial styles, the Keith House meets Criterion C in the Area of Architecture, at the local level of significance.

One of the most prestigious neighborhoods in Austin, Pemberton Heights developed in the late 1920s. The Austin Development Company highlighted the neighborhood's amenities and proximity to the center of town in a brochure, noting "over five miles of paved and shaded streets and sidewalks, and over seven acres of private park adjoining and adjacent to Pease and Enfield Parks on the north... This plateau sub-division overlooks the entire city and its surrounding territory. It is over 100 feet higher than Congress Avenue and only eight minutes from the Business District." The developer advertised Pemberton Heights as a "well balanced" community with some streets planned for "fancy \$3500-\$4000 cottages" and adjacent streets reserved for "\$150,000 mansions."³ Harris Boulevard was among the first streets laid out and developed in Pemberton Heights. New homes sold briskly at first, but the Great Depression slowed new growth in the 1930s. The post-World War II housing boom led to the full development of Pemberton Heights by the 1950s.

Calcasieu Lumber Company was founded in Austin in 1883 by brothers William Sherman Drake and Carl F. Drake, formerly of Connecticut. The company was named after Calcasicu Parish, Louisiana, source of the company's long-leaf pine. Calcasieu employee William Dixon Anderson (1888-1972) was born in Austin to Ed and Mary Anderson. Ed Anderson, a Travis County sheriff and County Treasurer, was the grandson of Thomas Anderson, builder of Anderson Mill on the Colorado River in the Hill Country west of Austin.⁴ William D. Anderson studied architecture (though he never became a licensed architect) under Samuel Gideon at the University of Texas, and joined Calcasieu Lumber Company, in Austin, in 1915, remaining in the company's employment for 46 years, ultimately becoming its chief builder.⁵ It is unknown how many houses he built in the area. Known locally as "the man in the derby hat," for his long-standing hat preference, Anderson was also a noted local historian, best remembered for his storics of life in Austin in the 19th and early 20th centuries. His most famous work, "Kingdom in the Hills"

³Pryor, quoting from unidentified brochure.

⁴<u>Fellow Texans in Profile</u>, 1948, p 22. Today, the mill is preserved as a museum and lends its name to Anderson Mill Road. ⁵Anderson, W. D. file, Austin History Center.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 8 Page 12

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texes

documented life at Anderson Mill. The Austin History Center maintains a collection of Anderson's writings.⁶

Anderson purchased the Keith House lot in 1927, and in 1932, sold it to his sister Maggie Mae (Anderson) Keith, and her husband, Jacque Nicholas Keith. Calcasieu Lumber Co. built the house as designed by Anderson in 1933. In a recent telephone interview, Anderson's son, William D. Anderson, Jr., attributed inspiration for the Keith House design to a house in Temple, Texas, which his father sketched during a series of weekend trips.⁷

Jacque Nicholas Keith (1886-1958) graduated from the University of Texas School of Law in 1909, and married Maggie Mae Anderson in 1915. Keith worked at the Austin Realty Company and then at his own law practice until 1918, when he became an Internal Revenue Service agent. Maggie Mae sold the Keith House in 1962 and moved in with her sister, Lucy Anderson.⁸

The Keith House was built at the height of the Great Depression, a time during which many Austin construction companies folded. According to the Austin City Directory, few builders remained in the city in 1933, and only wellestablished companies, including Calcasieu Lumber, C. W. Moore, Becker Lumber, and Keily Van C. Lumber, advertised significantly during this period. These vertically-integrated companies built residential and commercial buildings, and also handled building supplies. This diversification allowed Calcasieu to weather the storm of the Depression. William D. Anderson employed craftsman Anthony Edburg, an experienced carpenter and general contractor.⁹

The Spanish Colonial architectural style developed in the southwestern United States and northern Mexico from the 1700s to the mid-1800s. With the influx of English settlers in the west, the Spanish Colonial style began to exhibit English Colonial features, particularly cantilevered second-story porches with delicate wooden balustrades.¹⁰

The Monterey style, first built in the mid-1920s in California, incorporated elements of both the Spanish Colonial and English Colonial styles. Typical Monterey houses consist of two stories, and are often configured in an "L" shape. The style is characterized by a low-pitched gable roof and a second-story, cantilevered balcony in front, covered by the principal roof. The first and second stories often are clad in different materials, such as wood siding, brick, and stucco. Spanish Colonial windows paired with false shutters are typical, as are full-length French windows

۵lbid.

