## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



## City of Austin, Texas

For the year ended September 30, 2004

Prepared by: Financial and Administrative Services Department

John Stephens, CPA Chief Financial Officer

Vickie Schubert, CPA
Deputy Chief Financial Officer

Jeff Knodel, CPA Controller

Members of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada



### **City Council**

### Will Wynn

*Mayor*Term expires June 16, 2006

# Jackie Goodman Mayor Pro Tem

Term expires June 15, 2005

#### **Council Members**

Raul Alvarez
Betty Dunkerley

Brewster McCracken
Daryl Slusher
Danny Thomas

June 16, 2006

June 16, 2006

June 16, 2006

June 15, 2005

June 16, 2006

Toby Hammett Futrell

City Manager

# CITY OF AUSTIN, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended September 30, 2004

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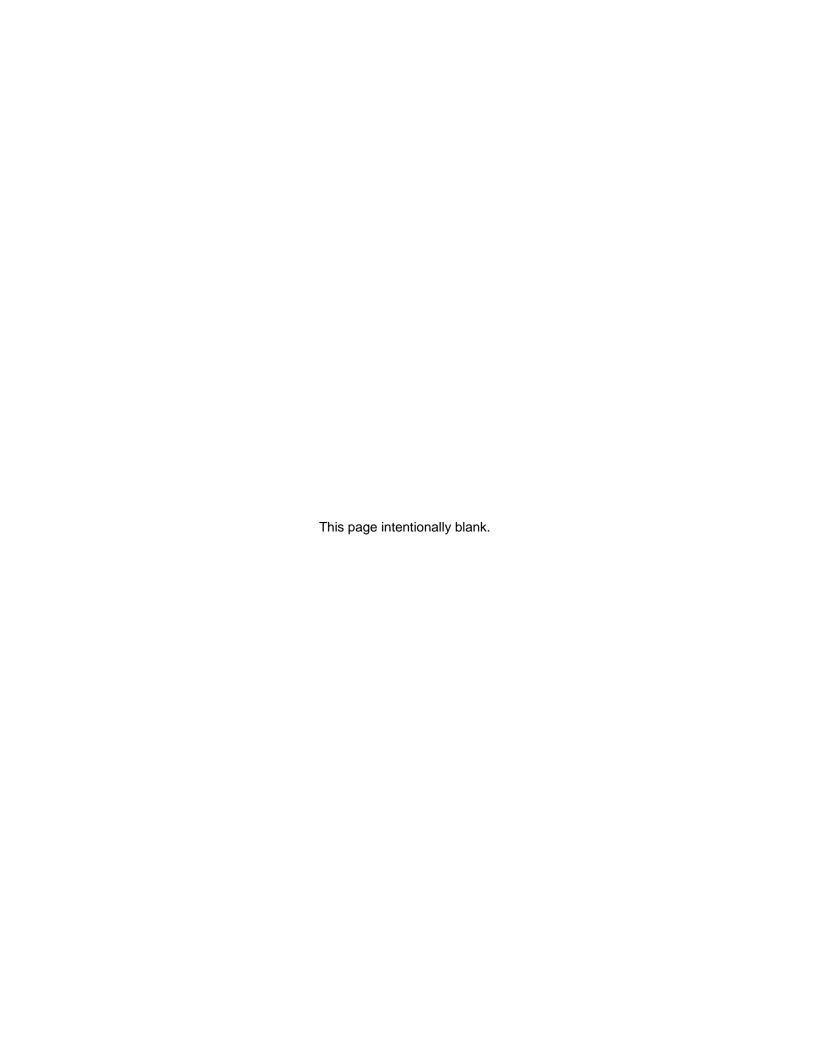
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March 28, 2005

Honorable Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem and Council Members City of Austin, Texas

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to submit to you the 2004 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Austin, Texas. The report was prepared by the Financial and Administrative Services Department, Controller's Office. The combined financial statements and related notes have been jointly audited by the independent firms of Certified Public Accountants, KPMG LLP, and R. Mendoza & Company, P.C., whose reports are included herein. This audit satisfies Article VII, Section 16 of the City Charter, which requires an annual audit of all accounts of the City by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The Federal awards received by the City directly from Federal agencies or passed through by the State of Texas or other governmental entities during fiscal year 2004 are being audited under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, as amended, and State awards are being audited under the provisions of the State of Texas Single Audit Circular. The reports will be available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, are accurate in all material respects and are presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. Furthermore, we believe all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

GASB Statement No. 34, entitled "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of management discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

This CAFR includes the financial activities of the primary government and its component units. The City provides a full range of services, including general government, public safety, transportation, planning and sustainability, public health, public recreation and culture, urban growth management, electric, water, wastewater, airport, convention and other enterprise services. In addition, the City has blended with its financial statements those of the separate legal entities, the Austin Housing Finance Corporation, whose activities are reported in the Housing Assistance Fund, and the Austin Industrial Development Corporation, whose activities are included in the Austin Industrial Development Corporation Fund.

#### **AUSTIN'S GOVERNMENT, ECONOMY AND OUTLOOK**

The City of Austin, chartered in 1839, has a Council-Manager form of government with a Mayor and six Council Members. The Mayor and Council Members are elected at large for three-year staggered terms with a maximum of two consecutive terms. A petition signed by a minimum 5% of voters waives the term limit for a Council Member. The City Manager, appointed by the City Council, is responsible to them for the management of all City employees and the administration of all City affairs.

Austin, the capital of Texas, is the fourth largest city in the State (behind Houston, Dallas, and San Antonio), with a population of 683,551 in 2004. Over the past ten years, Austin's population has increased by approximately 160,000 residents, an increase of 30.6 percent. Geographically, Austin consists of approximately 290 square miles. According to the 2000 Census, Austin has a median household income of \$42,689 and a per capita income of \$24,163.

Austin is frequently recognized as a great place to live and/or work, with one of the most recent commendations in *Forbes Magazine*, which listed Austin as one of its "top ten places for business". In October 2004, *Fortune Magazine* recognized Austin as one of its "five dream retirement towns". *MovieMaker* magazine ranks Austin number one in its "top ten cities for moviemakers to live and make movies" in 2004, moving Austin up from number four in its 2003 ranking. In the latest data from the FBI "2003 Crime in the U.S." report, Austin is ranked the third safest city among cities with a population of 500,000 or more with respect to violent crime.

Austin has long attracted a variety of people, and the reasons that draw people to the City are varied. The area has a natural beauty and a first-rate parks department that administers a number of public outdoor recreational facilities, including neighborhood parks, greenbelts, athletic fields, golf courses, tennis courts, a veloway for bicyclists and in-line skaters, miles of hike and bike trails and striped bike lanes, a youth entertainment complex and swimming pools. In October 2004, the Parks and Recreation Department received the National Recreation and Parks Association's 2004 Gold Medal Award as the best parks and recreation system in the nation.

Residents of Austin enjoy many outdoor events, including art, music, and food and wine festivals; races and bicycle rides; and the nightly flights of the world's largest urban bat colony. Indoor events vary from music to museums to ice hockey, art galleries, and include an opera facility and a wide variety of restaurants and clubs. Long recognized as the "live music capital of the world," Austin boasts more than 120 live music venues, and is home to the annual South by Southwest (SXSW) music, film and interactive festivals each spring as well as the Austin City Limits Festival each fall.

The educational opportunities in Austin have long drawn people to the city. Among U.S. cities with a population over 250,000, Austin is one of the most highly educated cities, with approximately 40.6 percent of adults holding a bachelor's or advanced degree. With its seven institutions of higher learning and more than 113,000 students, education is a significant aspect of life in the Austin area. The University of Texas at Austin (UT), the largest public university in the nation, is known as a world-class center of education and research.

During the 1990s, over 280,000 jobs were created in Austin; unemployment dropped to less than 2 percent in 2000. Following September 11, 2001, Austin and the Central Texas area faced a significant economic downturn, resulting in a significant number of job layoffs and high unemployment rates. Due to the influence of the technology sector in the Austin area, the economic downturn had a more severe impact locally than across Texas.

The Austin area economy is beginning to see a sustained improvement over conditions from the previous years. The unemployment rate for the Austin MSA has improved from 4.8 percent in December 2003 to 4.0 percent in December 2004. The average annual unemployment rate has also improved from 5.7 percent in 2003 to 4.5 percent in 2004. The statewide average unemployment rate for Texas was 6.8 percent in 2003 and 5.9 percent in 2004.

Sales tax revenue has shown a steady improvement from the previous year. Sales tax growth for fiscal year 2004 averaged a 6.6 percent increase over fiscal year 2003, with 11 months of positive growth as compared to only two months in the previous year. The growth rate is the second highest among major Texas cities. As a sign of sustained improvement, initial sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2005 has increased from comparative periods in fiscal year 2004.

Single family residential building permits increased by approximately 600 permits from fiscal year 2003, which represents an approximate 20 percent increase over the previous year. Property tax revenue increased by approximately \$7.4 million from the previous year, although assessed valuation within the City decreased approximately \$1.8 billion, or 3.5% from the prior year. Property taxes for 2004 and subsequent years may be negatively impacted by lawsuits filed against the appraisal district; the suits challenge the appraisal district's property valuations for many businesses. If the challenges are successful,

they could result in decreased tax revenue in future years for the local taxing jurisdictions, including the City. These financial statements include the impact of estimated refunds for the pending lawsuits.

Total passenger traffic for the City's airport increased by 8% in calendar year 2004 as compared to the previous year. Total air cargo also increased 1% for the same time period. Overall collections from the hotel occupancy and vehicle rental taxes declined slightly in the current year, but avoided the significant decreases that occurred in fiscal year 2002, which reflected the effect of the 9/11 tragedy. The first quarter collections for fiscal year 2005 indicate a significant increase from comparative periods in fiscal year 2004, with an increase of 11.7 percent in hotel occupancy taxes and an increase of 13.5 percent in vehicle rental taxes.

City management implemented cost savings efforts beginning in 2002 and throughout the 2003 and 2004 budget years. During the 2004 budget process, a structurally balanced budget was achieved. As part of this process, an emphasis was placed on permanent reductions rather than one-time reductions that would have to be re-addressed in the future. Overall, 519 positions were eliminated, with 344 coming from the General Fund. Of those 519 positions 206 were filled, and ultimately 91 of these positions were subject to lay off. Other budgetary accomplishments include maintaining the effective tax rate, ensuring that no public facilities closed, maintaining utility transfer rates per covenants with the bond rating agencies, and placing no reliance on "one-time" funds to be utilized as revenue funding sources.

Economic indicators indicate that the conditions are good for the continuing economic recovery in Austin and surrounding areas. For the future, Austin's strengths continue to be the ones that led to growth in the past: a highly capable workforce, innovation and entrepreneurship, the presence of a world-class research university and several other institutions of higher learning, strong community assets and a superior quality of life.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACHIEVEMENTS**

The City has a number of significant initiatives underway or recently completed, as described below. These initiatives should have a positive effect on the City's economic health and services to residents and businesses.

#### **Economic Growth and Development**

A renewed effort has begun to attract new businesses and jobs to the Austin area. The City has developed and adopted a formal Economic Development Policy to guide Austin's economic recovery, including making significant changes to the Land Development Code to assist small business owners with redevelopment and expansion. In addition, the City has streamlined the development process for development review, permitting and inspections through the implementation of the One Stop Development Shop. The City was recognized for the progress made in this area at the 21<sup>st</sup> Annual Perryman Economic Outlook Conference.

The redevelopment of Robert Mueller Municipal Airport is underway. The City has recently completed and approved the Master Development Agreement (MDA), with a master developer to convert the old airport site into a vibrant mixed-use community. The MDA calls for the development of a full range of land use in order to promote a viable transit-oriented community for residents and employers. The first major project, a new Children's Hospital, has already begun. The City has established goals in order to achieve community-based values in a number of areas including affordable housing, green building and publicly accessible greenways and parks.

The annexation of Robinson Ranch protects the ability to plan the last major growth corridor north of Austin, as well as preserving a significant amount of future tax base. The agreement sets out future development rights and environmental protections for almost 6,000 acres. The present value of the 25-year all funds analysis of tax revenue from this area exceeds \$160 million.

The City's Street Smart Team re-engineered the process for major urban road reconstruction projects. The revised process has allowed completion of reconstruction projects for both Lamar Blvd. and Cesar Chavez in significantly less time than typical projects of this nature. As a result, traffic impacts on citizens and financial impacts on surrounding businesses were reduced.

Austin's new City Hall and public plaza, built on 1.75 acres at the previous site of the Municipal Annex, was opened in December 2004. City Hall is approximately 115,000 square feet and houses offices, meeting facilities and a state-of-the-art City Council Chamber. The new City Hall has received awards including the Texas Construction Best of 2004 Award for Best Public Building Project in the State of Texas and the Austin Business Journal's 2005 best overall award for commercial real estate.

#### **Public Health and Housing**

In May 2004, voters of Travis County elected to create the Travis County Hospital District. As required under State law, title to City-owned Brackenridge Hospital and the Austin Women's Hospital effectively passes from the City with the formation of the District. Title to the clinic facilities that operate under the Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) designation will not transfer to the District until the District receives federal approval for the transfer.

The creation of the District creates a more equitable property tax structure within Travis County. It also allows the possibility of future expansion of the tax base to surrounding counties in order to support regional trauma and indigent health care. The City of Austin reduced the fiscal year 2005 property tax rate in proportion to the amount of services that were transferred to the District. The property tax rate of the District cannot exceed \$0.25 per \$100 assessed valuation per State legislation.

The District has assumed the City's lease agreement with the Daughters of Charity to operate Brackenridge Hospital, as well as the City's agreement with the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston to operate the Austin Women's Hospital. The City will continue to operate the FQHC clinic facilities through an interlocal agreement approved by the District. In order to ensure the future financial viability of the newly created district, the City contributed \$10.7 million toward the establishment of the District's financial reserves.

The City's SMART<sup>TM</sup> Housing Program is being recognized nationally as an innovative best practice for increasing the supply of affordable, adaptable and accessible housing units. In fiscal year 2004, approximately 4,834 units were certified and 1,612 units were completed. Of these units completed, 82% were reasonably priced and all units met Green Building, accessibility, visitability and transit-oriented standards. Recently, the City's Neighborhood and Community Development Department was awarded a National Award of Excellence for their affordable housing project, Lyons Gardens. The award was given on behalf of the National Community Development Association (NCDA).

#### **Utility Projects**

Austin Energy, the City's electric utility, continues to prepare for possible deregulation. Deregulation allows Texas residents and businesses served by utilities participating in deregulation to choose the supplier from which they purchase their electricity. The local electric utility continues to deliver the electricity. Deregulation began in Texas on January 1, 2002 for all private electric utilities. These utilities, owned by stockholders, are called investor-owned utilities (IOUs). Electric cooperatives (Co-ops) and city-owned electric utilities (called municipally owned utilities or MOUs) such as Austin Energy can participate, or "opt-in," by a vote of their board or City Council. Once the City Council votes to participate in deregulation, it cannot later withdraw. The City has not "opted-in", but does continue to prepare for that possibility.

Standard & Poor's raised its ratings on the following Utility revenue bonds:

A+
Α
Α
Α

The upgrade was based on a demonstrated trend of financial performance and risk management, while reducing indebtedness and managing a large capital plan.

Austin Energy's Strategic Plan was adopted by Council in December 2003 and sets a national standard for renewable energy and energy efficiency. Among Austin Energy's numerous awards for leadership in this area is the 2004 Green Power Program of the Year given by the Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Energy. In addition, Austin Energy received the U.S. Green Building Public Sector Leadership Award given by the U.S. Green Building Council in November 2003.

In January 2005, Austin Energy announced it was doubling the capacity of its renowned clean power program, GreenChoice. With the additional capacity, Austin Energy is on track to achieve its goal of generating 20 percent of Austin's electricity needs from renewables by the year 2020. The Austin Independent School District subscribes to 45-million kWh annually, the largest green power subscription by any public school system in the nation.

Austin Water Utility has launched the Austin Clean Water Program. The Program is the result of a mandate from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to eliminate overflows from the City's wastewater collection system by the end of 2007. The cost to complete this program is estimated to be \$150 million. The Utility remains on schedule to complete the necessary requirements.

#### Status of city services

The vision of the City of Austin is to be the most livable community in the country. To achieve this vision, the governing leaders of the City invite citizens to participate in the Citizen Satisfaction Survey. The City has conducted the survey since 1997.

Austin residents assign a very high level of importance to public safety services, including 9-1-1, EMS, Fire, and Police. Generally, satisfaction with most public safety services is high, although neighborhood policing and traffic enforcement rank very low as compared to other public safety services. The City's parks program has seen a significant increase in the number of participants in 2004; residents are generally satisfied with the services of the Parks and Recreation Department. Overall, the City had a significant improvement in the level of satisfaction with all customer services provided by City staff. Two areas of continuing dissatisfaction are traffic and the repair of City streets.

The top issues of importance to Austin residents are:

- Traffic issues (congestion, flow, planning, etc.)
- Tax related issues (too high, too many, etc.)
- Growth management (speed, planning, zoning, etc.)
- Economic issues (protection, conservation, control, balance, etc.)
- Roadway development (planning, maintenance, inconvenience, etc.)

The City is committed to incorporating the public's preferences into its strategic planning and use the public's expression of satisfaction as a criterion of accountability.

#### **OTHER**

#### **Internal Controls and Budgetary Control**

City management is responsible for establishing, implementing and maintaining a framework of internal controls designed to ensure that City assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The system of internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework and are believed to adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. The City employs a computerized financial accounting system that includes a system of internal accounting controls.

The Financial and Administrative Services Department is responsible for providing all centralized City financial services including financial accounting, reporting and budgeting, payroll and accounts payable disbursement functions, cash and investment management, debt management, purchasing and contract administration. The Director of Financial Services, appointed by the City Manager, supervises the department's operations.

The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The annual operating budget, or financial plan, is proposed by the City Manager and enacted by the City Council after public discussion. Subsequent intradepartmental budget transfers must be approved by the City Manager. Interdepartmental transfers and any increase or decrease in total appropriations must be approved by the City Council. Management control for the operating budget is maintained at the fund and department level.

Primary responsibility for fiscal analysis of budget to actual expense or revenue and overall program fiscal standing rests with the department operating the program. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the City's 2004 CAFR, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### **Cash Management**

The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risk while maintaining a competitive portfolio yield. Cash balances of all City funds are invested in consideration of five factors: safety, term, liquidity, market exposure and rate of return. Cash balances of most funds, except for debt service and other legally restricted funds, are pooled for investment purposes. These investments are made in accordance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and the City of Austin Investment Policy. During 2004, the City's cash resources were primarily invested in U.S. Treasury and Agency issues. The average yield on pooled investments during the year was 1.99 percent, and the weighted average maturity of the investments was 315 days.

#### **Risk Management**

The City maintains three internal service funds to account for its risk of loss associated with torts and employee and workers' compensation benefits. The City continues to be self-insured for liabilities for most health benefits, third-party claims and workers' compensation. The City purchases commercial insurance coverage for property loss or damage, commercial crime, fidelity bonds and airport operations. In addition, the City purchases a broad range of insurance coverage for contractors working at selected capital improvement project sites. The City does not participate in a risk pool. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities for the Employee Benefits Fund and the Workers' Compensation Fund are calculated based on outstanding claims and actuarial data; the Liability Reserve Fund is based on outstanding claims.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its 2003 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This is the eleventh consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City management believes that this 2004 CAFR conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for its review.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of a highly qualified staff. The City of Austin has such a staff in the Controller's Office of the Financial and Administrative Services Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all the staff of the Controller's Office who assisted in and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Other departments and offices of the City have also contributed directly or indirectly to the preparation of this report. In particular, the Budget Office of the Financial and Administrative Services Department and the Office of the City Auditor have been instrumental in ensuring that good financial management practices are maintained, and their cooperation and continued assistance is appreciated. We also acknowledge the efforts of the City departments in following good financial management practices and in providing information and assistance during the preparation of the report.

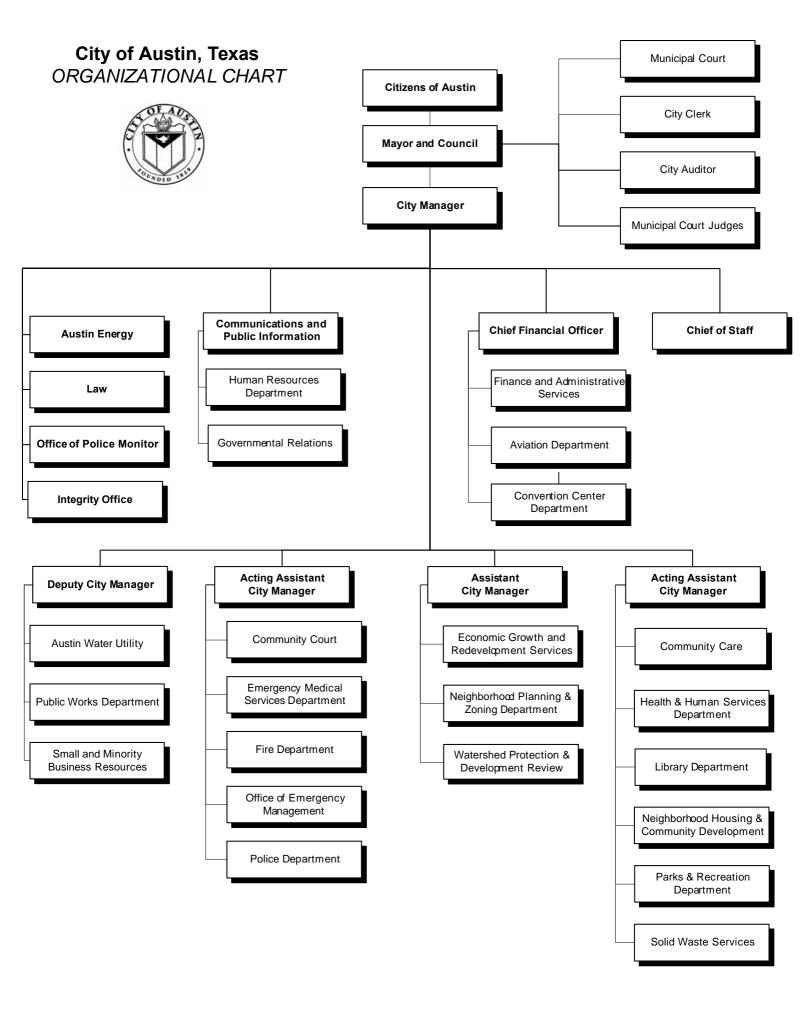
We acknowledge the thorough, professional and timely manner in which our independent auditors, KPMG LLP and R. Mendoza & Company, P.C., conducted the audit.

Finally, we acknowledge the Mayor and Council Members who have consistently supported the City's goal of excellence in all aspects of financial management. Their support is greatly appreciated.

Toby Hammett Futrell City Manager

John Stephens, CPA

Chief Financial Officer



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Austin, Texas for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period vear only. management believes that this 2004 CAFR conforms to the Certificate Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for their review.

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Austin, **Texas**

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Many L. Zielle President

ruy R. Ener

Executive Director





111 Congress Avenue Suite 1100 Austin, TX 78701



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, City of Austin, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Austin, Texas ("City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 23, 2005 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

As described in note 1e, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, as of September 30, 2004.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 14 and the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis on pages 100 through 101 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introduction, combining and fund financial statements and schedules, supplemental schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and fund financial statements and schedules, and supplemental schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introduction and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

KPMG LLP

Rimpiery & Company, P.C.

Austin, Texas February 23, 2005



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The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the City of Austin's (the City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

The financial statements are presented in conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 1 through Statement No. 41. During the current fiscal year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures". GASB Statement No. 40 addresses disclosure of certain deposit and investment risks, including credit risk, interest risk and foreign currency risk.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year 2004, resulting in \$3.7 billion of net assets. Net assets associated with governmental activities are approximately \$1.4 billion, or 39% of the total net assets of the City. Net assets associated with business-type activities are approximately \$2.2 billion, or 61% of the total net assets of the City. The largest portion of net assets consists of investment in capital assets, net of related debt, which is \$2.9 billion, or 79% of total net assets.

Unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the City's future obligations, consist of \$528 million, or 14% of the City's total net assets. Unrestricted net assets for governmental activities are approximately \$51 million, or 4% of total net assets for governmental activities; unrestricted net assets for business activities are approximately \$477 million, or 21% of total net assets for business-type activities.

Total net assets for the City of Austin increased \$36.7 million, or 1% during fiscal year 2004. Of this amount, governmental activities increased \$90.4 million, or 6.7% from the previous year and business-type activities decreased \$53.7 million, or 2.3% from the previous year.

Total revenues for the City decreased \$104.2 million; revenues for governmental activities decreased \$584 thousand; revenues for business-type activities decreased \$103.7 million. Total expenses for the City increased \$89.8 million; expenses for governmental activities decreased \$25.6 million; expenses for business-type activities increased \$115.4 million.

In fiscal year 2004, the ending fund balance for the General Fund increased \$13 million, or 14%. Unreserved fund balance increased \$12.7 million, or 14.4%.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, consisting of three components:

- government-wide financial statements,
- fund financial statements and
- · notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including information on individual funds.

#### a -- Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner comparable to a private-sector business. The two government-wide financial statements are, as follows:

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the
two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the
financial position of the City of Austin is improving or deteriorating.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued**

• The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues for uncollected taxes and expenses for future general obligation debt payments. The statement includes the annual depreciation for infrastructure and governmental assets.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government; public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; and urban growth management. The business-type activities of the City include electric utility, water, wastewater, airport, convention and others.

The government-wide financial statements include the City as well as blended component units: the Austin Housing Finance Corporation (AHFC) and the Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC). The operations of AHFC and AIDC are included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. AHFC is reported as the Housing Assistance Fund. Although legally separate from the City, these component units are blended with the City because of their governance or financial relationships to the City.

#### **b** -- Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Within the governmental and proprietary categories, the emphasis is on the major funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and on the available balances remaining at year-end. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's future obligations. Other funds are referred to as nonmajor funds and are presented as summary data.

Because the focus of governmental fund level statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide statements. In addition to the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level statements.

The City's General Fund is considered a major fund and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In addition, the City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds). Data from these governmental funds are combined into a single column labeled nonmajor governmental funds. Individual fund data for the funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers —either outside customers or internal units or departments of the City. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

• Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City's three major funds, Electric, Water and Wastewater and Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (Airport), as well as the nonmajor enterprise funds.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued**

Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for many City programs and activities.
The City's internal service funds include: Capital Projects Management, Employee Benefits, Fleet Maintenance, Information
Systems, Liability Reserve, Support Services, Wireless Communication and Workers' Compensation. Because these
services benefit governmental operations more than business-type functions, they have been included in governmental
activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The nonmajor enterprise funds and the internal service funds are combined into two aggregated presentations in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

**Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Since the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting policies applied to fiduciary funds are much like those used for proprietary funds.

**Comparison of Government-wide and Fund Financial Components**. The following chart compares how the City's funds are included in the government-wide and fund financial statements:

	Government-	
Fund Types / Other	wide	Fund Financials
General Fund	Governmental	Governmental
Special revenue funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Debt service funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Capital project funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Permanent funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Internal service funds	Governmental	Proprietary
Assets previously reported in		
General Fixed Asset Group	Governmental	Excluded
Infrastructure assets	Governmental	Excluded
Liabilities previously reported in		
General Long-Term Debt Group	Governmental	Excluded
Electric	Business-type	Proprietary
Water and wastewater	Business-type	Proprietary
Airport	Business-type	Proprietary
Other enterprise funds	Business-type	Proprietary - Nonmajor
Fiduciary funds	Excluded	Fiduciary

**Basis of Reporting -** The government-wide statements and fund-level proprietary statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### c -- Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### d -- Other Information

The section Required Supplementary Information (RSI) immediately follows the basic financial statements section of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. The RSI provides a comparison to budget and demonstrates budgetary compliance. Following the RSI are other statements and schedules, including the combining statements for nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds.

#### a -- Net Assets

The following table reflects a summary of Net Assets compared to prior year (in thousands):

#### Net Assets as of September 30 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	<b>,</b>	Total	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Current assets	\$ 498,993	529,203	934,090	1,073,730	1,433,083	1,602,933
Capital assets	2,032,289	1,868,710	5,174,870	4,965,869	7,207,159	6,834,579
Other noncurrent assets	3,233	3,138	624,169	701,942	627,402	705,080
Total assets	2,534,515	2,401,051	6,733,129	6,741,541	9,267,644	9,142,592
Current liabilities	207,830	198,161	416,793	384,841	624,623	583,002
Noncurrent liabilities	888,181	854,763	4,072,592	4,059,289	4,960,773	4,914,052
Total liabilities	1,096,011	1,052,924	4,489,385	4,444,130	5,585,396	5,497,054
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	1,333,779	1,204,877	1,569,489	1,505,479	2,903,268	2,710,356
Restricted	53,481	100,469	197,174	216,459	250,655	316,928
Unrestricted	51,244	42,781	477,081	575,473	528,325	618,254
Total net assets	\$ 1,438,504	1,348,127	2,243,744	2,297,411	3,682,248	3,645,538

As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3.7 billion at the end of the current fiscal year. However, the largest portion of the City's net assets are invested in capital assets, net of related debt (e.g. land, building, and equipment), which are \$2.9 billion, or 79% of the total amount of the City's net assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Capital assets are generally not highly liquid; consequently, they are not considered future available resources. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$251 million of the City's net assets, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used in the future. The remaining balance, \$528 million of unrestricted net assets, may be used to meet the government's future obligations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the government as a whole, as well as for governmental and business-type activities separately.

#### b -- Changes in Net Assets

Total net assets of the City increased by \$36.7 million in the current year. Governmental net assets increased \$90.4 million. The increase is attributable to total revenues exceeding program expenses by \$58.8 million, transfers from other funds of \$39.3 million and a payment in the amount of \$7.7 million to the Travis County Hospital District. Business-type net assets decreased by \$53.7 million, due to program expenses exceeding revenues by \$11.4 million, a payment to the Travis County Hospital District in the amount of \$3 million and transfers to other funds of \$39.3 million.

#### Changes in Net Assets September 30 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		То	tal
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 74,661	75,469	1,279,565	1,368,616	1,354,226	1,444,085
Operating grants and contributions	52,068	55,122			52,068	55,122
Capital grants and contributions	2,546	3,956	47,570	48,325	50,116	52,281
General revenues:						
Property tax	240,536	233,130			240,536	233,130
Sales tax	117,725	110,454			117,725	110,454
Franchise fees and gross receipts tax	63,509	63,049			63,509	63,049
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific programs	81,937	94,210			81,937	94,210
Interest and other	26,799	24,975	16,582	30,430	43,381	55,405
Total revenues	659,781	660,365	1,343,717	1,447,371	2,003,498	2,107,736
Program expenses:						
General government	46,607	43,405			46,607	43,405
Public safety	292,678	292,411			292,678	292,411
Transportation, planning and sustainability	15,879	17,119			15,879	17,119
Public health	48,733	80,808			48,733	80,808
Public recreation and culture	56,408	58,199			56,408	58,199
Urban growth management	64,631	59,949			64,631	59,949
Unallocated depreciation expense - infrastructure	35,833	35,414			35,833	35,414
Interest on debt	40,199	39,296			40,199	39,296
Electric	, 	·	774,702	754,393	774,702	754,393
Water			155,472	130,119	155,472	130,119
Wastewater			137,227	115,284	137,227	115,284
Airport			77,541	79,558	77,541	79,558
Convention			52,336	40,621	52,336	40,621
Other			157,842	119,763	157,842	119,763
Total expenses	600,968	626,601	1,355,120	1,239,738	1,956,088	1,866,339
Excess before special items and transfers	58,813	33,764	(11,403)	207,633	47,410	241,397
Special items - hospital district reserve	(7,700)		(3,000)		(10,700)	,
Transfers	39,264	66,926	(39,264)	(66,926)		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	90,377	100,690	(53,667)	140,707	36,710	241,397
Beginning net assets	1,348,127	1,247,437	2,297,411	2,156,704	3,645,538	3,404,141
Ending net assets	\$ 1,438,504	1,348,127	2,243,744	2,297,411	3,682,248	3,645,538

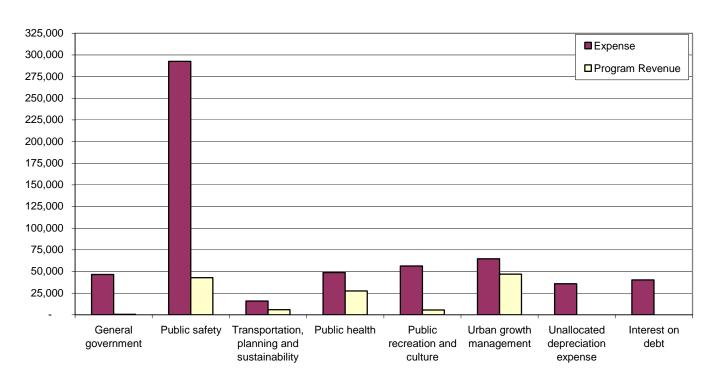
#### c -- Program Revenues and Expenses -- Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$90.4 million in fiscal year 2004, a 6.7% increase of governmental net assets from the previous year. Key factors of this increase are as follows:

- The City's property tax revenue increased by \$7.4 million from the previous year, as a result of an increase in the City's tax rate from 45.97 cents to 49.28 cents per \$100 valuation. The total assessed valuation of real and personal property in the City had a negative growth rate of 3.5%.
- Sales tax revenue increased \$7.3 million from the previous year, an increase of 6.6%.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs decreased by \$12 million, primarily as a result of lower intergovernmental revenues. Grants and contributions restricted to specific programs decreased \$4.5 million.
- Governmental expenses decreased \$25.6 million, largely due to the transfer of the certain indigent health care costs
  from the Public Health program in governmental activities to the Primary Care Fund, which is a business-type activity.
  However, the reduction in expenses was offset by an increase of transfers to other funds in order to provide the
  funding source for these services.

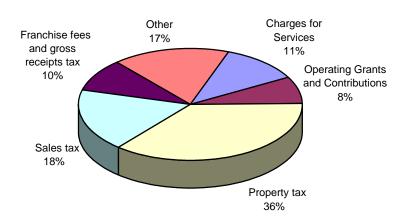
The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and revenues by function: general government; public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; urban growth management; unallocated depreciation expense and interest on debt.

### Government-wide Program Expenses and Revenues – Governmental Activities (in thousands)



General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees are not shown by program, but are used to support all governmental activities. Property taxes are the largest source of general governmental revenues, followed by sales taxes and charges for services.

#### Government-wide Revenues by Source -- Governmental Activities



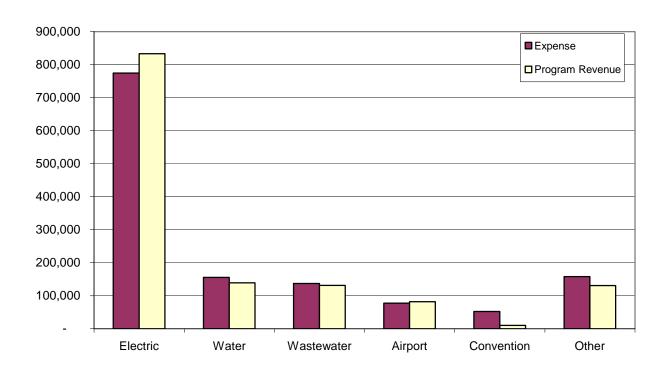
#### d -- Program Revenues and Expenses -- Business-type activities

Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$53.7 million, accounting for a 1.5% decrease in the City's total net assets and a 2.3% decrease in business-type net assets. Key factors include:

- Electric net assets decreased \$6 million. The decrease is due primarily to the recognition of \$66 million previously reported as deferred depreciation. The expense recognition was required as a result of a bond defeasance and the resulting principal payment associated with the defeasance. Revenue decreased approximately 10% from the previous year due to mild weather conditions and lower fuel cost; expenses decreased by 7% from the previous year due to lower fuel costs.
- Water and Wastewater net assets decreased \$43 million. The decrease is due primarily to the recognition of \$38 million previously reported as deferred depreciation. The expense recognition was required as a result of a bond defeasance and the resulting principal payment associated with the defeasance. Water revenue decreased by \$11.2 million from the previous year due to wetter than normal weather and reduced industrial demand.
- Airport net assets increased \$6 million. Revenues increased due to an increase in passenger traffic, which was 8% higher than the previous calendar year. Expenses decreased as a result of cost containment.
- Convention net assets decreased \$19 million. Revenues were 31% less than the previous year due to reduced business activity for convention space and event cancellations. Expenses increased \$12 million from the previous year due to the recognition of economic development costs.
- Other business-type net assets increased by \$8 million, primarily as a result of increased revenues in the Drainage Fund.

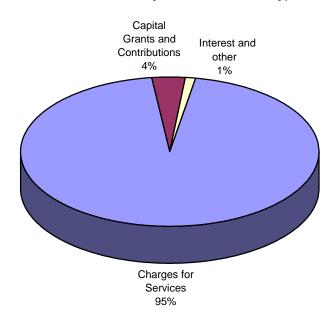
As shown in the following chart, the Electric utility, with expenses of \$775 million, is the City's largest business-type activity, followed by Water (\$155 million), Wastewater (\$137 million), Airport (\$78 million) and Convention (\$52 million). For fiscal year 2004, operating revenues exceeded operating expenses for all business-type activities, except Water, Wastewater, Convention and other business-type activities. Within other business-type activities, only Hospital and Primary Care operating expenses exceeded operating revenues.

## Government-wide Expenses and Program Revenues -- Business-type Activities (Excludes General Revenues and Transfers) (in thousands)



For all business-type activities, charges for services provide the largest percentage of revenues (95%), followed by capital grants and contributions (4%) and interest and other revenues (1%).

#### Government-wide Revenue by Source - Business-type Activities



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### a -- Governmental funds

The City reports the following types of governmental funds: the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the year, the City of Austin's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$309 million, a decrease of \$36 million from the previous year. Approximately \$206 million represents unreserved ending balance, which is available for future use. The remainder of fund balance is reserved and only available for commitments for the purchase of goods and services, receivables, property held for resale and certain debt service amounts. Reserved fund balance decreased \$24.3 million in comparison to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in the reservation for encumbrances of \$26.7 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$100.8 million, while total fund balance was \$106 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 25% of total General Fund expenditures of \$405 million, and total fund balance represents 26% of expenditures. The unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund is \$48 million, which may be designated by City Council for specified uses for the future.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$13 million during the fiscal year; undesignated fund balance increased by \$12.7 million. Significant differences from the previous year include:

- \$17 million increase in revenues, primarily from property taxes, sales tax and rental income.
- Decrease of \$28 million in expenditures, due primarily to the transfer of certain indigent health care costs to the Primary Care Fund, a nonmajor enterprise fund.
- \$28 million increase in transfers out, to fund the indigent health care costs mentioned above.

#### b -- Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Overall, net assets of the City's enterprise funds, including consolidation of the internal service funds activities, decreased by \$53.7 million.

Factors that contributed to the decrease in net assets are discussed in the business-type activities section of the government-wide section.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### a -- General Fund budgetary highlights

The original budget of the General Fund was amended twice during fiscal year 2004 by \$1.3 million for increased public safety costs offset by a decrease to transfers out to other funds and a decrease in expenditures for Municipal Court.

During the year, revenues were \$12.6 million more than budgeted. An increase in sales tax collections and rental income was the primary cause of the difference.

Expenditures were \$8.7 million less than budgeted. Public safety accounted for approximately \$6.9 million of the difference, with Police consisting of \$5 million of this amount. Transfers out were approximately \$1.8 million less than budgeted. The budget was not formally amended to reflect any cost containment actions. The total fund balance at year-end amounted to \$52.5 million, which was \$27.3 million higher than budgeted.

