

INSPECTION FREQUENCY STANDARD (IFS):

A New Risk-Based Model for Inspecting Food Establishments

City of Austin Health & Human Services Committee

City Hall

August 8, 2018

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May 16 H&HSC Meeting

- Summary of major changes since May 16th meeting:
 - Per Committee input, revised the size thresholds of the three food establishment risk groups to better reflect small-medium sized restaurants:
 - > May 16 Proposal: <10, 10-100, 100+ employees
 - Revised Proposal: 1-25, 26-50, 50+ employees
 - Also, deleted market scale descriptions
 - Revised Cost of Service factors for the new size ranges to more accurately reflect worker-hours needed to permit and inspect establishments in each of the nine risk-size classes.

Inspection Frequency Standard (IFS)

- Currently, each fixed food establishment in Austin is programmed for two (2) food safety inspections per year.
 - Drawback: all food establishments are inspected at the same frequency (2/YR) regardless of degree of complexity or level of food safety risk posed
- Approx. 12 years ago, the U.S. Food & Drug Administration launched a new standard for food safety inspections: the Inspection Frequency Standard (IFS)

Inspection Frequency Standard (IFS)

- IFS is a risk-based approach based on the U.S. Food & Drug Administration and Centers for Disease Control guidelines that classifies all fixed food establishments as Higher Risk, Medium Risk and Lower Risk based on:
 - The complexity/ risk of an establishment's food preparation processes
 - The establishment's use of control measures to reduce the risk of foodborne illness: e.g., temperature logs, Certified Food Manager present at all times, handling of ready-to-eat foods with barehands, etc.

Inspection Frequency Standard (IFS)

• Higher Risk Food Establishments (Tier 3):

- Use complex processes: cooling/re-service; cooking/re-heating
- Example: A full service restaurant with table service
- Medium Risk Food Establishments (Tier 2): :
 - Cook some food, but for same-day service
 - Example: A pizza parlor, McDonalds, etc.
- Lower Risk Food Establishments (Tier 1):
 - Serve pre-packaged foods; Do not cook or re-heat
 - Example: Convenience store selling only prepackaged sandwiches

An Incentive-Based Approach to Risk-Based Inspections

- Higher Risk Estab's (Tier 3) are typically inspected 3 times per year
 - A consistently <u>high scoring</u> Tier 3 would require only 2 routine inspect's/yr
 - Past 24-month period has an average inspection score of 90 or above
- Medium Risk Estab's (Tier 2) are typically inspected 2 times per year
 - A consistently <u>high scoring</u> Tier 2 estab would require only 1 inspect/yr
 - Past 24-month period has an average inspection score of 90 or above
 - A consistently low scoring Tier 2 estab would require 3 inspect's/year
 - Past 24-month period has an average inspection score below 80
- Lower Risk Estab's (Tier 1) are typically inspected 1 time per year
 - A consistently low scoring Tier 1 estab would require 2 inspect's/year
 - Past 24-month period has an average inspection score below 80

Current Fee Schedule (2 x YR)

<u># of Employees</u>	<u># Estab</u> .	<u>Permit Fee</u>
o 1-9	2750	\$475
o 10-25	1500	\$540
o 26-50	650	\$605
o 51-100	250	\$670
• Over 100	95	\$734

Proposed IFS Fee Schedule (Inspections 1-3 x YR)

9 Total Categories of Establishments by Risk + Size

- - 3 (higher risk)

 - 1 (lower risk)

- 3 Risk Categories:
 3 Size Sub-Categories:
 - A (>50 emp's)
 - 2 (medium risk)
 B (26-50 emp's)
 - C (1-25 emp's)

• IFS Methodology:

- On August 6, the City Manager's Budget was presented to the City Council incorporating 100% cost of service factors as well as the IFS methodology presented to the Committee on May 16.
- The fee schedule summarized in this presentation, includes 90% COS factor for IFS Category 3C

 An addendum must be made to the fee schedule
 *Cost of Service factors are based on the personnel cost of performing inspections, plus applicable administrative and overhead-related costs

Original IFS Fee Schedule (1-3 x YR)

Proposed May 16, 2018

 IFS Risk Category by Size of Estab. Higher Risk – Larger Size Estab. 3A 	<u># Estab</u> . 588	New <u>Fee</u> \$937	11	Current <u>Fee</u> \$734
• Higher Risk – Medium Size Estab. 3B	1121	\$740	11	\$540-670
• Higher Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 3C	371	\$567	1	\$475
 Medium Risk – Larger Size Estab. 2A 	296	\$597	Ļ	\$734
• Medium Risk – Medium Size Estab. 2B	877	\$521	II	\$540-670
• Medium Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 2C	552	\$445	Ļ	\$475
 Lower Risk – Larger Size Estab. 1A 	228	\$301	111	\$734
 Lower Risk – Medium Size Estab. 1B 	474	\$263	III	\$540-670
 Lower Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 1C 	609	\$225	111	\$475

Revised August 8, 2018

 IFS Risk Category by Size of Estab. Higher Risk – Larger Size Estab. 3A 	<u># Estab</u> . 224	May 16 <u># Fee</u> 588 \$937	New <u>Fee</u> \$896	11	Current <u>Fee</u> \$670-734
• Higher Risk – Medium Size Estab. 3B	363	1121 \$740	\$782	11	\$605
• Higher Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 3C	1490	371 \$567	\$601		\$475-540
• Medium Risk – Larger Size Estab. 2A	80	296 \$597	\$684	1	\$670-734
• Medium Risk – Medium Size Estab. 2B	179	877 \$521	\$608	1	\$605
• Medium Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 2C	1474	552 \$445	\$532	11	\$475-540
 Lower Risk – Larger Size Estab. 1A 	56	228 \$301	\$416		\$670-734
 Lower Risk – Medium Size Estab. 1B 	62	474 \$263	\$378	Ħ	\$605
 Lower Risk – Smaller Size Estab. 1C 	1188	609 \$225	\$359	11	\$475-540

- Revenue Projections: Current Approach vs. IFS Approach
 - Current Approach (2 X Year): \$2,746,730
 - Proposed IFS Approach: \$2,847,315
 - Delta: IFS will generate approx. \$ 100,585 in additional revenues
 - This is a 3.6% increase in revenues, which is less than the 7.5% increase in the total number of inspections that will be required in transitioning from 2 inspections/year to IFS
 - This revenue projection is based on a full year of collections, and includes fees from 129 custodial care facilities

- Due to the larger size of the higher-risk Tier 3 category, adoption of IFS will increase the total number of required inspections by approx. 771, which will be absorbed by existing staff resources through efficiency measures.
- The projected \$100,585 increase in revenue is sufficient to fund the purchase of 3 additional fleet vehicles to replace the ongoing use of unofficial, un-decaled personal vehicles in the field

- Stakeholder Input: The Greater Austin Restaurant Association (GARA) is the local chapter of the Texas Restaurant Association. GARA represents food establishments in Austin and Travis County, and is Austin Public Health's primary stakeholder regarding food-related permit fees & regulations.
- On April 11, staff met with representatives of GARA (including the current and past Presidents) to discuss this IFS proposal.
- Staff did incorporate a key GARA recommendation (incentives for high-scoring establishments; disincentives for low scorers).

Questions

• For Follow-up & Engagement

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