⁷Anderson, William Dixon, Jr., telephone interview, 6 January 1998.

⁸German, Mary Francis Keith (daughter of original owners), interview, Bryan, Texas.

^oAustin City Directories, 1914, 1924, 1932-33.

¹⁰McAlester, p. 130.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

j

Section 8 Page 13

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

opening onto the balcony.11

The Keith House exhibits features the Spanish and English Colonial elements common in Monterey style houses, most notably a second-story cantilevered wooden balcony covered by the main roof. While the house is primarily of buff brick veneer, a portion of the second-story rear facade is covered in stucco. English Colonial influences are evident in the use of quarter-round attic vents, and chimneys centrally placed on the gable ends. Additionally, the interior contains two notable English Colonial features: a 180-degree Federal-style spiral staircase and an Adam-style mantelpiece.

In the mid-1920s, the application of a masonry veneer to a balloon frame (in place of solid masonry exterior walls) substantially reduced the cost of producing a "masonry" home. This development allowed middle class housing to incorporate the grand architectural styles previously afforded only to the very wealthy. The Keith House was no doubt produced at less cost than a house built of solid masonry.

The Keith House's east-southeast orientation allows summer breezes to flow through the house, keeping it several degrees cooler inside. The house is laid out for optimum airflow through the front and rear doors at either end of the central hallway on the first floor. The stucco on the west side reflects the intense afternoon Texas sun, keeping the upstairs cool. Large covered balconies, optimally placed on the east and west sides, along with the covered front porch, protect key windows and doors from direct sunlight. Conversely, because the angle of the winter sun is lower, sunlight enters the house on the east, southeast, and west sides, helping to keep the house warmer in winter.

The Keith House was among the first Monterey-influenced houses built in Austin. Located at the gateway to the Pemberton Heights neighborhood, the prominently-placed Keith House probably influenced later houses in the area. The Keith House is eligible under Criterion C, in the Area of Architecture, at the local level of significance, because it embodies the distinctive characteristics of the Monterey style popular at the time of its construction. The Keith House retains integrity of location, setting, workmanship, materials, design, feeling, and association to a high degree. In 1994, the Texas Historical Commission designated the Keith House as a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 8 Page 14

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Keith House Photo taken 1941

•



44

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 9 Page 15

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Anderson, William Dixon, Jr. Telephone interview, 6 January 1998.

Barkley, Mary Starr. <u>A History of Central Texas</u>. Copy at Austin History Center, Austin, Texas.

Fellow Texans in Profile, 1948, Austin History Center, Austin, Texas.

"Heritage" (Keller Williams Realty newsletter), Susan J. Pryor, Editor, April/May, 1997.

Harrison, Henry S. <u>Houses: The Illustrated Guide to Construction, Design, and Systems</u>, National Institute of Real Estate Brokers of the National Association of Realtors, 1976.

"Keith House." Recorded Texas Historic Landmark nomination file. Texas Historical Commission, Austin, Texas.

McAlester, Virginia and Lee. Field Guide to American Houses, Virginia and Lee McAlester (New York: Alfred A. Knopf), 1990.

Texas State Bar Records, Texas State Bar Office.

Primary Sources at Austin History Center, Austin, Texas:

Anderson, W.D., File.

Austin City Directories, 1909, 1914, 1916, 1924, 1932, 1935, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1967, 1979.

Austin Deed Records: 1927, Volume 409, p. 261. 1932, Volume 481, p. 205. 1981, Volume 7322, p. 432.

1989, Volume 10879, p. 908.