#### b -- Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2004, total \$7.2 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, assets not classified, construction work in progress, nuclear fuel and plant held for future use. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$372 million (5 percent), with an increase of almost 9 percent for governmental activities and an increase of 4 percent for business-type activities. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 7. Capital asset balances are as follows:

## Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation September 30 (in millions)

_	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi		Tot	al	
	2	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Land and improvements	\$	233	195	280	270	513	465
Other assets not depreciated		18	18	1	1	19	19
Building and improvements		260	226	1,402	1,355	1,662	1,581
Equipment		33	26	2,546	2,270	2,579	2,296
Vehicles		32	36	37	36	69	72
Infrastructure		1,009	919			1,009	919
Completed assets not classified		120	95	180	320	300	415
Construction work in progress		327	354	680	661	1,007	1,015
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization				18	22	18	22
Plant held for future use				31	31	31	31
Total net assets	\$	2,032	1,869	5,175	4,966	7,207	6,835

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Governmental capital assets increased \$163 million. Included in this increase were \$90 million in infrastructure
  additions, \$27 million in Parkland purchases and improvements, \$6 million for the St. John's Joint Use Facility and \$6
  million for the City's investment in the Combined Emergency Center.
- Business-type activities purchased or completed construction on capital assets of \$357 million. The Electric Fund added \$291 million in plant and equipment expansions or improvements to existing facilities, including the Sandhill combined cycle plant competed for \$169 million. The Water and Wastewater Fund increased capital assets by \$46 million, including approximately \$28 million of costs associated with the Austin Clean Water Program.

#### OTHER INFORMATION, continued

#### c -- Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported \$4.3 billion in outstanding debt. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at September 30. Additional information can be found in Note 10.

# Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Debt (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	• •	Total		
	2	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
General obligation bonds and							
other tax supported debt, net	\$	863	830	104	79	967	909
Commercial paper notes				316	128	316	128
Revenue notes				28	28	28	28
Revenue bonds, net				2,983	3,218	2,983	3,218
Capital lease obligations		1	1	13	15	14	16
Total	\$	864	831	3,444	3,468	4,308	4,299

During fiscal year 2004, the City's total outstanding debt increased by \$9 million. The City issued new debt and refinanced portions of existing debt to take advantage of lower borrowing costs. Debt issues include the following:

- Bond debt for governmental activities increased \$33 million, and will be used primarily for street improvements, right
  of way acquisition and utility relocation, parks and recreation facilities, emergency centers and a court settlement
  agreement.
- Outstanding debt for business-type functions decreased \$24 million due to the payment of existing debt. In 2004, new debt was issued primarily for the Convention Center garage; closed landfill remediation; communications technology upgrades; and capital equipment and vehicles. The City issued Water and Wastewater separate lien refunding bonds to refund commercial paper; Airport prior lien revenue refunding bonds were issued to refund revenue bonds; and Convention Center hotel occupancy tax revenue refunding bonds were issued to refund revenue bonds. In addition Electric, Water and Wastewater reduced both utilities' long-term debt through a defeasance of combined utility system revenue bonds.

The general obligation bond ratings remained unchanged while the revenue bond ratings were upgraded during the year. Ratings at September 30, 2004 of the City's obligations for various debt instruments are as follows:

	Moody's Investors	Standard	
Debt	Service, Inc	and Poor's	Fitch, Inc.
General obligation bonds and other			
tax supported debt	Aa2	AA+	AA+
Commercial paper notes	P-1	A-1	F1+
Utility revenue bonds - prior lien	A2	A+	A+
Utility revenue bonds - subordinate lien	A2	Α	A+
Utility revenue bonds - separate lien:			
Electric	A3	Α	A+
Water and Wastewater	A2	Α	A+
Airport system revenue bonds	NUR (1)	A-	NUR (1)
Airport variable rate bonds	P-1	NUR (1)	NUR (1)

(1) No underlying rating

#### OTHER INFORMATION, continued

#### d -- Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The local economy appears to have turned the corner, with job growth and local sales tax revenues increasing after a long decline. The forecast for the upcoming year indicates the City is poised to continue its trend of economic improvement, as consumer spending, tourism and job growth are predicted to show continuing increases over the next several years. Nationwide, the U.S. economy continues to grow with a steady increase in the Gross Domestic Product occurring for each quarter during 2004. Predictions indicate that the U.S. economy will continue to improve.

Due to the economic downturn in 2002 and 2003, the City has emerged as a smaller organization than the previous year. New service models were developed during the budget reduction years to maintain current service levels with reduced resources. Examples include the One Stop Shop and 311 Call Center. Structural soundness was achieved in the General Fund in fiscal year 2004, due to revenues exceeding expenditures; i.e., more resources came in than were spent. This was due to a continued policy of cost containment, better than expected revenue and City management's continuing initiative of managing current and future cost drivers.

For the upcoming 2005 budget, the City will continue to leverage and develop efficiencies in the manner it delivers services to citizens. It will be a continual challenge to maintain the level of service citizens are accustomed to receiving, in addition to managing the demand and expectations of service enhancements as economic conditions begin to improve. Although indications are favorable that the Austin area economy will continue to improve, several key factors could have a significant impact to the economic climate. A downturn in the U.S. economy, including higher-than anticipated inflation or fast-rising oil and fuel prices, could have a significant negative impact to the local economy. The City will continue to monitor the State legislative budget process to assess the impact of any enacted legislative laws that could adversely affect the City. City management will continue to view the economic recovery in a conservative manner and will be prepared to take any corrective actions to help mitigate unfavorable economic events.

The assessed valuation within the City increased by 2% for fiscal year 2005. The property tax rate for fiscal year 2005 is 44.3 cents per \$100 valuation, which is the effective tax rate of 50.65 cents reduced by 6.35 cents for the services transferred from the City to the Travis County Hospital District. The tax rate consists of 27.47 cents for the General Fund, 16.83 cents for debt service. Each 1 cent of the property tax rate is equivalent to \$4,994,185 of tax levy, as compared to \$4,896,428 for the previous year. Rate increases for the Water and Wastewater Fund are: 9.2% for Water, 14.7% for Wastewater, for a combined increase of 11.8%.

#### e -- Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Financial and Administrative Services Department of the City of Austin, P.O. Box 1088, Austin, Texas 78767, or (512) 974-3344 or on the web at <a href="http://www.ci.austin.tx.us/controller/">http://www.ci.austin.tx.us/controller/</a>.





	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2004 Total (†)
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 111	55	166
Pooled investments and cash	373,013	88,354	461,367
Pooled investments and cash - designated		27,591	27,591
Pooled investments and cash - restricted		275,255	275,255
Total pooled investments and cash	373,013	391,200	764,213
Investments, at fair value - designated	13,477	105,135	118,612
Investments, at fair value - restricted		158,725	158,725
Cash held by trustee	3,781		3,781
Cash held by trustee - restricted		8,259	8,259
Working capital advances		3,456	3,456
Property taxes receivable	11,331		11,331
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes	(1,482)		(1,482)
Net property taxes receivable	9,849		9,849
Accounts and other taxes receivable	158,171	183,979	342,150
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(84,063)	(8,264)	(92,327)
Net accounts receivable	74,108	175,715	249,823
Receivables from other governments	10,274	1,349	11,623
Receivables from other governments - restricted	, 	944	944
Notes receivable, net of allowance	9,890		9,890
Internal balances	(3,458)	3,458	
Internal balances - restricted	(2,907)	2,907	
Inventories, at cost	2,358	55,441	57,799
Real property held for resale	6,598		6,598
Prepaid items	628	3,119	3,747
Other assets	1,271	24,158	25,429
Other receivables - restricted		169	169
Total current assets	498,993	934,090	1,433,083
Noncurrent assets:			.,,
Investments, at fair value		65,000	65,000
Investments held by trustee - restricted		99,372	99,372
Interest receivable - restricted		911	911
Capital assets		311	311
Land and other nondepreciable assets	250,649	281,736	532,385
Property, plant and equipment in service	2,061,643	6,470,604	8,532,247
Less accumulated depreciation	(607,422)	(2,305,707)	(2,913,129)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	1,454,221	4,164,897	5,619,118
Construction in progress	327,419	679,559	1,006,978
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization	327,419	17,933	17,933
Plant held for future use		30,745	30,745
	2,032,289	5,174,870	7,207,159
Total capital assets	2,032,269		87,602
Intangible assets, net of amortization	<del></del>	87,602 1,354	•
Other long-term assets	2 222	1,354	1,354
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization  Total noncurrent assets	3,233	369,930	373,163
	2,035,522	5,799,039	7,834,561
Total assets	\$ 2,534,515	6,733,129	9,267,644

(†) After internal receivables and payables have been eliminated.

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Carramanantal	Dunings tune	2004
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2004 Total (†)
LIABILITIES	Activities	Activities	TOTAL (1)
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 22,855	59,452	82,307
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	,	58,732	58,732
Accrued payroll	14,611	7,157	21,768
Accrued compensated absences	30,719	15,422	46,141
Due to other governments	7,700	3,000	10,700
Claims payable	18,595	·	18,595
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets		58,125	58,125
Interest payable on other debt	3,615	1,139	4,754
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt,			
net of discount and inclusive of premium	52,666	3,936	56,602
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt			
payable from restricted assets, net of discount and inclusive of premium		5,751	5,751
Revenue bonds payable		2,035	2,035
Revenue bonds payable payable from restricted assets		141,915	141,915
Capital lease obligations payable	475	3,422	3,897
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets		13,030	13,030
Nuclear fuel expense payable from restricted assets		33,403	33,403
Deferred credits and other liabilities	56,594	10,274	66,868
Total current liabilities	207,830	416,793	624,623
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:			
Accrued compensated absences	39,737	4,688	44,425
Claims payable	8,845	<del></del>	8,845
Capital appreciation bond interest payable		166,868	166,868
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount		315,616	315,616
Revenue notes payable		28,000	28,000
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported	040.050	0.1.110	004.074
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium	810,858	94,113	904,971
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount and		0.000 540	0.000.540
inclusive of premium		2,839,548	2,839,548
Pension obligation payable	3,102	2,804	5,906
Capital lease obligations payable	338	9,331	9,669
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		7,612 100,019	7,612 100,019
Decommissioning expense payable from restricted assets  Deferred credits and other liabilities	25,293	•	524,279
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	25,295	498,986 5,007	5,015
Total noncurrent liabilities	888,181	4,072,592	4,960,773
Total liabilities	1,096,011	4,489,385	5,585,396
Total nabilities	1,090,011	4,409,303	3,303,390
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,333,779	1,569,489	2,903,268
Restricted for:	,,	,,	, ,
Debt service	12,351	108,112	120,463
Capital projects	39,720	66,687	106,407
Renewal and replacement	·	11,415	11,415
Passenger facility charges		8,537	8,537
Convention Center operating reserve		2,423	2,423
Perpetual Care:		•	, -
Expendable	370		370
Nonexpendable	1,040		1,040
Unrestricted	51,244	477,081	528,325
Total net assets	\$ 1,438,504	2,243,744	3,682,248
		=	

(†) After internal receivables and payables have been eliminated.

			Program Revenu	ies	•	xpense) Revenue a inges in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2004 Total
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 46,607	210	376		(46,021)		(46,021)
Public safety	292,678	37,071	5,776		(249,831)		(249,831)
Transportation, planning and sustainability	15,879	5,027	362	439	(10,051)		(10,051)
Public health	48,733	7,617	17,720	2,107	(21,289)		(21,289)
Public recreation and culture	56,408	2,716	2,904		(50,788)		(50,788)
Urban growth management	64,631	22,020	24,930		(17,681)		(17,681)
Unallocated depreciation expense	35,833				(35,833)		(35,833)
Interest on debt	40,199				(40,199)		(40,199)
Total governmental activities	600,968	74,661	52,068	2,546	(471,693)		(471,693)
Business-type activities							
Electric	774,702	829,018		4,284		58,600	58,600
Water	155,472	119,254		19,902		(16,316)	(16,316)
Wastewater	137,227	114,710		16,593		(5,924)	(5,924)
Airport	77,541	75,916		6,117		4,492	4,492
Convention	52,336	10,404				(41,932)	(41,932)
Other	157,842	130,263		674		(26,905)	(26,905)
Total business-type activities	1,355,120	1,279,565		47,570		(27,985)	(27,985)
Total	\$ 1,956,088	1,354,226	52,068	50,116	(471,693)	(27,985)	(499,678)
	General revenues	:					
	Property tax				240,536		240,536
	Sales tax				117,725		117,725
	Franchise fees a	nd gross receip	ts tax		63,509		63,509
			tricted to specific p	rograms	81,937		81,937
	Interest and other				26,799	16,582	43,381
	Special items - ho	spital district res	serve payment		(7,700)	(3,000)	(10,700)
	Transfers				39,264	(39,264)	
	Total general reve		ers		562,070	(25,682)	536,388
	Change in net as				90,377	(53,667)	36,710
	Beginning net ass				1,348,127	2,297,411	3,645,538
	Ending net assets				\$ 1,438,504	2,243,744	3,682,248



		2004	
	General	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 89	5	94
Pooled investments and cash	97,002	187,228	284,230
Investments, at fair value	<del></del>	13,477	13,477
Cash held by trustee		3,064	3,064
Property taxes receivable	6,936	4,395	11,331
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes	(909)	(573)	(1,482)
Net property taxes receivable	6,027	3,822	9,849
Accounts and other taxes receivable	133,678	22,354	156,032
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(94,463)	(378)	(94,841)
Net accounts receivable	39,215	21,976	61,191
Receivables from other governments	<del></del>	10,274	10,274
Notes receivable, net of allowance		9,890	9,890
Due from other funds		28,828	28,828
Advances to other funds		6,159	6,159
Inventories, at cost	601		601
Real property held for resale		6,598	6,598
Prepaid items	275		275
Other assets	<del></del>	1,271	1,271
Total assets	143,209	292,592	435,801
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Accounts payable	3,606	13,679	17,285
Accrued payroll	11,818	61	11,879
Accrued compensated absences	479	4	483
Due to other funds	626	30,005	30,631
Due to other governments	7,700	· 	7,700
Deferred revenue	5,762	6,730	12,492
Advances from other funds	1,851	346	2,197
Deposits and other liabilities	5,080	38,863	43,943
Total liabilities	36,922	89,688	126,610
Fund balances			
Reserved:			
Encumbrances	4,658	61,517	66,175
Inventories and prepaid items	876	· 	876
Notes receivable		9,890	9,890
Advances receivable	<del></del>	6,159	6,159
Real property held for resale	<del></del>	6,598	6,598
Debt service	<u></u>	12,168	12,168
Permanent funds	<u></u>	1,040	1,040
Unreserved, designated:		1,010	1,010
Emergencies	15,000		15,000
Contingencies	4,358		4,358
Future use	509		509
Budget stabilization		<del></del>	
	33,000	26.010	33,000
Special revenue	-	26,010	26,010
Unreserved, undesignated:	47 000		47 000
General Fund	47,886	70.450	47,886
Capital projects		79,152	79,152
Permanent funds		370	370
Total fund balances	106,287	202,904	309,191
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 143,209	292,592	435,801

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

Total fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ 309,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,991,765
Other long-term assets are not available as current-period resources and are not reported in the funds.	15,026
Long-term liabilities are not payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(930,484)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital project management, employee benefits, fleet maintenance, information systems, liability reserve, support services, wireless communication, and workers' compensation to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	53,006
Total net assets - Governmental activities	\$ 1,438,504

			2004	
		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		T dild	1 41145	Tunus
Property taxes	\$	160,049	83,321	243,370
Sales taxes	*	117,725		117,725
Franchise fees and other taxes		32,964	30,545	63,509
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		16,976	4,798	21,774
Licenses, permits and inspections		15,317	, 	15,317
Charges for services/goods		15,565	26,714	42,279
Intergovernmental		, 	73,428	73,428
Property owners' participation and contributions			3,798	3,798
Interest and other		19,168	7,376	26,544
Total revenues		377,764	229,980	607,744
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		39,605	1,806	41,411
Public safety		273,259	14,893	288,152
Transportation, planning and sustainability		9,690	3,518	13,208
Public health		25,890	23,786	49,676
Public recreation and culture		45,235	5,332	50,567
Urban growth management		11,066	52,515	63,581
Debt service:				
Principal			48,862	48,862
Interest			40,109	40,109
Fees and commissions			14	14
Capital outlay			151,768	151,768
Total expenditures		404,745	342,603	747,348
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures		(26,981)	(112,623)	(139,604)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of tax supported debt			70,040	70,040
Bond premiums			28	28
Capital leases		634	12	646
Transfers in		95,894	32,980	128,874
Transfers out		(48,766)	(39,782)	(88,548)
Total other financing sources (uses)		47,762	63,278	111,040
Net change in fund balances		20,781	(49,345)	(28,564)
Special items - hospital district reserve payment		(7,700)		(7,700)
Net change in fund balances		13,081	(49,345)	(36,264)
Fund balances at beginning of year		93,206	252,249	345,455
Fund balances at end of year	\$	106,287	202,904	309,191

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

Change in net assets - Governmental activities	\$ 90,377
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	11,350
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	1,377
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(21,202)
Revenues in the governmental funds are recognized when measurable and available, but are deferred in the statement of activities until earned, regardless of when collected.	(12,728)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current available financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	53,488
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	94,356
Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ (36,264)

	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
ASSETS	Liectric	Wastewater	Allport
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 18	3 11	6
Pooled investments and cash	43,224		
Pooled investments and cash - designated	12,350		
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	58,227	42,672	88,286
Total pooled investments and cash	113,801	<del></del> .	88,286
Investments, at fair value - designated	105,135	·	·
Investments, at fair value - restricted	84,855		27,301
Cash held by trustee	, 		, 
Cash held by trustee - restricted	2,677	5,582	
Working capital advances	3,332	· 	
Accounts receivable	125,131	38,687	4,759
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,953	3) (852)	(150)
Net accounts receivable	122,178	37,835	4,609
Receivables from other governments	, 		·
Receivables from other governments - restricted		<del></del>	944
Due from other funds	21		
Due from other funds - restricted		- 33	617
Inventories, at cost	53,858	938	
Prepaid expenses	2,759	139	73
Other assets	24,158	}	
Other receivables - restricted	66	99	
Total current assets	512,858	3 136,480	121,836
Noncurrent assets:		·	
Advances to other funds	2,998	3	
Advances to other funds - restricted	-	- 161	2,081
Investments, at fair value	65,000	)	
Investments held by trustee - restricted	99,372	<u></u>	
Interest receivable - restricted	911		
Capital assets			
Land and other nondepreciable assets	37,612	136,737	59,445
Property, plant and equipment in service	3,240,039	2,167,092	622,064
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,374,273	3) (707,255)	(102,067)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	1,865,766	1,459,837	519,997
Construction in progress	221,579	371,173	23,476
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization	17,933		
Plant held for future use	30,745	;	
Total capital assets	2,173,635	1,967,747	602,918
Intangible assets, net of amortization	, , =-	- 87,602	·
Other long-term assets	1,352	2	
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization	187,181		2,425
Total noncurrent assets	2,530,449		607,424
Total assets	\$ 3,043,307		729,260
	Ψ 0,010,001	2,000,020	120,200

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2004 Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash	20	55	17
Pooled investments and cash	36,789	88,354	88,783
Pooled investments and cash - designated	15,241	27,591	
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	86,070	275,255	
Total pooled investments and cash	138,100	391,200	88,783
Investments, at fair value - designated		105,135	
Investments, at fair value - restricted	5,739	158,725	
Cash held by trustee			717
Cash held by trustee - restricted		8,259	
Working capital advances	124	3,456	
Accounts receivable	15,402	183,979	1,339
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,309)	(8,264)	(222)
Net accounts receivable	11,093	175,715	1,117
Receivables from other governments	1,349	1,349	, 
Receivables from other governments - restricted	·	944	
Due from other funds	1,164	1,185	410
Due from other funds - restricted		650	
Inventories, at cost	645	55,441	1,757
Prepaid expenses	148	3,119	353
Other assets		24,158	
Other receivables - restricted	4	169	
Total current assets	158,386	929,560	93.154
Noncurrent assets:			
Advances to other funds	101	3,099	
Advances to other funds - restricted	15	2,257	
Investments, at fair value		65,000	
Investments held by trustee - restricted	<del></del>	99,372	<del></del>
Interest receivable - restricted		911	
Capital assets		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	47,942	281,736	1,737
Property, plant and equipment in service	441,409	6,470,604	55,980
Less accumulated depreciation	(122,112)	(2,305,707)	(22,688)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	319,297	4,164,897	33,292
Construction in progress	63,331	679,559	5,495
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization		17,933	
Plant held for future use		30,745	
Total capital assets	430,570	5,174,870	40,524
Intangible assets, net of amortization		87,602	
Other long-term assets		1,354	
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization	3,390	369,930	7
Total noncurrent assets	434,076	5,804,395	40,531
Total assets	592,462	6,733,955	133,685

(Continued)

<del>-</del>			
	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 49,055	1,482	1,271
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	18,498	26,929	1,384
Accrued payroll	2,959	1,520	570
Accrued compensated absences	6,799	3,435	1,116
Claims payable			
Due to other funds			
Due to other governments			
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	26,327	18,993	8,063
Interest payable on other debt	107	835	4
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt			109
General obligation bonds payable and other			
tax supported debt payable from restricted assets	490	4,347	
Revenue bonds payable		2,035	
Revenue bonds payable from restricted assets	89,949	40,796	7,650
Capital lease obligations payable	1,983	1,109	173
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets	7,765	2,042	614
Nuclear fuel expense payable from restricted assets	33,403		
Deferred credits and other liabilities	5,042	3,515	1,269
Total current liabilities	242,377	107,038	22,223
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:			
Accrued compensated absences	2,623	1,280	262
Claims payable			
Advances from other funds		4,234	
Capital appreciation bond interest payable	82,337	84,531	
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount	94,984	220,632	
Revenue notes payable			28,000
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported			
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium	2,392	19,853	471
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount and			
inclusive of premium	1,168,752	1,106,769	343,996
Pension obligation payable	1,260	648	229
Capital lease obligations payable	5,203	3,714	321
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs			
Decommissioning expense payable from restricted assets	100,019		
Deferred credits and other liabilities	71,520	424,999	2,467
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		3,035	1,972
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,529,090	1,869,695	377,718
Total liabilities	1,771,467	1,976,733	399,941
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	913,447	263,729	224,655
Restricted for:	515,447	203,723	224,000
Debt service	58,528	21,836	22,009
Capital projects		21,000	56,700
Renewal and replacement			10,000
Passenger facility charges			8,537
Convention Center operating reserve			
Unrestricted	299,865	106,628	7,418
Total net assets	\$ 1,271,840	392,193	329,319
Total flot accept	Ψ 1,271,040	002,100	020,010
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Net Assets			
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	2,405	2,341	742
Total net assets - Business-type activities	\$ 1,274,245	394,534	330,061
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial state	monto		

<u>-</u>	Nonmajor Enterprise	2004	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
LIABILITIES	Funds	Total	Funds
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	7,644	59,452	5,570
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	11,921	58,732	
Accrued payroll	2,108	7,157	2,732
Accrued compensated absences	4,072	15,422	5,290
Claims payable			18,595
Due to other funds			442
Due to other governments	3,000	3,000	
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	4,742	58,125	
Interest payable on other debt	193	1,139	168
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt	3,827	3,936	2,963
General obligation bonds payable and other			
tax supported debt payable from restricted assets	914	5,751	
Revenue bonds payable		2,035	
Revenue bonds payable from restricted assets	3,520	141,915	
Capital lease obligations payable	157	3,422	161
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets	2,609	13,030	
Nuclear fuel expense payable from restricted assets		33,403	
Deferred credits and other liabilities	448	10,274	1,986
Total current liabilities	45,155	416,793	37,907
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:	500	4.000	044
Accrued compensated absences	523	4,688	944
Claims payable	4.000	0.400	8,845
Advances from other funds	4,226	8,460	858
Capital appreciation bond interest payable		166,868	<del></del>
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount Revenue notes payable	<del></del>	315,616 28,000	<del></del>
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported		20,000	<del></del>
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium	71,397	94,113	24,409
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount and	71,007	34,113	24,400
inclusive of premium	220,031	2,839,548	<del></del>
Pension obligation payable	667	2,804	<del></del>
Capital lease obligations payable	93	9,331	74
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	7,612	7,612	
Decommissioning expense payable from restricted assets		100,019	
Deferred credits and other liabilities		498,986	
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		5,007	8
Total noncurrent liabilities	304,549	4,081,052	35,138
Total liabilities	349,704	4,497,845	73,045
-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	167,658	1,569,489	18,966
Restricted for:	5 700	400 440	
Debt service	5,739	108,112	
Capital projects	9,987	66,687	9,651
Renewal and replacement	1,415	11,415	
Passenger facility charges	2.422	8,537	<del></del>
Convention Center operating reserve Unrestricted	2,423 55,536	2,423	32 022
Total net assets	55,536 242,758	2,236,110	32,023
=	242,100	۷,۷۵۵,۱۱۵	60,640
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Net Assets			
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	2,146	7,634	
Total net assets - Business-type activities	244,904	2,243,744	
- Stall Hot doods - Dadinood type dollvillod	<u>_</u> ,50	£,£=0,1 <del>TT</del>	

	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
OPERATING REVENUES			
Utility services	\$ 829,018	233,964	
User fees and rentals			65,361
Billings to departments			
Employee contributions		<del></del>	
Operating revenues from other governments	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Other operating revenues			
Total operating revenues	829,018	233,964	65,361
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses before depreciation	516,857	109,555	38,517
Depreciation and amortization	95,525	52,808	16,054
Total operating expenses	612,382	162,363	54,571
Operating income (loss)	216,636	71,601	10,790
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and other revenues	12,523	1,006	1,916
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt	(102,274)	(79,296)	(22,497)
Interest capitalized during construction			953
Passenger facility charges			10,555
Amortization of bond issue cost	(711)	(534)	(131)
Cost (recovered) to be recovered in future years	(61,707)	, , ,	
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	1,633	(1,682)	(1,577)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(150,536)	(130,502)	(10,781)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	66,100	(58,901)	9
Capital contributions	4,284	36,495	6,117
Transfers in Transfers out	(76,674)	(22,068)	
Change in net assets	(6,290)	(44,474)	6,126
Special items - hospital district reserve payment	(6,290)	(44,474)	6,126
Net change in net assets	, ,	, ,	•
Total net assets - beginning	1,278,130	436,667	323,193
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,271,840	392,193	329,319
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Activities			
Change in net assets	(6,290)	(44,474)	6,126
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	739	1,172	282
Change in net assets - Business-type activities	\$ (5,551)	(43,302)	6,408

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2004 Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			Tundo
Utility services		1,062,982	
User fees and rentals	131,292	196,653	
Billings to departments			196,432
Employee contributions			24,053
Operating revenues from other governments	4,209	4,209	2,090
Other operating revenues	5,166	5,166	8,525
Total operating revenues	140,667	1,269,010	231,100
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses before depreciation	159,886	824,815	212,155
Depreciation and amortization	14,111	178,498	2,220
Total operating expenses	173,997	1,003,313	214,375
Operating income (loss)	(33,330)	265,697	16,725
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and other revenues	1,137	16,582	134
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt	(15,637)	(219,704)	(651)
Interest capitalized during construction	2,701	3,654	
Passenger facility charges	· 	10,555	
Amortization of bond issue cost	(184)	(1,560)	(4)
Cost (recovered) to be recovered in future years		(111,703)	
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	(24,407)	(26,033)	(2,171)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(36,390)	(328,209)	(2,692)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(69,720)	(62,512)	14,033
Capital contributions	674	47,570	1,918
Transfers in	61,101	61,101	17
Transfers out	(1,623)	(100,365)	(1,079)
Change in net assets	(9,568)	(54,206)	14,889
Special items - hospital district reserve payment	(3,000)	(3,000)	44.000
Net change in net assets	(12,568)	(57,206)	14,889
Total net assets - beginning	255,326	2,293,316	45,751
Total net assets - ending	242,758	2,236,110	60,640
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Activities			
Change in net assets	(12,568)	(57,206)	
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	1,346	3,539	
Change in net assets - Business-type activities	(11,222)	(53,667)	

	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	·		
Cash received from customers	\$ 885,304	231,355	64,639
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(400,113)	(54,867)	(20,073)
Cash payments to employees for services	(97,510)	(51,851)	(18,537)
Cash payments to claimants/beneficiaries			
Cash received from other governments			
Taxes collected and remitted to other governments	(17,728)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	369,953	124,637	26,029
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfers in			
Transfers out	(76,674)	(22,068)	
Interest paid on revenue notes and other debt	(157)	(140)	
Increase in deferred assets	867		
Increase in due to other governments			
Loans to other funds	(499)	(6)	(46)
Loans from other funds		941	617
Loan repayments to other funds	==		
Loan repayments from other funds		27	83
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	(76,463)	(21,246)	654
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from the sale of commercial paper notes	40,312	146,820	
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds	10,012	110,020	
and other tax supported debt	960	4,112	
Proceeds from long-term loans	390		483
Principal paid on long-term debt	(96,695)	(36,088)	(7,327)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	244	(,) 	(· ,==· /
Purchased interest received	2	7	315
Interest paid on revenue bonds and other debt	(82,355)	(67,777)	(22,060)
Passenger facility charges			10,555
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(156,761)	(159,273)	(12,051)
Contributions from municipality			
Contributions from State and Federal governments			7,033
Contributions in aid of construction	4,837	13,373	83
Bond issuance costs		(1,233)	(736)
Bond discounts		(465)	(280)
Bond premiums			4,550
Cash paid for bond defeasance	(87,928)	(51,693)	
Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt		132,475	54,250
Cash paid for bond refunding escrow		(130,778)	(57,783)
Cash paid for nuclear fuel inventory	(5,756)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	(5,1-5)		
financing activities	\$ (382,750)	(150,520)	(22,968)

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2004 Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	420.240	4 244 646	044.074
Cash received from customers	130,348	1,311,646	241,374
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(83,082)	(558,135)	(76,845)
Cash payments to employees for services	(70,477)	(238,375)	(77,981)
Cash payments to claimants/beneficiaries	2.106	3,186	(64,864)
Cash received from other governments	3,186	,	
Taxes collected and remitted to other governments	(20,025)	(17,728)	24.004
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(20,025)	500,594	21,684
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfers in	61,101	61,101	17
Transfers out	(1,623)	(100,365)	(1,079)
Interest paid on revenue notes and other debt	(6)	(303)	
Increase in deferred assets		867	
Increase in due to other governments	3,000	3,000	
Loans to other funds	(833)	(1,384)	
Loans from other funds	529	2,087	863
Loan repayments to other funds	(383)	(383)	(27)
Loan repayments from other funds		110	(394)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		(2-2-2)	(222)
financing activities	61,785	(35,270)	(620)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from the sale of commercial paper notes		187,132	
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds			
and other tax supported debt	32,386	37,458	14,890
Proceeds from long-term loans	57	930	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(8,911)	(149,021)	(2,774)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		244	
Purchased interest received	350	674	
Interest paid on revenue bonds and other debt	(14,895)	(187,087)	(640)
Passenger facility charges		10,555	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(26,519)	(354,604)	(7,668)
Contributions from municipality	==	==	3,952
Contributions from State and Federal governments	==	7,033	
Contributions in aid of construction	1,346	19,639	
Bond issuance costs	(1,016)	(2,985)	
Bond discounts	(284)	(1,029)	
Bond premiums	5,120	9,670	
Cash paid for bond defeasance		(139,621)	
Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt	52,715	239,440	
Cash paid for bond refunding escrow	(62,403)	(250,964)	==
Cash paid for nuclear fuel inventory	<del></del>	(5,756)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(22,054)	(578,292)	7,760

(Continued)

	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of investment securities	\$ (358,243)	(184,812)	(48,515)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment			
securities	449,040	230,524	48,319
Interest on investments	23,104	5,524	1,132
Net cash provided by investing activities	113,901	51,236	936
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	24,641	4,107	4,651
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	91,855	52,499	83,641
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	116,496	56,606	88,292
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET			
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income (loss)	216,636	71,601	10,790
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	95,525	50,308	16,054
Amortization		2,500	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Increase in working capital advances	(576)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(9,290)	(1,501)	(715)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	639	(214)	
Decrease in receivables from other governments			
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(8,469)	196	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and			
other assets	45,568	(7)	(72)
Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses	9,985	2	
(Increase) decrease in other long-term assets	559		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	4,246	364	(1)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated			
absences	(202)	(141)	109
Decrease in claims payable			
Increase in pension obligations payable	1,260	648	229
Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and	40.000	045	(400)
other liabilities	13,868	815	(408)
Increase in customer deposits	204	66	43
Total adjustments	153,317	53,036	15,239
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 369,953	124,637	26,029

Funds   Fund	_	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2004 Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Purchase of investment securities   34,661   626,231	CASH ELOWS EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	runus	TOTAL	runas
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities		(34 661)	(626 231)	
Interest on investments   1,225   30,985   134     Net cash provided by investing activities   9,794   175,867   134     Net increase in cash and cash equivalents   29,500   62,899   28,958     Cash and cash equivalents, October 1   108,620   336,615   60,559     Cash and cash equivalents, September 30   138,120   399,514   89,517     RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		(34,001)	(020,231)	<del></del>
Net cash provided by investing activities   9,794   175,867   134     Net cash provided by investing activities   9,794   175,867   134     Net increase in cash and cash equivalents   29,500   62,899   28,958     Cash and cash equivalents, October 1   108,620   336,615   60,559     Cash and cash equivalents, September 30   138,120   399,514   89,517     RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Operating income (loss)   (33,330)   265,697   16,725     Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:   2,500       Change in assets and liabilities:   14,111   175,998   2,220     Amortization   14,111   175,998   2,220       Change in assets and liabilities:   (576)   (12,056)   9,305     Increase in working capital advances		43 230	771 113	
Net cash provided by investing activities         9,794         175,867         134           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         29,500         62,899         28,958           Cash and cash equivalents, October 1         108,620         336,615         60,559           Cash and cash equivalents, September 30         138,120         399,514         89,517           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization         -         2,500         -           Change in assets and liabilities:         (50)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase in working capital advances         -         (576)         -           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861         -           Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)         (1,023)           (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)		,	•	134
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         29,500         62,899         28,958           Cash and cash equivalents, October 1         108,620         336,615         60,559           Cash and cash equivalents, September 30         138,120         399,514         89,517           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization         -         2,500         -           Change in assets and liabilities:         -         (576)         -           Increase in working capital advances         -         (576)         -           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861         -           Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)         (1,023)           (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses         3         9,990         1 <t< td=""><td><del>-</del></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	<del>-</del>			
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1         108,620         336,615         60,559           Cash and cash equivalents, September 30         138,120         399,514         89,517           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Temperation         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842	-	3,734	175,007	134
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1         108,620         336,615         60,559           Cash and cash equivalents, September 30         138,120         399,514         89,517           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Temperating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization         14,111         175,998         2,220            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            Increase in working capital advances          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in accounts payable	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	29.500	62.899	28.958
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30         138,120         399,514         89,517           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:         Coperating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         Use of the control of the cash provided by operating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            Increase in working capital advances          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Operase in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td></t<>			•	•
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated         (54)         (288)         (98)           Increase in claims payable <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:           Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         34,111         175,998         2,220           Depreciation         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and	=			
Operating income (loss)         (33,330)         265,697         16,725           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         14,111         175,998         2,220           Depreciation         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            (Increase in working capital advances          (576)         9,305           Increase decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989) <t< td=""><td>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation 14,111 175,998 2,220 Amortization 2,500  Change in assets and liabilities:  Increase in working capital advances (576) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (550) (12,056) 9,305 Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts 436 861 Decrease in receivables from other governments (1,023) (1,023) (Increase) decrease in inventory (98) (8,371) (28) (Increase) decrease in inventory (98) (8,371) (28) (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets (17) 45,472 (95) Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses 3 9,990 1 Increase) decrease in other long-term assets 559 (1) Increase) decrease in accounts payable 2,233 6,842 (989) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 2,233 6,842 (989) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (6,465) Increase in claims payable (6,465) Increase in pension obligations payable 668 2,805 Increase in pension obligations payable (2,698) 11,577 1,105 Increase in customer deposits 294 607  Total adjustments 13,305 234,897 4,959	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Depreciation	Operating income (loss)	(33,330)	265,697	16,725
Depreciation         14,111         175,998         2,220           Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:          (576)            Increase in working capital advances          (576)         9,305           Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase in pension obligations payable         668 <td>Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
Amortization          2,500            Change in assets and liabilities:         Increase in working capital advances          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other expenses and other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1         (10,023)         (10,023	provided by operating activities:			
Change in assets and liabilities:         Increase in working capital advances          (576)            (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         (550)         (12,056)         9,305           Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts         436         861            Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences         (54)         (288)         (94)           Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305	Depreciation	14,111	175,998	2,220
Increase in working capital advances	Amortization		2,500	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable       (550)       (12,056)       9,305         Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts       436       861          Decrease in receivables from other governments       (1,023)       (1,023)          (Increase) decrease in inventory       (98)       (8,371)       (28)         (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets       (17)       45,472       (95)         Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses       3       9,990       1         (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets        559       (1)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       2,233       6,842       (989)         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences       (54)       (288)       (94)         Decrease in claims payable          (6,465)         Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities       (2,698)       11,577       1,105         Increase in customer deposits       294       607          Total adjustments       13,305       234,897       4,959	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	Increase in working capital advances		(576)	
Decrease in receivables from other governments         (1,023)         (1,023)            (Increase) decrease in inventory         (98)         (8,371)         (28)           (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences         (54)         (288)         (94)           Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(550)	(12,056)	9,305
(Increase) decrease in inventory       (98)       (8,371)       (28)         (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets       (17)       45,472       (95)         Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses       3       9,990       1         (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets        559       (1)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       2,233       6,842       (989)         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences       (54)       (288)       (94)         Decrease in claims payable         (6,465)         Increase in pension obligations payable       668       2,805          Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities       (2,698)       11,577       1,105         Increase in customer deposits       294       607          Total adjustments       13,305       234,897       4,959	,		861	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets       (17)       45,472       (95)         Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses       3       9,990       1         (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets        559       (1)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       2,233       6,842       (989)         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences       (54)       (288)       (94)         Decrease in claims payable         (6,465)         Increase in pension obligations payable       668       2,805          Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities       (2,698)       11,577       1,105         Increase in customer deposits       294       607          Total adjustments       13,305       234,897       4,959	<del>_</del>	, , ,	(1,023)	
other assets         (17)         45,472         (95)           Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences         (54)         (288)         (94)           Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	(Increase) decrease in inventory	(98)	(8,371)	(28)
Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses         3         9,990         1           (Increase) decrease in other long-term assets          559         (1)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         2,233         6,842         (989)           Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences         (54)         (288)         (94)           Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and			
(Increase) decrease in other long-term assets        559       (1)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       2,233       6,842       (989)         Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences       (54)       (288)       (94)         Decrease in claims payable          (6,465)         Increase in pension obligations payable       668       2,805          Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities       (2,698)       11,577       1,105         Increase in customer deposits       294       607          Total adjustments       13,305       234,897       4,959		` '	•	(95)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable   2,233   6,842   (989)	·	3	•	•
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences (54) (288) (94)	` ,			` '
absences         (54)         (288)         (94)           Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	, , ,	2,233	6,842	(989)
Decrease in claims payable           (6,465)           Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Increase in pension obligations payable         668         2,805            Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959		(54)	(288)	` '
Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959		<del></del>		(6,465)
other liabilities         (2,698)         11,577         1,105           Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959		668	2,805	
Increase in customer deposits         294         607            Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959	,	(0.000)		
Total adjustments         13,305         234,897         4,959		, , ,	•	1,105
·				
<b>Net cash provided (used) by operating activities</b> (20,025) 500,594 21,684				
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(20,025)	500,594	21,684

(Continued)

	E	Electric	Water and Wastewater	Airport
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Decrease in deferred assets/expenses	\$	73,728	23,017	
Increase in capital appreciation bond interest				
payable		6,448	9,448	
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds		51		18
Increase in contributed facilities			25,524	
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		12,564	4,002	
Amortization of bond issue costs		(711)	(534)	(131)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		(1,998)	(856)	(211)
Amortization of deferred loss on refundings		25,736	3,989	346
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		2,112	(1,684)	(1,559)
Deferred gain (loss) on bond refunding		12,541	(1,538)	(5,718)
Bond issuance costs, discounts, premiums and accrued				
interest written off due to refunding		867	2,154	225
Deferred costs (recovered) to be recovered		(61,707)	(49,996)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(16,358)	(9,573)	
Increase in deferred credits and other liabilities		4,740	19,399	
Contributions				

# (Continued)

			Governmental
_	Nonmajor		Activities-
	Enterprise	2004	Internal Service
_	Funds	Total	Funds
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Decrease in deferred assets/expenses	14,978	111,723	
Increase in capital appreciation bond interest			
payable		15,896	
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds	(629)	(560)	(2,033)
Increase in contributed facilities		25,524	
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		16,566	
Amortization of bond issue costs	(183)	(1,559)	(2)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums	(99)	(3,164)	(2)
Amortization of deferred loss on refundings	538	30,609	6
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(24,449)	(25,580)	(2,459)
Deferred gain (loss) on bond refunding	(2,601)	2,684	
Bond issue costs, discounts, premiums and accrued interest			
written off due to refunding	1,158	4,404	
Deferred costs (recovered) to be recovered		(111,703)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(25,931)	
Increase in deferred credits and other liabilities		24,139	969
Contributions	3,100	3,100	

	Private-purpos Trust	se Agency
ASSETS		
Pooled investments and cash	\$ 90	04 3,192
Other assets	1:	21
Total assets	1,02	25 3,192
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1 35
Due to other governments		2,524
Deposits and other liabilities	3	14 633
Total liabilities	3	15 3,192
NET ASSETS		
Held in trust	7	10
Total net assets	-	10

		-purpose rust
ADDITIONS	-	
Contributions	\$	254
Interest and other		15
Total additions		269
DEDUCTIONS Deductions		310
Total deductions		310
Change in net assets		(41)
Total net assets - beginning		751
Total net assets - ending	\$	710

#### 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Austin, Texas (the City) is a municipal corporation incorporated under Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is composed of a Mayor and six Councilmembers, all of whom are elected at large for three-year staggered terms, and who may serve for a maximum of two consecutive terms. A petition signed by 5% of the registered voters waives the term limit for a councilmember.

