

TOBACCO 21

Health and Human Services Committee City Hall

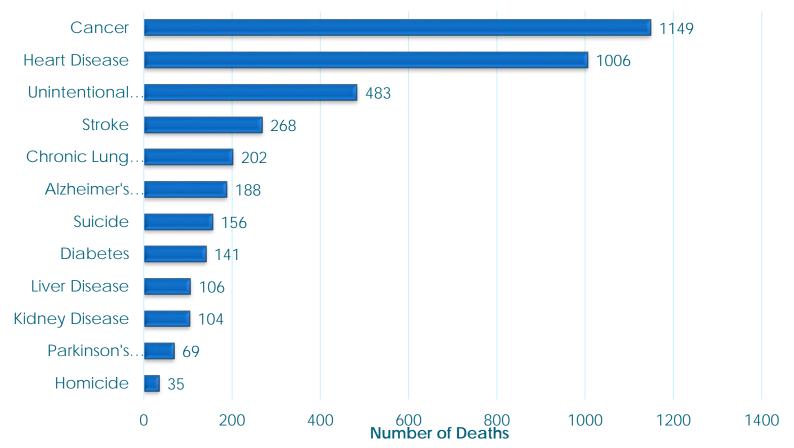
May 16, 2018



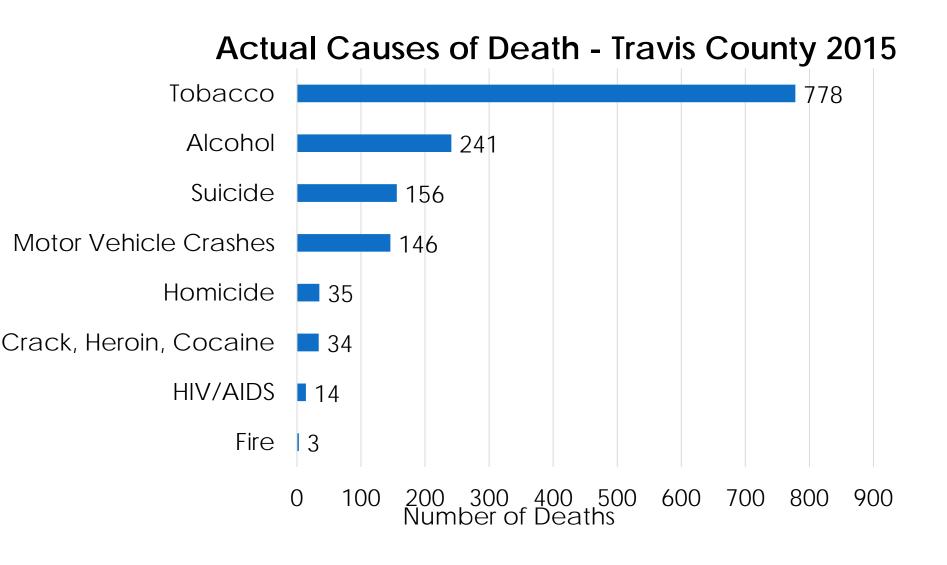
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Leading Causes of Death, Travis County, 2015



Data Source: Texas DSHS Vital Statistics



Data Source: Texas DSHS Vital Statistics, CDC, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

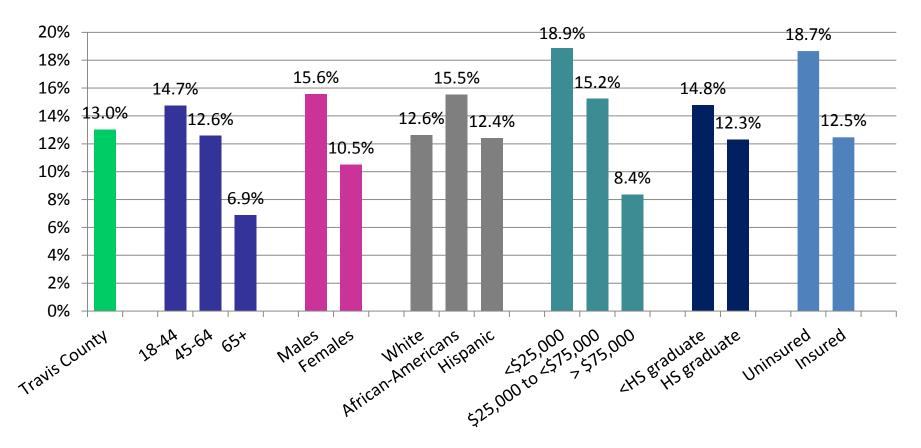
Tobacco Use Impact on Youth in Travis County