Austin Phone Book, May 1934.

Calcasieu Files, Austin History Center, Austin, Texas.

Sanborn Fire Insurance Map, Austin, Texas, 1940.

Tax Records:

W. D. Anderson, 1932. J. N. Keith, 1933, 1934.

Waterloo Scrapbook, Audrey Bateman, 1977.

••

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 9 Page 16

Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Interviews

William D. Anderson, by Hildegarde Stjepcevich, December 12, 1969, Tape No. 37, Austin History Center.

William D. Anderson, Jr., telephone interview, 6 January 1998, Austin, Texas.

Mrs. Paul German (Mary Francis Keith), Bryan, Texas.

Mrs. Olive Huffman, 2414 Harris Blvd., Austin, Texas.

Mr. Peter Pfeiffer, AIA, 1800 W. Sixth Street, Austin, Texas.

•

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

-)

Section <u>PHOTO</u> Page <u>17</u>

PHOTO LOG

Keith House 2400 Harris Blvd. Austin, Texas Photographed by James Magnuson November 1997 Negatives on file with property owner

East elevation Camera facing west Photograph 1 of 6

Front entry, oblique Camera facing northwest Photograph 2 of 6

Second floor balcony - detail Camera facing northwest Photograph 3 of 6

South elevation Camera facing north Photograph 4 of 6

Southwest oblique Camera facing northeast Photograph 5 of 6

North elevation Camera facing south Photograph 6 of 6 Keith House Austin, Travis County, Texas

Keith House

Austin, Travis County, Texas

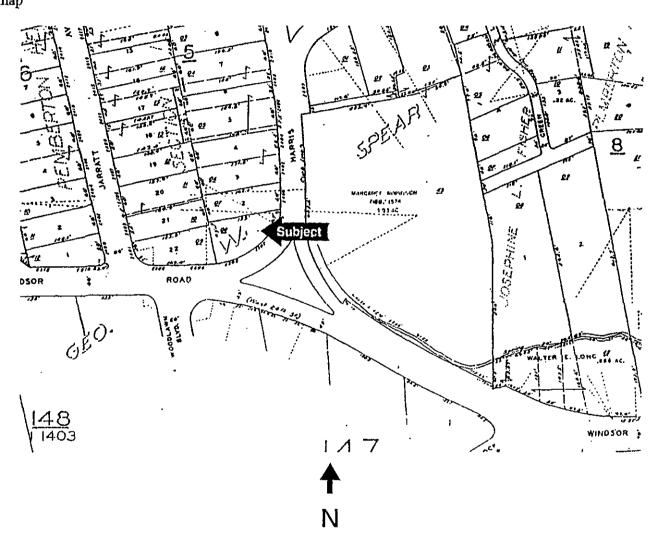
. .

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section <u>MAP</u> Page <u>18</u>

Plat map





TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

George W. Bush . Governor

John L. Nau, III · Chairman

Curtis Tunnell . Executive Director

The State Agency for Historic Preservation

May 19, 1998

James L. and Linda W. Magnuson 2400 Harris Blvd. Austin, TX 78703-2406

RE: Keith House 2400 Harris Blvd. Austin, Texas 78703-2406 May 8, 1998

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Magnuson,

Congratulations! The National Park Service listed your property in the National Register of Historic Places on the date referenced above. As the nation's official list of historically significant properties, National Register listing denotes that your property is especially worthy of preservation. Your property joins some 2200 properties in Texas with this designation.

Various historic preservation programs may be available to aid in the preservation of your property, including investment tax credits for certain income producing properties. Although funding is limited, grants may also be available to aid in the further preservation of your property. For more information regarding grant programs, contact the THC's Division of Architecture at 512-463-6094.

Enclosed is a certificate and an application for a National Register plaque should you wish to purchase one through the Texas Historical Commission.