The City's major activities or programs include public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; urban growth management; and general government. In addition, the City owns and operates certain major enterprise activities, including an electric utility, water and wastewater utility, airport, convention and other enterprise activities. These activities are included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Charter of the City of Austin requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 1 through Statement No. 41. GASB Statement No. 40 entitled "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" was implemented in fiscal year 2004. The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

As a local government, the City is exempt from federal income taxes, under Internal Revenue Code Section 115, and state sales tax.

#### a -- Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City, the Primary Government, and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and therefore data from these units are combined with data of the City.

**Blended Component Units --** The Austin Housing Finance Corporation (AHFC) and Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC) are legally separate entities from the City. AHFC and AIDC serve all the citizens of Austin and are governed by a board composed of the City Councilmembers. The activities are reported in the Housing Assistance Fund and Austin Industrial Development Corporation Fund, nonmajor special revenue funds.

Related Organizations -- The following paragraph summarizes related organizations to which the City Council appoints board members but the City has no significant financial accountability. The City appoints certain members of the board of the Capital Metropolitan Transit Authority (Capital Metro), but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. City Councilmembers appoint themselves as members of the board of the Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (ABIA) Development Corporation; their function on this board is ministerial rather than substantive. The City Council appoints the members of the board of Austin-Bergstrom Landhost Enterprises, Inc., and Austin Convention Enterprises, Inc.; the functions of these boards are ministerial rather than substantive. The Mayor, with consent of the City Council, appoints the Board of Commissioners for the Urban Renewal Agency, whose primary responsibility is to oversee the implementation and compliance of Urban Renewal Plans adopted by the City Council. The City's presiding officer of the municipality governing body appoints the persons to serve as commissioners of the Austin Housing Authority. All of these entities are separate from the operating activities of the City. Related organizations are not included in the City's reporting entity.

The City retirement plans (described in Note 8) and the City of Austin Deferred Compensation Plan for City employees are not included in the City's reporting entity because the City does not exercise substantial control over the entities.

#### b -- Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements -- The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Internal service fund asset and liability balances that are not eliminated in the statement of net assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The fund level statements focus on the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions or limitations. Major funds are determined by criteria specified by GASB; the City has not elected to present additional major funds that do not meet the minimum criteria. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other funds are aggregated into governmental or enterprise nonmajor fund groupings.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private-purpose and agency). By definition these assets are held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, and are therefore not included in the government-wide statements. Reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided in the financial statements to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB 34.

# c -- Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available. Revenues, other than grants, are considered to be available when they are collectible, within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (defined by the City as collected within 60 days of year end). Revenues billed under a contractual agreement with another governmental entity, including federal and state grants, are recognized when billed and when all eligibility requirements of the provider have been met and are considered to be available if expected to be collected within one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is due. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and arbitrage are recorded to the extent they are normally expected to be liquidated with available financial resources. Debt service expenditures are recognized when payment is matured. The reported fund balance of governmental funds is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, hotel occupancy taxes, vehicle rental taxes, EMS charges, Municipal Court fines and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and therefore have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund: The primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the following activities: public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; urban growth management; and general government.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, such as providing electric or water-wastewater services. Other revenues or expenses are nonoperating items.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund: Accounts for the activities of the City-owned electric utility, doing business as Austin Energy TM.

<u>Water and Wastewater Fund</u>: Accounts for the activities of the City-owned water and wastewater utility, doing business as Austin Water™.

Airport Fund: Accounts for the operations of the Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (ABIA).

In addition, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: Account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, including grant funds.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u>: Account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt and HUD Section 108 loan principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: Account for financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those reported within proprietary funds and private-purpose funds) and funded primarily by general obligation debt, other tax supported debt, interest income and other intergovernmental revenues. A 1981 ordinance requires the establishment of a separate fund for each bond proposition approved in each bond election.

<u>Permanent Funds</u>: Account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal may be used for purposes that support the City's programs. Permanent funds account for the public recreation and culture activity.

The City reports the following proprietary and fiduciary funds:

Enterprise Funds: Account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than statements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20. The nonmajor enterprise funds account for the operations in a variety of areas: convention center, drainage, golf, hospital (both Brackenridge and Austin Women's Hospital), recreation activities, primary care clinics, solid waste and transportation.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>: Account for the financing of goods or services provided by one City department or agency to other City departments or agencies or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. These activities include, but are not limited to, capital projects management, transportation and emergency communication, employee health benefits, fleet services, information services, liability reserve (city-wide self insurance) services, support services, wireless communication services and workers' compensation coverage.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments:

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u>: Account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Private-purpose trust funds account for various purposes: general government, transportation, public recreation and culture and urban growth management.

Agency Funds: Account for net assets held on behalf of others and are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities).

# d -- Budget

The City Manager submits a proposed budget to the City Council no later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. The City Council holds public hearings, modifies the City Manager's recommendations, and adopts a final budget no later than the twenty-seventh day of September. The City Council passes an appropriation ordinance and a tax levying ordinance.

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds and debt service funds. Annual budgets are adopted for enterprise and internal service funds, although they are not legally required. Multi-year budgets are adopted for capital projects and grant funds, where appropriations remain authorized for the life of the project, irrespective of fiscal year. Expenditures are appropriated on a modified accrual basis, except that commitments related to purchase orders are treated as expenditures in the year of commitment. Certain charges to ending fund balance are budgeted as nondepartmental expenditures.

Formal budgetary control is employed during the year at the fund and department level as a management control device for annually budgeted funds.

Budgets are modified throughout the year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriation balances within a fund and department of the City. The City Council must approve amendments to the budget and transfers of appropriations from one fund and department to another. The original and final budgets for the General Fund are reported in the required supplementary information. Unencumbered appropriations for annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

# e -- Financial Statement Elements

**Pooled Investments and Cash** -- Cash balances of all City funds (except for certain funds shown in Note 5 as having non-pooled investments) are pooled and invested. Investments purchased with pooled cash, consisting primarily of U.S. government obligations and U.S. agency obligations, are stated at fair value. Interest earned on investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated monthly to each participating fund based upon the fund's average daily balance. Funds that incur a negative balance in pooled cash and investments are not allocated interest earnings nor charged interest expense.

**Investments** -- Certain investments are required to be reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses resulting from the sale of investments are determined by the specific cost of the securities sold. The City carries all of its investments in U.S. government and agency debt securities and money market mutual funds at fair value as of September 30, 2004. Investments in local government investment pools are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 40 entitled "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures".

**Accounts Receivable --** Balances of accounts receivable, reported on the government-wide statement of net assets, are aggregations of different components such as charges for services, fines, and balances due from taxpayers or other governments. In order to assist the reader, the following information has been provided regarding significant components of receivable balances as of September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

	Charges for			Other Govern-		
	Services	Fines	Taxes	ments	Other	Total
Governmental activities						
General Fund	\$ 63,583	35,055	26,758		9,082	134,478
Nonmajor governmental funds	4,745	37	8,153	8,467	952	22,354
Internal service funds	1,339					1,339
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(61,421)	(22,642)				(84,063)
Total	\$ 8,246	12,450	34,911	8,467	10,034	74,108

Municipal Court fines in the governmental activities, because of the nature of the fines, have a collection period greater than one year. Fines recognized that will not be collected during the subsequent year are estimated to be approximately \$5.4 million.

Business-type activities are primarily comprised of charges for services.

Elimination of Internal Activities -- The elimination of internal service fund activity is needed in order to eliminate duplicate activity in making the transition from the fund level financial statements to the government-wide financial statements. In addition, the elimination of internal service fund activity requires the City to "look back" and adjust the internal service funds' internal charges. A positive change in net assets derived from internal service fund activity results in a pro rata reduction in the charges made to the participatory funds. A deficit change in net assets of internal service funds requires a pro rata increase in the amounts charged to the participatory funds.

**Internal Balances --** In the government-wide statement of net assets, internal balances are the receivables and payables between the governmental and business-type activities.

**Interfund Activities --** In the government-wide statement of activities, the effect of interfund activity has generally been removed from the statements. Exceptions include the chargeback of services, such as utilities or vehicle maintenance, and charges for central administrative costs. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues of the various functions reported. The City recovers indirect costs that are incurred in the Support Services Fund, which is reported as an internal service fund. Indirect costs are calculated in a city-wide cost allocation plan or through indirect cost rates. These amounts are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.

**Interfund Receivables, Payables --** During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund-level statements when they are expected to be liquidated within one year. If receivables or payables are expected to be liquidated after one year, they are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds."

**Inventories --** Inventories are valued at cost, which is determined as follows:

Fund	Inventory Valuation Method
General Fund	Average cost (predominantly); some first-in, first-out
Electric:	
Fuel oil and coal	Last-in, first-out
Other inventories	Average cost
All others	Average cost

Inventories for all funds use the consumption method and expenditures are recorded when issued. Inventories reported in the General Fund and certain special revenue funds are offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not represent "available spendable resources."

**Restricted assets --** Restricted assets are assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The balance of restricted assets accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows (in thousands):

					Total
		Water and		Nonmajor	Restricted
	Electric	Wastewater	Airport	Enterprise	Assets
Bond reserve	\$ 2,001				2,001
Capital projects	16,275	43,470	72,245	80,614	212,604
Customer and escrow deposits	7,765	5,077	615	1,618	15,075
Debt service	84,855	40,830	15,108	5,754	146,547
Federal grants			3,642	4	3,646
Nuclear decommissioning	101,809				101,809
Nuclear fuel inventory replacement	33,403				33,403
Operating reserve account			6,901	2,423	9,324
Passenger facility charge account			10,718		10,718
Renewal and replacement account			10,000	1,415	11,415
	\$ 246,108	89,377	119,229	91,828	546,542

**Designated assets** -- Designated assets are funds that have been appropriated by City Council action and are intended for specific purposes. They are not constrained by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments nor are they constrained by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Capital assets -- Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide statement of net assets, and related depreciation is allocated to programs in the statement of activities. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Assets purchased or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. Contributed or annexed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received, or at historical cost, if historical cost is available. Capital outlay is recorded as an expenditure in the General Fund and other governmental funds, and as an asset in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred, and improvements and betterments that extend the useful lives of capital assets are capitalized.

The City obtains public domain capital assets (infrastructure) through capital improvement projects (CIP) construction, or through annexation or developer contribution. Infrastructure consists of certain improvements other than buildings, including streets and roads, bridges, pedestrian facilities, drainage systems and traffic signal systems acquired after September 30, 1980.

Interest is not capitalized on governmental capital assets. For enterprise funds, except for Electric and Water and Wastewater Utility funds, interest paid on long-term debt in the enterprise funds is capitalized when it can be attributed to a specific project and when it materially exceeds the interest revenue generated by the bond proceeds issued to fund the project. Interest is not capitalized on Electric and Water and Wastewater Utility enterprise fund assets in accordance with FASB Statement No. 71.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (in years):

	Business-type Activities				
Governmental	Water and			Nonmajor	
Activities (1)	Electric	Wastewater	Airport	Enterprise	
15-40	30-40	40-50	15-40	15-40	
7-30	7-40	10-50	10-50	7-40	
3-20	3-15	3-20	3-15	3-15	
7	7	7	7	7	
12	12	12	12	7-12	
3-7	3-7	3-7	3-7	3-7	
30					
50					
50					
20					
25					
	Activities (1)  15-40 7-30 3-20 7 12 3-7 30 50 50 20	Activities (1) Electric  15-40 30-40 7-30 7-40 3-20 3-15 7 7 12 12 3-7 3-7  30 50 50 20	Governmental Activities (1)         Electric         Water and Wastewater           15-40         30-40         40-50           7-30         7-40         10-50           3-20         3-15         3-20           7         7         7           12         12         12           3-7         3-7         3-7           30             50             50             20	Governmental Activities (1)         Water and Wastewater         Airport           15-40         30-40         40-50         15-40           7-30         7-40         10-50         10-50           3-20         3-15         3-20         3-15           7         7         7         7           12         12         12         12           3-7         3-7         3-7         3-7           30              50              50              20	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes internal service funds

Depreciation of assets is classified by functional components. The City considers land, arts and treasures and library collections to be inexhaustible; and therefore, these assets are reported as nondepreciable. The true value of arts and treasures and library collections is expected to be maintained over time and, thus, is not depreciated. Unallocated depreciation reported in the government-wide statement of activities consists of depreciation of infrastructure assets (\$35.8 million).

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the City recognizes a gain or loss on the disposal of assets when it retires or otherwise disposes of capital assets (other than debt-financed assets of the utility funds, where the gain or loss is deferred in accordance with FASB Statement No. 71).

**Intangible Assets -- Proprietary Funds -** Intangible assets include the amortized cost of a \$100 million contract between the City and the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) for a fifty-year assured water supply agreement, with an option to extend another fifty years. The City and LCRA entered into the contract in 1999, and the asset is being amortized over 40 years.

**Deferred Expenses or Credits --** The City's utility systems are reported in accordance with FASB Statement No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation". Certain utility expenses that do not currently require funds are deferred to future periods in which they are intended to be recovered by rates. Likewise, certain credits to income are deferred to periods in which they are matched with related costs. These expenses or credits include changes in fair value of investments, contributions and gain or loss on disposition of debt-financed assets. Deferred expenses will be recovered in these future periods by setting rates sufficient to provide funds for the related debt service requirements. If rates being charged will not recover deferred expenses, the deferred expenses will be subject to write off. Retail deregulation of electric rates in the future may affect the City's current accounting treatment of its electric utility revenues, expenses and deferred amounts.

Compensated Absences -- The amounts owed to employees for unpaid vacation and sick leave liabilities, including the City's share of employment-related taxes, are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide statements, and in the enterprise activities of the fund financial statements. The liabilities and expenditures are reported on the modified accrual basis in the governmental fund financial statements; the estimated liability for governmental funds is the amount of sick and vacation paid at termination within 60 days of year-end.

City policies provide for the following amounts to be paid at termination: accumulated vacation pay with a maximum of six weeks and accumulated sick leave with a maximum of ninety days. Sick leave accumulated in excess of ninety days or by employees hired on or after October 1, 1986 is not payable at termination and is not included in these financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt --** The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt, including loans, issued to fund general government capital projects is paid from tax revenues, interfund transfers and intergovernmental revenues. Such general obligation debt is reported in the government-wide statements under governmental activities.

The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt issued to fund proprietary fund capital projects is normally paid from net revenues of the applicable proprietary fund, although such debt will be repaid from tax revenues if necessary. Such general obligation debt is shown as a specific liability of the applicable proprietary fund, which is appropriate under generally accepted accounting principles and in view of the expectation that the proprietary fund will provide resources to service the debt.

Revenue bonds that have been issued to finance capital projects of certain enterprise funds are to be repaid from net revenues of these funds. Such debt is recorded in the funds. Operating revenues and interest income that are used as security for revenue bonds are reported separately from other revenues.

The City has certain contractual commitments with several municipal utility districts (MUDs) for the construction of additions and improvements to the City's water and wastewater system that serve the MUDs and surrounding areas. These additions and improvements are funded by City contract revenue bonds, whose principal and interest are payable primarily from the net revenues of Austin Water Utility.

The City defers and amortizes gains or losses realized by proprietary funds on refundings of debt and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and reports both the new debt liability and the related deferred amount on the funds' statement of net assets. The City recognizes gains or losses on debt defeasance when funds from current operations are used.

Other Long-Term Liabilities -- Capital appreciation bonds are recorded at net accreted value. Annual accretion of the bonds is recorded as interest expense during the life of the bonds. The cumulative accretion of capital appreciation bonds, net of interest payments on the bonds, is recorded as capital appreciation bond interest payable.

**Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs** -- The City reports municipal solid waste landfill costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs". The liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs is reported in the Solid Waste Services Fund, a nonmajor enterprise fund.

**Operating Revenues --** Revenues are recorded net of allowances, including bad debt, in the government-wide and proprietary fund-level statements. The funds listed below reduced revenues by bad debt, as follows (in thousands):

Electric Fund	\$ 7,732
Water and Wastewater Fund	1,199
Airport	19
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	1,361

Electric, water and wastewater revenue is recorded when earned. Customers' electric and water meters are read and bills are rendered on a cycle basis by billing district. Electric rate schedules include fuel cost adjustment clauses that permit recovery of fuel costs in the month incurred. The City reported fuel costs on the same basis as it recognized revenue in 2003 and prior years. Austin Energy recorded unbilled revenue as earned based upon taking each day's power generation and using the billing district read dates to estimate what percentage was billed as of September 30, 2004 and what percentage will be billed thereafter over the days since the last meter read, on a billing cycle basis. The amount of unbilled revenue recorded as of September 30, 2004 for Austin Energy was \$38.2 million. Austin Water recorded unbilled revenue as earned based upon an extrapolation of customer usage from the prior year, over the days since the last meter read, on an aggregate basis. The amount of unbilled revenue recorded as of September 30, 2004 for Austin Water was \$16.3 million.

**Interfund Revenues, Expenses and Transfers --** Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved, such as billing for utility services. Transactions between funds that constitute reimbursements for expenditures or expenses are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. Transfers between funds are reported in the operations of governmental and proprietary funds.

**Intergovernmental Revenues, Receivables and Liabilities --** Intergovernmental revenues and related receivables arise primarily through funding received from Federal and State grants. These revenues and receivables are earned through expenditure of money for grant purposes. Intergovernmental liabilities arise primarily from funds held in an agency capacity for other local governmental units.

**Federal and State Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues --** Grants, entitlements and shared revenues may be accounted for within any City fund. The purpose and requirements of each grant, entitlement, or shared revenue are analyzed to determine the appropriate fund statement and revenue category in which to report the related transactions. Grants, entitlements and shared revenues received for activities normally recorded in a particular fund may be accounted for in that fund, provided that applicable legal restrictions can be satisfied.

Revenues received for activities normally recorded in other governmental funds are accounted for within the nonmajor governmental fund groupings: Federal grant funds, State grant funds, and other special revenue grant funds. Capital grants restricted for capital acquisitions or construction, other than those associated with proprietary type funds, are accounted for in the applicable capital projects funds. Revenues received for operating activities of proprietary funds or revenues that may be used for either operations or capital expenditures at the discretion of the City are recognized in the applicable proprietary fund.

**Restricted Resources** -- When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**Reservations of Fund Equity --** Reservation of fund balances of the governmental funds indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for appropriation for expenditure or is legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance are the representations of management for the utilization of resources in future periods.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** -- For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents to be currency on hand, cash held by trustee, demand deposits with banks, and all amounts included in pooled investments and cash accounts.

Pension Costs -- State law governs pension contribution requirements and benefits. Pension costs are composed of normal cost and, where applicable, amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability and of unfunded prior service cost (see Note 8).

**Special Items --** These are significant transactions or events within the control of the City that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. On September 13, 2004, the City Council approved a transfer in the amount of \$10.7 million to the Travis County Hospital District as a portion of an initial reserve established by the District. Although the cash was transferred on October 1, 2004, the special item and associated liability were recognized in fiscal year 2004. The total \$10.7 million consists of \$7.7 million from the General Fund and \$3 million from Primary Care (which is reported as a nonmajor enterprise fund).

**Risk Management --** The City is exposed to employee-related risks for health benefits and workers' compensation, as well as to various risks of loss related to torts, including medical malpractice; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City continues to be self-insured for liabilities for most health benefits, third-party and workers' compensation claims.

The City purchases commercial insurance for coverage for property loss or damage, commercial crime, fidelity bonds and airport operations. In addition, the City purchases a broad range of insurance coverage for contractors working at selected capital improvement project sites. The City does not participate in a risk pool. The City complies with GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues" (see Note 14).

Austin Energy has established an energy risk management program. This program was authorized by City Council and led by the Risk Oversight Committee. Under this program, Austin Energy enters into futures contracts, options, and swaps for the purpose of reducing exposure to natural gas and energy price risk. The City complies with GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2003-1, "Disclosure Requirements for Derivatives Not Reported at Fair Value on the Statement of Net Assets" (see Note 14).

# f -- Comparative Data

Governments are required to present comparative data only in connection with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Comparative data has been utilized within the MD&A to more fully understand the City's financial statements for the current period.

# g -- Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# a -- Explanation of differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

Total fund balances of the City's governmental funds, \$309 million, differ from the net assets of governmental activities, \$1,439 million, reported in the statement of net assets. The differences result from the long-term economic focus in the government-wide statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The differences are shown below (in thousands):

Total fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ 309,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Governmental capital assets 2,576,499  Less: accumulated depreciation (584,734)  Total	1,991,765
Other long-term assets are not available as current-period resources and are not reported in the funds.  Accounts and other taxes receivable Deferred costs and expenses Total  11,800 3,226	15,026
Long-term liabilities are not payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.  Bonds and other tax supported debt payable, net Pension obligation payable Capital lease obligations payable Compensated absences Interest payable Deferred credits and other liabilities  (836,152) (3,102) (578) (578) (63,739) (3,447) (3,447) (23,466)	(930,484)
Internal service funds  Total net assets - Governmental activities	\$ 53,006 1,438,504

# 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

# b -- Explanation of differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The net change in fund balances of governmental funds, \$36 million deficit, differs from the change in net assets for governmental activities, \$90 million, reported in the statement of activities. The differences result from the long-term economic focus in the government-wide statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The differences are shown below (in thousands):

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds		\$ (36,264)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	157,140 (61,112)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,672)	04.050
Total		94,356
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current available financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	(3,357)	
Charges for services Capital assets contribution	(6,553) 63,398	
Total	03,330	53,488
Revenues in the governmental funds are recognized when measurable and		
available, but are deferred in the statement of activities until earned,		
regardless of when collected.	(12 720)	
Intergovernmental revenue Total	(12,728)	(12,728)
Costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt are reported as expenditures		, ,
in the governmental funds, but are deferred and amortized throughout the period		
during which the related debt is outstanding in the statement of activities.		
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Issuance of long-term debt	(70,040)	
Principal repayment on long-term debt	48,862	
Deferral of debt issue costs Total	(24)	(21,202)
		(21,202)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(1,924)	
Pension obligation Interest and other	(3,102) 6,403	
Total	0,403	1,377
Internal services. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is		,-
reported with the governmental activities.		11,350
Change in net assets - Governmental activities		\$ 90,377

#### 3 - DEFICITS IN FUND BALANCES AND NET ASSETS

At September 30, 2004, the following funds reported deficits in fund balances or net assets. Management intends to recover these deficits through future operating revenues, transfers or debt issues.

Nonmajor Governmental_	_	eficit ousands)		<b>Deficit</b> (in thousands)
Special Revenue Funds:	<u></u>		Internal Service Funds:	
Fiscal Surety - Land Development	\$	77	CTECC	384
			Liability Reserve	775
Capital Projects Funds:				
Energy improvements - city facilities		82		
Parks/Old Bakery		184		
Police facilities		14		
Radio Trunking		5,820		
Parks - 1992		225		
Build Austin		25		
Central City Entertainment Center		1		
Capital reserve		965		
Public Works		19		
City Hall, plaza, parking garage		2,913		
Interest income fund		595		

#### 4 - POOLED INVESTMENTS AND CASH

The following summarizes the amounts of pooled investments and cash by fund at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

	<b>Pooled Investments and Cash</b>			
	Unrestricted	Restricted		
General Fund	\$ 97,002			
Nonmajor governmental funds	187,228			
Electric	55,574	58,227		
Water and Wastewater	8,341	42,672		
Airport		88,286		
Nonmajor enterprise funds	52,030	86,070		
Internal service funds	88,783			
Fiduciary funds	4,096			
Subtotal pooled investments and cash	493,054	275,255		
Total pooled investments and cash	\$ 768,309			

# 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS

# a -- Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the City of Austin to invest its funds under a written investment policy (the "Investment Policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. The investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain investment instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

# 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

The City's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the Investment Policy, which is approved annually by the City Council. The Investment Policy includes a list of authorized investment instruments, a maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment and the maximum average dollar weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund groups. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment options and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions in which the City will deposit funds is addressed.

The City Treasurer submits an investment report each quarter to the Investment Committee and City Council. The report details the investment position of the City and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas State law.

The City is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas;
- 3. Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 4. Obligations of other states, cities, counties or other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent;
- 5. Bankers' acceptances so long as each such acceptance has a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance, will be liquidated in full at maturity, is eligible collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank and is accepted by a domestic bank whose short-term obligations are rated at least A-1, P-1, or the equivalent by a nationally recognized credit rating agency or which is the largest subsidiary of a bank holding company whose short-term obligations are so rated;
- 6. Commercial paper with a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance that is either rated not less than A-1, P-1 or the equivalent by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or is rated at least A-1, P-1 or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state thereof:
- Collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date and described in more detail in the Investment Policy;
- 8. Certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor or as further described in the Investment Policy;
- 9. Certificates of deposit issued by savings banks domiciled in Texas;
- 10. Share Certificates issued by a state or federal credit unions domiciled in Texas;
- 11. Money market mutual funds; and
- 12. Local government investment pools (LGIPs).

The City participates in two Local Government Investment Pools: TexPool and TexasDAILY. The State Comptroller oversees TexPool, with Lehman Brothers and Federated Investors managing the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the State Comptroller. Although there is no regulatory oversight over TexasDAILY, an advisory board consisting of participants or their designees, maintains oversight responsibility for TexasDAILY. Public Financial Management Asset Management LLC manages the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the advisory board.

The City invests in TexPool and TexasDAILY to provide its liquidity needs. TexPool and TexasDAILY are local government investment pools that were established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. TexPool and TexasDAILY are 2(a)7 like funds, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. TexPool and TexasDAILY are rated AAAm and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit. At September 30, 2004 TexPool and TexasDAILY had a weighted average maturity of 23 days and 43 days, respectively. Although the TexPool and TexasDAILY portfolios had a weighted average maturity of 23 days and 43 days, respectively, the City considers the holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

# 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

The City did not participate in any reverse repurchase agreements or security lending agreements during fiscal year 2004.

All of the City's investments are insured, registered, or the City's agent holds the securities in the City's name; therefore, the City is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following table includes the portfolio balances of all non-pooled and pooled investment types of the City at September 30, 2004 (in thousands).

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Non-pooled investments:					
Local Government Investment Pools	\$	13,477	143,848		157,325
US Agency Discount Notes			14,883		14,883
US Treasury Notes			98,275		98,275
US Agency Bonds			169,225		169,225
US Agency Bonds-Step			2,001		2,001
Total non-pooled investments		13,477	428,232		441,709
Pooled investments:					
Local Government Investment Pools		123,517	129,454	1,356	254,327
US Agency Discount Notes		36,257	38,025	398	74,680
US Treasury Notes		9,660	10,132	106	19,898
US Agency Bonds		205,346	213,375	2,234	420,955
US Agency Bonds-Step		2,421	2,539	26	4,986
Total pooled investments (1)		377,201	393,525	4,120	774,846
Total investments	\$	390,678	821,757	4,120	1,216,555

(1) A difference of \$6.5 million exists between the investment portfolio balance and book balance, primarily due to deposits in transit offset by outstanding checks.

# b -- Investment categories

The risk exposures for governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate and fiduciary fund types of the City are not significantly greater than the deposit and investment risk of the primary government. The Investment Policy segregates the portfolios into strategic categories including:

- 1. Operating Funds excluding Special Projects or Special Purpose funds;
- 2. Debt Service Funds;
- 3. Special Projects Funds or Special Purpose Funds;

The City's investment policy seeks to control credit risk. Such risk shall be controlled by investing in compliance with the City's investment policy, qualifying the broker and financial institution with whom the City will transact, sufficient collateralization, portfolio diversification, and limiting maturity.

# 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

# Operating Funds (excluding Special Projects or Special Purpose Funds)

As of September 30, 2004, the City of Austin's operating funds (excluding Special Projects or Special Purpose Funds) had the following investments:

	Fair value (in thousands)					
	Go	vernmental	Business-type	Fiduciary		Weighted Average
Investment Type		Activities	Activities	Funds	Total	Maturity (days)
Local Government Invest Pools (LGIPs)	\$	123,517	129,454	1,356	254,327	1
US Agency Discount Notes		36,257	38,025	398	74,680	78
US Treasury Notes		9,660	10,132	106	19,898	329
US Agency Bonds		205,346	213,375	2,234	420,955	544
US Agency Bonds-Step		2,421	2,539	26	4,986	565
	\$	377,201	393,525	4,120	774,846	315

#### Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2004, the LGIPs (which represent approximately 33% of the portfolio) are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The US Agency Discount Notes (which represent approximately 10% of the portfolio) are rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor's. The US Agency Bonds and US Agency Step Bonds (which represent approximately 55% of the portfolio) are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. Approximately 2% of the portfolio consists of direct obligations of the US government.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities should be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the City's cash flow requirements. Three years is the maximum period of time before maturity.

At September 30, 2004, nearly a third of the Investment Pool was invested in AAAm rated LGIPs (2(a)-7 like pools), with the remainder invested in short-to-medium term US Agency and Treasury obligations. Term limits on individual maturities did not exceed three years from the purchase date. The dollar weighted average maturity for all securities was 315 days, which was less than the threshold of 365 days.

#### 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

#### **Debt Service Funds**

As of September 30, 2004, the City of Austin's debt service funds had the following investments:

	F	air Value (ir		
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Final Maturity
General Obligation Debt Service				
TexPool (LGIPs)	\$	13,392		N/A
TexasDAILY(LGIPs)		85		N/A
Subtotal		13,477		
Enterprise-Utility (1)				
TexPool (LGIPs)			120,697	N/A
Fannie Mae Discount Notes (FNDN)			4,988	11/15/2004
Subtotal			125,685	
Enterprise-Airport				
TexPool (LGIPs)			15,108	N/A
Nonmajor Enterprise-Convention Center				
TexPool (LGIPs)			5,739	N/A
Total	\$	13,477	146,532	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes combined pledge debt service

#### **Credit Risk**

As of September 30, 2004, TexPool and TexasDAILY are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, and the Fannie Mae Agency Discount Notes are rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor's.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

Investment strategies for debt service funds have as the primary objective the assurance of investment liquidity adequate to cover the debt service obligation on the required payment date. As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, securities purchased cannot have a stated final maturity date which exceeds the debt service payment date.

At September 30, 2004, portfolios in this category held investments in AAAm rated LGIPs and US Agencies with final maturities matching anticipated debt service requirements in October and/or November 2004.

#### **Special Projects Funds**

As of September 30, 2004, the City of Austin's Special Projects Funds had the following investments:

	Fair Valu		
	Government	al Business-type	Final
Capital Project Construction	Activities	Activities	Maturity
TexPool (LGIPs)	\$ 8		N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) 2.315% of 04/28/06	1,89	0	04/28/2006
Subtotal	1,97	0	
Airport Construction			
TexPool (LGIPs)	-	- 2,298	N/A
Freddie Mac Discount Notes (FMCDN) of 04/05/05	-	9,895	04/05/2005
Subtotal		- 12,193	
Total special projects funds	\$ 1,97	0 12,193	

### **Credit Risk**

As of September 30, 2004, TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Freddie Mac Discount Notes are rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor's, and the Federal Home Loan Bank Agency Bonds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

#### 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities in this category not exceed the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds.

At September 30, 2004, the portfolios held investments in a AAAm rated LGIP and US Agencies with maturities that meet anticipated cash flow requirements.

#### **Special Purpose Funds**

### Austin Energy Debt Management Fund

As of September 30, 2004, the City of Austin's Special Purpose Fund (Austin Energy Debt Management Fund) had the following investments:

Business-type Activities	air Value thousands)	Weighted Average Maturity (days)
TexPool (LGIPs)	\$ 6	1
US Treasuries	70,990	790
US Agencies	 99,139	787
Total	\$ 170,135	788

#### Credit Risk

At September 30, 2004, the Electric Utility Department Debt Management Fund had a minimal investment in TexPool, an LGIP rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, with the remainder invested in short-to-medium term US Agency and Treasury obligations. The US Agency Bonds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The remaining securities are direct obligations of the US government.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities in this category not exceed the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds.

At September 30, 2004, the portfolios held investments in TexPool (AAAm rated LGIP), US Treasuries and US Agencies with maturities that meet anticipated cash flow requirements and an overall dollar weighted average maturity of 788 days (2.16 years).

## Austin Energy Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Funds

As of September 30, 2004, the Austin Energy's Special Purpose Fund (Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Funds, NDTF) had the following investments:

	Fa	air Value	Weighted Average
Business-type Activities	(in thousands)		Maturity (years)
US Treasuries	\$	27,285	2.47
US Agencies		70,086	2.39
US Agencies-Step		2,001	4.58
Total	\$	99,372	2.46

#### **Credit Risk**

As of September 30, 2004, the US Agency Bonds and US Agency Step Bonds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The remaining securities are direct obligations of the US government.

## Interest Rate Risk

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy for the Decommissioning Trust Fund portfolios requires that the dollar weighted average maturity, using final stated maturity dates, shall not exceed seven years, although the portfolio's weighted average maturity may be substantially shorter if market conditions so dictate. At September 30, 2004, the dollar weighted average maturity was 2.46 years.

#### 5 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS, continued

Investments and deposits at September 30, 2004 are as follows (in thousands):

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Non-pooled investments and deposits	\$ 17,369	436,546		453,915
Pooled investments and deposits	 379,226	395,647	4,142	779,015
Total investments and deposits	396,595	832,193	4,142	1,232,930
Unrestricted deposits	3,892	55		3,947
Restricted deposits		8,259		8,259
Pooled deposits	2,025	2,122	22	4,169
Investments	 390,678	821,757	4,120	1,216,555
Total investments and deposits	\$ 396,595	832,193	4,142	1,232,930

A difference of \$10.7 million exists between bank balance and book balance, primarily due to deposits in transit offset by outstanding checks.

### c -- Deposits

The September 30, 2004 carrying amount of deposits is as follows (in thousands):

	ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash				
Unrestricted	\$ 111	55		166
Cash held by trustee				
Unrestricted	3,781			3,781
Restricted		8,259		8,259
Pooled cash	2,025	2,122	22	4,169
Total deposits	\$ 5,917	10,436	22	16,375

All bank accounts were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name at September 30, 2004.

#### 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The adjusted assessed value for the roll as of January 1, 2003, upon which the 2004 levy was based, was \$48,964,275,008.

Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date. During the year ended September 30, 2004, 99.06% of the current tax levy (October 1, 2003) was collected. The statutory lien date is January 1.

The methods of property assessment and tax collection are determined by Texas statute. The statutes provide for a property tax code, county-wide appraisal districts, a State property tax board, and certain exemptions from taxation, such as intangible personal property, household goods, and family-owned automobiles.

#### 6 - PROPERTY TAXES, continued

The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Travis Central Appraisal District and the Williamson County Appraisal District. The appraisal districts are required under the Property Tax Code to assess all real and personal property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every three years; however, the City may require more frequent reviews of appraised values at its own expense. The Travis Central Appraisal District has chosen to review the value of property every two years, while the Williamson County Appraisal District has chosen to review the value of property on an annual basis. The City may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The City is authorized to set tax rates on property within the City limits. However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds, certificates of obligation, and other contractual obligations, as adjusted for new improvements and revaluation, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, State statute allows qualified voters of the City to petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate increase to no more than 8%.

The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. Under the City Charter, a limit on taxes levied for general governmental services, exclusive of payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, has been established at \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation. A practical limitation on taxes levied for debt service of \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation is established by State Statute and City Charter limitations. Through contractual arrangements, Travis and Williamson counties bill and collect property taxes for the City.

The tax rate to finance general governmental functions, other than the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2004, was \$.3236 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City has a tax margin for general governmental purposes of \$.6764 per \$100 assessed valuation, and could levy approximately \$331,194,356 in additional taxes from the assessed valuation of \$48,964,275,008 before the legislative limit is reached.

The City has reserved a portion of the taxes collected for lawsuits filed by certain taxpayers against the appraisal districts challenging assessed values in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

The City anticipates the need for numerous additional utility-related projects over the next several years. However, specific projects and related funding have not been identified or authorized.

The City has recorded capitalized interest for fiscal year 2004 in the following funds related to the construction of various enterprise fund capital improvement projects (in thousands):

Major fund:	
Airport	\$ 953
Nonmajor enterprise funds:	
Convention Center	1,390
Drainage	1,113
Golf	67
Solid Waste Services	131

Interest is not capitalized on governmental capital assets.

Components of capital assets (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total
Capital assets not depreciated	\$	000.050	200 277	E40 000
Land and improvements	Ф	232,953	280,377	513,330
Arts and treasures		4,811	1,359	6,170
Library collections		12,885		12,885
Total	_	250,649	281,736	532,385
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service				
Building and improvements		355,580	1,959,528	2,315,108
Equipment		63,405	4,234,261	4,297,666
Vehicles		75,635	87,543	163,178
Infrastructure		1,435,360		1,435,360
Completed assets not classified		131,663	189,272	320,935
Total		2,061,643	6,470,604	8,532,247
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements		(95,008)	(557,904)	(652,912)
Equipment		(30,520)	(1,688,281)	(1,718,801)
Vehicles		(43,851)	(50,633)	(94,484)
Infrastructure		(426,668)		(426,668)
Completed assets not classified		(11,375)	(8,889)	(20,264)
Total		(607,422)	(2,305,707)	(2,913,129)
Net property, plant and equipment in service		1,454,221	4,164,897	5,619,118
Other capital assets not depreciated				
Construction in progress		327,419	679,559	1,006,978
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization			17,933	17,933
Plant held for future use			30,745	30,745
Total capital assets	\$	2,032,289	5,174,870	7,207,159

## **Governmental Activities**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	В	eginning				Ending
	E	Balance	Increases	_(1)	Decreases (1)	Balance
Capital assets not depreciated						
Land and improvements	\$	195,274	37,679			232,953
Arts and treasures		4,785	26			4,811
Library collections		12,880	5	_	<u></u> _	12,885
Total		212,939	37,710	_		250,649
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service						
Building and improvements		310,174	45,406			355,580
Equipment		50,253	14,251		(1,099)	63,405
Vehicles		74,447	4,461		(3,273)	75,635
Infrastructure		1,308,273	127,087			1,435,360
Completed assets not classified		108,595	31,383	_	(8,315)	131,663
Total		1,851,742	222,588		(12,687)	2,061,643
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Building and improvements		(84,558)	(10,450	)		(95,008)
Equipment		(23,938)	(7,398	)	816	(30,520)
Vehicles		(38,791)	(8,152	)	3,092	(43,851)
Infrastructure		(389,336)	(37,332	)		(426,668)
Completed assets not classified		(13,299)		_	1,924	(11,375)
Total		(549,922)	(63,332	(2)	5,832	(607,422)
Net property, plant and equipment in service		1,301,820	159,256		(6,855)	1,454,221
Other capital assets not depreciated						
Construction in progress		353,951	154,798		(181,330)	327,419
Total capital assets	\$	1,868,710	351,764	= :	(188,185)	2,032,289

<sup>(1)</sup> Increases and decreases do not include transfers (at net book value) between Governmental Activities.