 There are 265,000 youth (aged 0-17) in Travis County

• It is estimated that 18,500 of them will die prematurely due to smoking-related illness

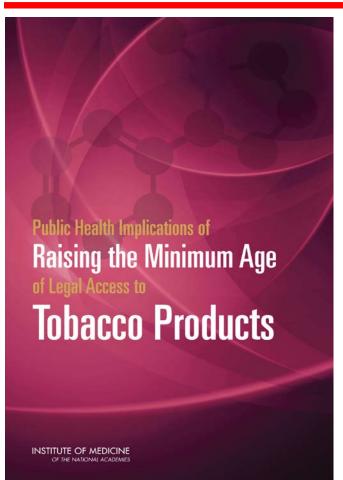
Data Source: The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General, 2014, p.696. Available at http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/50-years-of-progress/sgr50-chap-12.pdf. Travis County youth 0-17 account for 3.71% of Texas 0-17 population.

Adult Smoking Prevalence Travis County, 2012-2016



Data Source: Texas BRFSS 2012-2016

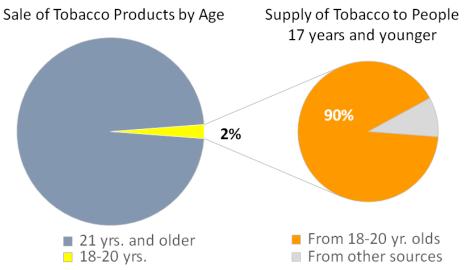
Raising Minimum Age A Best Practice



- 4.2 Million Years of Lives Saved in Kids Currently Alive Today
- 25% Drop in Youth Initiation
- 12% Drop in Overall Smoking
- 12% Drop in Premature Births

Why Raise the Age?

- 95% of adult smokers began smoking before they turned 21.
- Only 2% of tobacco sold is purchased by 18-20 year olds, but that 2% supplies 90% of the addictive tobacco to younger people.



Increasing the Sale Age to 21 A Public Health Solution

- Delay age of first tobacco use and reduce risk of becoming regular smoker.
- Helps keep tobacco out of schools.
- Younger teens have harder time passing themselves off as 21.



Potential Results in Texas and Travis County

• Raising the tobacco purchase age to 21 could result in

- 12% decrease in tobacco use among adults (National Academies of Medicine, 2015)
- 33% reduction in the use of all tobacco products by 18- to 20year-old Texans (Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, 2013)

Where is T21 already in place?



San Antonio Tobacco 21 Ordinance

- San Antonio's Tobacco 21 ordinance takes effect on October 1, 2018 to increase the age for sale of tobacco products from 18 years of age to 21 years of age.
- This includes:
 - tobacco products whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled or ingested by any other means,
 - including, but not limited to a cigarette, e-cigarettes, a cigar, pipe tobacco, chewing tobacco, snuff, snus, or an electronic smoking device or liquids used in electronic smoking devices.
- Violators could be fined up to \$500.
- SA Metro Health will lead enforcement efforts.

Texas Status for Tobacco 21

During the last Texas Legislative Session in 2017, there was bipartisan support for a state-wide Tobacco 21 bill. Rep. John Zerwas, a Richmond Republican and physician championed the effort in the House, and he was joined by Rep. Donna Howard, D-Austin, and had the support of a bipartisan group of 16 House members, and Sens. Joan Huffman, R-Houston and Carlos Uresti, D-San Antonio.

• The bill passed the House Committee and died to procedural rule on the House calendar.



• For Follow-up & Engagement

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