Thank you for all your efforts to recognize this historic property. Your continued interest in the preservation of Texas' heritage is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Tunnel

State Historic Preservation Officer

Enclosures CC:

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES DIRECTOR, NATIONAL REGISTER PROGRAMS **TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR** the Keith House IS LISTED IN THE CERTIFIES THAT BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

A. APPLICATION FOR HISTORIC ZONING

PROJECT INFORMATION:

DEPARTMENTER LISE ONEY	
SIDE SUMMERSES AND STREET	
CASEMANAGER	
PEPERON MONTAGE DE LE CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRACTÓRIA DE LA CONTRACTÓRIA DE LA CONTRACTÓRIA DE LA CONTRACTÓRIA DE	

BASIC PROJECT DATA:

Г

. OWNER'S NAME: James L and Linda W Magnuson	1
. PROJECT NAME: Keith House	2
. PROJECT STREET ADDRESS (or Range): 2400 Harris BV	3
ZIP 78703 COUNTY: Travis	
IF PROJECT ADDRESS CANNOT BE DEFINED ABOVE:	
LOCATED FRONTAGE FEET ALONG THE N. S. E. W. (CIRCLE ONE) SIDE OF	
(ROAD NAME PROPERTY FRONTS ONTO), WHICH IS	
APPROXIMATELY DISTANCE FROM ITS	
INTERSECTION WITH CROSS STREET.	

AREA TO BE REZONED:

4. ACRES0.25	(OR)	SQ	.FT		
5. ZONING AND L	AND USE INFORM	IATION:			
EXISTING ZONING	EXISTING USE	TRACT# (IF MORE THAN 1)	ACRES / SQ. FT.	PROPOSED USE	PROPOSED ZONING
SF-3	Family Residence	e	0.25 Acres	SF-3-H	Fam Res Historic
		·	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	
		· <u>~</u>			

RELATED CURRENT CASES:

___ ~~

		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
6. ACTIVE ZONING CASE?	(NO)	FILE NUMBER:
7. RESTRICTIVE COVENANT?	(NO)	FILE NUMBER:
8. SUBDIVISION?	(NO)	FILE NUMBER:
9. SITE PLAN?	(NO)	FILE NUMBER:

Г

1

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (SUBDIVISION REFERENCE OR METES AND BOUNDS):

. .

 10a. SUBDIVISION REFERENCE: Name: Pemberton Heights Section 1 Block 1 Lot 1 Outlot(s) na Plat Book: 3 Page Number: 136
10b. METES AND BOUNDS (Attach two copies of certified field notes if subdivision reference is not available or zoning includes partial lots)

DEED REFERENCE CONVEYING PROPERTY TO PRESENT OWNER AND TAX PARCEL I.D.:

11. VOLUME: 12639 PAGE: 0653 TAX PARCEL I.D. NO. 0115010508

OTHER PROVISIONS:

OWNERSHIP TYPE:

Г

15. XX SOLE	COMMUNITY PROPERTY _	PARTNERSHIP		TRUST
If ownership is of	ther than sole or community proper	ty, list individuals/par	tners/principals below or	attach separate sheet.

OWNER INFORMATION:

16. OWNER CONTACT INFORMATION	7-6-01
SIGNATURE: Jan- 2 A Januar and all M	Agnual NAME: James and Linda Magnuson
FIRM NAME: n/a	// TELEPHONE NUMBER: 512-479-6872
STREET ADDRESS: 2400 Harris BV	
CITY: Austin STATE: TX ZIP CODE: 78703	
EMAIL ADDRESS: j_magnuso@yahoo.com	

AGENT INFORMATION (IF APPLICABLE): N/A

17. AGENT CONTACT INFORMA	TION			
SIGNATURE:		NAME:		
FIRM NAME:	TELEPHONE NUMBER:			
STREET ADDRESS:				
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:		
CONTACT PERSON:		TELEPHONE NUMBER:		
EMAIL ADRESS:				

DEPARTMENTAL USE ONLY: _____

D. SUBMITTAL VERIFICATION AND INSPECTION AUTHORIZATION

SUBMITTAL VERICATION

My signature attests to the fact that the attached application package is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I understand that proper City staff review of this application is dependent upon the accuracy of the information provided and that any inaccurate or inadequate information provided by me/my firm/etc., may delay the proper review of this application.