(2) Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 2,043
Public safety	9,966
Transportation, planning and sustainability	3,293
Public health	1,428
Public recreation and culture	7,181
Urban growth management	1,368
Unallocated depreciation expense - infrastructure	35,833
Internal service funds	 2,220
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 63,332

Business-type Activities: Electric Fund

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 34,942	2,670		37,612
Total	34,942	2,670		37,612
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service				
Building and improvements	601,793	19,795		621,588
Equipment	2,302,680	286,217	(12,330)	2,576,567
Vehicles	19,319	1,791	(679)	20,431
Completed assets not classified	27,617	866	(7,030)	21,453
Total	2,951,409	308,669	(20,039)	3,240,039
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(250,556)	(17,861)		(268,417)
Equipment	(1,020,307)	(76,631)	9,750	(1,087,188)
Vehicles	(14,919)	(661)	679	(14,901)
Completed assets not classified	(2,893)	(874)		(3,767)
Total	(1,288,675)	(96,027) (1)	10,429	(1,374,273)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	1,662,734	212,642	(9,610)	1,865,766
Other capital assets not depreciated				
Construction in progress	359,749	160,070	(298,240)	221,579
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization	21,805		(3,872)	17,933
Plant held for future use	31,379		(634)	30,745
Total capital assets	\$ 2,110,609	375,382	(312,356)	2,173,635

## (1) Components of accumulated depreciation increases:

Current year depreciation \$ 95,525
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation 502
Total accumulated depreciation \$ 96,027

Business-type Activities: Water and Wastewater Fund

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Increases(1)	Decreases (1)	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 136,173	1,007	(443)	136,737
Total	136,173	1,007	(443)	136,737
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service				
Building and improvements	343,874	42,300		386,174
Equipment	1,508,381	106,480	(423)	1,614,438
Vehicles	20,988	609	(820)	20,777
Completed assets not classified	248,413		(102,710)	145,703
Total	2,121,656	149,389	(103,953)	2,167,092
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(103,580)	(8,533)		(112,113)
Equipment	(536,353)	(40,623)	418	(576,558)
Vehicles	(13,611)	(1,152)	819	(13,944)
Completed assets not classified	(4,640)			(4,640)
Total	(658,184)	(50,308) (2)	1,237	(707,255)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	1,463,472	99,081	(102,716)	1,459,837
Other capital assets not depreciated				
Construction in progress	232,170	161,901	(22,898)	371,173
Total capital assets	\$ 1,831,815	261,989	(126,057)	1,967,747

<sup>(1)</sup> Increases and decreases do not include transfers (at net book value) between Water and Wastewater funds.

## (2) Components of accumulated depreciation increases:

Current year depreciation

Water	\$ 24,412
Wastewater	25,896
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 50,308

Business-type Activities: Airport Fund

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 58,690			58,690
Arts and treasures	459	296		755
Total	59,149	296		59,445
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service				
Building and improvements	575,013	24,439		599,452
Equipment	14,704	1,413	(387)	15,730
Vehicles	3,722	377	(37)	4,062
Completed assets not classified	21,796		(18,976)	2,820
Total	615,235	26,229	(19,400)	622,064
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(78,768)	(14,794)		(93,562)
Equipment	(5,523)	(927)	210	(6,240)
Vehicles	(1,969)	(333)	37	(2,265)
Completed assets not classified	(323)		323	
Total	(86,583)	(16,054) (1)	570	(102,067)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	528,652	10,175	(18,830)	519,997
Other capital assets not depreciated				
Construction in progress	19,368	11,883	(7,775)	23,476
Total capital assets	\$ 607,169	22,354	(26,605)	602,918

(1) Components of accumulated depreciation increases:

Current year depreciation \$ 16,054

Total accumulated depreciation \$ 16,054

Business-type Activities: Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated					_
Land and improvements	\$	40,795	6,601	(58)	47,338
Arts and treasures		268	336		604
Total		41,063	6,937	(58)	47,942
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service					
Building and improvements		341,862	11,077	(625)	352,314
Equipment		22,762	4,970	(207)	27,525
Vehicles		40,390	3,986	(2,102)	42,274
Completed assets not classified		30,611	21_	(11,336)	19,296
Total		435,625	20,054	(14,270)	441,409
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Building and improvements		(75,093)	(8,721)	2	(83,812)
Equipment		(16,585)	(1,804)	94	(18,295)
Vehicles		(17,844)	(3,617)	1,938	(19,523)
Completed assets not classified		(760)		278	(482)
Total	(	110,282)	(14,142) (1)	2,312	(122,112)
Net property, plant and equipment in service		325,343	5,912	(11,958)	319,297
Other capital assets not depreciated					
Construction in progress		49,870	28,457	(14,996)	63,331
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization				(0)	(0)
Plant held for future use				0	0
Total capital assets	\$	416,276	41,306	(27,012)	430,570

## (1) Components of accumulated depreciation increases:

Current year depreciation
Convention Center \$ 6,445
Other nonmajor enterprise funds 7,666
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation 31
Total accumulated depreciation \$ 14,142

Business-type Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases (1)	Decreases (1)	Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 270,600	10,278	(501)	280,377
Arts and treasures	727	632	<u></u> _	1,359
Total	271,327	10,910	(501)	281,736
Depreciable property, plant and equipment in service				
Building and improvements	1,862,542	97,611	(625)	1,959,528
Equipment	3,848,527	399,145	(13,411)	4,234,261
Vehicles	84,419	6,763	(3,639)	87,543
Completed assets not classified	328,437	887	(140,052)	189,272
Total	6,123,925	504,406	(157,727)	6,470,604
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(507,997)	(49,909)	2	(557,904)
Equipment	(1,578,768)	(119,985)	10,472	(1,688,281)
Vehicles	(48,343)	(5,763)	3,473	(50,633)
Completed assets not classified	(8,616)	(874)	601	(8,889)
Total	(2,143,724)	(176,531) (2)	14,548	(2,305,707)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	3,980,201	327,875	(143,179)	4,164,897
Other capital assets not depreciated				
Construction in progress	661,157	362,311	(343,909)	679,559
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization	21,805		(3,872)	17,933
Plant held for future use	31,379		(634)	30,745
Total capital assets	\$ 4,965,869	701,096	(492,095)	5,174,870

<sup>(1)</sup> Increases and decreases do not include transfers (at net book value) between business-type activities.

## (2) Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows (in thousands):

Business-type activities:

Electric	\$ 95,525
Water	24,412
Wastewater	25,896
Airport	16,054
Convention Center	6,445
Other nonmajor enterprise funds	 7,666
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	175,998
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation	533
Total increases in accumulated depreciation	\$ 176,531

#### **8 - RETIREMENT PLANS**

## a -- Description

The City participates in funding three contributory, defined benefit retirement plans: City of Austin Employees' Retirement and Pension Fund, City of Austin Police Officers' Retirement and Pension Fund, and Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund of Austin, Texas. An independent board of trustees administers each plan. These plans are City-wide single employer funded plans that cover substantially all full-time employees. The fiscal year of each pension fund ends December 31. The most recently available financial statements of the pension funds are for the year ended December 31, 2003. Membership in the plans at December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	Employees	Officers	Fighters	Total
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not	2.640	220	202	4.240
yet receiving them	3,619	338	392	4,349
Current employees	7,432	1,406	969	9,807
Total	11,051	1,744	1,361	14,156

City

Polico

Fire

Each plan provides service retirement, death, disability and withdrawal benefits. State law governs benefit and contribution provisions. Amendments may be made by the Legislature of the State of Texas.

Financial reports that include financial statements and supplementary information for each plan are publicly available at the locations shown below.

Plan	Address	Telephone
Employees' Retirement and Pension Fund	418 E. Highland Mall Blvd. Austin, Texas 78752 www.coaers.org	(512) 458-2551
Police Officers' Retirement and Pension Fund	2520 S. IH 35, Ste. 205 Austin, Texas 78704 www.ausprs.org	(512) 416-7672
Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund	4101 Parkstone Heights Dr., Ste. 270 Austin, Texas 78746 www.afrs.org	(512) 454-9567

### 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS, continued

## b -- Funding Policy

	City of Austin Employees' Retirement and Pension Fund	City of Austin Police Officers' Retirement and Pension Fund	Fire Fighters' Relief and Retirement Fund			
Authority establishing contributions obligation	State Legislation	State Legislation	State Legislation			
Frequency of contribution	Biweekly	Biweekly	Biweekly			
Employee's contribution (percent of earnings)	8.0%	9.0%	13.7% until June 2003; 15.7% thereafter			
City's contribution (percent of earnings)	8.0% (1)	18.0%	18.05%			

<sup>(1)</sup> The City contributes two-thirds of the cost of prior service benefit payments.

While the contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, state law requires that a qualified actuary approve each plan of benefits adopted. The actuary for the Police Officers and Fire Fighters plan has certified that the contribution commitment by the participants and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement. Contributions for fiscal year ended September 30, 2004, are as follows (in thousands):

		City	Police	Fire	
	En	nployees	Officers	<b>Fighters</b>	Total
City	\$	25,268	14,358	9,835	49,461
Employees		25,218	7,179	8,554	40,951
Total contributions	\$	50,486	21,537	18,389	90,412

## c -- Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost of \$55,367,000 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2004, was \$5,906,000 more than the City's actual contributions. Three-year trend information is as follows (in thousands):

City		Police	Fire	
En	nployees	Officers	Fighters	Total
\$	25,986	12,160	9,089	47,235
	26,093	13,626	9,608	49,327
	31,174	14,358	9,835	55,367
	100%	100%	100%	N/A
	100%	100%	100%	N/A
	81%	100%	100%	N/A
\$				
	5,906			5,906
	\$	26,093 31,174 100% 100% 81% \$	Employees         Officers           \$ 25,986         12,160           26,093         13,626           31,174         14,358           100%         100%           100%         100%           81%         100%           \$	Employees         Officers         Fighters           \$ 25,986         12,160         9,089           26,093         13,626         9,608           31,174         14,358         9,835           100%         100%         100%           100%         100%         100%           81%         100%         100%           \$

## 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS, continued

The latest actuarial valuations were completed as of December 31, 2003. The actuarial cost method and significant assumptions underlying the actuarial calculations are as follows:

_	City Employees	City Employees Police Officers	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Asset Valuation Basis	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market
Inflation Rate	3.5%	4%	4.5%
Projected Annual Salary Increases	4% to 14%	6.8% average	6.0%
Post retirement benefit increase	None	None	1%
Assumed Rate of Return on Investments	7.75%	8%	8%
Amortization method	Level percent of projected pay, open	Level percent of projected pay, open	Level percent of projected pay, open
Remaining Amortization Period	Infinite	28.6 years	33.7 years

## d -- Trend Information (Unaudited)

Information pertaining to the latest actuarial valuations for each Plan is as follows (in thousands):

Valuation Date, December 31st	t Assets Liability l		U	AAL(1)	I	Funded Ratio	C	Annual covered Payroll	o to	rcentage of UAAL Covered Payroll		
City Employees												
1995	\$	707,300		623,000	(	84,300)		113.5%	2	221,000		(38.1%)
1997		856,423		832,140	(	24,283)		102.9%	2	219,208		(11.1%)
1999		1,105,100	1,	044,500	(	60,600)		105.8%	2	244,500		(24.8%)
2001		1,311,288	1,	360,270		48,982		96.4%	3	316,793		15.5%
2002		1,250,851	1,	440,199	1	89,348		86.9%	3	322,008		58.8%
2003		1,348,800	1,	551,800	2	03,000		86.9%	3	312,800		64.9%
Police Officers												
1995	\$	127,572		164,865	;	37,293		77.4%		36,211		103.0%
1997		168,602		222,703	;	54,101		75.7%		47,189		114.6%
1999		226,913		257,850		30,937		88.0%		54,695		56.6%
2001		284,761	;	347,548		62,787		81.9%		69,707		90.1%
2002		298,782	;	384,992	-	86,210		77.6%		79,236		108.8%
2003		320,354		413,965		93,611		77.4%		80,959		115.6%
Fire Fighters												
1995	\$	213,403		236,994		23,591		90.0%		32,496		72.6%
1997		268,241		279,472		11,231		96.0%		35,130		32.0%
1999		341,593	;	317,223	(	24,370)		107.7%		38,690		(63.0%)
2001		395,371		406,266		10,895		97.3%		49,726		21.9%
2003		421,136		452,669		31,533		93.0%		55,939		56.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> UAAL - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Excess)

#### 9 - SELECTED REVENUES

#### a -- Governmental Funds - General Fund

#### Hospital lease payments

Effective October 1, 1995, the City entered into a long-term lease arrangement with the Daughters of Charity Health Services of Austin ("Seton") to operate City-owned Brackenridge Hospital. This lease agreement qualifies as an operating lease for accounting purposes.

The lease agreement specifies a minimum lease payment in addition to a supplemental rent payment based on approximately 46% of net disproportionate share revenue proceeds. In fiscal year 2004, General Fund revenues included minimum lease payments of \$1.3 million and additional rent of \$12.2 million.

In March 2004, the Austin Women's Hospital began operations. The facility is a separately licensed facility located on the 5<sup>th</sup> floor of Brackenridge Hospital. The City has entered into an agreement with the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston to operate the facility. Total construction costs were approximately \$9.3 million; approximately \$6.8 million of these costs were related to enhancing the capacity of OB services related to Brackenridge, in addition to providing certain reproductive services that Seton is not capable of performing. The remaining \$2.5 million of costs were related to licensing requirements. Construction costs will be amortized over the remaining life of the original lease agreement with Seton, which has approximately twenty-two years remaining. For further information, please refer to the Subsequent Events Note (Note 16).

## b -- Major enterprise funds

#### **Electric and Water and Wastewater**

The Texas Public Utility Commission has jurisdiction over electric utility wholesale transmission rates. The City Council has jurisdiction over all other electric utility rates and over all water and wastewater utility rates and other services. The Council determines electric utility and water and wastewater utility rates based on the cost of operations and a debt service coverage approach.

Under a bill passed by the Texas Legislature in 1999, municipally-owned electric utilities such as the City's utility system have the option of offering retail competition after January 1, 2002. At September 30, City management had decided not to enter the retail market, as allowed by State law. Because the effects of entering retail competition are uncertain, a change in accounting policy is not warranted at this time.

Electric rates include a fixed rate and a fuel recovery cost-adjustment factor that allows recovery of coal, gas, purchased power, and other fuel costs. If actual fuel costs differ from amounts billed to customers, deferred or unbilled revenues are recorded by the Electric utility. Any over- or under-collections are applied to the cost-adjustment factor. The fuel factor is revised annually on a calendar year basis or when over- or under-recovery is more than 10% of expected fuel costs.

#### Airport

The City has entered into certain lease agreements as lessor for concessions at the Airport. These lease agreements qualify as operating leases for accounting purposes. In fiscal year 2004, the Airport Fund revenues included minimum concession guarantees of \$8,251,503.

## 9 - SELECTED REVENUES, continued

The following is a schedule by year of minimum future rentals on noncancelable operating leases for terms of up to thirty years for the Airport Fund as of September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

	Enterprise
Fiscal Year	Airport
Ended	Lease
September 30	Payments
2005	\$ 7,609
2006	7,194
2007	7,021
2008	6,719
2009	4,533
2010-2014	811
2015-2019	392
2020-2024	392
2025-2029	392
2030-2034	65
Totals	\$ 35,128

#### 10 - DEBT AND NON-DEBT LIABILITIES

## a -- Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities. Balances at September 30, 2004 are (in thousands):

B	Governmental Activities		Business-Type	<b>T</b>
Description		Activities	Activities	Total
Long-term obligations				
General obligation bonds	\$	738,533	20,240	758,773
Certificates of obligation		91,021	58,616	149,637
Contractual obligations		33,970	14,575	48,545
Other tax supported debt		<u></u>	10,369	10,369
General obligation bonds				
and other tax supported debt total		863,524	103,800	967,324
Commercial paper notes	· ·		315,616	315,616
Revenue notes			28,000	28,000
Revenue bonds			2,969,758	2,969,758
Contract revenue bonds			13,740	13,740
Capital lease obligations		813	12,753	13,566
Debt service requirements total		864,337	3,443,667	4,308,004
Other long-term obligations				
Accrued compensated absences		70,456	20,110	90,566
Claims payable		27,440		27,440
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs			7,612	7,612
Decommissioning expense payable			100,019	100,019
Pension obligation payable		3,102	2,804	5,906
Deferred credits and other liabilities		81,895	527,297	609,192
		182,893	657,842	840,735
Total long-term obligations	\$	1,047,230	4,101,509	5,148,739

This schedule excludes short-term liabilities of \$48,781 for governmental activities and \$221,008 for business-type activities and long-term interest payable of \$166,868 for business-type activities.

Payments on bonds payable for governmental activities will be made in the General Obligation Debt Service Funds. Accrued compensated absences that pertain to governmental activities will be liquidated by the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Claims payable will be liquidated by Internal Service Funds. Deferred credits and other liabilities that pertain to governmental activities will be liquidated by the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and General Government Capital Improvement Projects Funds.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all limitations and restrictions.

Internal Service Funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included in governmental activities.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations. Certain long-term obligations provide financing to both governmental and business-type activities. Balances at September 30, 2004 are (in thousands):

Description	September 30, 2003	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2004	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities (1)		Increases	Decreases	2004	Within One real
General obligation bonds, net	\$ 708,200	70,293	(39,960)	738,533	41,470
Certificates of obligation	95,328	600	(4,907)	91,021	5,034
Contractual obligations	26,230	13,950	(6,210)	33,970	6,162
General obligation bonds		,	(0,=10)		
and other tax supported debt total	829,758	84,843	(51,077)	863,524	52,666
Capital lease obligations	793	343	(323)	813	475
Debt service requirements total	830,551	85,186	(51,400)	864,337	53,141
Other long-term obligations					
Accrued compensated absences	69,243	2,878	(1,665)	70,456	30,719
Claims payable	34,748	12,653	(19,961)	27,440	18,595
Pension obligation payable		3,102		3,102	
Deferred credits and other liabilities	75,923	44,094	(38,122)	81,895	56,594
Governmental activities total	1,010,465	147,913	(111,148)	1,047,230	159,049
Business-type activities:					
Electric activities					
General obligation bonds	1,326		(6)	1,320	5
Contractual obligations	2,001		(439)	1,562	485
General obligation bonds			(100)	.,,,,,	
and other tax supported debt total	3,327		(445)	2,882	490
Commercial paper notes	54,672	40,312		94,984	
Revenue bonds, net	1,410,965		(152,264)	1,258,701	89,949
Capital lease obligations	9,107	127	(2,048)	7,186	1,983
Debt service requirements total	1,478,071	40,439	(154,757)	1,363,753	92,422
Other long-term obligations					
Accrued compensated absences	9,766	1,228	(1,572)	9,422	6,799
Decommissioning expense payable	90,687	9,332		100,019	
Pension obligation payable		1,260		1,260	
Deferred credits and other liabilities	86,613	14,043	(16,329)	84,327	12,807
Electric activities total	1,665,137	66,302	(172,658)	1,558,781	112,028
Water and Wastewater activities					
General obligation bonds, net	7,504		(1,460)	6,044	1,473
Contractual obligations	5,639	3,780	(1,632)	7,787	1,779
Other tax supported debt, net	11,527		(1,158)	10,369	1,095
General obligation bonds					
and other tax supported debt total	24,670	3,780	(4,250)	24,200	4,347
Commercial paper notes	73,812	146,820		220,632	
Revenue bonds, net	1,199,630	124,931	(188,701)	1,135,860	40,796
Contract revenue bonds, net	16,177		(2,437)	13,740	2,035
Capital lease obligations	5,796	62	(1,035)	4,823	1,109
Debt service requirements total	1,320,085	275,593	(196,423)	1,399,255	48,287
Other long-term obligations					
Accrued compensated absences	4,863	393	(541)	4,715	3,435
Pension obligation payable		648		648	
Deferred credits and other liabilities	410,889	23,875	(1,173)	433,591	5,557
Water and Wastewater activities total	1,735,837	300,509	(198,137)	1,838,209	57,279

<sup>(1)</sup> Internal Service Funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included in governmental activities.

Business-type activities (continued):

Description	September 30, 2003	Inorocco	Decreases	September 30, 2004	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Description  Airport activities	2003	Increases	Decreases	2004	Within One real	
General obligation bonds, net	529		(64)	465	45	
Contractual obligations	183		(68)	115	64	
General obligation bonds	100		(00)			
and other tax supported debt total	712		(132)	580	109	
Revenue notes	28,000		(132)	28,000	109	
Revenue bonds, net	357,262	52,802	(58,418)	351,646	7,650	
Capital lease obligations	22	483	(11)	494	173	
Debt service requirements total	385,996	53,285	(58,561)	380,720	7,932	
Other long-term obligations	300,550	55,265	(30,301)	500,720	1,552	
Accrued compensated absences	1,362	222	(206)	1,378	1,116	
Pension obligation payable		229	(200)	229		
Deferred credits and other liabilities	7,136		(814)	6,322	1,883	
Airport activities total	394,494	53,736	(59,581)	388,649	10,931	
•	004,404	00,700	(00,001)	000,040	10,001	
Nonmajor activities			(4.545)			
General obligation bonds, net	13,660	<del></del>	(1,249)	12,411	1,650	
Certificates of obligation, net	34,701	25,491	(1,576)	58,616	2,371	
Contractual obligations	1,817	4,100	(806)	5,111	720	
General obligation bonds						
and other tax supported debt total	50,178	29,591	(3,631)	76,138	4,741	
Revenue bonds, net	234,046	53,859	(64,354)	223,551	3,520	
Capital lease obligations	240	142	(132)	250	157	
Debt service requirements total	284,464	83,592	(68,117)	299,939	8,418	
Other long-term obligations						
Accrued compensated absences	4,928	636	(969)	4,595	4,072	
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	7,370	242		7,612		
Pension obligation payable		667		667		
Deferred credits and other liabilities	2,657	403	(3)	3,057	3,057	
Nonmajor activities total	299,419	85,540	(69,089)	315,870	15,547	
Total business-type activities						
General obligation bonds, net	23,019		(2,779)	20,240	3,173	
Certificates of obligation, net	34,701	25,491	(1,576)	58,616	2,371	
Contractual obligations	9,640	7,880	(2,945)	14,575	3,048	
Other tax supported debt, net	11,527		(1,158)	10,369	1,095	
General obligation bonds			( ,,			
and other tax supported debt total	78,887	33,371	(8,458)	103,800	9,687	
Commercial paper notes	128,484	187,132		315,616		
Revenue notes	28,000			28,000		
Revenue bonds, net	3,201,903	231,592	(463,737)	2,969,758	141,915	
Contract revenue bonds	16,177	, 	(2,437)	13,740	2,035	
Capital lease obligations	15,165	814	(3,226)	12,753	3,422	
Debt service requirements total	3,468,616	452,909	(477,858)	3,443,667	157,059	
Other long-term obligations			( ,,			
Accrued compensated absences	20,919	2,479	(3,288)	20,110	15,422	
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	7,370	242	(-,=-5)	7,612		
Decommissioning expense payable	90,687	9,332		100,019		
Pension obligation payable		2,804		2,804		
Deferred credits and other liabilities	507,295	38,321	(18,319)	527,297	23,304	
Business-type activities total	4,094,887	506,087	(499,465)	4,101,509	195,785	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 5,105,352	654,000	(610,613)	5,148,739	354,834	
•	. , ,			, -,	,- ,-	

This schedule excludes short-term liabilities of \$48,781 for governmental activities and \$221,008 for business-type activities and long-term interest payable of \$166,868 for business-type activities.

Internet Dates

#### 10 - DEBT AND NON-DEBT LIABILITIES, continued

## b -- Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities

**General Obligation Bonds -** General obligation debt is collateralized by the full faith and credit of the City. The City intends to retire its general obligation debt, plus interest, from future ad valorem tax levies, and is required by ordinance to create from such tax revenues a sinking fund sufficient to pay the current interest due thereon and each installment of principal as it becomes due. General obligation debt issued to finance capital assets of enterprise funds is reported as an obligation of these enterprise funds, although the funds are not obligated by the applicable bond indentures to repay any portion of principal and interest on outstanding general obligation debt. However, the City intends for the enterprise funds to meet the debt service requirements from program revenues.

The following table summarizes significant facts about general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, contractual obligations, and assumed municipal utility district (MUD) bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004, including those reported in certain proprietary funds (in thousands):

Amount Aggregate Interest of Debt	
Outstanding at Requirements at Outstanding at	
Original September 30, September 30, September 30,	Maturity Dates
Date Issued Issue 2004 2004 2004	of Serial Debt
Series 1993 February 1993 \$ 71,600 39,255 6,045 (1) 5.60 - 5.75%	9/1/2005-2009
Series 1995 October 1995 30,250 1,885 138 (1) 7.30%	9/1/2005
Series 1995 October 1995 8,660 420 20 (1) 4.75%	9/1/2005
Series 1996 October 1996 30,550 8,160 1,791 (1) 5.00 - 6.00%	9/1/2005-2009
Series 1997 October 1997 29,295 28,215 12,773 (1) 5.00 - 5.75%	9/1/2005-2017
Series 1997 October 1997 13,975 1,155 26 (2) 4.50%	11/1/2004
Series 1997 October 1997 2,120 1,610 637 (1) 4.60 - 5.25%	9/1/2005-2017
Series 1998 January 1998 110,300 104,590 34,000 (1) 4.60 - 5.25%	9/1/2005-2016
Assumed MUD Debt December 1997 33,680 12,037 5,892 (3) 4.40 - 10.50%	11/15/2004-2018
Series 1998 October 1998 13,430 13,030 5,871 (1) 4.40 - 7.13%	9/1/2005-2018
Series 1998 October 1998 22,770 18,455 7,291 (1) 4.10 - 4.75%	9/1/2005-2018
Series 1998 October 1998 14,975 4,340 177 (2) 4.00%	11/1/2004-2005
Series 1999 October 1999 51,100 50,390 29,410 (1) 4.50- 5.75%	9/1/2005-2019
Series 1999 October 1999 10,335 4,130 299 (2) 4.75%	11/1/2004-2006
Series 1999 October 1999 5,590 4,670 2,263 (1) 5.00 - 6.00%	9/1/2005-2019
Series 2000 October 2000 52,930 51,045 32,178 (1) 4.40 - 6.00%	9/1/2005-2020
Series 2000 October 2000 6,060 5,320 2,715 (1) 5.00 - 5.38%	9/1/2005-2020
Series 2001 June 2001 123,445 62,995 16,040 (1) 4.75 - 5.50%	9/1/2005-2022
Series 2001 October 2001 79,650 78,685 41,089 (1) 4.00 - 5.25%	9/1/2005-2021
Series 2001 October 2001 2,650 1,825 173 (2) 3.00 - 3.88%	11/1/2004-2008
Series 2001 October 2001 65,335 56,750 22,013 (1) 4.38 - 5.25%	9/1/2005-2021
Series 2002 July 2002 12,190 12,190 4,507 (1) 3.00 - 5.00%	3/1/2005-2017
Series 2002 July 2002 2,495 2,130 258 (1) 4.00 - 5.00%	3/1/2005-2009
Series 2002 September 2002 99,615 99,100 48,053 (1) 2.50 - 5.00%	9/1/2005-2022
Series 2002 September 2002 8,690 7,130 690 (2) 2.50 - 4.00%	11/1/2004-2009
Series 2002 September 2002 34,095 31,950 15,822 (1) 2.50 - 5.38%	9/1/2005-2022
Series 2003 June 2003 62,585 58,150 10,743 (1) 2.25 - 5.00%	9/1/2006-2013
Series 2003 September 2003 68,855 68,555 37,677 (1) 2.00 - 5.00%	9/1/2006-2023
Series 2003A September 2003 2,530 2,325 623 (1) 4.00 - 5.00%	9/1/2005-2013
Series 2003 September 2003 4,450 4,310 2,183 (1) 4.00 - 4.80%	9/1/2005-2023
Series 2003 September 2003 8,610 8,135 833 (2) 2.00 - 3.38%	11/1/2004-2010
Series 2004 September 2004 67,835 67,835 37,244 (1) 3.00 - 5.00%	9/1/2007-2024
Series 2004A September 2004 2,430 2,430 724 (1) 4.00 - 4.75%	9/1/2006-2014
Series 2004 September 2004 25,000 25,000 14,462 (1) 2.00 - 5.00%	9/1/2005-2024
Series 2004 September 2004 21,830 21,830 2,622 (2) 1.85 - 3.35%	5/1/2005-2011
\$ 960,032	

- (1) Interest is paid semiannually on March 1 and September 1.
- (2) Interest is paid semiannually on May 1 and November 1.
- (3) Interest is paid four times a year on March 1, May 15, September 1, and November 15.

In September 2004, the City issued Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, in the amount of \$67,835,000. The proceeds from the issue will be used as follows: street improvements (\$35,503,000); right of way acquisition and utility relocation (\$15,000,000); parks and recreation facilities (\$11,532,000); libraries (\$2,875,000); and to refund a court settlement (\$2,925,000). These bonds will be amortized serially on September 1 of each year from 2007 to 2024. Certain of these bonds are callable beginning September 1, 2014. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2005. Total interest requirements for these bonds, at rates ranging from 3% to 5%, are \$37,244,485.

In September 2004, the City issued Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2004A, in the amount of \$2,430,000. Proceeds from the issue will be used to finance certain payment obligations relating to the City's liability under a settlement agreement. These bonds will be amortized serially on September 1 of each year from 2006 to 2014. These bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2005. Total interest requirements for these bonds, at rates ranging from 4% to 4.75%, are \$723,615.

In September 2004, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004, in the amount of \$25,000,000. The proceeds from the issue will be used as follows: convention center garage (\$16,400,000); School for the Deaf renovation (\$600,000); and closed landfill remediation at Mabel Davis Park (\$8,000,000). These certificates of obligation will be amortized serially on September 1 of each year from 2005 to 2024. Certain of these obligations are callable beginning September 1, 2014. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2005. Total interest requirements for these obligations, at rates ranging from 2% to 5%, are \$14,462,050.

In September 2004, the City issued Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations, Series 2004, in the amount of \$21,830,000. The proceeds from the issue will be used as follows: systems backup and enhancements (\$500,000); communications technology upgrades (\$11,420,000); public works capital equipment (\$2,100,000); Solid Waste Services capital equipment (\$2,000,000); fire capital equipment (\$2,030,000); and capital equipment vehicles (\$3,780,000). These contractual obligations will be amortized serially on May 1 and November 1 of each year from 2005 to 2011. Interest is payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2005. These contractual obligations are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. The total interest requirements for these obligations, at rates ranging from 1.85% to 3.35%, are \$2,622,163.

General obligation bonds authorized and unissued amounted to \$123,275,000 at September 30, 2004. Bond ratings at September 30, 2004, were Aa2 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), AA+ (Standard & Poor's) and AA+ (Fitch).

#### c -- Business -Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities

**Utility Debt --** The City has previously issued combined debt for the Electric and Water and Wastewater utilities. The City began issuing separate debt for electric and water and wastewater activities in 2000. The following paragraphs describe both combined and separate debt.

**Combined Utility Systems Debt -- General -** The City's Electric Fund and Water and Wastewater Fund comprise the Combined Utility Systems, which issue Combined Utility Systems revenue bonds to finance Electric Fund and Water and Wastewater Fund capital projects. Principal and interest on these bonds are payable solely from the combined net revenues of the Electric Fund and Water and Wastewater Fund.

The total Combined Utility Systems revenue bond obligations at September 30, 2004, exclusive of discounts, premiums and loss on refundings consist of \$929,104,135 prior lien bonds and \$253,444,512 subordinate lien bonds. Aggregate interest requirements for all prior lien and subordinate lien bonds are \$862,408,727 at September 30, 2004. Revenue bonds authorized and unissued amount to \$1,492,642,660 at that date. Bond ratings at September 30, 2004 for the prior lien and subordinate lien bonds were, respectively, A2 and A2 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A+ and A (Standard & Poor's), and A+ and A+ (Fitch).

Combined Utility Systems Debt -- Revenue Bond Refunding Issues - The Combined Utility Systems have refunded various issues of revenue bonds, notes, and certificates of obligation through refunding revenue bonds. Principal and interest on these refunding bonds are payable solely from the combined net revenues of the City's Electric Fund and Water and Wastewater Fund. The prior lien bonds are subordinate only to the prior lien revenue bonds outstanding at the time of issuance, while the subordinate lien bonds are subordinate to prior lien revenue bonds and to subordinate lien revenue bonds outstanding at the time of issuance.

Some of these bonds are callable prior to maturity at the option of the City. The term bonds are subject to a mandatory redemption prior to the maturity dates as defined in the respective official statements.

The net proceeds of each of the refunding bond issuances were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be legally defeased and the liability for the refunded bonds has been removed from the financial statements. The accounting gains and losses due to the advance refunding of debt have been deferred and are being amortized over the life of the refunding bonds by the straight-line method. However, a gain or loss on refunded bonds is recognized when funds from current operations are used.

**Combined Utility Systems Debt -- Bonds Issued and Outstanding -** The following schedule shows the original and refunding revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

Series	Bonds Dated	Orig	jinal Amount Issued	Outstanding at September 30, 2004
1990B Refunding	February 1990	\$	236,009	3,668
1992 Refunding	March 1992		265,806	30,116
1992A Refunding	May 1992		351,706	108,111
1993 Refunding	February 1993		203,166	88,841
1993A Refunding	June 1993		263,410	35,029
1994 Refunding	October 1994		142,559	26,894
1995 Refunding	June 1995		151,770	4,000
1996AB Refunding	September 1996		249,235	227,940
1997 Refunding	August 1997		227,215	218,210
1998 Refunding	August 1998		180,000	169,575
1998A Refunding	August 1998		123,020	16,720
1998 Refunding	November 1998		139,965	139,730
1998A Refunding	November 1998		105,350	105,350
1998B	November 1998		10,000	8,365
				\$ 1,182,549

Combined Utility Systems Debt -- Commercial Paper Notes - The City is authorized by ordinance to issue commercial paper notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$350,000,000 outstanding at any one time. Proceeds from the notes are used to provide interim financing for capital project costs for additions, improvements, and extensions to the City's electric system and the City's water and wastewater system and to refinance, renew, or refund maturing notes and other obligations of the systems. Note ratings at September 30, 2004 were P-1 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A-1 (Standard & Poor's), and F1+ (Fitch). The notes will be in denominations of \$100,000 or more and mature not more than 270 days from the date of issuance. Principal and interest on the notes are payable from the combined net revenues of the City's Electric Fund and Wastewater Fund.

At September 30, 2004, the Electric Fund had outstanding commercial paper notes of \$94,984,000 and the Water and Wastewater Fund had \$220,632,000, of commercial paper notes outstanding. Interest rates on the notes range from 1.11% to 1.64%, adjusted daily, and subsequent issues cannot exceed the maximum rate of 15%. The City intends to refinance maturing commercial paper notes by issuing additional commercial paper notes or by issuing long-term debt.

Combined Utility Systems Debt -- Taxable Commercial Paper Notes - The City is authorized by ordinance to issue taxable commercial paper notes, (the "taxable notes"), in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$50,000,000 outstanding at any one time. Proceeds from the taxable notes are used to provide interim financing for capital project costs for additions, improvements, and extensions to the City's electric system and the City's water and wastewater system and to refinance, renew, or refund maturing notes and other obligations of the systems. Note ratings at September 30, 2004 were P-1 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A-1+ (Standard & Poor's), and F1+ (Fitch).

The taxable notes will be in denominations of \$100,000 or more and mature not more than 270 days from the date of issuance. Principal and interest on the taxable notes are payable from the combined net revenues of the City's Electric Fund and Wastewater Fund.

At September 30, 2004, the Electric Fund and the Water and Wastewater Fund had no taxable notes outstanding.

**Electric Utility System Revenue Debt -- General -** The City is authorized by ordinance to issue electric utility system revenue obligations. Proceeds from these obligations are used only to fund electric capital projects or to refund debt issued to fund these capital projects. Principal and interest on these obligations are payable solely from the net revenues of the Electric Fund.

**Electric Utility System Revenue Debt -- Revenue Bond Defeasance -** In August 2004 the City defeased \$84,328,789 of the City's outstanding Combined Utility System Prior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1993 and Series 1993A issued for the Electric Utility System. A total of \$87,928,103 was placed in an irrevocable escrow account and used to purchase U.S. government obligations to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The City is legally released from the obligations for the defeased debt and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. The City recognized an accounting loss of \$17,008,036 on this defeasance.

Bond ratings at September 30, 2004 were A3 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A (Standard & Poor's), and A (Fitch).

**Electric Utility System Revenue Debt -- Bonds Issued and Outstanding -** The following table summarizes all electric system original and refunding revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

		Ori	ginal Amount	Out	standing at
Series	Bonds Dated		Issued	Septe	mber 30, 2004
2001 Refunding	February 2001	\$	126,700		126,200
2002 Refunding	March 2002		74,750		74,750
2002A Refunding	August 2002		172,880		159,085
2003 Refunding	March 2003		182,100		182,100
				\$	542,135

Water and Wastewater System Revenue Debt -- General - The City is authorized by ordinance to issue water and wastewater system revenue obligations. Proceeds from these obligations are used only to fund water and wastewater capital projects or to refund debt issued to fund these capital projects. Principal and interest on these obligations are payable solely from the net revenues of the Water and Wastewater Fund.

Water and Wastewater System Revenue Debt -- Revenue Bond Refunding Issues - In August 2004, the City issued Water and Wastewater System Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, in an aggregate principal amount of \$132,475,000. Proceeds from the variable rate bond refunding were used to refund \$126,605,000 of the City's outstanding Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, Series 1993A, Series 1994, and Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 issued for the Water and Wastewater Utility System. The debt service requirements on the variable rate refunding bonds were \$187,919,782 with interest calculated using a constant rate of 3.66%. During fiscal year 2004, interest rates on the bonds ranged from 1.30% to 1.70%, adjusted weekly at market rates, and subsequent rates changes cannot exceed the maximum rate of 12%. The City realized an economic gain of \$17,385,292 on this transaction. The change in net cash flows that resulted was a decrease of \$21,137,829. An accounting loss of \$7,080,369, which will be deferred and amortized in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, was recognized on this refunding.

**Water and Wastewater System Revenue Debt -- Revenue Bond Defeasance -** In August 2004, the City defeased \$46,446,211 of the City's outstanding Combined Utility System Prior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992A, Series 1993 and Series 1993A issued for the Water and Wastewater Utility System. A total of \$51,693,235 was placed in an irrevocable escrow account and used to purchase U.S. government obligations to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The City is legally released from the obligations for the defeased debt and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. The City recognized an accounting loss of \$10,035,826 on this defeasance.

Bond ratings at September 30, 2004 were A2 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A (Standard & Poor's), and A+ (Fitch).

