APPENDIX A.

JURISDICTION LEVEL MAPS
APPENDIX A.

Jurisdiction-Level Maps
AUSTIN
Figure 1.
AUSTIN – Percent Decline in African American Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016

2010 - 2016


Figure 2.
AUSTIN - Percent Increase in African American Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016

2010 - 2016

Figure 3.
AUSTIN – Percent Decline in Hispanic Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016

Figure 4.
AUSTIN – Percent Increase in Hispanic Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016

Figure 5.
AUSTIN – Percent Decline in Non-Hispanic White Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016


Figure 6.
AUSTIN – Percent Increase in Non-Hispanic White Residents by Census Tract, 2010 to 2016

Figure 7.
AUSTIN – Percent African American by Census Tract, 2000


Figure 8.
AUSTIN – Percent African American by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 9. AUSTIN – Percent Hispanic by Census Tract, 2000


Figure 10. AUSTIN – Percent Hispanic by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 11. AUSTIN – Majority People of Color by Census Tract, 2000

2000

AUSTIN – Majority People of Color by Census Tract, 2016

2016


Figure 13.
AUSTIN – Percent Foreign Born by Census Tract, 2000


Figure 14.
AUSTIN – Percent Foreign Born by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 15. AUSTIN – Percent Limited English Proficiency by Census Tract, 2000


Figure 16. AUSTIN – Percent Limited English Proficiency by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 17. AUSTIN – Percent Persons with Disabilities by Census Tract, 2000

Note: Includes employment disability, which is not captured in the 2016 map.

Figure 18. AUSTIN – Percent Persons with Disabilities by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 19. AUSTIN – Percent of Residents with Cognitive Difficulty, by Census Tract

Note: The ACS defines cognitive difficulty as having serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions due to a physical, mental or emotional condition.
Source: Root Policy Research from the 2013-2017 ACS.

Figure 20. AUSTIN – Percent of Residents with Ambulatory Difficulty, by Census Tract

Note: The ACS defines ambulatory difficulty as having serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs.
Source: Root Policy Research from the 2013-2017 ACS.
Figure 21.
AUSTIN – R/ECAPS and Edge R/ECAPs, 2000


Figure 22.
AUSTIN – R/ECAPS and Edge R/ECAPs, 2016

Note: The unincorporated tract poverty threshold uses an alternative poverty rate of 36% for the R/ECAP definition, which is three times the average of the poverty rate of fully unincorporated tracts.

Figure 23.
AUSTIN – Percent Poverty by Census Tract, 2000


Figure 24.
AUSTIN – Percent Poverty by Census Tract, 2016

Figure 25. AUSTIN – Percent African American Ownership, 2000


Figure 26. AUSTIN – Percent African American Ownership, 2016

Figure 27.
AUSTIN – Percent Hispanic Ownership, 2000


Figure 28.
AUSTIN – Percent Hispanic Ownership, 2016

Source: American Community Survey, 2012-2016
Figure 29.
AUSTIN – Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Developments and Poverty Rate by Census Tract, 2016 (Poverty) and 2018 (LIHTC)

Source: TDHCA, ACS 2012-2016.
Figure 30.
AUSTIN – Small Area Fair Market Rents (FMR) and Poverty Rates by Census Tract, 2016 (Poverty) and 2019 (FMR)

2019 FMR: $1,315

Note: The 2019 2-bedroom FMR for the Austin-Round Rock area is $1,315. The crosshatch indicates a ZIP code where the zip code FMR is higher than metro wide FMR.

Source: www.huduser.org; Fair Market Rent database.