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT NAME BELOW SIGNATURE AND INDICATE FIRM REPRESENTED, IF APPLICABLE.

Sinda N Mapuz Jane Z hance Signature Date

James L. & Linda W. Magnuson Name (Typed or Printed)

Na _____

Firm (If applicable)

INSPECTION AUTHORIZATION

As owner or authorized agent, my signature authorizes staff to visit and inspect the property for which this application is being submitted.

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT NAME BELOW SIGNATURE AND INDICATE FIRM REPRESENTED, IF APPLICABLE.

amer han 7.6.0% Date

Signature Žinda & Magnusen James L. & Linda W. Magnuson Name (Typed or Printed)

Na 🔄

Firm (If applicable)

E. ACKNOWLEDGMENT FORM

concerning Subdivision Plat Notes, Deed Restrictions, **Restrictive Covenants** and / or **Zoning Conditional Overlays**

I. James L. & Linda W. Magnuson have checked for subdivision plat notes, deed restrictions. (Print name of applicant)

restrictive covenants and/or zoning conditional overlays prohibiting certain uses and/or requiring certain development restrictions i.e. height, access, screening etc. on this property, located at

2400 Harris BV, Austin, TX (Address or Legal Description)

If a conflict should result with the request I am submitting to the City of Austin due to subdivision plat notes. deed restrictions, restrictive covenants and/or zoning conditional overlays it will be my responsibility to resolve , it. I also acknowledge that I understand the implications of use and/or development restrictions that are a result of a subdivision plat notes, deed restrictions, restrictive covenants and/or zoning conditional overlays.

I understand that if requested, I must provide copies of any and all subdivision plat notes, deed restrictions, restrictive covenants and/or zoning conditional overlay information which may apply to this property.

Anda I Magnusen <u>Jen-I, Zurne</u> (Applicant's signature)

26-04 (Date)

Trav	P.O. Box 174 Austin, Texas 7 (512) 854-94	ears sor-Colle, 8 8767 73		116525		
ACCOUNT NUMBER: 01-1501-050	8-0000			NT		
PROPERTY OWNER:			DESCRIPTION	N :		
MAGNUSON JAMES L & LINDA W 2400 HARRIS BLVD AUSTIN, TX 78703-2406		LOT 1 BLK PEMBERTON	1 HEIGHTS SE	C 1		
		ACRES	0.000 MIN%	.00000 TYPE		
SITUS INFORMATION: 002400						
This is to certify that after a careful check of tax records of this office, the following taxes, delinquent taxes, penalties and interests are due on the described property of the following tax unit(s):						
YEAR ENTITY 2003 AUSTIN ISD CITY OF AUSTIN (TRAV) TRAVIS COUNTY ACC (TRAVIS)				TOTAL *ALL PAID* *ALL PAID* *ALL PAID* *ALL PAID*		
TOTAL SEQUENCE 0				*ALL PAID*		
	INTERE COMMIS	TAX: FEES: ST ON FEES: SION: DUE ==>		*ALL PAID* * NONE * * NONE * * NONE * *ALL PAID*		
ALL TAXES PAID IN FULL PRIO	R TO AND INCLUDIN	IG THE YEAR	2003 EXCEP	F FOR UNPAID		
YEARS LISTED ABOVE. TAXES PAID FOR YEAR 2003	\$13,511.40					
The above described propert use, and additional rollbac Property Tax Code). Pursuant to Section 31.08 o \$10.00 for all Tax Certific	y may be subject k taxes may becom f the State Prope ates.	to special me due. (Se erty Tax Cod	valuation laction 23.5	pased on its 5, State s a fee of		
GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE ON THIS DATE OF 07/06/2004						
Fee Paid: \$10.00	Nelda Well Tax Assess		or			

By: Jurban Hart
\sim

HARTB printed on 07/06/2004 @ 11:18:41:04

Page# 1.