Water and Wastewater System Revenue Debt -- Bonds Issued and Outstanding - The following table summarizes all water and wastewater system original and refunding revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

		(	Original Amount	Outstanding at
Series	<b>Bonds Dated</b>		Issued	September 30, 2004
Maple Run MUD, 1992	May 1992	\$	17,955	9,130
Tanglewood Forest MUD, 1993	December 1993		1,350	145
North Austin MUD #1, 2003 RFD	August 2003		4,510	4,510
2000 Refunding	June 2000		100,000	98,500
2001A Refunding	June 2001		152,180	149,680
2001B Refunding	June 2001		73,200	72,000
2001C Refunding	December 2001		95,380	80,980
2002A Refunding	August 2002		139,695	132,400
2003 Refunding	March 2003		121,500	121,500
2004 Refunding	August 2004		132,475	132,475
				\$ 801,320

**Airport -- Revenue Bonds -** The City's Airport Fund issues Airport System revenue bonds to fund Airport Fund capital projects. Principal and interest on these bonds are payable solely from the net revenues of the Airport Fund. At September 30, 2004 the total Airport System obligation for prior lien bonds is \$360,125,000 exclusive of discounts, premiums and loss on refundings. Aggregate interest requirements for all prior lien bonds are \$287,431,616 at September 30, 2004. Revenue bonds authorized and unissued amount to \$735,795,000 at that date.

Airport System Revenue Debt -- Revenue Bond Refunding Issues - In December 2003, the City issued Airport System Prior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003, in an aggregate principal amount of \$54,250,000. Proceeds from the prior lien bond refunding were used to refund \$52,290,000 of the City's outstanding Airport System Prior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 1995A. The debt service requirements on the prior lien refunding bonds were \$85,899,110. The City realized an economic gain of \$3,132,423 on this transaction. The change in net cash flows that resulted was a decrease of \$3,418,051. An accounting loss of \$5,717,945, which will be deferred and amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, was recognized on this refunding. These bonds are callable beginning November 15, 2013.

Bond ratings at September 30, 2004 for the prior lien bonds were NUR (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), A- (Standard & Poor's), and NUR (Fitch).

The following table summarizes all airport system original and refunding revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

		Or	iginal Amount	Out	tstanding at
Series	Bonds Dated		Issued	Septe	mber 30, 2004
1989	September 1989	\$	30,000		1,000
1995A	August 1995		362,205		276,700
1995B Refunding	August 1995		31,040		28,175
2003	December 2003		54,250		54,250
				\$	360,125

**Airport Debt -- Variable Rate Revenue Notes -** The City is authorized to issue Airport System variable rate revenue notes, pursuant to Ordinance No. 950817B, as amended and restated by Ordinance 980205A, adopted by the City Council on February 5, 1998. At September 30, 2004, the Airport System had outstanding variable rate revenue notes of \$28,000,000. The debt service fund required by the bond ordinance held assets of \$384,941, including accrued interest, at September 30, 2004 and was restricted within the Airport System. During fiscal year 2004, interest rates on the notes ranged from 0.90% to 1.73%, adjusted weekly at market rates, and subsequent rates changes cannot exceed the maximum rate of 15%. Principal and interest on the notes are payable from the net revenues of the Airport System.

The bond rating at September 30, 2004 for the airport variable rate notes was P-1 (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.).

#### Nonmajor fund:

Convention Center -- Prior and Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds - The City's Convention Center Fund issues Convention Center revenue bonds and Hotel Occupancy Tax revenue bonds to fund Convention Center Fund capital projects. Principal and interest on these bonds are payable solely from pledged hotel occupancy tax revenues and the special motor vehicle rental tax revenues. At September 30, 2004 the total Convention Center obligation for prior and subordinate lien bonds is \$228,140,000, exclusive of discounts, premiums and loss on refundings. Aggregate interest requirements for all prior and subordinate lien bonds are \$186,899,903 at September 30, 2004. Revenue bonds authorized and unissued amount to \$760,000 at September 30, 2004.

Convention Center Revenue Debt -- Revenue Bond Refunding Issues - In February 2004, the City issued Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, in an aggregate principal amount of \$52,715,000. Proceeds from the prior lien bond refunding were used to refund \$60,960,000 of the City's outstanding Convention Center Prior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 1993A. The debt service requirements on the revenue bonds were \$79,004,526. The City realized an economic gain of \$3,717,537 on this transaction. The change in net cash flows that resulted was a decrease of \$11,462,427. An accounting loss of \$2,601,339, which will be deferred and amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, was recognized on this refunding. These bonds are callable beginning November 15, 2013.

Bond ratings at September 30, 2004 for the revenue bonds were NUR (Moody's Investor Services, Inc.), NUR (Standard & Poor's), and NUR (Fitch).

The following table summarizes all Convention Center original and refunding revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2004 (in thousands):

	Or	iginal Amount	Out	tstanding at	
Bonds Dated		Issued	Septe	mber 30, 200	4
June 1999	\$	6,445		2,205	
June 1999		25,000		24,570	
September 1999		110,000		109,000	
November 1999		40,000		39,650	
February 2004		52,715		52,715	
			\$	228,140	
	June 1999 June 1999 September 1999 November 1999	June 1999 \$ June 1999 September 1999 November 1999	June 1999       \$ 6,445         June 1999       25,000         September 1999       110,000         November 1999       40,000	Bonds Dated         Issued         Septe           June 1999         \$ 6,445           June 1999         25,000           September 1999         110,000           November 1999         40,000           February 2004         52,715	Bonds Dated         Issued         September 30, 200           June 1999         \$ 6,445         2,205           June 1999         25,000         24,570           September 1999         110,000         109,000           November 1999         40,000         39,650           February 2004         52,715         52,715

## d -- Debt Service Requirements

# Governmental Activities (in thousands)

Fiscal Year							
Ended	General Obli	General Obligation Bonds		of Obligation	Contractual	<b>Contractual Obligations</b>	
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2005	\$ 41,470	35,346	5,034	4,335	6,162	844	
2006	48,593	33,355	5,175	4,109	5,961	756	
2007	48,539	30,963	5,456	3,877	4,766	597	
2008	45,706	28,590	5,733	3,602	4,455	483	
2009	43,553	26,423	6,053	3,330	4,538	360	
2010-2014	224,725	99,701	31,133	12,063	8,088	353	
2015-2019	186,712	48,623	23,516	5,659			
2020-2024	90,723	10,192	8,921	777			
	730,021	313,193	91,021	37,752	33,970	3,393	
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(382)						
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(1,041)						
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	9,935						
Net debt service requirements	738,533	313,193	91,021	37,752	33,970	3,393	

Fiscal Year	al Year Capital Lease			<b>Total Governmen</b>	ıtal
Ended	Obliga	ations	Del	ot Service Require	ements
September 30	Principal Interest		Principa	Interest	Total
2005	475	9	53,14	1 40,534	93,675
2006	286	6	60,01	5 38,226	98,241
2007	52		58,81	3 35,437	94,250
2008			55,89	32,675	88,569
2009			54,14	30,113	84,257
2010-2014			263,94	112,117	376,063
2015-2019			210,22	28 54,282	264,510
2020-2024			99,64	10,969	110,613
	813	15	855,82	25 354,353	1,210,178
Less: Unamortized bond discounts			(38	32)	(382)
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings			(1,04	,	(1,041)
Add: Unamortized bond premiums			9,93	•	9,935
Net debt service requirements	\$ 813	15	864,33	354,353	1,218,690

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

## Electric Business-Type Activities

(in thousands) General Obligation Fiscal Year **Commercial Paper Ended Bonds Contractual Obligations** Notes (1) September 30 **Principal** Interest Principal Interest **Principal** Interest 2005 \$ 5 69 485 47 94,984 91 2006 5 68 358 30 2007 53 68 202 19 2008 88 65 140 14 2009 98 60 146 11 2010-2014 588 222 231 8 2015-2019 483 57 Net debt service requirements 1,320 609 1,562 129 94,984 91

Fiscal Year			Capital	Lease	1	Total Electric	
Ended	Revenue	Bonds	Obliga	ations	Debt Se	rvice Require	ements
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	89,949	67,906	1,983	457	187,406	68,570	255,976
2006	75,905	63,057	1,960	332	78,228	63,487	141,715
2007	101,312	58,866	2,003	202	103,570	59,155	162,725
2008	87,063	59,036	29	61	87,320	59,176	146,496
2009	75,650	75,666	31	60	75,925	75,797	151,722
2010-2014	428,579	292,981	178	274	429,576	293,485	723,061
2015-2019	204,147	102,612	229	224	204,859	102,893	307,752
2020-2024	144,025	51,898	294	159	144,319	52,057	196,376
2025-2029	108,267	17,839	377	75	108,644	17,914	126,558
2030-2034	18,500	938	102	4	18,602	942	19,544
	1,333,397	790,799	7,186	1,848	1,438,449	793,476	2,231,925
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(8,750)				(8,750)		(8,750)
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(104,386)				(104,386)		(104,386)
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	38,440				38,440		38,440
Net debt service requirements	\$ 1,258,701	790,799	7,186	1,848	1,363,753	793,476	2,157,229

<sup>(1)</sup> The City intends to refinance maturing commercial paper notes by issuing additional commercial paper notes or by issuing long-term debt.

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

# Water and Wastewater Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

					<b>,</b>		
Fiscal Year Ended		General Obligation Bonds C			Obligations	Tax Supported Debt	
September 30	Pr	incipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2005	\$	1,473	413	1,779	207	1,095	1,223
2006		854	340	1,671	170	864	1,189
2007		1,143	296	1,059	120	642	430
2008		789	237	853	93	594	401
2009		524	196	784	69	532	374
2010-2014		2,531	527	1,641	80	3,321	1,427
2015-2019		578	93			3,360	406
2020-2024		88	7				
		7,980	2,109	7,787	739	10,408	5,450
Less: Unamortized bond discounts		(28)				(67)	
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings		(2,283)					
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		375				28	
Net debt service requirements		6,044	2,109	7,787	739	10,369	5,450
	_						

Fiscal Year Ended		Commercial Paper Notes (1)		Revenue Bonds		Municipal Utility District Contract Revenue Bonds	
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2005	220,632	222	40,796	54,053	2,035	670	
2006			42,584	52,019	2,025	573	
2007			44,095	50,378	2,170	466	
2008			50,992	50,951	2,325	345	
2009			47,567	58,673	2,475	216	
2010-2014			260,858	277,273	2,755	75	
2015-2019			269,391	259,816			
2020-2024			215,497	87,440			
2025-2029			171,042	34,082			
2030-2034			36,000	2,709			
	220,632	222	1,178,822	927,394	13,785	2,345	
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	<del></del>	<del></del>	(10,264)	<del></del>	(26)		
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings			(56,652)		(55)		
Add: Unamortized bond premiums			23,954		36		
Net debt service requirements	\$ 220,632	222	1,135,860	927,394	13,740	2,345	

<sup>(1)</sup> The City intends to refinance maturing commercial paper notes by issuing additional commercial paper notes or by issuing long-term debt.

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

# Water and Wastewater Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Capital Lease			Т	<b>Total Water and Wastewater</b>				
Ended		Obliga	tions		Debt S	ervice Require	ments		
September 30	Pr	incipal	Interest	Princi	pal	Interest	Total		
2005	\$	1,109	335	268	,919	57,123	326,042		
2006		1,164	249	49	,162	54,540	103,702		
2007		1,225	155	50	,334	51,845	102,179		
2008		1,325	54	56	,878	52,081	108,959		
2009				51	,882	59,528	111,410		
2010-2014				271	,106	279,382	550,488		
2015-2019				273	,329	260,315	533,644		
2020-2024				215	,585	87,447	303,032		
2025-2029				171	,042	34,082	205,124		
2030-2034				36	,000	2,709	38,709		
		4,823	793	1,444	,237	939,052	2,383,289		
Less: Unamortized bond discounts			_	(10	,385)		(10,385)		
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings				(58	,990)		(58,990)		
Add: Unamortized bond premiums				24	,393		24,393		
Net debt service requirements	\$	4,823	793	1,399	,255	939,052	2,338,307		

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

# Airport Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

				(				
Fiscal Year	G	eneral Ol	oligation					
Ended		Bon	ds	Contractual	Obligations	Revenue Notes (1)		
September 30	Pri	ncipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2005	\$	45	23	64	4		484	
2006		18	21	40	2		484	
2007		49	20	11			484	
2008		36	17				484	
2009		31	16				484	
2010-2014		168	52				2,420	
2015-2019		95	12			28,000	1,699	
2020-2024		6	1					
		448	162	115	6	28,000	6,539	
Less: Unamortized bond discounts		(1)						
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings		9						
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		9						
Net debt service requirements		465	162	115	6	28,000	6,539	

Fiscal Year			Capital	Lease		Total Airport	
Ended	Revenue	Bonds	Obliga	ations	Debt Se	ervice Require	ments
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	7,650	21,169	173	13	7,932	21,693	29,625
2006	8,415	20,659	170	9	8,643	21,175	29,818
2007	7,720	20,180	151	4	7,931	20,688	28,619
2008	9,965	19,710			10,001	20,211	30,212
2009	10,535	19,167			10,566	19,667	30,233
2010-2014	63,100	85,875			63,268	88,347	151,615
2015-2019	88,530	63,915			116,625	65,626	182,251
2020-2024	111,835	33,501			111,841	33,502	145,343
2025-2029	52,375	3,256			52,375	3,256	55,631
	360,125	287,432	494	26	389,182	294,165	683,347
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(6,022)			<u></u>	(6,023)		(6,023)
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(6,790)				(6,781)		(6,781)
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	4,333				4,342		4,342
Net debt service requirements	\$ 351,646	287,432	494	26	380,720	294,165	674,885

<sup>(1)</sup> These are variable rate notes with 1.73% interest.

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

# Nonmajor Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

			•				
0	I Ol-I'	0 t t 1	Oblinetie				
			Obliga	ation	Contractual Obligations		
Pr	incipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
\$	1,650	639	2,371	2,624	720	103	
	1,636	563	2,150	2,539	730	116	
	994	480	2,259	2,466	647	99	
	1,261	433	2,372	2,378	641	85	
	1,106	369	2,497	2,286	672	67	
	5,162	949	14,542	9,722	1,701	84	
	977	95	17,994	5,920			
	40	4	13,278	1,718			
	12,826	3,532	57,463	29,653	5,111	554	
	(35)						
	(921)						
	541		1,153				
	12,411	3,532	58,616	29,653	5,111	554	
	Pr	Principal \$ 1,650 1,636 994 1,261 1,106 5,162 977 40 12,826 (35) (921) 541	\$ 1,650 639 1,636 563 994 480 1,261 433 1,106 369 5,162 949 977 95 40 4 12,826 3,532 (35) (921) 541	General Obligation Bonds         Obligation Principal           Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 1,650         639         2,371           1,636         563         2,150           994         480         2,259           1,261         433         2,372           1,106         369         2,497           5,162         949         14,542           977         95         17,994           40         4         13,278           12,826         3,532         57,463           (35)             (921)             541          1,153	Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 1,650         639         2,371         2,624           1,636         563         2,150         2,539           994         480         2,259         2,466           1,261         433         2,372         2,378           1,106         369         2,497         2,286           5,162         949         14,542         9,722           977         95         17,994         5,920           40         4         13,278         1,718           12,826         3,532         57,463         29,653           (35)              (921)              541          1,153	General Obligation Bonds         Obligation         Contractual           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 1,650         639         2,371         2,624         720           1,636         563         2,150         2,539         730           994         480         2,259         2,466         647           1,261         433         2,372         2,378         641           1,106         369         2,497         2,286         672           5,162         949         14,542         9,722         1,701           977         95         17,994         5,920            40         4         13,278         1,718            12,826         3,532         57,463         29,653         5,111           (35)               (921)               541          1,153	

Fiscal Year			Capital Lease		Т	otal Nonmajor	,
Ended	Revenue	Bonds	Obliga	tions	Debt Service Requirements		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	3,520	12,284	157	3	8,418	15,653	24,071
2006	3,830	12,077	80	1	8,426	15,296	23,722
2007	3,525	11,878	13		7,438	14,923	22,361
2008	5,815	11,669			10,089	14,565	24,654
2009	7,210	11,406			11,485	14,128	25,613
2010-2014	41,280	51,634			62,685	62,389	125,074
2015-2019	53,465	39,059			72,436	45,074	117,510
2020-2024	44,885	24,928			58,203	26,650	84,853
2025-2029	52,245	11,603			52,245	11,603	63,848
2030-2034	12,365	362			12,365	362	12,727
	228,140	186,900	250	4	303,790	220,643	524,433
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(1,182)				(1,217)		(1,217)
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(7,745)				(8,666)		(8,666)
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	4,338				6,032		6,032
Net debt service requirements	\$ 223,551	186,900	250	4	299,939	220,643	520,582

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

# Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

Ge	neral Oblig	ation Bonds	Certificates of	f Obligation	Contractual Obligations		
Pı	incipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
\$	3,173	1,144	2,371	2,624	3,048	361	
	2,513	992	2,150	2,539	2,799	318	
	2,239	864	2,259	2,466	1,919	238	
	2,174	752	2,372	2,378	1,634	192	
	1,759	641	2,497	2,286	1,602	147	
	8,449	1,750	14,542	9,722	3,573	172	
	2,133	257	17,994	5,920			
	134	12	13,278	1,718			
	22,574	6,412	57,463	29,653	14,575	1,428	
	(64)						
	(3,195)						
	925		1,153				
	20,240	6,412	58,616	29,653	14,575	1,428	
	Pr	Principal \$ 3,173 2,513 2,239 2,174 1,759 8,449 2,133 134 22,574  (64) (3,195) 925	\$ 3,173	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 3,173         1,144         2,371           2,513         992         2,150           2,239         864         2,259           2,174         752         2,372           1,759         641         2,497           8,449         1,750         14,542           2,133         257         17,994           134         12         13,278           22,574         6,412         57,463           (64)             (3,195)             925          1,153	Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 3,173         1,144         2,371         2,624           2,513         992         2,150         2,539           2,239         864         2,259         2,466           2,174         752         2,372         2,378           1,759         641         2,497         2,286           8,449         1,750         14,542         9,722           2,133         257         17,994         5,920           134         12         13,278         1,718           22,574         6,412         57,463         29,653           (64)              (3,195)              925          1,153	Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 3,173         1,144         2,371         2,624         3,048           2,513         992         2,150         2,539         2,799           2,239         864         2,259         2,466         1,919           2,174         752         2,372         2,378         1,634           1,759         641         2,497         2,286         1,602           8,449         1,750         14,542         9,722         3,573           2,133         257         17,994         5,920            134         12         13,278         1,718            22,574         6,412         57,463         29,653         14,575           (64)               (3,195)               925          1,153	

Fiscal Year Ended	Tax Supported Debt		•	Commercial I	•	Revenue Notes (2)		
September 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2005		1,095	1,223	315,616	313		484	
2006		864	1,189				484	
2007		642	430				484	
2008		594	401				484	
2009		532	374				484	
2010-2014		3,321	1,427				2,420	
2015-2019		3,360	406			28,000	1,699	
		10,408	5,450	315,616	313	28,000	6,539	
Less: Unamortized bond discounts		(67)						
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		28						
Net debt service requirements	\$	10,369	5,450	315,616	313	28,000	6,539	

<sup>(1)</sup> The City intends to refinance maturing commercial paper notes by issuing additional commercial paper notes or by issuing long-term debt.

<sup>(2)</sup> These are variable rate notes with 1.73% interest.

## d -- Debt Service Requirements, continued

## Business-Type Activities (in thousands)

	(iii triousarius)									
Fiscal Year	Reve	nue	Municipal Uti	ility District	Capital	Lease				
Ended	Bon	ds	Contract Reve	enue Bonds	Obligations					
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2005	\$ 141,915	155,412	2,035	670	3,422	808				
2006	130,734	147,812	2,025	573	3,374	591				
2007	156,652	141,302	2,170	466	3,392	361				
2008	153,835	141,366	2,325	345	1,354	115				
2009	140,962	164,912	2,475	216	31	60				
2010-2014	793,817	707,763	2,755	75	178	274				
2015-2019	615,533	465,402			229	224				
2020-2024	516,242	197,767			294	159				
2025-2029	383,929	66,780			377	75				
2030-2034	66,865	4,009			102	4				
	3,100,484	2,192,525	13,785	2,345	12,753	2,671				
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(26,218)	<del></del>	(26)	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>				
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(175,573)		(55)							
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	71,065		36							
Net debt service requirements	2,969,758	2,192,525	13,740	2,345	12,753	2,671				

# Fiscal Year Total Business-Type Activities Ended Debt Service Requirements

September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	472,675	163,039	635,714
2006	144,459	154,498	298,957
2007	169,273	146,611	315,884
2008	164,288	146,033	310,321
2009	149,858	169,120	318,978
2010-2014	826,635	723,603	1,550,238
2015-2019	667,249	473,908	1,141,157
2020-2024	529,948	199,656	729,604
2025-2029	384,306	66,855	451,161
2030-2034	66,967	4,013	70,980
	3,575,658	2,247,336	5,822,994
Less: Unamortized bond discounts	(26,375)		(26,375)
Unamortized gain(loss) on bond refundings	(178,823)		(178,823)
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	73,207		73,207
Net debt service requirements	\$ 3,443,667	2,247,336	5,691,003

#### 11 - CONDUIT DEBT

The City has issued several series of housing and industrial development revenue bonds to provide for low cost housing and for acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. These bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Prior to September 30, 1997 the City issued several series of bonds; the aggregate principal amount payable of these bonds could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$310.2 million. Since 1997, the City has issued various series of bonds, with the original issues totaling \$84.4 million; and \$83.6 million is outstanding at September 30, 2004.

The City has issued various facility revenue bonds to provide for facilities located at the airport and convention center. These bonds are special limited obligations, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of revenue to be received from agreements between the City and various third parties. The original issues totaled \$367.4 million, with \$360.5 million outstanding at September 30, 2004.

The above bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City and accordingly have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

### 12 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2004, are as follows (in thousands):

		Amount		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Current	Long-Term	
Governmental funds:				
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	\$ 9		
	Nonmajor governmental funds	28,819		
	Water and Wastewater		4,234	
	Nonmajor enterprise funds		1,647	
	Internal service funds		278	
Business-type funds:				
Electric	Internal service funds	21	419	
	Nonmajor enterprise funds		2,579	
Water and Wastewater (restricted)	Internal service funds	27	161	
,	Nonmajor governmental funds	6		
Airport (restricted)	General Fund	617	1,851	
	Nonmajor governmental funds		230	
Nonmajor enterprise funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,164	116	
Internal service funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	16		
	Internal service funds	394		
		\$ 31,073	11,515	

Interfund receivables and payables reflect temporary loans between funds. Of the above current amount, \$13.4 million is an interfund loan from the Fiscal Surety Fund, a special revenue fund, to other special revenue funds (primarily grant funds) to cover deficit pooled investments and cash.

Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2004 were as follows (in thousands):

	Transfers In					
Transfers Out	_	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund	\$		11,413	37,353		48,766
Nonmajor governmental funds			16,092	23,690		39,782
Electric		76,674				76,674
Water and Wastewater		19,220	2,848			22,068
Nonmajor enterprise funds			1,565	58		1,623
Internal service funds			1,062		17	1,079
Total transfers out	\$	95,894	32,980	61,101	17	189,992

#### 12 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS, continued

Interfund operating transfers are authorized through City Council approval. Significant transfers include the Electric and Water and Wastewater transfers to the General Fund, which are comparable to a return on investment to owners.

### 13 - LITIGATION

A number of claims against the City are pending with respect to various matters arising in the normal course of the City's operations. Legal counsel and City management are of the opinion that settlement of these claims and pending litigation will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements. The City has accrued liabilities in the Liability Reserve Fund for claims payable at September 30, 2004. These liabilities include amounts for lawsuits settled subsequent to year-end, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### a -- Fayette Power Project

Austin Energy's coal-fired electric generating units are located at the Fayette Power Project (FPP) and operate pursuant to a participation agreement with the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA, Project Manager). Austin Energy has an undivided 50 percent interest in Units 1 and 2, and LCRA wholly owns Unit 3. Austin Energy's investment is financed with City funds, and its pro-rata share of operations is recorded as if wholly owned. Austin Energy's equity in FPP was \$43.3 million as of September 30, 2004. The equity interest in the FPP is calculated pursuant to the participation agreement and is reported in various asset and liability accounts within the City's financial statements.

The original cost of the Austin Energy's share of FPP's generation and transmission facilities is recorded in the utility plant accounts of the City in accordance with its accounting policies. Each participant issued its own debt to finance its portion of construction costs. The City's portion was financed through utility revenue bonds. In addition, each participant has the obligation to finance its portion of any operating and capital costs, as well as its deficits.

A management committee of four members governs FPP; each participant administratively appoints two members. As managing partner, LCRA is responsible for the operation of the project and appoints project management.

### b -- South Texas Project

Austin Energy is one of four participants in the South Texas Project (STP), which consists of two 1,250-megawatt nuclear generating units in Matagorda County, Texas. The other participants in the STP are Texas Genco LP, formerly known as Reliant Energy, American Electric Power, formerly known as Central Power and Light Company, and City Public Service of San Antonio. In-service dates for STP were August 1988 for Unit 1 and June 1989 for Unit 2. Austin Energy's 16 percent ownership in the STP represents 400 megawatts of plant capacity. At September 30, 2004, Austin Energy's investment in the STP was approximately \$564 million, net of accumulated depreciation.

Effective November 17, 1997, the Participation Agreement among the owners of STP was amended and restated and the STP Nuclear Operating Company (STPNOC), a Texas non-profit non-member corporation created by the participants, assumed responsibility as the licensed operator of STP. The participants share costs in proportion to ownership interests, including all liabilities and expenses of STPNOC. Each participant is responsible for its own funding for STP. The City's portion is financed through operations, revenue bonds or commercial paper, which are repaid by the Electric Fund (see Note 10). In addition, each participant has the obligation to finance any deficits that may occur.

Each participant appoints one member to the board of directors of STPNOC, as well as one other member to the committee. A member of the committee may serve on the board of directors in the absence of a board member. The City's portion of STP is classified as plant in service, construction in progress and nuclear fuel inventory. Nuclear fuel includes fuel in the reactor as well as nuclear fuel in process.

#### 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, continued

### c -- South Texas Project Decommissioning

The South Texas Project (STP) is subject to regulation by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The NRC requires that each holder of a nuclear plant-operating license submit information to the NRC indicating the minimum funding required to decommission the plant. In addition, reasonable assurance must be demonstrated that sufficient funds are being accumulated to provide the minimum requirement for decommissioning. This amount must be adjusted annually as required by the NRC. At September 30, 2004, Austin Energy funded its share of the estimated decommissioning liability as follows:

	 2004	
Estimated cost to decommission STP	\$ 245,191,822	Ī
Restricted decommissioning fund assets	101,808,700	

Austin Energy and other STP participants have provided the required information to the NRC and have been collecting decommissioning funds through rates since 1989. Austin Energy has established an external irrevocable trust for collecting sufficient funds for its share of the estimated decommissioning costs. For fiscal year 2004, Austin Energy collected \$4,958,221 for decommissioning expenses.

### d -- Energy Risk Management Program

In an effort to mitigate the financial and market risk associated with the purchase of natural gas and energy price volatility, Austin Energy has established an Energy Risk Management Program. This program was authorized by the Austin City Council and is led by the Risk Oversight Committee. Under this program, Austin Energy enters into futures contracts, options, and swaps for the purpose of reducing exposure to natural gas and energy price risk. Use of these types of instruments for the purpose of reducing exposure to price risk is performed as a hedging activity. These contracts may be settled in cash or delivery of certain commodities. Austin Energy typically settles these contracts in cash.

Austin Energy has entered into brokerage agreements with the following organizations to execute the exchange traded instruments for Austin Energy's risk management activities:

<u>Brokerage</u>	Credit Rating
Citigroup Global Market Holding Inc.	AA-
Man Group	A3

The hedging related contracts are reported at cost on the statement of net assets. The gains and losses related to these transactions are netted to fuel expense in the period realized. As of September 30, 2004, Austin Energy's options, futures, and basis swaps, valued at mark-to-market, netted to an unrealized loss of \$58,022. This reflects the difference between the cost and the fair market value of these contracts at September 30, 2004. Initial margins are flat fees per contract and are paid in cash. Fair market values are calculated by multiplying the number of outstanding contracts by the forward prices as quoted by the New York Mercantile Exchange. The unrealized gain/loss refers to the difference between the cost and fair market value of the contracts, which is not included in the financial statements at September 30, 2004.

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Contracts maturity date Through January 2006

 Initial margin
 \$ 135,000

 Cost
 2,680,000

 Fair market value
 2,826,000

 Unrealized Gain/(Loss)
 146,000

**Options** 

Contracts effective date
Contracts maturity date

Unne through September 2004
Through December 2007

Fair Value \$ ( 259,382) Unrealized Gain/(Loss) (1,662,082)

The options and future contracts expose Austin Energy to a minimal amount of credit risk. In the event of default or nonperformance by brokers or the exchange, the operations of Austin Energy will not be materially affected. However, Austin Energy does not expect the brokerages to fail to meet their obligations given their high credit rating and the strict and deep credit requirements upheld by the New York Mercantile Exchange of which these brokerage houses are members. Termination risk for exchange traded instruments is greatly reduced by the strict rules and guidelines set up by the exchange, which is governed by the Commodity Futures Trade Commission.

Swaps

Contracts effective date Contracts maturity date August through September 2004

Through September 2007

Cost \$ 9,126,500 Fair market value 10,584,560 Unrealized Gain/(Loss) 1,458,060

The swap agreements expose Austin Energy to credit, termination, and non-performance risk. However, Austin Energy does not expect the swap counterparty to fail to meet its obligation given its high credit rating of A by S&P, and A3 by Moody's. Austin Energy's exposure to termination and non-performance risk is minimal due to the high credit rating of the counterparty, and the contractual provisions under the ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association) agreement applied to the swaps.

#### e -- Derivative Instruments

#### Swap for the Water & Wastewater System

Objective of the swap. In order to lower its borrowing costs, on July 2, 2004 the City entered into a swap in connection with its Series 2004 Water and Wastewater System Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "Series 2004 Bonds"). The variable rate bonds were issued to advance refund various outstanding Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The swap was used to hedge the interest rate on the variable rate refunding bonds to a fixed rate and the synthetic fixed rate refunding produces a lower expected interest rate cost to the City. The swap had closing costs of \$561,302.

Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The terms, including the counterparty credit ratings of the outstanding swap, as of September 30, 2004, are included in the table below. The City's swap agreement contains scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to follow scheduled reductions in the associated bonds. The Series 2004 Bonds were issued on August 27, 2004 with a principal amount of \$132,475,000. The swap was structured to match the principal amortization structure and dates of the Series 2004 Bonds. The counterparty to the swap is JPMorgan Chase Bank. The table below contains a summary of the terms and fair value of the swap.

Related Bonds	Maturity	Counterparty	CP Rating by Moody's/S&P/Fitch	Variable Rate Received	Fixed Rate Paid	Market Value
Water & Wastewater Variable Rate Revenue						
Refunding Bonds, Series 2004	May 15, 2024	JP Morgan	Aa2/AA-/AA-	68% of 1-month LIBOR	3.657%	\$ (5,161,263)

The combination of variable rate bonds and a floating-to-fixed swap creates synthetic fixed-rate debt for the City. The transaction allowed the City to create a synthetic fixed rate on the Bonds in advance of issuance, protecting the City against potential increases in long-term interest rates.

Fair value. The swap had a negative fair value as of September 30, 2004 of \$(5,161,263). This fair value takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) swap yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

Credit risk. As of September 30, 2004, the City was not exposed to credit risk on its outstanding swap because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swap's fair value. The City is exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. This amount may become positive if interest rates increase in the future. However, if interest rates decline and the fair value of the swap were to remain negative, the City would not be exposed to credit risk. The current credit ratings of the JPMorgan Chase Bank are Aa2/AA-/AA- by Moody's/Standard & Poor's/Fitch, respectively. The City will be exposed to interest rate risk only if the counterparty defaults or if the swap is terminated.

The swap agreement contains a collateral agreement with the counterparty. Collateralization of the fair value of the swap is required should the counterparty's credit rating fall below the applicable thresholds in the agreement. The City purchased insurance to mitigate the need to post collateral as long as the insurer, Financial Security Assurance, maintains a credit rating above A2/A by Moody's/S&P.

Basis risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the City on underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders temporarily differs from the variable swap rate received from the applicable counterparty. Basis risk exists since the City receives a percentage of LIBOR to offset the actual variable bond rate the City pays on its bonds. Exposure to basis risk may occur should the floating rate be less than the actual variable rate the City pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost of the basis risk may vary.

Tax risk. Tax risk is a specific type of basis risk. Tax risk is a permanent mismatch between the interest rate paid on the City's underlying variable-rate bonds and the rate received on the swap caused by a reduction or elimination in the benefits of the tax exemption for municipal bonds, e.g. a tax cut that results in an increase in the ratio of tax-exempt to taxable yields. The City is receiving 68% of LIBOR (a taxable index) on the swap and would experience a shortfall relative to the rate paid on its bonds if marginal income tax rates decrease relative to expected levels, thus increasing the overall cost of its synthetic fixed rate debt.

Termination risk. The City or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the respective contracts. If the swap is terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer be hedged to a fixed rate. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value. The additional termination events in the agreement are limited to credit related events only and the ratings triggers are substantially below the current credit rating of the City. Additionally, the City purchased insurance to mitigate the possibility of termination risk.

Swap payments and associated debt. As of September 30, 2004, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term were as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Fiscal Year	1	Water and W Variable-Ra			
Ended		(in thou	sands)	Interest Rate	
September 30		Principal	Interest	Swaps, Net	Total
2005	\$	5,900	2,180	2,510	4,690
2006		3,000	2,123	2,444	4,567
2007		7,000	2,029	2,335	4,364
2008		1,200	1,975	2,273	4,248
2009			1,961	2,258	4,219
2010-2014		26,095	9,229	10,624	19,853
2015-2019		53,740	4,461	5,134	9,595
2020-2024		35,540	1,704	1,962	3,666
Total	\$	132,475	25,662	29,540	55,202

#### **Swap for the Airport System**

Objective of the swap. In order to lower its borrowing costs, on July 2, 2004 the City entered into an interest rate swap in connection with its Airport System Subordinate Lien Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 (the "Series 2005 Bonds"). The variable rate bonds will be issued to forward refund various outstanding bonds of the airport. The swap was used to hedge the interest rate on the variable rate refunding bonds to a fixed rate and the synthetic fixed rate refunding produces a lower expected interest rate cost to the City.

Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The terms, including the counterparty credit ratings of the outstanding swaps, as of September 30, 2004, are included below. The City's swap agreement contains scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to follow scheduled reductions in the associated bonds. The Series 2005 Bonds will be issued on August 17, 2005 with a principal amount of \$306,225,000. The swap was structured to match the likely principal amortization structure and dates of the Series 2005 Bonds. The counterparty to the swap is Morgan Stanley Capital Services, Inc ("Morgan Stanley") with a guarantee from Morgan Stanley. The table below contains a summary of the terms and fair value of the swap.

Related Bonds	Maturity	Counterparty	CP Rating by Moody's/S&P/Fitch	Variable Rate Received	Fixed Rate Paid	Market Value
Airport System						
Subordinate Lien						
Variable Rate Revenu	ie					
Refunding Bonds,				71% of 1-month		
Series 2005	Nov 15, 2025	Morgan Stanley	Aa3/A+/AA-	LIBOR	4.051%	\$ (11,507,263)

The combination of variable rate bonds and a floating-to-fixed swap creates synthetic fixed-rate debt for the City. The transaction allowed the City to create a synthetic fixed rate on the Bonds in advance of issuance, protecting the City against *potential* increases in long-term interest rates. Other than the aforementioned swap agreement, there are no other monetary fees for the swap transaction.

Fair value. The swap had a negative fair value as of September 30, 2004 of \$(11,507,263). This fair value takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the LIBOR swap yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

Credit risk. As of September 30, 2004, the City was not exposed to credit risk on its outstanding swap because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swap become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the swap's fair value. The City is exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. This amount may become positive if interest rates increase in the future. However, if interest rates decline and the fair value of the swap were to remain negative, the City would not be exposed to credit risk. The City will be exposed to interest rate risk only if the counterparty to the swap defaults or if the swap is terminated.

The swap agreement contains a collateral agreement with the counterparty. The swap requires collateralization of the fair value of the swap should the counterparty's credit rating fall below the applicable thresholds in the agreement. The City purchased swap insurance to mitigate the need to post collateral as long as the insurer, Financial Security Assurance, maintains a credit rating above A2/A by Moody's/S&P.

Basis risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the City on underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders temporarily differs from the variable swap rate received from the applicable counterparty. Basis risk exists since the City receives a percentage of LIBOR to offset the actual variable bond rate the City pays on its bonds. The City may be exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the City pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost of the basis risk may vary.

Tax risk. Tax risk is a specific type of basis risk. Tax risk is a permanent mismatch between the interest rate paid on the City's underlying variable-rate bonds and the rate received on the swap caused by a reduction or elimination in the benefits of the tax exemption for municipal bonds, e.g. a tax cut that results in an increase in the ratio of tax-exempt to taxable yields. The City is receiving 71% of LIBOR (a taxable index) on the swap and would experience a shortfall relative to the rate paid on its bonds if marginal income tax rates decrease relative to expected levels, thus increasing the overall cost of its synthetic fixed rate debt.

Termination risk. The City or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the respective contracts. If the swap is terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer be hedged to a fixed rate. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value. The additional termination events in the agreement are limited to non-issuance of the Series 2005 Bonds and credit related events only and the ratings triggers are substantially below the current credit rating of the City. Additionally, the City purchased insurance to mitigate the possibility of termination risk.

Market-access risk. Market access risk describes the possibility that the City may not be able to access the debt market efficiently on the anticipated issuance date. This outcome is estimated to be very unlikely.

## f -- Certificates of Participation

The City has entered into several capital lease arrangements through the issuance of Certificates of Participation as follows:

\$ 23,060,000	Certificates of Participation, City of Austin, Texas Electric Utility Office Project, Series 1987
\$ 14,000,000	Certificates of Participation, City of Austin, Texas Water and Wastewater Utility Office Project, Series 1987

The certificates represent proportionate interests in lease payments to be made by the City to a third-party lessor. The City has title to the office projects, pursuant to general warranty deeds; however, the trustee maintains a vendor's lien and superior title to the properties until all sums due are paid in full.

The City's obligations under the lease agreements are subject to and dependent upon annual appropriations by the City Council and do not obligate the City to levy or pledge any form of taxation. Thus, the certificates are treated as capital lease obligations rather than as long-term bonds and are recorded as a liability in the respective utility's funds.

The following table presents information regarding these certificates:

	Electric Fund	Water and Wastewater Fund
Description	Office Project (1)	Office Project (1)
Date issued	February 1987	August 1987
Amount issued	\$ 23,060,000	\$ 14,000,000
Interest rates	4.00% - 7.00%	5.25% - 8.00%
Interest payable on	March 15 and	May 15 and
	September 15	November 15
Maturity dates	September 15	November 15
	1988 - 2007	1989 - 2007
Present value of lease payments	\$ 5,600,493	\$ 4,890,980
Reserve Fund (2)	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,250,000

- (1) Subject to mandatory redemption upon the occurrence of certain events.
- (2) Held by trustee, to be used to make final payments.

## g -- Federal and State Financial Assistance Programs

The City participates in a number of federally assisted and State grant programs, financed primarily by the U.S. Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Department, U.S. Health and Human Services (HHS) Department, and U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). The City's programs are subject to program compliance audits by the granting agencies. Management believes that no material liability will arise from any such audits.

## h -- Arbitrage Rebate Payable

The City's financial advisor has determined that the City has earned interest revenue on unused bond proceeds in excess of amounts allowed by applicable Federal regulations. The City will be required to rebate funds to the federal government. The estimated amounts payable at September 30, 2004 are as follows (in thousands):

			Business-type Activities						
Govern	nmental		Water and						
Activ	vities	Electric	Wastewater	Nonmajor		Total			
\$	244	1,320	406	20	\$	1,990			

## i -- Capital Improvement Plan

As required by the City Charter, the City has a *Five Year Capital Improvement Plan* (Capital Budget) that is an anticipated spending plan for projects in the upcoming and future years. The City's 2005 Capital Budget includes new appropriations of \$231.9 million for the City's enterprise funds and \$56.8 million for general government projects. The City has substantial contractual commitments relating to its capital improvement plan.

The key projects in progress include parks development and improvements, financial and administrative, transportation improvements, electric system improvements, water and wastewater system improvements and annexations and airport improvements as shown below (in thousands). Remaining commitments represent current unspent budget and future costs required to complete projects.

Project	Sp	ent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Governmental activities:			,
Parks development and improvements	\$	107,159	13,672
Financial and administrative		37,007	11,187
Transportation improvements		367,144	80,405
Other governmental		132,143	27,207
Business-type activities:			
Electric system improvements		1,225,334	180,971
Water and wastewater system improvements and annexations		1,263,028	703,268
Airport improvements		96,139	129,786
Nonmajor enterprise		142,443	222,458
Total	\$	3,370,397	1,368,954

## j -- Operating Lease with Daughters of Charity Health Services of Austin

Effective October 1, 1995, the City entered into a long-term lease arrangement with the Daughters of Charity Health Services of Austin ("Seton"). Under the terms of the lease, Seton will operate City-owned Brackenridge Hospital and will provide all necessary medical services for residents of Austin regardless of their ability to pay. The City will reimburse Seton for services provided through three programs. Under the Charity Care Program, the City will reimburse Seton a maximum of \$5.6 million annually for providing medical care to the medically indigent; provided however, that Seton must first provide charity care in the amount of 4% of net revenues as required by State law. Under the Medical Assistance Program (MAP), the City paid Seton approximately \$10.6 million in fiscal year 2004 for patients enrolled in this program. Under the Physician Services Program, the City paid Seton approximately \$5.8 million during fiscal year 2004 for providing physician services to patients in the first two programs.

In May 2003, the City amended the lease agreement to accommodate capacity issues related to the Children's Hospital at Brackenridge. In order to meet future community needs for pediatric medical services, the City Council approved moving the Children's Hospital to the former site of Robert Mueller Airport. The new Children's Hospital will be owned and operated by Seton. Other provisions of the amendment include lengthening the lease term from an original term of 30 years to 60 years (with an optional 30 year extension), increasing the breach of contract penalty from \$5 million to \$50 million, and adding a requirement that Seton spend a minimum of \$50 million for capital improvements at Brackenridge over the next 20 years; of which \$30 million must be spent within the next 10 years. The lease amendment also strengthens financial provisions related to the operation of the Austin Women's Hospital. The cost of the leased assets as of September 30, 2004 is as follows (in thousands):

		Accumulated
	 Cost	Depreciation
Land and other nondepreciable assets	\$ 745	
Property, plant and equipment in service	73,977	(38,499)

Due to the creation of the Travis County Hospital District, assets associated with Brackenridge Hospital, Children's Hospital and the Austin Women's Hospital will convey to the Travis County Hospital District. For further information, please refer to the Subsequent Events Note (Note 16).

## k -- Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability

State and federal regulations require the City to place a final cover on the City of Austin landfill site (located on FM 812) when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports in the Solid Waste Services Fund, a nonmajor enterprise fund, a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period, based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$7.6 million reported as accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs at September 30, 2004, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 82.3% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The Solid Waste Services Fund will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$1.6 million as the remaining estimated capacity is filled over the next eight years. The total estimated costs of \$9.2 million include costs of closure in 2012 of \$2.3 million and postclosure costs over the subsequent thirty years of \$6.9 million. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2004. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. State and federal laws require owners to demonstrate financial assurance for closure, postclosure, and/or corrective action. The City complies with the financial and public notice components of the local government financial test and government-guarantee of the test.

## I -- Risk-Related Contingencies

The City uses internal service funds to account for risks related to health benefits, third-party liability, and workers' compensation. The funds are as follows:

Fund name	Description
Employee Benefits	City employees and retirees may choose between a self-insured PPO or an HMO. Approximately 27% of City employees and 55% of retirees use the HMO option; approximately 73% of City employees and 45% of retirees use the PPO. Costs are charged to City funds through a charge per employee per pay period.
Liability Reserve	This self-insured program includes losses and claims related to liability for bodily injury, property damage, professional liability and certain employment liability. Excludes losses and claims related to health benefits or workers' compensation. Premiums are charged to other City funds each year based on historical costs.
Workers' Compensation	This self-insured program charges premiums to other City funds each year based on historical costs

The City purchases stop loss insurance for the City's PPO. This stop loss insurance covers individual claims that exceed \$500,000 per calendar year beginning in calendar year 2002 and \$150,000 per calendar year prior to calendar year 2002, up to a maximum of \$1 million. During fiscal year 2004, no claims exceeded the stop loss limit of \$500,000; During fiscal year 2003, one claim exceeded the stop loss limit of \$500,000 in fiscal year 2002. City coverage is limited to \$1 million in lifetime benefits. The City does not purchase stop loss insurance for workers' compensation claims.

The City is self-insured for much of its risk exposure; however, the City purchases commercial insurance coverage for loss or damage to real property, theft and other criminal acts committed by employees, and third party liability associated with the airport, owned aircraft, and electric utility operations. There have been no claims settlements in excess of the insurance coverage that has been procured. The City also purchases a broad range of insurance coverage through a program that provides workers' compensation, employer's liability and third party liability coverage to contractors working on designated capital improvement project sites.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City utilizes actuarial information and historical claim settlement trends to determine the claim liabilities for the Employee Benefits Fund and Workers' Compensation Fund; liabilities for the Liability Reserve Fund are calculated based on outstanding claims. The amount to be paid out ultimately may be more or less than the amount accrued at September 30, 2004. The possible range of loss is \$27.4 to \$41.2 million. The City contributes amounts to an internal service fund based on an estimate of anticipated costs for claims each year.

Changes in the balances of claims liability are as follows (in thousands):

	Employee			Liability		ers'	
		Benet	rits	Rese	Reserve		sation
		2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Liability balances, beginning of year	\$	5,541	4,618	20,080	21,899	9,127	6,864
Claims and changes in estimates		4,460	5,328	3,601	9,586	4,592	6,587
Claim payments		(5,061)	(4,405)	(10,523)	(11,405)	(4,377)	(4,324)
Liability balances, end of year	\$	4,940	5,541	13,158	20,080	9,342	9,127

The Liability Reserve Fund claims liability balance at fiscal year end includes liabilities of \$4.4 million discounted at 4.78% in 2004 and \$4.9 million discounted at 5.02% in 2003.

In fiscal year 2004, the City reached a settlement agreement in a litigation matter with Christopher Ochoa in the amount of \$4.8 million. This amount is included in the financial statements as presented.

## m -- Environmental Remediation Contingencies

The Electric Fund may incur costs for environmental remediation of certain sites including the Holly and Seaholm Power Plants. The financial statements include a liability of \$11.5 million at September 30, 2004. This amount includes the cost of penalties associated with an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) PCB inspection and estimated remaining costs for the remediation of the contaminated sites. The Electric Fund anticipates payment of these costs in 2005 and future years.

The EPA issued an Administrative Order to the Water and Wastewater Utility on April 29, 1999. The Administrative Order requires the Utility perform a series of activities designed to result in an improved system free from sanitary sewer overflows. These activities include Infiltration/Inflow, Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Studies, as well as subsequent design and construction of necessary improvements to the wastewater collection system to eliminate overflows by December 2007. Construction costs are estimated to be \$150 million and the Utility is on schedule to comply with the Administrative Order.

The Airport Fund may also incur costs for the environmental remediation of certain sites and has recorded an estimated liability of \$1.5 million in the financial statements.

## n -- Other Commitments and Contingencies

The City is committed under various leases for building and office space, tracts of land and rights of way, and various equipment. These leases are considered operating leases for accounting purposes. Lease expense for the year ended September 30, 2004 was \$19.2 million. The City expects these leases to be replaced with similar leases in the ordinary course of business. Future minimum lease payments for these leases will remain approximately the same.

The City has entered into certain lease agreements, including the certificates of participation, as lessee for financing equipment purchases for Electric and Water and Wastewater Utilities and for financing personal computers for both governmental and business-type departments. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at their inception date. Refer to Note 10 for the debt service requirements on these leases.

The following summarizes assets recorded at September 30, 2004, under capital lease obligations (in thousands):

			Business-type Activities					
	Gove	ernmental		Water and			_	
Assets	A	ctivities	Electric	Wastewater	Airport	Nonmajor	Total	
Building and improvements	\$		21,604	12,750			34,354	
Equipment		2,289	1,334	284	917	652	3,187	
Accumulated depreciation		(1,157)	(10,169)	(4,432)	(59)	(300)	(14,960)	
Net assets	\$	1,132	12,769	8,602	858	352	22,581	

#### 15 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to making contributions to the three pension systems, the City provided certain other post-employment benefits to its retirees. Other post-employment benefits include access to medical and dental insurance for the retiree and the retiree's family and \$1,000 of life insurance on the retiree only.

All retirees who are eligible to receive pension benefits under any of the City's three pension systems are eligible for other post-employment benefits. Retirees may also enroll eligible dependents under the medical and dental plan(s) in which they participate. Eligible dependents of the retiree include a legally married spouse, unmarried children under age 25 who are dependent upon the retiree for support, including natural children, stepchildren, legally adopted children, children for whom the retiree has obtained court-ordered guardianship/conservatorship, qualified children placed pending adoption, and grandchildren who qualify as a dependent on the retiree's or retiree's spouse's federal income tax return, and eligible disabled children beyond 25 years of age if covered prior to age 25. A surviving spouse of a deceased retiree may continue medical coverage until the date the surviving spouse remarries. A surviving spouse of a deceased retiree may continue dental coverage for 36 months by paying the entire premium plus a 2 percent administrative fee. Other surviving dependents of a deceased retiree may continue medical and dental coverage for 36 months by paying the entire premium plus a 2 percent administrative fee.

The City is under no obligation, statutory or otherwise, to offer other post-employment benefits or to pay any portion of the cost of other post-employment benefits to any retirees. Allocation of City funds to pay other post-employment benefits or to make other post-employment benefits available is determined on an annual basis by the City Council as part of the budget process.

The City pays a portion of the retiree's medical insurance premium and a portion of the retiree's dependents' medical insurance premium. The portion paid by the City varies according to age, coverage selection and years of service. The percentage of the medical insurance premium paid by the City ranges as follows:

Years of Service	Retiree only	Dependent only
Less than 5 years	14% - 16%	8% - 15%
5 to 9 years	22% - 24%	13% - 23%
10 to 14 years	38% - 40%	23% - 38%
15 to 20 years	55% - 56%	33% - 53%
Greater than 20 years	79% - 80%	49% - 75%

#### 15 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

The City pays 100% of the retiree's life insurance premium. Group dental coverage is available to retirees and their eligible dependents. The retiree pays the full cost of the dental premium.

Other post-employment benefits are expensed and funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as payroll expense/expenditure in an operating fund with corresponding revenue in the Employee Benefits Fund. Medical and dental premiums and claims and life insurance premiums are reported in the Employee Benefits Fund. The estimated cost of providing these benefits for 2,443 retirees was \$13.7 million in 2004, and \$12.5 million in 2003 for 2,298 retirees.

As more fully described in Note 14, the City is a participant in the South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company (STPNOC) and as such is liable for certain post-employment benefits for STPNOC employees. At December 31, 2003, the City's portion of this obligation, \$7,883,039, is not reflected in the financial statements of the Electric Fund.

#### 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### a -- Water and Wastewater System Revenue Bond Refunding Issue

In October 2004, the City issued \$165,145,000 of Water and Wastewater System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A. Proceeds from the bonds were used to refund \$175,000,000 of the City's outstanding Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper issued for the Water and Wastewater System. The refunding resulted in future interest requirements to service the debt of \$134,342,208. No change in net cash flows resulted from this transaction, and no accounting gain or loss was recognized on this refunding.

### **b** -- Travis County Hospital District

In May 2004, voters in Travis County approved the creation of the Travis County Hospital District. In August 2004, the City and Travis County appointed members to serve on the Board of the District, which is comprised of nine members. The Board consists of four appointees from the City, four from Travis County, and one selected jointly. The District budget, which is required to be approved by the Travis County Commissioner's Court, was approved for operations beginning on October 1, 2004.

On October 1, 2004, the City transferred \$10.7 million to the District to fund a significant portion of a financial reserve fund. Of this amount, \$3 million was transferred from remaining operating and capital reserves that existed in the Primary Care Fund at the end of fiscal year 2004. The City's General Fund transferred the remaining amount of \$7.7 million.

Certain City assets, obligations and rights will transfer to the District, including title to the land and buildings of Brackenridge Hospital, Children's Hospital and the Austin Women's Hospital. In addition, upon federal approval related to transfer of the federally-qualified status of the Community Health Center, assets associated with the City's Federally Qualified Health Centers will also transfer to the District. On November 22, 2004, the Board approved the conveyance of land, buildings, and equipment pertaining to Brackenridge Hospital, Children's Hospital and Austin Women's Hospital.

The District has assumed the rights and obligations related to the lease with Seton to operate Brackenridge Hospital and the Children's Hospital. The assumption of the lease includes provisions for the District to continue funding certain indigent healthcare costs previously funded by the City. The District has also assumed the agreement with the University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston to operate Austin Women's Hospital. An interlocal agreement approved by the District allows the City to operate the Federally Qualified Health Centers and administer the City and County Medical Assistance Programs.







General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual-Budget Basis For the year ended September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

	2004					
	Actual-				Variance	
		Adjustments	Budget	Bud		Positive
	Actual	(1) (2)	Basis	Original	Final	(Negative) (3)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 281,720		281,720	273,751	273,751	7,969
Franchise fees	29,018		29,018	27,132	27,132	1,886
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	16,976		16,976	17,317	17,317	(341)
Licenses, permits and inspections	15,317		15,317	16,884	16,884	(1,567)
Charges for services/goods	15,565	(1,185)	14,380	15,239	15,239	(859)
Interest and other	19,168	(475)	18,693	13,167	13,167	5,526
Total revenues	377,764	(1,660)	376,104	363,490	363,490	12,614
EXPENDITURES						
General government						
Municipal Court	8,199	32	8,231	8,713	8,613	382
Public safety						
Police	159,344	(1,652)	157,692	161,445	162,745	5,053
Fire	82,786	(14)	82,772	84,089	84,089	1,317
Emergency Medical Services	19,956	(437)	19,519	20,058	20,058	539
Transportation, planning and sustainability						
Transportation, Planning and Sustainability	8,493	311	8,804	9,277	9,277	473
Street lighting	176		176	160	160	(16)
Public health:						
Health	15,728	(244)	15,484	16,362	16,362	878
Social services management	9,579	505	10,084	10,293	10,293	209
Public recreation and culture						
Parks and Recreation	26,952	(271)	26,681	26,788	26,788	107
Austin Public Library	16,303	(116)	16,187	16,587	16,587	400
Urban growth management						
Neighborhood Planning and Zoning	3,088	6	3,094	3,413	3,413	319
Development Services and						
Watershed Protection	7,158	(220)	6,938	7,433	7,433	495
General city responsibilities (4)	46,983	(32,823)	14,160	12,705	12,705	(1,455)
Total expenditures	404,745	(34,923)	369,822	377,323	378,523	8,701
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(26,981)	33,263	6,282	(13,833)	(15,033)	21,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Capital leases	634	(634)				
Transfers in	95,894	1,725	97,619	97,619	97,619	
Transfers out	(48,766)	(36,968)	(85,734)	(83,786)	(83,886)	(1,848)
Total other financing sources (uses)	47,762	(35,877)	11,885	13,833	13,733	(1,848)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and		, , ,	·		·	
other sources over expenditures						
and other uses	20,781	(2,614)	18,167		(1,300)	19,467
Special items - hospital district reserve payment		, ,				
Fund balance at beginning of year	93,206	(58,854)	34,352	34,245	34,245	107
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 106,287	(53,768)	52,519	34,245	32,945	19,574
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(32): 29)	- ,	- ,= -=	,	,

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes adjustments to expenditures for current year encumbrances, payments against prior year encumbrances, accrued payroll, compensated absences, and amounts budgeted as operating transfers.

(3) Variance is actual-budget basis to final budget.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes adjustments to revenues/transfers required for adjusted budget basis presentation.

<sup>(4)</sup> Actual expenditures include employee training costs and amounts budgeted as fund-level expenditures or operating transfers. Actual-budget basis expenditures include employee training costs, budgeted payroll accrual, and amounts budgeted as fund-level expenditures.

## **BUDGET BASIS REPORTING**

#### a -- General

The City of Austin prepares its annual operating budget based on cash and available resources (budget basis) which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). In governmental funds, encumbrances constitute the equivalent of expenditures for budgetary purposes. In order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results to the budget, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual-Budget Basis for the General Fund presents the actual and actual-budget basis amounts in comparison with original and final budgets.

## b -- Reconciliation of GAAP Basis and Budget Basis Amounts

The primary differences between GAAP-basis and budget reporting for the General Fund are the reporting of encumbrances and the reporting of certain operating transfers. General Fund accrued payroll is recorded at the department level on a GAAP basis and as an expenditure in the general city responsibilities activity on the budget basis. Adjustments necessary to convert the excess revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on a GAAP basis to a budget basis for the General Fund are provided, as follows (in thousands):

		General Fund
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources	ф.	20.704
over expenditures and other uses - GAAP basis Adjustments - increases (decreases) due to:	\$	20,781
Unbudgeted revenues		(475)
Net compensated absences accrual		(126)
Outstanding encumbrances established in current year		(4,247)
Payments against prior year encumbrances		2,550
Advance from Airport Fund		(450)
Other		134
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over		
expenditures and other uses - budget basis	\$	18,167

#### c -- Budget Amendments

The original budget of the General Fund was amended twice during fiscal year 2004 for increased public safety costs and an increase in transfers out offset by a decrease in expenditures for Municipal Court.

The original and amended budget is presented in the accompanying financial statements. The General Fund budget includes other revenues and requirements, which are presented in the general city responsibilities category. The amended expenditure budget for these general city requirements includes the following: tuition reimbursement (\$85,000), accrued payroll (\$1,435,000), expenditures for workers' compensation (\$7,146,683), liability reserve (\$2,500,000) and public safety (\$1,538,700).







	2004					
				Actual-		Variance-
			Adjustments	Budget		Positive
		Actual	(1)	Basis	Budget	(Negative)
Taxes						
Property taxes:						
Current	\$	157,716		157,716	157,617	99
Delinquent		1,390		1,390	450	940
Penalty and interest		943		943	713	230
Sales taxes		117,725		117,725	111,255	6,470
Other taxes		3,946		3,946	3,716	230
Total taxes		281,720		281,720	273,751	7,969
Franchise fees		29,018		29,018	27,132	1,886
Fines, forfeitures and penalties						
Library fines		547		547	535	12
Traffic fines		7,424		7,424	7,948	(524)
Parking violations		2,398		2,398	2,793	(395)
Weights and measures		132		132	112	20
Other		6,475		6,475	5,929	546
Total fines, forfeitures and penalties		16,976		16,976	17,317	(341)
Licenses, permits and inspections						
Parking meters		2,335		2,335	2,975	(640)
Alarm permits		1,416		1,416	1,505	(89)
Commercial solid waste		785		785	786	(1)
Public health		1,900		1,900	1,679	221
Development		1,711		1,711	1,753	(42)
Building safety		6,669		6,669	7,719	(1,050)
Beer and wine permits		288		288	241	47
Other		213		213	226	(13)
Total licenses, permits and inspections		15,317		15,317	16,884	(1,567)
Charges for services/goods						
Recreation and culture		2,168		2,168	2,350	(182)
Public health		1,309		1,309	1,246	63
Emergency medical services		9,994		9,994	10,755	(761)
General government		2,094	(1,185)	909	888	21
Total charges for services/goods		15,565	(1,185)	14,380	15,239	(859)
Interest and other						
Interest		2,876		2,876	2,481	395
Rental income		15,008	(473)	14,535	9,439	5,096
Sale of property		179		179	113	66
Other		1,105	(2)	1,103	1,134	(31)
Total interest and other		19,168	(475)	18,693	13,167	5,526
Total revenues	\$	377,764	(1,660)	376,104	363,490	12,614

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustments and actual-budget basis include amounts budgeted as fund-level revenues.

	2004				
			Actual-		Variance-
		Adjustments	Budget		Positive
A aluminia turation	Actual	(1)	Basis	Budget	(Negative)
Administration					
Municipal Court: Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 6,738	(52)	6,686	6 025	149
Contractual services	\$ 6,738 1,394	(52)	1,444	6,835 1,578	134
Commodities	174	(3)	171	1,576	(13)
Expense refunds	(107)		(107)	(2)	105
Capital outlay	(107)	37	37	44	7
Total administration	8,199	32	8,231	8,613	382
	0,100	02	0,201	0,010	002
Public safety					
Police: Salaries and fringe benefits	148,947	(1,615)	147,332	150,414	3,082
Contractual services	13,145	(36)	13,109	13,700	5,082 591
Commodities	2,808	(30) 82	2,890	4,491	1,601
Expense refunds	(7,153)	_	(7,154)	(7,522)	(368)
Capital outlay	1,597	(82)	1,515	1,662	147
Capital Galay	159,344	(1,652)	157,692	162,745	5,053
Fire:	159,544	(1,052)	137,092	102,745	3,033
Salaries and fringe benefits	81,613	(531)	81,082	82,236	1,154
Contractual services	4,152	93	4,245	4,148	(97)
Commodities	1,135	102	1,237	1,425	188
Indirect cost	238		238	245	7
Expense refunds	(4,384)		(4,384)	(4,321)	63
Capital outlay	32	322	354	356	2
	82,786	(14)	82,772	84,089	1,317
Emergency Medical Services:	02,700	( /	02,772	0 1,000	1,017
Salaries and fringe benefits	17,075	(449)	16,626	16,821	195
Contractual services	2,002	47	2,049	2,065	16
Commodities	1,094	40	1,134	1,148	14
Expense refunds	(419)		(419)	(270)	149
Capital outlay	204	(75)	129	294	165
•	19,956	(437)	19,519	20,058	539
Total public safety	262,086	(2,103)	259,983	266,892	6,909
•		(=,:00)		200,002	0,000
<b>Transportation, planning, and sustainab</b> Public Works and Transportation:	ility				
Street lighting	176		176	160	(16)
Street lighting	176		176	160	(16)
Transportation, Planning and Sustainability			170	100	(10)
Salaries and fringe benefits	8,532	10	8,542	9,034	492
Contractual services	1,921	174	2,095	2,086	(9)
Commodities	404	42	2,095 446	624	178
Indirect cost	374		374	385	11
Expense refunds	(2,839)		(2,839)	(3,086)	(247)
Capital outlay	(2,039)	 85	(2,839) 186	(3,080)	48
Capital Odlay	8,493	311	8,804	9,277	473
Total transportation, planning	0,433	311	3,004	3,217	413
	\$ 8,669	311	8,980	9,437	457
and odotamasmy	Ψ 0,009	311	3,300	5,757	701

(Continued)

(Continued)

		Actual	Adjustments	2004 Actual- Budget Basis	Budget	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Other public health	_	Aotuui	(1)	Duoio	Daaget	(Negative)
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$	12,162	40	12,202	12,091	(111)
Contractual services		2,900	22	2,922	3,513	591
Commodities		1,037	(141)	896	1,071	175
Expense refunds		(770)		(770)	(554)	216
Capital outlay		399	(165)	234	241	7
Other public health		15,728	(244)	15,484	16,362	878
Total public health		15,728	(244)	15,484	16,362	878
Public recreation and culture Parks and Recreation:						
Salaries and fringe benefits		20,693	(151)	20,542	20,309	(233)
Contractual services		6,687	(3)	6,684	6,987	303
Commodities		1,558	(58)	1,500	1,878	378
Indirect cost		223		223	420	197
Expense refunds		(2,374)		(2,374)	(2,921)	(547)
Capital outlay		165	(59)	106	115	9
		26,952	(271)	26,681	26,788	107
Austin Public Library:						
Salaries and fringe benefits		12,601	(64)	12,537	12,646	109
Contractual services		1,945	70	2,015	2,201	186
Commodities		1,706	(334)	1,372	1,427	55
Expense refunds		(219)		(219)	(169)	50
Capital outlay		270	212	482	482	
		16,303	(116)	16,187	16,587	400
Total public recreation			-			
and culture	\$	43,255	(387)	42,868	43,375	507

(Continued)

(Continued)

	2004					
	-		Adjustments	Actual- Budget		Variance- Positive
		Actual	(1)	Basis	Budget	(Negative)
Urban growth management					_	
Neighborhood Planning & Zoning:						
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$	2,479	(38)	2,441	2,576	135
Contractual services		589	23	612	761	149
Commodities		20	1	21	45	24
Capital outlay			20	20	31	11
		3,088	6	3,094	3,413	319
Development Services and Watershed Protection:						
Salaries and fringe benefits		6,728	(164)	6,564	6,898	334
Contractual services		1,284	(18)	1,266	1,631	365
Commodities		84	7	91	108	17
Expense refunds		(985)		(985)	(1,230)	(245)
Capital outlay		47	(45)	2	26	24
		7,158	(220)	6,938	7,433	495
Total urban growth management	_	10,246	(214)	10,032	10,846	814
Social services management		9,579	505	10,084	10,293	209
General city responsibilities (2)		46,983	(32,823)	14,160	12,705	(1,455)
Fotal expenditures		404,745	(34,923)	369,822	378,523	8,701
General fund expenditures						
Salaries		317,568	(3,014)	314,554	319,860	5,306
Contractuals		36,019	422	36,441	38,670	2,229
Commodities		10,020	(262)	9,758	12,375	2,617
ndirect cost		835		835	1,050	215
Expense refunds		(19,250)	(1)	(19,251)	(20,075)	(824)
Capital outlay		2,815	250	3,065	3,485	420
Street lighting		176		176	160	(16)
Social services management		9,579	505	10,084	10,293	209
General city responsibilities		46,983	(32,823)	14,160	12,705	(1,455)
Total expenditures	\$	404,745	(34,923)	369,822	378,523	8,701

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes adjustments for current year encumbrances, payments against prior year encumbrances, accrued payroll, compensated absences and amounts budgeted as operating transfers or fund-level expenditures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Actual expenditures include employee training costs and amounts budgeted as fund-level expenditures or operating transfers. Actual-budget basis expenditures include employee training costs, budgeted payroll accrual, and amounts budgeted as fund-level expenditures.

	2004						
				Actual-		Variance-	
			Adjustments	Budget		Positive	
		Actual	(1)	Basis	Budget	(Negative)	
Transfers in							
General fund:							
Non-recurring reserve	\$		540	540	540		
Enterprise funds:							
Electric		76,674		76,674	76,674		
Water and Wastewater		19,220	1,185	20,405	20,405		
Total transfers in		95,894	1,725	97,619	97,619		
Transfers out							
General fund:							
Non-recurring reserve			540	540		(540)	
Special revenue funds:							
Neighborhood Housing and							
Conservation		1,165		1,165	1,165		
Barton Springs Conservation		45		45	45		
Sustainability Fund		3,381		3,381	3,381		
Tax Increment Finance		100		100	100		
Tourism and Promotion		125		125	125		
Capital project funds		6,597		6,597	4,562	(2,035)	
Enterprise funds:		•		•		, ,	
Airport			700	700	700		
Drainage		299		299	299		
Primary Care		36,576		36,576	37,355	779	
Solid Waste Services		478		478	478		
Internal service funds:							
Capital Projects Management			1,756	1,756	1,756		
CTECC			5,672	5,672	5,672		
Fleet Maintenance			2,386	2,386	2,386		
Information Systems			12,227	12,227	12,227		
Support Services			12,723	12,723	12,823	100	
Wireless Communication			812	812	812		
Fiduciary funds:							
Voluntary Utility Assistance			152	152		(152)	
Total transfers out	_	48,766	36,968	85,734	83,886	(1,848)	
Net transfers	\$	47,128	(35,243)	11,885	13,733	(1,848)	

 $<sup>(1) \</sup> Includes \ adjustments \ to \ actual \ transfers \ required \ for \ adjusted \ budget \ basis \ presentation.$ 







	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Permanent Funds	Total
ASSETS	110101100				
Cash	\$ 5				5
Pooled investments and cash	49,671	199	135,948	1,410	187,228
Investments, at fair value		13,477			13,477
Cash held by trustee	3,064				3,064
Property taxes receivable	, 	4,395			4,395
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes		(573)			(573)
Net property taxes receivable		3,822			3,822
Accounts and other taxes receivable	14,517	, 	7,837		22,354
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(247)		(131)		(378)
Net accounts receivable	14,270		7,706		21,976
Receivables from other governments	10,274		· 		10,274
Notes receivable, net of allowance	9,890				9,890
Due from other funds	13,456		15,372		28,828
Advances to other funds		6,159			6,159
Real property held for resale	6,598				6,598
Other assets	759		512		1,271
Total assets	107,987	23,657	159,538	1,410	292,592
	:				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable	5,364		8,315		13,679
Accrued payroll	61				61
Accrued compensated absences	4				4
Due to other funds	13,447	1,186	15,372		30,005
Deferred revenue	2,835	3,798	97		6,730
Advances from other funds		346			346
Deposits and other liabilities	38,186		677		38,863
Total liabilities	59,897	5,330	24,461		89,688
Fund balances					
Reserved:					
Encumbrances	5,592		55,925		61,517
Notes receivable	9,890				9,890
Advances receivable		6,159			6,159
Real property held for resale	6,598				6,598
Debt service		12,168			12,168
Permanent funds				1,040	1,040
Unreserved, designated:				•	,
Special revenue	26,010				26,010
Unreserved, undesignated:	•				,
Capital projects			79,152		79,152
Permanent funds				370	370
Total fund balances	48,090	18,327	135,077	1,410	202,904
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 107,987	23,657	159,538	1,410	292,592
	Ψ .07,007	_5,557	. 55,555	1,110	

	Special Debt C		Capital	Permanent		
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Funds	Total	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	83,321			83,321	
Franchise fees and other taxes	30,545				30,545	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	4,275	523			4,798	
Charges for services/goods	26,714				26,714	
Intergovernmental	58,070		15,358		73,428	
Property owners' participation and contributions	3,168		527	103	3,798	
Interest and other	837	5,069	1,449	21	7,376	
Total revenues	123,609	88,913	17,334	124	229,980	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,806				1,806	
Public safety	14,893				14,893	
Transportation, planning and sustainability	3,518				3,518	
Public health	23,786				23,786	
Public recreation and culture	5,265			67	5,332	
Urban growth management	52,515				52,515	
Debt service:						
Principal		48,862			48,862	
Interest		40,109			40,109	
Fees and commissions		14			14	
Capital outlay			151,768		151,768	
Total expenditures	101,783	88,985	151,768	67	342,603	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			-			
expenditures	21,826	(72)	(134,434)	57	(112,623)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of tax supported debt			70,040		70,040	
Bond premiums		28			28	
Capital leases	12				12	
Transfers in	17,079	1,060	14,841		32,980	
Transfers out	(35,304)		(4,478)		(39,782)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,213)	1,088	80,403		63,278	
Net change in fund balances	3,613	1,016	(54,031)	57	(49,345)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	44,477	17,311	189,108	1,353	252,249	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 48,090	18,327	135,077	1,410	202,904	





Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included in the special revenue funds are:

Federal, State, and other special revenue grant funds; Other special revenue funds - see below for descriptions of the individual funds;

Housing Assistance fund - provides housing assistance to the citizens of Austin.

# **Other Special Revenue Funds**

#### **General Government**

Municipal Court:

Municipal Court Building Security Fund - Provides funding to enhance courthouse security.

Municipal Court Technology Fund - Provides funding for technological enhancements to Municipal Court operations.

#### **Public Safety**

Police

APD Incident Management Fund - Accounts for funds from Capital Metro to the Austin Police Dept. to establish a traffic command center within the APD.

Auto Theft Interdiction Fund - Accounts for funds seized related to current auto theft investigations.

Aviation Asset Forfeiture Fund - Accounts for the redistribution of proceeds generated by airport police enforcement activities.

Police Benefit Fund - Accounts for donations received for the benefit and improvement of the Police Department.

Police Federal Seized Funds Fund - Records all federal seized funds generated by police enforcement activities per State Code of Criminal Procedures (Chapter 59).

Police Seized Money Fund - Accounts for the redistribution of proceeds generated by police enforcement activities.

Fire:

Fire Miscellaneous Fund - Accounts for contributions for "The Firehouse," a public safety awareness exhibit, which is transported to different sites throughout Austin.

**Emergency Medical Services:** 

EMS Travis County Reimbursed Fund - Accounts for expenses incurred in providing for expanded emergency medical services to the citizens of Travis County located outside the City of Austin and the corresponding reimbursements from Travis County.

## Transportation, Planning and Sustainability

Public Works and Transportation:

Fiscal Surety - Land Development Fund - Escrow funds received from contractors for hydromulch and erosion control.

Office of Emergency Management Miscellaneous Fund - Accounts for contributions for public safety awareness.

Recycle Bins Fund - Accounts for donations from citizens and businesses to help defray cost of purchasing recycle bins/containers.

*RMD Conservation Fund* - Monies contributed by the Electric Fund to be used for energy loans and rebates/incentives to customers.

RMD Loan Fund - Accounts for energy loans to customers.

Transportation, Planning, and Sustainability:

Austin Transportation Study Fund - Accounts for a transportation study regarding the Austin Metropolitan roadways, bicycle areas, and pedestrian walkways.

Child Safety Fund - Accounts for certain fines and fees used to provide school crossing guards at City schools.

Environmental Remediation Fund - Accounts for remediation of sites affecting ground and surface water quality or public health and safety.

Pavement Life Recovery Fund - Collection of fees associated with pavement life recovery costs.

Railroad Right of Way Fund - Accounts for the City's management of the Austin and Northwestern Railroad right of way.

Subdivision Participation Fund - Escrow account for funds received from contractors for construction and installation of streets, sidewalks, drainage facilities, etc.

## **Public Health**

Health and Human Services:

Disproportionate Share Fund - Used to purchase medical equipment and fund structural changes for the clinic system of the Austin/Travis County Health Department in order to serve indigent patients.

Health and Human Services Travis County Reimbursed Fund - Accounts for expenses incurred by the City on behalf of Travis County and the corresponding reimbursement from Travis County for Health and Human Services and Federally Qualified Health Center programs.

Health Miscellaneous Fund - Accounts for contributions for Strategic Intervention for High Risk Youth.

Medicaid Administrative Claims Fund - Holds additional Medicaid proceeds.

Other Public Health:

Animal Services Fund - Accounts for donations to fund animal services activities.

Animal Shelter Building Fund - Accounts for donations to improve the Town Lake Animal Shelter.

## **Other Special Revenue Funds**

#### **Public Recreation and Culture**

Austin Public Library:

Austin History Center Fund - Accounts for contributions to be used for the Austin-Travis County Collection.

Julia Cousins Trust Fund - Accounts for funds received from the estate of Julia Cousins to purchase books for the public library.

Miscellaneous Library Fund - Accounts for miscellaneous deposits primarily related to Massie Library.

Special Library Trust Fund - Accounts for donations received to purchase books or special equipment.

Parks and Recreation:

Adaptive Programs Fund - Accounts for various revenues and fees generated by programs and activities sponsored by the Parks and Recreation Dept.

Austin Creeks and Trails Fund - Accounts for donations received for the upkeep of Austin's creeks and trails.

Balcones Canyonlands Fund - Accounts for an endowment to be used for long-term monitoring and management of the Bohls tract.

Friends of East Austin Youth Fund - Accounts for donations from the Friends of East Austin Youth Golf Tournament to fund programs benefiting the youth of East Austin.

*PARD Cultural Projects Fund* - Records activities for cultural project purposes. Funded by a portion of the bed tax.

*PARD Miscellaneous Fund* - Accounts for miscellaneous deposits and revenues to be used for specified purposes.

PARD Police Asset Forfeiture Fund - Accounts for the redistribution of proceeds generated by PARD police enforcement activities.

Planting for the Future Fund - Accounts for donations received for plantings in the City of Austin.

Republic Square Fund - Accounts for donations for the improvement and beautification of Republic Square.

Rifle Class Fund - Accounts for fee revenue received from individuals for instruction, materials, and supplies for rifle classes.

Senior Citizen Nutrition Fund - Accounts for donations received at various senior citizen luncheon sites around the City.

Summer Musical Fund - Accounts for funds for the annual summer musical production that is administered by the Parks and Recreation Department.

Teen Activity Fund - Accounts for contributions received to provide leisure activities for teenagers.

Tennis League Fund - Accounts for tournament fees received from participants of Austin Tennis League activities and tournaments.

Town Lake Beautification Fund - Accounts for donations for the beautification of Town Lake.

## **Urban Growth Management**

Neighborhood Housing & Community Development:

Housing Miscellaneous Fund - Accounts for donations to the Housing program to be used for specific purposes.

Housing Trust Social Equity Fund - Accounts for housing funds set aside for SMART Housing initiative.

Neighborhood Housing and Conservation Fund - Established in 1996 to lead economic development, affordable housing, and neighborhood revitalization efforts.

**Development Services and Watershed Protection:** 

Austin Industrial Development Corporation Fund (AIDC) - Accounts for the administrative costs related to the Corporation.

Austin Inner City Redevelopment Corporation Fund - Accounts for the activity of this entity.

Energy Conservation Rebates and Incentives Fund - Used for energy loans and rebates/incentives to customers; funded primarily by Electric Fund.

Fee Waiver Fund - Accounts for funds provided to allow for payment of fees waived by Council through City Ordinance.

Planning, Environmental Conservation Services Fund - Accounts for energy and water conservation services and environmental protection activities; funding provided by transfers from General, Electric, Water and Wastewater and other funds.

Public Improvement District Fund - Accounts for the downtown public improvement district, which will provide services, security, and improvements for the downtown Austin area.

*Urban Forest Replenishment Fund* - Assists in planting replacement trees, saving blocks of natural areas, providing a maintenance program for trees to be retained, requiring special construction techniques, and/or transplanting existing trees.

#### Other:

Austin Clean Water Program Fund - Accounts for improvements to the wastewater collections system to eliminate system overflows in accordance with the EPA administrative order.

Barton Springs Conservation Fund - Accounts for habitat conservation in Barton Springs.

Cable TV Fund - Accounts for payments from cable companies and disbursements to Austin Access Television.

Downtown Development Fund - Accounts for the relocation of music venue facilities.

Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax Fund - Accounts for hotel/motel occupancy tax revenues and transfers of these revenues to participating funds.

*I-35 Parking Program Fund -* Accounts for revenue, operations and maintenance requirements for two parking lots located under the I-35 overpass. These state-owned lots fall under the City's control through a 1963 lease arrangement.

Music Loan Program Fund - Provides resources for one-time music projects.

One Texas Center Fund - Accounts for the revenues and debt service requirements of the One Texas Center building.

RMMA Reimbursement Fund - Accounts for the expenses incurred by the City for the redevelopment of the former Robert Mueller Municipal Airport (RMMA) site and the corresponding reimbursements by the Catellus Development Corp

Strategic Planning Investment Fund - Accounts for costs related to managing and planning for growth by the City of Austin.

Sustainability Fund - Provides resources for one-time projects that will help the City of Austin build a sustainable economic, environmental, and equitable infrastructure.

Tax Increment Finance Fund - Accounts for maintaining the plazas, streetscapes and other public improvements installed on specific downtown blocks.

Tourism and Promotion Fund - Accounts for the promotion of tourism in Austin as both a leisure and business destination. Funded by a portion of bed tax receipts.

Vehicle Rental Tax Fund - Accounts for the levy of a short-term motor vehicle rental tax.

Wildland Conservation Fund - Accounts for the City and county's management of preserve systems.

	Federal, State,			
	and Other	Other Special		
	Special Revenue	Revenue	Housing	2004
	Grants	Funds	Assistance	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	5		5
Pooled investments and cash	4,254	41,510	3,907	49,671
Cash held by trustee	3,064	<del></del>		3,064
Accounts and other taxes receivable		11,952	2,565	14,517
Less allowance for doubtful accounts			(247)	(247)
Net accounts receivable		11,952	2,318	14,270
Receivables from other governments	10,274			10,274
Notes receivable, net of allowance		<del></del>	9,890	9,890
Due from other funds		13,456		13,456
Real property held for resale			6,598	6,598
Other assets	95	561	103	759
Total assets	17,687	67,484	22,816	107,987
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Accounts payable	1,501	3,104	759	5,364
Accrued payroll		61		61
Accrued compensated absences		4		4
Due to other funds	10,571	2,876		13,447
Deferred revenue			2,835	2,835
Deposits and other liabilities	5,615	31,885	686	38,186
Total liabilities	17,687	37,930	4,280	59,897
Fund balances				
Reserved:				
Encumbrances		5,592		5,592
Notes receivable			9,890	9,890
Real property held for resale			6,598	6,598
Unreserved, designated:				
Special revenue		23,962	2,048	26,010
Total fund balances		00.554	40.500	40.000
	<del></del>	29,554	18,536	48,090

	Federal, State, and Other Special Revenue Grants		Other Special Revenue Funds	Housing Assistance	2004 Total
REVENUES					
Franchise fees and other taxes	\$		30,545		30,545
Fines, forfeitures and penalties			4,275		4,275
Charges for services/goods			26,714		26,714
Intergovernmental		45,659		12,411	58,070
Property owners' participation and contributions			3,168		3,168
Interest and other			152	685	837
Total revenues		45,659	64,854	13,096	123,609
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		376	1,430		1,806
Public safety		5,774	9,119		14,893
Transportation, planning and sustainability		801	2,717		3,518
Public health		19,633	4,153		23,786
Public recreation and culture		1,692	3,573		5,265
Urban growth management		17,383	25,297	9,835	52,515
Total expenditures		45,659	46,289	9,835	101,783
Excess of revenues over expenditures			18,565	3,261	21,826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital leases			12		12
Transfers in			17,079		17,079
Transfers out			(35,304)		(35,304)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(18,213)		(18,213)
Net change in fund balances			352	3,261	3,613
Fund balances at beginning of year			29,202	15,275	44,477
Fund balances at end of year	\$		29,554	18,536	48,090

			Assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances							
	Pooled Investments and Cash	Cash held	Receivables from Other Governments	Other Assets	Total Assets	Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances
Federal grants	•		040	_	000	•	044		200		000
U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$ 3		916	7	926	9		3	926		926
Environmental Protection Agency											
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission							4.070				
U.S. Department of Justice	313		2,042		2,355	169	1,978	208	2,355		2,355
U.S. Department of Labor	14		42		56		42	14	56		56
U.S. Department of Transportation	26		536		562		534	28	562		562
U.S. Federal Emergency Management	20		31		51	6		14	51		51
U.S. Health & Human Services	1,623		3,499	12	5,134	805		1,658	5,134		5,134
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			152		152	66			152		152
U.S. Housing/Urban Development	1,995	3,064	1,632	20	6,711	318	2,958	3,435	6,711		6,711
U.S. National Foundation on the											
Arts and Humanities	12		521	56	589	67	509	13	589		589
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs	43				43			43	43		43
Total federal grants	4,049	3,064	9,580	95	16,788	1,455	9,917	5,416	16,788		16,788
State grants											
Texas Governor's Office Criminal											
Justice Division			138		138	29	109		138		138
Texas Health Department	24		160		184	1	157	26	184		184
Office of the Attorney General			4		4		4		4		4
Texas Commission of the Arts	12				12			12	12		12
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	63				63	15		48	63		63
Texas Health and Human Services Commission	1		7		8		7	1	8		8
Texas Parks and Wildlife	<u></u>		5		5		5		5		5
Texas Department of Transportation			71		71		71		71		71
The University of Texas at Austin							• •		• •		
Center of Criminology	1				1			1	1		1
Texas State Library and	•							•	•		·
Archives Commission			51		51	1	50		51		51
Texas Water Development Board			58		58		58		58		58
State Energy Conservation Office	1		14		15		7	8	15		15
Total state grants	102		508		610	46		96	610		610
_											
Other special revenue grants	103		186		289		186	103	289		289
Total all grants	\$ 4,254	3,064	10,274	95	17,687	1,501	10,571	5,615	17,687		17,687

Special Revenue Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - All Special Revenue Grants
For the year ended September 30, 2004
(In thousands)

	Revenues         Expenditures         Of Revenues           Inter-         Special         Over           governmental         Projects         Expenditures		(Deficiency) Of Revenues Over	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	Fund Balances at End of Year
Federal grants					
U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$ 3,714	3,714			
Corporation for National and Community Service	272	272			
Environmental Protection Agency	4	4			
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	158	158			
U.S. Department of Justice	2,912	2,912			
U.S. Department of Labor	324	324			
U.S. Department of Transportation	1,274	1,274			
U.S. Federal Emergency Management	326	326			
U.S. Health & Human Services	11,621	11,621			
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	417	417			
U.S. Housing/Urban Development	20,704	20,704			
U.S. National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities	1,258	1,258			
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs	107	107			
Total federal grants	43,091	43,091			
State grants					
Texas Governor's Office Criminal					
Justice Division	358	358			
Texas Health Department	997	997			
Office of the Attorney General	70	70			
Texas Commission of the Arts					
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	177	177			
Texas Health and Human Services Commission	7	7			
Texas Parks and Wildlife					
Texas Department of Transportation	295	295			
The University of Texas at Austin Center of Criminology					
Texas State Library and Archives Commission	100	100			
Texas Water Development Board	58	58			
State Energy Conservation Office	77	77			
Total state grants	2,139	2,139			
Other special revenue grants	429	429			<u></u>
Total all grants	\$ 45,659	45,659			

# Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Expenditures - All Special Revenue Grants From Inception to September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

		l Expenditur		Curren	t Year		Expenditur End of Year			Budget	
		In-Kind	<u>cai</u>	Ourien	In-Kind		In-Kind			In-Kind	
	Grant	Match	Total	Grant	Match	Grant	Match	Total	Grant	Match	Total
Federal grants											
U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$ 6,475		6,475	3,714		10,189		10,189	9,312	11	9,323
Corporation for National											
and Community Service	258	86	344	272	80	530	166	696	748	166	914
Environmental Protection Agency				4		4		4	5		5
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	77		77	158		235		235	331		331
U.S. Department of Justice	4,282	1,264	5,546	2,912	1,889	7,194	3,153	10,347	9,317	7,275	16,592
U.S. Department of Labor	78	28	106	324	15	402	43	445	656	43	699
U.S. Department of Transportation	5,323	1,736	7,059	1,274	173	6,597	1,909	8,506	19,108	4,688	23,796
U.S. Federal Emergency Management	471	666	1,137	326	28	797	694	1,491	883	419	1,302
U.S. Health & Human Services	20,299	1,145	21,444	11,621	56	31,920	1,201	33,121	42,794	2,469	45,263
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				417		417		417	2,755		2,755
U.S. Housing/Urban Development	132,092	961	133,053	20,704	345	152,796	1,306	154,102	173,139	1,679	174,818
U.S. National Foundation on the											
Arts and Humanities	2,474		2,474	1,258		3,732		3,732	4,855		4,855
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs	194		194	107		301		301	329		329
Total federal grants	172,023	5,886	177,909	43,091	2,586	215,114	8,472	223,586	264,232	16,750	280,982
State grants											
Texas Governor's Office Criminal											
Justice Division	659	137	796	358	92	1,017	229	1,246	1,324	245	1,569
Texas Health Department	2,565	95	2,660	997		3,562	95	3,657	4,139		4,139
Office of the Attorney General	183		183	70		253		253	274		274
Texas Commission of the Arts									12		12
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	612		612	177		789		789	814		814
Texas Health and Human Services Commission	329		329	7		336		336	756		756
Texas Parks and Wildlife	101	35	136			101	35	136	100	25	125
Texas Department of Transportation	1,850	1,073	2,923	295	529	2,145	1,602	3,747	3,158	2,241	5,399
The University of Texas at Austin	,	ŕ	•			,	•	,	•	ŕ	*
Center of Criminology	10		10			10		10	10		10
Texas State Library and						_		-			
Archives Commission	231		231	100		331		331	429		429
Texas Water Development Board				58	101	58	101	159	399	200	599
State Energy Conservation Office	139	19	158	77		216	19	235	234	19	253
Total state grants	6,679	1,359	8,038	2,139	722	8,818	2,081	10,899	11,649	2,730	14,379
Other special revenue grants	1,307	25	1,332	429		1,736	25	1,761	2,059	40	2,099
Total all grants	\$ 180,009	7,270	187,279	45,659	3,308	225,668	10,578	236,246	277,940	19,520	297,460
rotar an grants	Ψ 100,009	1,210	101,219	40,008	3,300	223,000	10,576	200,240	211,340	13,320	231,400

		Assets							
	Cash	Pooled Investments and Cash	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets			
General government									
Municipal Court:									
Municipal Court Building Security	\$	206				206			
Municipal Court Technology		1,636				1,636			
Total general government		1,842				1,842			
Public safety									
Police:									
APD Incident Management		77				77			
Auto Theft Interdiction		25				25			
Aviation Asset Forfeiture		172				172			
Police Benefit		36				36			
Police Federal Seized Funds	4	1,589				1,593			
Police Seized Money		378				378			
Total Police	4	2,277				2,281			
Fire:									
Fire Miscellaneous		22				22			
Total Fire		22				22			
Emergency Medical Services:									
EMS Travis County Reimbursed			644	9		653			
Total Emergency Medical Services			644	9		653			
Total public safety	4	2,299	644	9		2,956			
Transportation, planning and sustainability									
Public Works and Transportation:									
Fiscal Surety - Land Development		15,006		13,447		28,453			
Office of Emergency Management Miscellaneous		1				1			
Recycle Bins		5				5			
RMD Conservation		97				97			
RMD Loan		864			113	977			
Total Public Works and Transportation		15,973		13,447	113	29,533			
Transportation, Planning and Sustainability:				·					
Austin Transportation Study			1,007			1,007			
Child Safety		407			2	409			
Environmental Remediation		116				116			
Pavement Life Recovery		42	37			79			
Railroad Right of Way		5				5			
Subdivision Participation		4,460				4,460			
Total Transportation, Planning and Sustainability		5,030	1,044		2	6,076			
Total transportation, planning and	•								
sustainability	\$	21,003	1,044	13,447	115	35,609			

		Liabili	ties				Fund Ba	lances		
		Accrued	Due	Deposits		Reserved				Total
		Compen-	to	and		for	Unrese	erved	Total	Liabilities
Accounts	Accrued	sated	Other	Other	Total	Encum-		Undesig-	Fund	and Fund
Payable	Payroll	Absences	Funds	Liabilities	Liabilities	brances	Designated	nated	Balances	Balances
27	13				40	1	165		166	206
271					271	1,338	27		1,365	1,636
298	13				311	1,339	192		1,531	1,842
2					2	45	30		75	77
				23	23		2		2	25
1					1	1	170		171	172
2					2	1	33		34	36
4					4	15	1,574		1,589	1,593
5					5	1	372		373	378
14				23	37	63	2,181		2,244	2,281
				1	1		21		21	22
				1	1		21		21	22
3		4	643		650	4		(1)	3	653
3		4	643		650	4		(1)	3	653
17		4	643	24	688	67	2,202	(1)	2,268	2,956
1				28,529	28,530			(77)	(77)	28,453
						1	 5		1	1
		 					97		5 97	5 97
118					118		859	 	859	977
119				28,529	28,648	1	961	(77)	885	29,533
110				20,020	20,010		001	(11)	000	20,000
6			942	59	1,007					1,007
4	41				45	5	359		364	409
1				49	50		66		66	116
							79		79	79
							5		5	5
				1,443	1,443		3,017		3,017	4,460
11	41		942	1,551	2,545	5	3,526		3,531	6,076
130	41		942	30,080	31,193	6	4,487	(77)	4,416	35,609

				Assets	<b>i</b>		
	Cas	s <b>h</b>	Pooled Investments and Cash	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets
Public health							
Health and Human Services:							
Disproportionate Share	\$		128				128
Health and Human Services Travis County							
Reimbursed			178	1,276		2	1,456
Health Miscellaneous			94				94
Medicaid Administrative Claims			809				809
Total Health and Human Services			1,209	1,276		2	2,487
Other public health:							
Animal Services Fund			281				281
Animal Shelter Building			12				12
Total other public health			293				293
Total public health			1,502	1,276		2	2,780
Public recreation and culture							
Austin Public Library:							
Austin History Center			155				155
Julia Cousins Trust			1				1
Miscellaneous Library			1				1
Special Library			183				183
Total Austin Public Library			340				340
Parks and Recreation:							
Adaptive Programs			50				50
Austin Creeks and Trails			21				21
Balcones Canyonlands			75				75
Friends of East Austin Youth			10				10
PARD Cultural Projects			230				230
PARD Miscellaneous			651				651
PARD Police Asset Forfeitures			2				2
Planting for the Future			349				349
Republic Square			2				2
Rifle Class			1				1
Senior Nutrition			10				10
Summer Musical			433				433
Teen Activity			180				180
Tennis League			5				5
Town Lake Beautification			419				419
Total Parks and Recreation			2,438				2,438
Total public recreation and culture	\$		2,778				2,778

# City of Austin, Texas Exhibit E-11

# (Continued)

		Liabili	ties				Fund Ba	lances		•	
		Accrued Compen-	Due to	Deposits and	_	Reserved for	Unrese	erved	Total	Total Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	Accrued Payroll	sated Absences	Other Funds	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Encum- brances	Designated	Undesig- nated	Fund Balances	and Fund Balances	
		7.000000									
1					1	127			127	128	
40			899	2	941	105	410		515	1,456	
				60	60		34		34	94	
				715	715		94		94	809	
41			899	777	1,717	232	538		770	2,487	
3				96	99		182		182	281	
							12		12	12	
3				96	99		194		194	293	
44			899	873	1,816	232	732		964	2,780	
							155		155	155	
							1		1	1	
							1		1	1	
1					1	11	171		182	183	
1					1	11	328		339	340	
							50		50	50	
							21		21	21	
							75		75	75	
							10		10	10	
17					17	315		(102)	213	230	
11					11	11	629		640	651	
							2		2	2	
							349		349	349	
							2		2	2	
							1		1	1	
				10	10					10	
							433		433	433	
4					4		176		176	180	
					<b></b>		5		5	5	
11					11	18	390		408	419	
43				10	53	344	2,143	(102)	2,385	2,438	
44				10	54	355	2,471	(102)	2,724	2,778	

			Assets	<b>3</b>		
	Cash	Pooled Investments and Cash	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets
Urban growth management						
Neighborhood Housing & Community Development:						
Housing Miscellaneous	\$	42				42
Housing Trust Social Equity		1,502				1,502
Neighborhood Housing and Conservation	1	1,442				1,443
Total Neighborhood Housing & Community						
Development	1	2,986				2,987
Development Services and Watershed Protection:						
Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC)		151				151
Austin Inner City Redevelopment Corporation		2				2
Energy Conservation Rebates and Incentives		2,964			19	2,983
Fee Waiver		25				25
Planning, Environmental Conservation Services		108				108
Public Improvement District		1,083	14			1,097
Urban Forest Replenishment		283				283
Total Development Services and Watershed						
Protection		4,616	14		19	4,649
Other:						
Austin Clean Water Program		126				126
Barton Springs Conservation		19				19
Cable TV		182				182
Downtown Development		187				187
Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax		18	6,835			6,853
I-35 Parking Program		136				136
Music Loan Program		245				245
One Texas Center		995				995
RMMA Reimbursement			952			952
Strategic Planning Investment		22				22
Sustainability		570				570
Tax Increment Finance		279				279
Tourism and Promotion					425	425
Vehicle Rental Tax			1,187			1,187
Wildland Conservation		1,705				1,705
Total other		4,484	8,974		425	13,883
Total urban growth management	1	12,086	8,988		444	21,519
2004 Total	\$ 5	41,510	11,952	13,456	561	67,484

		Liabili	ties							
		Accrued Compen-	Due to	Deposits and		Reserved for	Unrese		Total	Total Liabilities
Accounts	Accrued	sated	Other	Other	Total	Encum-		Undesig-	Fund	and Fund
Payable	Payroll	Absences	Funds	Liabilities	Liabilities	brances	Designated	nated	<b>Balances</b>	Balances
							42		42	42
							1,502		1,502	1,502
117	7			758	882	110	451		561	1,443
117	7			758	882	110	1,995		2,105	2,987
							151		151	151
							2		2	2
829					829	1,312	842		2,154	2,983
						1,512	25		2,134	2,905
						3	105		108	108
						674	423		1,097	1,097
							283		283	283
							203		203	203
829					829	1,989	1,831		3,820	4,649
							126		126	126
							19		19	19
22					22		160		160	182
							187		187	187
				18	18		6,835		6,835	6,853
12				122	134	1	1		2	136
							245		245	245
902					902	288		(195)	93	995
305			149		454	652		(154)	498	952
							22		22	22
228					228	247	95		342	570
						53	226		279	279
156			243		399		26		26	425
							1,187		1,187	1,187
						253	1,452		1,705	1,705
1,625			392	140	2,157	1,494	10,581	(349)	11,726	13,883
2,571	7		392	898	3,868	3,593	14,407	(349)	17,651	21,519
3,104	61	4	2,876	31,885	37,930	5,592	24,491	(529)	29,554	67,484

	Revenues						
		Gross	Fines,	Charges for		Interest	
		Receipts	Forfeitures	Services/		and	Total
		Taxes	and Penalties	Goods	Contributions	Other	Revenues
General government							
Municipal Court:							
Municipal Court Building Security	\$		438			3	441
Municipal Court Technology	Ψ		578			31	609
Total general government			1,016			34	1,050
Public safety							
Police:							
APD Incident Management						173	173
Auto Theft Interdiction							
Aviation Asset Forfeiture			10			3	13
Police Benefit					2		2
Police Federal Seized Funds			1,476			14	1,490
Police Seized Money			102			10	112
Total Police			1,588		2	200	1,790
Fire: Fire Miscellaneous				30		2	32
Total Fire	_			30		2	32
Emergency Medical Services:				- 30			- 32
EMS Travis County Reimbursed				7,614			7,614
Total Emergency Medical Services				7,614			7,614
Total public safety			1,588	7,644	2	202	9,436
Transportation, planning and sustainability							
Public Works and Transportation:							
Fiscal Surety - Land Development						(460)	(460)
Office of Emergency Management Miscellaneous				11			11
Recycle Bins							
RMD Conservation							
RMD Loan						9	9
Total Public Works and Transportation				11		(451)	(440)
Transportation, Planning and Sustainability:							
Austin Transportation Study				1,219			1,219
Child Safety			1,367			6	1,373
Environmental Remediation						6	6
Pavement Life Recovery			95			2	97
Railroad Right of Way							
Subdivision Participation	_					73	73
Total Transportation, Planning and			4 400	4.040		67	0.700
Sustainability	_		1,462	1,219		87	2,768
Total transportation, planning and sustainability	\$		1,462	1,230		(364)	2,328
• • •	<u> </u>		.,.32	-,		()	-,

<sup>(1)</sup> Expenditures include capital outlay of \$1,381.

	Excess (Deficiency)		Other Financin Sources (Uses	-	Net	Fund	Fund Balances at End of Year  166 1,365 1,531  75 2 171 34 1,589 373 2,244  21 21 3 3 3 2,268  (77) 1 5 97 859 885
Expenditures (1)	Of Revenues Over Expenditures	Capital Leases	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Change in Fund Balances	Balances at Beginning of Year	at End
408	33				33	133	166
1,022	(413)				(413)	1,778	
1,430	(380)				(380)	1,911	1,531
458	(285)				(285)	360	75
						2	
28	(15)				(15)	186	171
16	(14)				(14)		_
688 148	802 (36)				802 (36)	787 409	•
1,338	452				452	1,792	
1,000	102				102	1,702	_,
15	17				17	4	21
15	17				17	4	21
7,766	(152)				(152)	155	
7,766	(152)				(152)	155	3
9,119	317				317	1,951	2,268
	(460)				(460)	383	(77)
11	(460)	 		 	(460)	363 1	
						5	
						97	97
	9				9	850	
11	(451)				(451)	1,336	885
1,219							
1,479	(106)				(106)	470	364
8	(2)		725	(978)	(255)	321	66
	97			(180)	(83)	162	
	 73			 	73	5 2,944	
2,706	62		725	(1,158)	(371)	3,902	3,531
2,717	(389)		725	(1,158)	(822)	5,238	4,416

	Revenues									
		Gross	Fines,	Charges for		Interest				
		Receipts	Forfeitures	Services/		and	Total			
		Taxes	and Penalties	Goods	Contributions	Other	Revenues			
Public health										
Health and Human Services:										
Disproportionate Share	\$									
Health and Human Services Travis County	Ψ									
Reimbursed				4,408	<del></del>		4,408			
Health Miscellaneous					9	4	13			
Medicaid Administrative Claims						13	13			
Total Health and Human Services				4,408	9	17	4,434			
Other public health:			<del></del>	4,400	<u> </u>	17	4,434			
Animal Services Fund					185	1	186			
			 		100					
Animal Shelter Building	_									
Total other public health	_				185	1	186			
Total public health	_			4,408	194	18	4,620			
Public recreation and culture										
Austin Public Library:										
Austin History Center					3		3			
Julia Cousins Trust										
Miscellaneous Library										
Special Library					149		149			
Total Austin Public Library					152		152			
Parks and Recreation:										
Adaptive Programs										
Austin Creeks and Trails					2		2			
Balcones Canyonlands										
Friends of East Austin Youth										
PARD Cultural Projects						3	3			
PARD Miscellaneous				1	49	14	64			
PARD Police Asset Forfeitures										
Planting for the Future					392		392			
Republic Square										
Rifle Class										
Summer Musical					344		344			
Teen Activity					26		26			
Tennis League										
Town Lake Beautification	_				144		144			
Total Parks and Recreation	_			1	957	17	975			
Total public recreation and culture	\$			1	1,109	17	1,127			

	Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Expenditures Over Capital (1) Expenditures Leases		Other Financin Sources (Uses		Net	Fund	Fund
Expenditures (1)			Transfers In	Transfers Out	Change in Fund Balances	Balances at Beginning of Year	Balances at End of Year
7	(7)				(7)	134	127
4,131	277				277	238	515
4,131	2	 			2//	32	34
	13				13	81	94
4,149	285				285	485	770
4,149	203				200	403	770
4	182				182		182
						12	12
4	182				182	12	194
4,153	467				467	497	964
1	2				2	153	155
						1	1
						1	1
95	54				54	128	182
96	56				56	283	339
						50	50
	2				2	19	21
						75	75
						10	10
3,041	(3,038)		2,962		(76)	289	213
11	53		,		53	587	640
						2	2
130	262				262	87	349
						2	2
						1	1
11	333				333	100	433
57	(31)				(31)	207	176
						5	5
227	(83)				(83)		408
3,477	(2,502)		2,962		460	1,925	2,385
3,573	(2,446)		2,962		516	2,208	2,724

		_			Revenues						
		Gross	Fines,	Charges for		Interest					
	F	Receipts	Forfeitures	Services/		and	Total				
		Taxes	and Penalties	Goods	Contributions	Other	Revenues				
Urban growth management											
Neighborhood Housing & Community Development:											
Housing Miscellaneous	\$					1	1				
Housing Trust Social Equity	*					116	116				
Neighborhood Housing and Conservation						31	31				
Total Neighborhood Housing & Community											
Development						148	148				
Development Services and Watershed Protection:											
Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC)						2	2				
Austin Inner City Redevelopment Corporation											
Energy Conservation Rebates and Incentives				10,024			10,024				
Fee Waiver											
Planning, Environmental Conservation Services											
Public Improvement District				1,248		31	1,279				
Urban Forest Replenishment					156	3	159				
Total Development Services and Watershed											
Protection				11,272	156	36	11,464				
Other:											
Austin Clean Water Program					125	1	126				
Barton Springs Conservation						1	1				
Cable TV				635		2	637				
Downtown Development						3	3				
Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax		26,082	25				26,107				
I-35 Parking Program				75		1	76				
Music Loan Program						4	4				
One Texas Center				1,449			1,449				
RMMA Reimbursement					1,582	2	1,584				
Strategic Planning Investment						1	1				
Sustainability											
Tax Increment Finance						4	4				
Tourism and Promotion						1	1				
Vehicle Rental Tax		4,463				16	4,479				
Wildland Conservation			184			25	209				
Total other		30,545	209	2,159	1,707	61	34,681				
Total urban growth management		30,545	209	13,431	1,863	245	46,293				
2004 Total	\$	30,545	4,275	26,714	3,168	152	64,854				

	Excess (Deficiency)		Other Financing Sources (Uses	-	Net	Fund	Fund
Expenditures (1)	Of Revenues Over Expenditures	Capital Leases	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Change in Fund Balances	Balances at Beginning of Year	Balances at End of Year
	1				1	41	42
719	(603)		800		197	1,305	1,502
1,637	(1,606)	12	1,165		(429)	990	561
2,356	(2,208)	12	1,965		(231)	2,336	2,105
<u></u>	2				2	149	151
						2	2
9,322	702				702	1,452	2,154
·						25	25
						108	108
1,461	(182)		150		(32)	1,129	1,097
	159				159	124	283
10,783	681		150		831	2,989	3,820
	126				126		126
284	(283)		45		(238)	257	19
639	(2)				(2)	162	160
	3				3	184	187
	26,107			(25,378)	729	6,106	6,835
74	2				2		2
	4				4	241	245
1,917	(468)			(983)	(1,451)	1,544	93
1,510	74				74	424	498
4	(3)				(3)	25	22
3,532	(3,532)		6,918	(3,401)	(15)	357	342
15	(11)		100		89	190	279
4,168	(4,167)		4,214		47	(21)	26
	4,479			(4,384)	95	1,092	1,187
15	194				194	1,511	1,705
12,158	22,523		11,277	(34,146)	(346)	12,072	11,726
25,297	20,996	12	13,392	(34,146)	254	17,397	17,651
46,289	18,565	12	17,079	(35,304)	352	29,202	29,554

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	В	Fund Salances		_	Other Fi Sources	-	Excess of Sources	Fund Balances
		Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Over Uses	at End of Year
General government								
Municipal Court:								
Municipal Court Building Security								
Actual-budget basis	\$	73	441	411			30	103
Budget		(280)	421	429			(8)	(288)
Variance		353	20	18			38	391
Municipal Court Technology								
Actual-budget basis		1,700	609	2,061			(1,452)	248
Budget		(1,072)	561	2,062			(1,501)	(2,573)
Variance		2,772	48	1			49	2,821
Public safety								
Police:								
Aviation Asset Forfeiture								
Actual-budget basis		175	13	29			(16)	159
Budget		(389)	15	115			(100)	(489)
Variance		564	(2)	86			84	648
Police Federal Seized Funds								
Actual-budget basis		704	1,490	699			791	1,495
Budget		(694)	386	700			(314)	(1,008)
Variance		1,398	1,104	1			1,105	2,503
Police Seized Money								
Actual-budget basis		382	112	132			(20)	362
Budget		(170)	144	250			(106)	(276)
Variance		552	(32)	118			86	638
Emergency Medical Services:			,					
EMS Travis County Reimbursed								
Actual-budget basis	\$	93	7,614	7,746			(132)	(39)
Budget	*	(171)	7,757	7,757				(171)
Variance		264	(143)	11			(132)	132

Special Revenue Funds - Other
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Transfers Budget and Actual-Budget Basis
Year ended September 30, 2004
(In thousands)

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(Continued)

	Fund alances		_	Other Fir Sources	-	Excess of Sources	Fund Balances
	eginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Over Uses	at End of Year
Transportation, planning and sustainability							_
Transportation, planning and sustainability							
Child Safety							
Actual-budget basis	\$ 371	1,373	1,485			(112)	259
Budget	(424)	1,470	1,652			(182)	(606)
Variance	795	(97)	167			70	865
Environmental Remediation							
Actual-budget basis	315	6	8	725	978	(255)	60
Budget	29	20	50	725	978	(283)	(254)
Variance	286	(14)	42			28	314
Public health							
Health and Human Services Travis							
County Reimbursed							
Actual-budget basis	(409)	4,408	4,145			263	(146)
Budget	(1,863)	5,699	5,699				(1,863)
Variance	1,454	(1,291)	1,554			263	1,717
Public recreation and culture							
PARD Cultural Projects							
Actual-budget basis	(23)	3	3,227	2,962		(262)	(285)
Budget	(254)	2	3,232	3,194		(36)	(290)
Variance	231	1	5	(232)		(226)	5
PARD Police Asset Forfeiture							
Actual-budget basis	\$ 2						2
Budget	(12)		2			(2)	(14)
Variance	14		2			2	16

Special Revenue Funds - Other
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Transfers Budget and Actual-Budget Basis
Year ended September 30, 2004
(In thousands)

132

	_	Fund alances		_	Other Fir Sources	(Uses)	Excess of Sources	Fund Balances
		Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Over Uses	at End of Year
		oi i eai	Revenues	Expenditures		Out	0363	Of Teal
Urban growth management								
Neighborhood Planning and Zoning:								
Neighborhood Housing and Conservation								
Actual-budget basis	\$	784	31	1,553	1,165	88	(445)	339
Budget		(1,276)	20	2,003	1,165	88	(906)	(2,182)
Variance		2,060	11	450			461	2,521
Development Services and Watershed Protection:								
Energy Conservation Rebates and Incentives								
Actual-budget basis		(773)	10,024	9,808			216	(557)
Budget		(796)	10,638	11,004			(366)	(1,162)
Variance		23	(614)	1,196			582	605
Public Improvement District								
Actual-budget basis		342	1,279	1,349	150		80	422
Budget		575		1,349			(1,349)	(774)
Variance		(233)	1,279		150		1,429	1,196
Other								
Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax								
Actual-budget basis			25,378			25,378		
Budget			27,376			27,376		
Variance			(1,998)			1,998		
I-35 Parking Program								
Actual-budget basis			76	75			1	1
Budget			225	225				
Variance			(149)	150			1	1
One Texas Center			,					
Actual-budget basis	\$	1,544	1,449	2,205		983	(1,739)	(195)
Budget		615	1,336	1,500		983	(1,147)	(532)
Variance		929	113	(705)			(592)	337
				, ,			, ,	Continued)

		Fund Balances		_	Other Fir Sources	(Uses)	Excess of Sources	Fund Balances
		Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Over Uses	at End of Year
Sustainability				•				
Actual-budget basis	\$	(11)		3,483	6,918	3,401	34	23
Budget	·			3,517	6,918	3,401		
Variance		(11)		34			34	23
Tourism and Promotion		, ,						
Actual-budget basis		(5)	1	4,168	4,214		47	42
Budget		(610)	35	4,539	4,536		32	(578)
Variance		605	(34)	371	(322)		15	620
Vehicle Rental Tax								
Actual-budget basis		(2,190)	4,384			4,384		(2,190)
Budget		(5,107)	4,887			4,887		(5,107)
Variance		2,917	(503)			503		2,917
Wildland Conservation								
Actual-budget basis		1,430	209	250			(41)	1,389
Budget		(469)	250	250				(469)
Variance		1,899	(41)				(41)	1,858
Total								
Actual-budget basis	\$	4,504	58,900	42,834	16,134	35,212	(3,012)	1,492
Budget		(12,368)	61,242	46,335	16,538	37,713	(6,268)	(18,636)
Variance		16,872	(2,342)	3,501	(404)	2,501	3,256	20,128





Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt. The two debt service funds are as follows:

The General Obligation Debt Service Fund - used for payments of principal, interest and related costs of general obligation and other tax-supported debt;

The HUD Section 108 Loans Fund - used to account for HUD loans for construction costs.



	General Obligation		HUD Section 108 Loans	2004 Total	
ASSETS				-	
Pooled investments and cash	\$	199	<del></del>	199	
Investments, at fair value		13,477		13,477	
Property taxes receivable		4,395		4,395	
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes		(573)		(573)	
Net property taxes receivable		3,822		3,822	
Advances to other funds		6,159		6,159	
Total assets		23,657	<del></del> -	23,657	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Due to other funds		1,186		1,186	
Deferred revenue		3,798		3,798	
Advances from other funds		346		346	
Total liabilities		5,330	<del></del> -	5,330	
Fund balances					
Reserved:					
Advances receivable		6,159		6,159	
Debt service		12,168		12,168	
Total fund balances		18,327		18,327	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	23,657		23,657	

	General Obligation	HUD Section 108 Loans	2004 Total
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 83,321		83,321
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	523		523
Interest and other	3,178	1,891	5,069
Total revenues	87,022	1,891	88,913
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service:			
Principal	48,022	840	48,862
Interest	39,058	1,051	40,109
Fees and commissions	14	<u> </u>	14
Total expenditures	87,094	1,891	88,985
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	-		
expenditures	(72		(72)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond premiums	28		28
Transfers in	1,060		1,060
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,088		1,088
Net change in fund balances	1,016		1,016
Fund balances at beginning of year	17,311		17,311
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 18,327		18,327

Debt Service Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual-Budget Basis
For the year ended September 30, 2004
(In thousands)

	General Obligation			HUD	<b>HUD Section 108 Loans</b>			
		Actual- Budget Basis	Budget	Variance- Positive (Negative)	Actual- Budget Basis	Budget	Variance- Positive (Negative)	2004 Actual-Budget Basis Total
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	82,852	83,270	(418)				82,852
Interest		627	509	118				627
Other revenue		3,697	3,680	17	1,891	1,706	185	5,588
Total revenues		87,176	87,459	(283)	1,891	1,706	185	89,067
EXPENDITURES								
Principal retirement		57,699	57,989	290	840	618	(222)	58,539
Interest and other		42,903	44,443	1,540	1,051	1,076	25	43,954
Fees and commissions		14	15	1		12	12	14
Total expenditures		100,616	102,447	1,831	1,891	1,706	(185)	102,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(13,440)	(14,988)	1,548				(13,440)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond premiums		28		28				28
Transfers in		12,034	12,061	(27)				12,034
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,062	12,061	1				12,062
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over								
expenditures and other uses		(1,378)	(2,927)	1,549				(1,378)
Fund balances at beginning of year		12,812	13,172	(360)				12,812
Fund balances at end of year	\$	11,434	10,245	1,189			<u></u>	11,434



# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. There are eight major groups of funds that account for the activities related to the capital improvement projects:

#### Prior

to 1984: Funds authorized prior to 1981, for various purposes;

Funds authorized August 29, 1981, for street and drainage, fire stations, and emergency medical service projects;

Funds authorized September 11, 1982, for various purposes;

Funds authorized October 22, 1983, for Jollyville Road Improvements;

1984: Funds authorized September 8, 1984, for various purposes;

1985: Funds authorized January 19, 1985, for cultural arts;

Funds authorized July 26, 1985, for parks and recreation;

Funds authorized September 26, 1985, for art in public places;

Funds authorized December 14, 1985, for parks and recreation;

1987: Funds authorized September 3, 1987, for street improvements;

1992: Funds authorized August 10, 1992, for various purposes;

1997: Funds authorized May 3, 1997, for radio trunking;

1998: Funds authorized November 3, 1998, for various purposes;

2000: Funds authorized November 7, 2000, for transportation mobility and land acquisition; and

Other: Other funds established for various purposes.



	2004
ASSETS	
Pooled investments and cash	\$ 135,948
Accounts and other taxes receivable	7,837
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (131)
Net accounts receivable	7,706
Due from other funds	15,372
Other assets	 512
Total assets	 159,538
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Accounts payable	8,315
Due to other funds	15,372
Deferred revenue	97
Deposits and other liabilities	 677
Total liabilities	 24,461
Fund balances	
Reserved:	
Encumbrances	55,925
Unreserved, undesignated:	•
Capital projects	79,152
Total fund balances	135,077
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 159,538

	2004
REVENUES	
Intergovernmental	\$ 15,358
Property owners' participation and contributions	527
Interest and other	1,449
Total revenues	17,334
EXPENDITURES	
Capital outlay	151,768
Total expenditures	151,768
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
expenditures	(134,434)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Issuance of tax supported debt	70,040
Transfers in	14,841
Transfers out	(4,478)
Total other financing sources (uses)	80,403
Net change in fund balances	(54,031)
Fund balances at beginning of year	 189,108
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 135,077

	Assets							
	Inv	Pooled restments nd Cash	Accounts Receivable	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets
Funds Authorized Prior to 1981								
	•	404				50		477
Parks and recreation	\$	121				56		177
Police and courts		2						2
Street improvements		57						57
Library		7 187				56		7 243
Funds Authorized August 29, 1981		107						240
Street and drainage		3						3
Fire stations		24						24
EMS buildings		293						293
3.		320						320
Funds Authorized September 11, 1982								
Flood prevention		106						106
Parksvarious		133						133
Environmental resources		2						2
Fire/EMS building		43						43
-		284						284
Funds Authorized October 22, 1983								
Jollyville road improvements						27		27
Energy improvements - city facilities								
						27		27
Total Prior to 1984	-	791				83		874
Funds Authorized September 8, 1984								
PARD pools		5						5
Parkland acquisition		2						2
Parks/Old Bakery								
Drainage and flood improvements		4,210				198		4,408
Street improvements		1,879	13		13			1,892
Fire improvements		11						11
Libraries		1						1
Police facilities								
Traffic signals		4						4
EMS/Fire facility		3						3
	\$	6,115	13		13	198		6,326

		Liabilities			F	und Balances		
Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Deferred Revenue	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Reserved for Encumbrances	Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances
						177	177	177
						2	2	2
						57	57	57
						7	7	7
						243	243	243
						3	3	3
						24	24	24
					12	281	293	293
					12	308	320	320
						106	106	106
					38	95	133	133
						2	2	2
						43	43	43
				<del></del>	38	246	284	284
						27	27	27
	82			82	5	(87)	(82)	
	82			82	5	(60)	(55)	27
	82		==	82	55	737	792	874
						5	5	5
						2	2	2
	184			184	23	(207)	(184)	
					188	4,220	4,408	4,408
					541	1,351	1,892	1,892
						11	11	11
						1	1	1
	14			14		(14)	(14)	
					<del></del>	4	4	4
	100			100	752	5 276	6,128	6 226
	198			198	752	5,376	0,128	6,326

	Assets							
	Pooled Investments and Cash	Accounts Receivable	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets	
Funds Authorized								
January 19, 1985								
Cultural arts	\$ 1,359					413	1,772	
Downtown art museum	168						168	
Funds Authorized	1,527					413	1,940	
July 26, 1985								
Neighborhood park and recreation	5,396						5,396	
Funds Authorized September 26, 1985	3,390						3,390	
Art in public places	13						13	
Funds Authorized							10	
December 14, 1985								
Senior activity center	3						3	
South Austin parkland	11						11	
Parks Oak Hill	2						2	
	16						16	
Total Funds Authorized								
in 1985	6,952					413	7,365	
Funds Authorized	·						•	
September 3, 1987								
Street resurfacing	160	131	(131)				160	
Funds Authorized								
August 10, 1992								
EMS facility	49						49	
Fire stations	12						12	
Police substations	114						114	
Asbestos abatement/ADA compliance/								
East Austin health clinic	802						802	
Erosion & flood control	2,499						2,499	
Street & traffic signals	246						246	
Neighborhood sidewalks	44						44	
Parks and recreation facilities	538						538	
Libraries	30						30	
Balcones Canyonlands								
Conservation Plan	3						3	
Barton Creek greenway	325						325	
Founds Anthoninad	4,662						4,662	
Funds Authorized								
May 3, 1997		4 707		4 707			4 707	
Radio Trunking	\$	1,727		1,727		<del></del>	1,727	
	\$	1,727		1,727			1,727	

		Liabilities			Fund Balances			
Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Deferred Revenue	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Reserved for Encumbrances	Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances
					3	1,769	1,772	1,772
						168	168	168
					3	1,937	1,940	1,940
28				28	138	5,230	5,368	5,396
						·		
				<del></del>		13	13	13
						3	3	3
						11	11	11
			<del></del>			2	2	2
						16	16	16
28				28	141	7,196	7,337	7,365
						160	160	160
						49	49	49
					2	10	12	12
					87	27	114	114
15				15	117	670	787	802
61				61	1,635	803	2,438	2,499
					49	197	246	246
					33	11	44	44
2				2	978	(442)	536	538
					17	13	30	30
					3		3	3
70				78	2 025	321 1,659	325	325
78			<del></del>		2,925	1,009	4,584	4,662
24	7,426	97		7,547	361	(6,181)	(5,820)	1,727
24	7,426	97		7,547	361	(6,181)	(5,820)	1,727

				Assets			
	Pooled Investments and Cash	Accounts Receivable	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable	Due from Other Funds	Other Assets	Total Assets
Funds Authorized							
November 3, 1998							
Cultural arts and land	\$ 14,000						14,000
Drainage and flood control	1,108						1,108
Traffic signals	47,059	63		63			47,122
Public safety facilities	3,695						3,695
Parks and recreation facilities	23,065 88,927	63		63			23,065 88,990
Funds Authorized							
2000							
Transportation Mobility Improvement	866						866
Open Spaces	2,862						2,862
	3,728						3,728
Other funds							
Planning & development improvements	705						705
TPSD general improvements	1,239	11		11	7,371		8,621
Parks-1992							
Library automation system	1,950						1,950
Fire/EMS/NW Austin MUD #1	629						629
General government projects	3,870				7,720		11,590
Health projects	2,423						2,423
Build Austin		12		12			12
CMTA Mobility	907	1,631		1,631			2,538
Forsythia Drive	3						3
Central City Entertainment Center							
Park improvements	2,810						2,810
Police and courts	146						146
Neighborhood centers	8						8
Loan star improvements	331						331
Fire - general	7,395						7,395
Capital reserve		4,231		4,231			4,231
Public Works							
One Texas Center	187						187
Watershed Protection	109						109
Great Streets	496						496
City Hall, plaza, parking garage							
Conservation Land		18		18			18
Colony Park	866						866
Economic Development	539						539
Interest income fund  Total other funds	24,613	5,903		5,903	15,091	99 99	99 45,706
	'						
2004 Totals	\$ 135,948	7,837	(131)	7,706	15,372	512	159,538

		Liabilities			F			
Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Deferred Revenue	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Reserved for Encumbrances	Unreserved, Undesignated (Deficit)	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances
433				433	2,765	10,802	13,567	14,000
					395	713	1,108	1,108
3,472				3,472	14,471	29,179	43,650	47,122
124				124	972	2,599	3,571	3,695
207				207	1,875	20,983	22,858	23,065
4,236				4,236	20,478	64,276	84,754	88,990
						866	866	866
					84	2,778	2,862	2,862
					84	3,644	3,728	3,728
			_			705	705	705
	<del></del>				4 420	705	705	705
66 	225			66 225	1,120	7,435	8,555	8,621
	225			66	7	(232)	(225) 1,884	1.050
66 					482	1,402 629	629	1,950 629
 77			412	489	684	10,417	11,101	11,590
	1 606					538	676	
51 2	1,696 35			1,747 37	138 927	(952)	(25)	2,423 12
662			 	662	9,365	(7,489)	1,876	2,538
	 		 		9,303	(7,469)	3	2,336
 	1		 	1	 	(1)	(1)	
26			 	26	508	2,276	2,784	2,810
	 		 		11	135	146	146
						8	8	8
				 	14	317	331	331
104				104	1,550	5,741	7,291	7,395
928	4,268			5,196	4,630	(5,595)	(965)	4,231
2	17			19	5,038	(5,057)	(19)	-,201
						187	187	187
29				29	64	16	80	109
						496	496	496
1,936	727		250	2,913	6,547	(9,460)	(2,913)	
	3		15	18		(0,400)	(2,010)	18
					44	822	866	866
						539	539	539
	694			694		(595)	(595)	99
3,949	7,666		677	12,292	31,129	2,285	33,414	45,706
8,315	15,372	97	677	24,461	55,925	79,152	135,077	159,538

		Revenues					
	goveri	ter- nmental enues	Property Owners' Participation Interest and and Contributions Other		Total Revenues	Capital Outlay	
Funds Authorized					_		
Prior to 1981	_						
Parks and recreation	\$						
Police and courts							
Street improvements							
Library							
Funds Authorized							
August 29, 1981							
Street and drainage						==	
Fire stations							
EMS buildings						(9)	
						(9)	
Funds Authorized							
September 11, 1982							
Flood prevention							
Parksvarious						40	
Environmental resources							
Fire/EMS building							
						40	
Funds Authorized							
October 22, 1983							
Jollyville road improvements							
Energy improvements - city facilities							
Total Prior to 1984						31	
Funds Authorized							
September 8, 1984							
PARD pools							
Parkland acquisition							
Parks/Old Bakery						5	
Drainage and flood improvements						242	
Street improvements						730	
Fire improvements							
Libraries							
Police facilities							
Traffic signals							
EMS/Fire facility							
Zino, i io idolity	\$					977	
	Ψ			- <b>-</b>		911	

_		Other Financing	Sources (Use				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	Issuance of Tax Supported Debt	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Change In Fund Balances	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	Fund Balances at End of Year
						177	177
						2	2
						57	57
						7	7
						243	243
						2	2
 					 	3 24	3 24
9				 	9	284	293
9					9	311	320
						106	106
(40)					(40)	173	133
						2	2
						43	43
(40)					(40)	324	284
						07	0=
						27	27
	 	 				(82) (55)	(82 (55
(31)					(31)	823	792
						5	5
						2	2
(5)					(5)	(179)	(184
(242)					(242)	4,650	4,408
(730)					(730)	2,622	1,892
						11	11
						1	. 1
						(14)	(14
						4	4
						3	3

			Revenue	s		Expenditures  Capital Outlay
	gover	ter- nmental enues	Property Owners' Participation and Contributions	Interest and Other	Total Revenues	
Funds Authorized January 19, 1985						
Cultural arts	\$			71	71	5
Downtown art museum	<u></u>			<u></u>		
Funds Authorized				71	71	5
July 26, 1985						
Neighborhood park and recreation		2	846	44	892	219
Funds Authorized	<u></u>					
September 26, 1985						
Art in public places						
Funds Authorized						
December 14, 1985						
Senior activity center South Austin parkland			<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Parks Oak Hill						
Tano Garrini						
Total Funds Authorized					_	
in 1985		2	846	115	963	224
Funds Authorized						
September 3, 1987						
Street resurfacing			13	3	16	2
Funds Authorized						
August 10, 1992						
EMS facility						
Fire stations						
Police substations						27
Asbestos abatement/ADA compliance/ East Austin health clinic						739
Erosion & flood control						2,310
Street & traffic signals						2,310
Neighborhood sidewalks						17
Parks and recreation facilities						142
Libraries						12
Balcones Canyonlands						
Conservation Plan						
Barton Creek greenway					<del></del>	
Funds Authorized						3,253
May 3, 1997						
Radio Trunking			1,066		1,066	9,716
•	\$		1,066		1,066	9,716
		_				

-		Other Financing	Sources (Use				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	Issuance of Tax Supported Transfers Debt In		Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	Net Change In Fund Balances	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	Fund Balances at End of Year
66			(71)	(71)	(5)	1,777	1,772
						168	168
66			(71)	(71)	(5)	1,945	1,940
673		830	(830)		673	4,695	5,368
						13	13
	<u></u>					3	3
						11	11
						2	2
						16	16
739		830	(901)	(71)	668	6,669	7,337
14			<del></del>		14	146	160
						49	49
						12	12
(27)					(27)	141	114
(739)					(739)	1,526	787
(2,310)					(2,310)	4,748	2,438
(6)					(6)	252	246
(17)					(17)	61	44
(142)					(142)	678	536
(12)					(12)	42	30
	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>			3	3
						325	325
(3,253)					(3,253)	7,837	4,584
(8,650)					(8,650)	2,830	(5,820)
(8,650)					(8,650)	2,830	(5,820)

		Expenditures			
	Inter- governmental Revenues	Property Owners' Participation and Contributions	Interest and Other	Total Revenues	Capital Outlay
Funds Authorized					
November 3, 1998 Cultural arts and land	\$				6,209
Drainage and flood control	φ 				883
Traffic signals					33,551
Public safety facilities	<del></del>				6,050
Parks and recreation facilities			1	1	3,600
			1	1	50,293
Funds Authorized					
2000					
Transportation Mobility Improvement					14,052
Open Spaces					4,943
				<del></del>	18,995
Other funds					
Planning & development improvements					45
TPSD general improvements		34		34	2,003
Parks-1992					52
Library automation system			3	3	403
Fire/EMS/NW Austin MUD #1			10	10	
General government projects					6,102
Health projects	1,881			1,881	2,716
Build Austin	48			48	48
CMTA Mobility	11,514		55	11,569	18,120
Forsythia Drive		<del></del>			
Central City Entertainment Center	1 206	1 000			11
Park improvements Police and courts	1,286	1,000		2,286	6,437
Neighborhood centers  Loan star improvements					
Fire - general					1,182
Capital reserve		(2,432)		(2,432)	5,992
Public Works	627	(2,402)		627	625
One Texas Center					
Watershed Protection					632
Great Streets			1	1	
City Hall, plaza, parking garage					21,079
Conservation Land			1	1	,
Colony Park					2,830
Economic Development					
Interest income fund			1,260	1,260	
Total other funds	15,356	(1,398)	1,330	15,288	68,277
2004 Totals	\$ 15,358	527	1,449	17,334	151,768

_		Other Financing	Sources (Use				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	Issuance of Tax Supported Debt	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	Net Change In Fund Balances	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	Fund Balances at End of Year
(6,209)	2,875			2,875	(3,334)	16,901	13,567
(883)					(883)	1,991	1,108
(33,551)	35,503			35,503	1,952	41,698	43,650
(6,050)					(6,050)	9,621	3,571
(3,599)	11,532			11,532	7,933	14,925	22,858
(50,292)	49,910			49,910	(382)	85,136	84,754
(14,052)	15,000	==		15,000	948	(82)	866
(4,943)	45.000			45.000	(4,943)	7,805	2,862
(18,995)	15,000	<del></del>		15,000	(3,995)	7,723	3,728
(45)					(45)	750	705
(1,969)		1,257		1,257	(712)	9,267	8,555
(52)					(52)	(173)	(225)
(400)		1,414		1,414	1,014	870	1,884
10					10	619	629
(6,102)	500	1,274		1,774	(4,328)	15,429	11,101
(835)	600	415		1,015	180	496	676
						(25)	(25)
(6,551)					(6,551)	8,427	1,876
						3	3
(11)					(11)	10	(1)
(4,151)		2,800		2,800	(1,351)	4,135	2,784
						146	146
						8	8
						331	331
(1,182)	2,030			2,030	848	6,443	7,291
(8,424)	2,000	1,985		3,985	(4,439)	3,474	(965)
2					2	(21)	(19)
(000)					(022)	187	187
(632)		405	 (4 077\	 (E00)	(632)	712	80
1 (21,079)		495 2,500	(1,077)		(581) (18,579)	1,077 15,666	496 (2,913)
(21,079) 1		2,500		2,500	(16,579)	(1)	(2,913)
(2,830)		1,800		1,800	(1,030)	1,896	866
(2,030)		1,000		1,000	(1,030)	539	539
1,260		71	(2,500)		(1,169)	574	(595)
(52,989)	5,130	14,011	(3,577)		(37,425)	70,839	33,414
(134,434)	70,040	14,841	(4,478)	80,403	(54,031)	189,108	135,077





## **PERMANENT FUNDS**

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs - that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

3M Maintenance Endowment - Purpose is to account for 3M Mitigation Land Endowment.

Ellis Library Trust - Purpose is to account for principal and interest income earned on the principal from the Ellis estate. This income is used for purchasing books on the subject of mental health.

Perpetual Care - Accounts for revenues to be used for maintenance and care of cemeteries.



	Maint	BM enance wment	Ellis Library Trust	Perpetual Care	2004 Total
ASSETS					
Pooled investments and cash	\$	50	23	1,337	1,410
Total assets		50	23	1,337	1,410
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances					
Reserved:					
Permanent funds		50	9	981	1,040
Unreserved, undesignated:					
Permanent funds			14	356	370
Total fund balances		50	23	1,337	1,410
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	50	23	1,337	1,410

	3M Intenance dowment	Ellis Library Trust	Perpetual Care	2004 Total
REVENUES				
Property owners' participation and contributions	\$ 		103	103
Interest and other			21	21
Total revenues			124	124
EXPENDITURES  Public recreation and culture			67	67
Total expenditures			67	67
Net change in fund balances			57	57
Fund balances at beginning of year	50	23	1,280	1,353
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 50	23	1,337	1,410





# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of the City's facilities and services that are entirely or predominantly supported by user charges or those for which the City has decided that periodic determination of the revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. All activities necessary to provide services are accounted for in these funds, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, and maintenance. The nonmajor enterprise funds are as follows:

The Austin Women's Hospital Fund;

The Convention Center Fund;

The Drainage Fund;

The Golf Fund;

The Hospital Fund;

The Parks and Recreation Fund;

The Primary Care Fund;

The Solid Waste Services Fund; and

The Transportation Fund



	Austin Women's Hospital	Convention Center	Drainage	Golf	Hospital
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	10	3	1	
Pooled investments and cash		8,667	5,273	68	89
Pooled investments and cash - designated		15,232			
Pooled investments and cash - restricted		34,615	34,536	721	
Total pooled investments and cash		58,514	39,809	789	89
Investments, at fair value - restricted		5,739			
Working capital advances		124			
Accounts receivable		791	3,198		3,308
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(4)	(292)		(3,095)
Net accounts receivable		787	2,906		213
Receivables from other governments					
Due from other funds		778			
Inventories, at cost					
Prepaid expenses		31	58		
Other receivables - restricted			4		
Total current assets		65,983	42,780	790	302
Noncurrent assets:					
Advances to other funds			101		
Advances to other funds - restricted				15	
Capital assets					
Land and other nondepreciable assets		26,650	5,009	324	745
Property, plant and equipment in service		239,174	48,295	14,679	73,977
Less accumulated depreciation		(36,364)	(9,274)	(4,249)	(38,499)
Net property, plant and equipment in service		202,810	39,021	10,430	35,478
Construction in progress		29,812	26,944	167	
Total capital assets		259,272	70,974	10,921	36,223
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization		3,349	1_	12	
Total noncurrent assets		262,621	71,076	10,948	36,223
Total assets	\$	328,604	113,856	11,738	36,525

			Solid		
	Parks and	Primary	Waste	Trans-	2004
	Recreation	Care	Services	portation	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash		2	3	1	20
Pooled investments and cash	115	4,606	10,616	7,355	36,789
Pooled investments and cash - designated			9		15,241
Pooled investments and cash - restricted			14,220	1,978	86,070
Total pooled investments and cash	115	4,606	24,845	9,333	138,100
Investments, at fair value - restricted					5,739
Working capital advances					124
Accounts receivable		1,494	4,886	1,725	15,402
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(40)	(173)	(705)	(4,309)
Net accounts receivable		1,454	4,713	1,020	11,093
Receivables from other governments		1,349			1,349
Due from other funds			383	3	1,164
Inventories, at cost		342		303	645
Prepaid expenses		30	29		148
Other receivables - restricted					4
Total current assets	115	7,783	29,973	10,660	158,386
Noncurrent assets:					
Advances to other funds					101
Advances to other funds - restricted					15
Capital assets					
Land and other nondepreciable assets			15,214		47,942
Property, plant and equipment in service	164	1,941	49,678	13,501	441,409
Less accumulated depreciation	(59)	(725)	(25,888)	(7,054)	(122,112)
Net property, plant and equipment in service	105	1,216	23,790	6,447	319,297
Construction in progress		143	6,265		63,331
Total capital assets	105	1,359	45,269	6,447	430,570
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization			28		3,390
Total noncurrent assets	105	1,359	45,297	6,447	434,076
Total assets	220	9,142	75,270	17,107	592,462

	Austin Women's	Convention			
	Hospital	Center	Drainage	Golf	Hospital
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	423	2,145	98	68
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets		3,432	460	2	
Accrued payroll		228	460	71	5
Accrued compensated absences		366	1,101	168	11
Due to other governments					
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets		4,742			
Interest payable on other debt			54	32	
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt			622	824	
General obligation bonds payable and other					
tax supported debt payable from restricted assets		914			
Revenue bonds payable from restricted assets		3,520			
Capital lease obligations payable		41	71		
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets		1,618	676		
Deferred credits and other liabilities		14		5	20
Total current liabilities		15,298	5,589	1,200	104
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:		145	212	34	2
Accrued compensated absences Advances from other funds		2,579	212	34	
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported		2,579			
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium		25,616	13,115	7,063	
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount and		20,010	10,110	7,000	
inclusive of premium		220,031			
Pension obligation payable		90	200	29	
Capital lease obligations payable		28	48	1	
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs					
Total noncurrent liabilities		248,489	13,575	7,127	2
Total liabilities		263,787	19,164	8,327	106
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		37,691	57,654	3,070	36,223
Restricted for:					
Debt service		5,739			
Capital projects			9,987		
Renewal and replacement		1,415			
Convention Center operating reserve		2,423			
Unrestricted		17,549	27,051	341	196
Total net assets	\$	64,817	94,692	3,411	36,419

	Solid				
	Parks and	Primary	Waste	Trans-	2004
	Recreation	Care	Services	portation	Total
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	42	1,541	806	2,521	7,644
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets		, 	8,027	, 	11,921
Accrued payroll	57	496	523	268	2,108
Accrued compensated absences	41	694	1,024	667	4,072
Due to other governments		3,000			3,000
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets					4,742
Interest payable on other debt			102	5	193
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt			2,217	164	3,827
General obligation bonds payable and other	. <del></del>		2,217	104	3,027
. ,					914
tax supported debt payable from restricted assets  Revenue bonds payable from restricted assets					3,520
Capital lease obligations payable	4		28	13	157
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets			315		2,609
Deferred credits and other liabilities		115	294		448
Total current liabilities	144	5,846	13,336	3,638	45,155
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:		0,010	10,000	0,000	10,100
Accrued compensated absences			78	52	523
Advances from other funds			1,647		4,226
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported					
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium			23,600	2,003	71,397
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount and					
inclusive of premium					220,031
Pension obligation payable	3		206	139	667
Capital lease obligations payable	5		5	6	93
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs			7,612		7,612
Total noncurrent liabilities	8		33,148	2,200	304,549
Total liabilities	152	5,846	46,484	5,838	349,704
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	95	1,359	25,326	6,240	167,658
Restricted for:		.,000	20,020	0,2.0	,
Debt service					5,739
Capital projects					9,987
Renewal and replacement					1,415
Convention Center operating reserve					2,423
Unrestricted	(27)	1,937	3,460	5,029	55,536
Total net assets	68	3,296	28,786	11,269	242,758
10.00.110.00000		3,230	20,700	11,200	272,100

	Austin Women's Hospital	Convention Center	Drainage	Golf	Hospital
OPERATING REVENUES					
User fees and rentals	\$	10,404	37,953	5,246	492
Operating revenues from other governments					
Other operating revenues	2,066				
Total operating revenues	2,066	10,404	37,953	5,246	492
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operating expenses before depreciation	2,033	18,192	25,813	4,637	533
Depreciation and amortization	1	6,444	1,705	459	1,143
Total operating expenses	2,034	24,636	27,518	5,096	1,676
Operating income (loss)	32	(14,232)	10,435	150	(1,184)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and other revenues	6	35	616	13	5
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt		(13,772)	(606)	(401)	
Interest capitalized during construction		1,390	1,113	67	
Amortization of bond issue cost		(175)	(5)	(1)	
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)		(15,291)	(439)	(168)	(65)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6	(27,813)	679	(490)	(60)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	38	(42,045)	11,114	(340)	(1,244)
Capital contributions	(637)		1,220	83	
Transfers in	58	22,712	299		
Transfers out		(75)	(630)		
Change in net assets	(541)	(19,408)	12,003	(257)	(1,244)
Special items - hospital district reserve payment  Net change in net assets	(541)	(19,408)	12,003	(257)	(1,244)
Total net assets - beginning	541	84,225	82,689	3,668	37,663
Total net assets - ending	\$	64,817	94,692	3,411	36,419

	Parks and Recreation	Primary Care	Solid Waste Services	Trans- portation	2004 Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
User fees and rentals	3,709	8,815	42,201	22,472	131,292
Operating revenues from other governments		4,209			4,209
Other operating revenues		3,100			5,166
Total operating revenues	3,709	16,124	42,201	22,472	140,667
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operating expenses before depreciation	3,743	49,854	35,270	19,811	159,886
Depreciation and amortization	10	161	3,072	1,116	14,111
Total operating expenses	3,753	50,015	38,342	20,927	173,997
Operating income (loss)	(44)	(33,891)	3,859	1,545	(33,330)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and other revenues	3	58	296	105	1,137
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt			(852)	(6)	(15,637)
Interest capitalized during construction			131		2,701
Amortization of bond issue cost			(3)		(184)
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	(13)	34	(8,283)	(182)	(24,407)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10)	92	(8,711)	(83)	(36,390)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(54)	(33,799)	(4,852)	1,462	(69,720)
Capital contributions				8	674
Transfers in		36,576	1,456		61,101
Transfers out		(58)	(651)	(209)	(1,623)
Change in net assets	(54)	2,719	(4,047)	1,261	(9,568)
Special items - hospital district reserve payment		(3,000)	(4.047)		(3,000)
Net change in net assets	(54)	(281)	(4,047)	1,261	(12,568)
Total net assets - beginning	122	3,577	32,833	10,008	255,326
Total net assets - ending	68	3,296	28,786	11,269	242,758

	Aus Wome Hosp	en's	Convention Center	Drainage	Golf	Hospital
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers	*	2,066	10,377	37,559	5,246	512
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1	,965)	(9,328)	(10,070)	(2,112)	(335)
Cash payments to employees for services		(76)	(8,500)	(15,266)	(2,573)	(166)
Cash received from other governments			<del></del> .	<u></u>	<u></u>	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		25	(7,451)	12,223	561	11
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers in		58	22,712	299		
Transfers out			(75)	(630)		
Interest paid on revenue notes and other debt				·		
Due to other governments						
Loans to other funds			(778)	(60)	8	
Loans from other funds			58	`		
Loan repayments to other funds						
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital					<u>_</u>	
financing activities		58	21,917	(391)	8	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds						
and other tax-supported debt			16,400	3,874	1	
Proceeds from long-term loans			48		· 	
Principal paid on long-term debt			(5,639)	(651)	(497)	
Purchased interest received			305	17		
Interest paid on revenue bonds and other debt			(12,941)	(645)	(403)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(178)	(9,660)	(8,786)	(160)	
Contributions in aid of construction		`		1,267	` 79 <sup>°</sup>	
Bond issuance costs			(1,016)			
Bond discounts			(284)			
Bond premiums			4,762			
Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt			52,715			
Cash paid for bond refunding escrow			(62,403)			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities	\$	(178)	(17,713)	(4,924)	(980)	

	Parks and	Primary	Solid Waste	Trans-	2004
	Recreation	Care	Services	portation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers	3,709	6,583	41,922	22,374	130,348
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,496)	(30,589)	(17,864)	(9,323)	(83,082)
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,238)	(15,470)	(16,857)	(9,331)	(70,477)
Cash received from other governments		3,186			3,186
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(25)	(36,290)	7,201	3,720	(20,025)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers in		36,576	1,456		61,101
Transfers out		(58)	(651)	(209)	(1,623)
Interest paid on revenue notes and other debt		`	(6)	` <u></u>	(6)
Due to other governments		3,000			3,000
Loans to other funds				(3)	(833)
Loans from other funds			471		529
Loan repayments to other funds			(383)		(383)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			· · · ·		ì
financing activities		39,518	887	(212)	61,785
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds					
and other tax-supported debt	<del></del>		10,000	2,111	32,386
Proceeds from long-term loans	9			-,	57
Principal paid on long-term debt	(1)		(1,983)	(140)	(8,911)
Purchased interest received	(·/ 		25	3	350
Interest paid on revenue bonds and other debt	(4)		(891)	(11)	(14,895)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(9)	(972)	(5,181)	(1,573)	(26,519)
Contributions in aid of construction		(0.2)	(0,101)	(1,010)	1,346
Bond issuance costs					(1,016)
Bond discounts					(284)
Bond premiums			358		5,120
Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt					52,715
Cash paid for bond refunding escrow					(62,403)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related					(- , , , , , )
financing activities	(5)	(972)	2,328	390	(22,054)
-		, /	· ·		<u> </u>

	Austin				
	Women's	Convention			
	Hospital	Center	Drainage	Golf	Hospital
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of investment securities	\$	(34,661)			
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment					
securities		43,230			
Interest on investments	6	123	616	13	5
Net cash provided by investing activities	6	8,692	616	13	5_
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(89)	5,445	7,524	(398)	16
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	89	53,079	32,288	1,188	73
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30		58,524	39,812	790	89
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET					
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>S</b> :				
Operating income (loss)	32	(14,232)	10,435	150	(1,184)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	02	( : :,===)	. 0, . 00		(1,101)
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	1	6,444	1,705	459	1,143
Change in assets and liabilities:		-,	,		, -
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(313)	(571)		(1)
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts		`	`177 <sup>′</sup>		1
Decrease in receivable from other governments					
(Increase) decrease in inventory					
(Increase) in prepaid expenses and					
other assets			(7)		
Decrease in deferred costs and other					
expenses					
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(8)	259	290	5	19
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and					
compensated absences		2	(6)	(82)	13
Increase in pension obligations payable		90	200	29	
Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and					
other liabilities		14			20
Increase in customer deposits		285			
Total adjustments	(7)	6,781	1,788	411	1,195
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 25	(7,451)	12,223	561	11
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Decrease in deferred assets/expenses	\$	14,978			
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds	(637)				
Amortization of bond issue costs	` <u></u>	(175)	(4)	(1)	
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		36	(3)	(66)	
Amortization of deferred loss on refundings		519	(1)	(27)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(15,293)	(439)	(206)	(65)
Deferred gain (loss) on bond refunding		(2,601)			
Bond issuance costs, discounts, premiums and accrued					
interest written off due to refunding		1,158			
Contributions					

			Solid		
	Parks and	Primary	Waste	Trans-	2004
	Recreation	Care	Services	portation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of investment securities					(34,661)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment					
securities					43,230
Interest on investments	3	58	296	105	1,225
Net cash provided by investing activities	3	58	296	105	9,794
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(27)	2,314	10,712	4,003	29,500
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	142	2,294	14,136	5,331	108,620
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	115	4,608	24,848	9,334	138,120
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET					
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIE	S:				
Operating income (loss)	(44)	(33,891)	3,859	1,545	(33,330)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	( · · /	(,)	2,222	,,,,,,	(,)
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	10	161	3,072	1,116	14,111
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		742	(310)	(97)	(550)
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts			19	239	436
Decrease in receivable from other governments		(1,023)			(1,023)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		7		(105)	(98)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses and					
other assets		(1)	(9)		(17)
Decrease in deferred costs and other					
expenses			3		3
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	8	601	108	951	2,233
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and					
compensated absences	(2)	88	2	(69)	(54)
Increase in pension obligations payable	3		206	140	668
Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and		(0.0=4)			(0.000)
other liabilities	==	(2,974)	242		(2,698)
Increase in customer deposits			9	<del></del>	294
Total adjustments	19	(2,399)	3,342	2,175	13,305
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(25)	(36,290)	7,201	3,720	(20,025)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Decrease in deferred assets/expenses					14,978
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds				8	(629)
Amortization of bond issue costs			(3)		(183)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums			(66)		(99)
Amortization of deferred loss on refundings			47		538
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(13)	34	(8,285)	(182)	(24,449)
Deferred gain (loss) on bond refunding					(2,601)
Bond issuance costs, discounts, premiums and accrued					
interest written off due to refunding					1,158
Contributions		3,100			3,100





## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City and other agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The internal service funds are as follows:

- The Capital Projects Management Fund, which manages the City's capital improvement projects;
- The Combined Transportation, Emergency and Communication Center Fund (CTECC), which supports the operation of shared critical emergency communications and transportation management for the region;
- The Employee Benefits Fund, which includes activities related to the health, dental, and life insurance costs of City employees:
- The Fleet Maintenance Fund, which accounts for City vehicle and equipment services;
- The Information Systems Fund, which includes activities of the Information Systems Department;
- The Liability Reserve Fund, which provides coverage of the City's major claims liabilities;
- The Support Services Fund, which accounts for the activities of the various support service departments;
- The Wireless Communication Fund, which accounts for communication support activities; and
- The Workers' Compensation Fund, which accounts for workers' compensation costs.



	Capital Projects	CTECC	Employee	Fleet
ASSETS	Management	CIECC	Benefits	Maintenance
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 2			3
Pooled investments and cash	6,731		16,247	6,620
Cash held by trustee			717	0,020
Accounts receivable	292	712		276
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	252			(222)
Net accounts receivable	292	712		54
Due from other funds	292	712		J <del>4</del>
Inventories, at cost				1,619
Prepaid expenses	68			
Total current assets	7,093	712	16,964	8,296
Noncurrent assets:		712	10,004	0,200
Capital assets				
Land and other nondepreciable assets				1,251
Property, plant and equipment in service	1,226	2		28,474
Less accumulated depreciation	(366)			(13,771)
	860	2		14,703
Net property, plant and equipment in service	000			14,703
Construction in progress				
Total capital assets	860	2		16,091
Deferred costs and expenses, net of amortization	<del></del>	<del></del>		5
Total noncurrent assets	860	2		16,096
Total assets	\$ 7,953	714	16,964	24,392

Information Systems	Liability Reserve	Support Services	Wireless Communication	Workers' Compensation	2004 Total
		11	1		17
18,846	12,601	11,956	1,584	14,198	88,783
					717
		4	55		1,339
					(222)
		4	55		1,117
410					410
			138		1,757
29		256			353
19,285	12,601	12,227	1,778	14,198	93,154
<del></del>	<del></del>	486	<del></del>	<del></del>	1,737
19,485		6,190	603		55,980
(5,022)		(3,261)	(268)		(22,688)
14,463		2,929	335		33,292
5,358					5,495
19,821		3,415	335		40,524
1		1			7
19,822		3,416	335		40,531
39,107	12,601	15,643	2,113	14,198	133,685
					(Continued)

	Capital				
	Projects Management		CTECC	Employee Benefits	Fleet Maintenance
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	218	42	2,410	1,198
Accrued payroll		434	73		287
Accrued compensated absences		932	141		615
Claims payable				4,940	
Due to other funds			415		
Interest payable on other debt					52
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported debt					675
Capital lease obligations payable		28			17
Deferred credits and other liabilities				618	
Total current liabilities		1,612	671	7,968	2,844
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:					
Accrued compensated absences		353			
Claims payable					
Advances from other funds			419		163
General obligation bonds payable and other tax supported					
debt, net of discount and inclusive of premium					7,089
Capital lease obligations payable		13			3
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets			8		
Total noncurrent liabilities		366	427		7,255
Total liabilities		1,978	1,098	7,968	10,099
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		819	2		6,924
Restricted for:					
Capital projects					3,113
Unrestricted (deficit)		5,156	(386)	8,996	4,256
Total net assets	\$	5,975	(384)	8,996	14,293

Information Systems	Liability Reserve	Support Services	Wireless Communication	Workers' Compensation	2004 Total
236	218	1,024	44	180	5,570
545		1,340	53		2,732
941		2,587	74		5,290
	9,476			4,179	18,595
27					442
113		3			168
2,209		79			2,963
60		50	6		161
		94	1,274		1,986
4,131	9,694	5,177	1,451	4,359	37,907
264		293	34		944
	3,682			5,163	8,845
161		115			858
16,743		577			24,409
21		33	4		74
					8
17,189	3,682	1,018	38	5,163	35,138
21,320	13,376	6,195	1,489	9,522	73,045
8,705		2,191	325		18,966
0,700		2,101	323		10,000
6,538					9,651
2,544	(775)	7,257	299	4,676	32,023
17,787	(775)	9,448	624	4,676	60,640

	Capital Projects Management		CTECC	Employee Benefits	Fleet Maintenance
OPERATING REVENUES					
Billings to departments	\$	16,827	5,672	64,076	25,725
Employee contributions			4 704	24,053	
Operating revenues from other governments		0.000	1,784		
Other operating revenues		2,893	7.456		111
Total operating revenues		19,720	7,456	88,129	25,836
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operating expenses before depreciation		18,038	7,844	86,114	24,074
Depreciation and amortization		86			843
Total operating expenses		18,124	7,844	86,114	24,917
Operating income (loss)		1,596	(388)	2,015	919
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and other revenues		88	3		(333)
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt					(343)
Amortization of bond issue cost					(2)
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)		237			(172)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		325	3		(850)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,921	(385)	2,015	69
Capital contributions			1		64
Transfers in					
Transfers out		(11)			
Change in net assets		1,910	(384)	2,015	133
Total net assets - beginning		4,065		6,981	14,160
Total net assets - ending	\$	5,975	(384)	8,996	14,293

Information Systems	Liability Reserve	Support Services	Wireless Communication	Workers' Compensation	2004 Total
22,377	4,500	42,210	2,836	12,209	196,432
					24,053
			306		2,090
166	5,355				8,525
22,543	9,855	42,210	3,142	12,209	231,100
		_			
19,509	4,587	39,576	3,055	9,358	212,155
803		427	61		2,220
20,312	4,587	40,003	3,116	9,358	214,375
2,231	5,268	2,207	26	2,851	16,725
86		274	16		134
(267)	<del></del>	(41)	10	<del></del>	(651)
(201)		, ,	<del></del>	<del></del>	
(4.772)	<del></del>	(2)	<del></del>	<del></del>	(4)
(1,772)		(464)			(2,171)
(1,953)		(233)	16		(2,692)
278	5,268	1,974	42	2,851	14,033
1,756		97			1,918
			17		17
(985)		(83)			(1,079)
1,049	5,268	1,988	59	2,851	14,889
16,738	(6,043)	7,460	565	1,825	45,751
17,787	(775)	9,448	624	4,676	60,640

	P	Capital rojects nagement	CTECC	Employee Benefits	Fleet Maintenance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers	\$	19,721	6,744	88,550	25,867
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(3,904)	(5,225)	(37,717)	(13,946)
Cash payments to employees for services		(14,117)	(2,355)		(9,757)
Cash payments to claimants/beneficiaries				(48,729)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,700	(836)	2,104	2,164
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Fransfers in					
Fransfers out		(11)			
Loans from other funds			834		
oan repayments to other funds					
oan repayments from other funds					
et cash provided (used) by noncapital					
financing activities		(11)	834		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds					
and other tax supported debt					
Principal paid on long-term debt		(69)			(621)
nterest paid on revenue bonds and other debt					(348)
cquisition and construction of capital assets		6	(2)		(4,528)
Contributions from municipality		<u></u>	11		2,200
Net cash used by capital and related					
financing activities	\$	(63)	(1)		(3,297)

Information Systems	Liability Reserve	Support Services	Wireless Communication	Workers' Compensation	2004 Total
22,543	18,945	42,687	4,108	12,209	241,374
(5,134)	(1,009)	(4,901)	(1,391)	(3,618)	(76,845)
(14,249)		(35,849)	(1,654)		(77,981)
	(10,512)			(5,623)	(64,864)
3,160	7,424	1,937	1,063	2,968	21,684
			17		17
(985)		(83)			(1,079)
		29			863
(27)					(27)
(394)					(394)
(1,406)		(54)	17_		(620)
14,890					14,890
(1,828)		(242)	(14)		(2,774)
(250)		(42)			(640)
(3,036)		(108)			(7,668)
1,751					3,952
11,527	<u></u>	(392)	(14)		7,760

(Continued)

	Capital Projects Management	CTECC	Employee Benefits	Fleet Maintenance
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments	\$ 88	3		(333)
Net cash provided by investing activities	88	3		(333)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,714		2,104	(1,466)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	5,019		14,860	8,089
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	6,733		16,964	6,623
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITI	ES:			
Operating income (loss)	1,596	(388)	2,015	919
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	,	(===,	,	
Depreciation	86			843
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1	(712)	421	31
Decrease in inventory				(25)
Increase in prepaid expenses and				
other assets	(48)			
Decrease in deferred costs and other expenses				
(Increase) in other long-term assets				(1)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and	72	42	(704)	449
compensated absences	(7)	214		(52)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in deferred credits and			242	
other liabilities		8	130	
Total adjustments	104	(448)	89	1,245
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,700	(836)	2,104	2,164
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds	\$	1		(2,136)
Amortization of bond issue costs				(2)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums				(1)
Amortization of deferred loss on refundings				3
(Loss) on disposal of assets	(51)			(172)
Increase in deferred credits and other liabilities				

Information Systems	Liability Reserve	Support Services	Wireless Communication	Workers' Compensation	2004 Total
86		274	16		134
86		274	16		134
13,367	7,424	1,765	1,082	2,968	28,958
5,479	5,177	10,202	503	11,230	60,559
18,846	12,601	11,967	1,585	14,198	89,517
2,231	5,268	2,207	26	2,851	16,725
803		427	61		2,220
	9,090	477	(3)		9,305
			(3)		(28)
(29)		(18)			(95)
1	 			 	1 (1)
(168)	(12)	(602)	32	(98)	(989)
322		(552)	(19)		(94)
	(6,922)			215	(6,465)
		(2)	969		1,105
929	2,156	(270)	1,037	117	4,959
3,160	7,424	1,937	1,063	2,968	21,684
5		97			(2,033)
					(2)
		(1)			(2)
 (4.770)		(464)			6
(1,772)		(464)	969		(2,459) 969
			300		550





Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other agencies, individuals, private organizations, or governmental units. Included in the fiduciary funds are private-purpose trust funds and agency funds.

Private-purpose trust funds accounts are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and interest income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Agency funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

See next page for descriptions of the individual funds.

#### **Private-Purpose Trust Funds**

Barbara Jordan Memorial Fund - Purpose is to account for donations for a future memorial.

Science Fest - Purpose is to account for all contributions, registration fees and other donations received for the Regional Science Festival.

COA Customer Service - Purpose is to hold donations solicited to help pay utility bills (part of Plus One Program). Funded by businesses that can use the donation as a tax deduction.

First Step-A Community Project - Accounts for programs and activities to improve community relations.

Leveraged Loan Pool - Purpose is to hold funds used to leverage private capital and state or federal resources to stimulate business investments.

Library City Literacy Program - Purpose is to account for fundraising efforts to help fund the City's Workplace Literacy Program.

Telecommunity Partnership Fund - Purpose is to account for addressing the training needs of the Austin community and creating opportunities for individuals through partnerships with local employers.

*Unclaimed Property* - Purpose is to account for unclaimed City of Austin checks.

*Voluntary Utility Assistance* - Purpose is to account for contributions for the benefit of indigent utility customers. Contributions are received with electric bill payments.

#### **Agency Funds**

BCCP Permit Fund - Purpose is to hold BCCP Permit fees collected on behalf of Travis County.

Campaign Financing Fund - Purpose is to account for donations and fees for the Austin Fair Campaign Ordinance.

*Municipal Court Fund* - Purpose is to record service fees collected at Municipal Court that will be remitted to the State Comptroller of Public Accounts.

Neighborhood Revitalization Funds - Purpose is to account for escrow deposits and payments to loan recipients.

Fiduciary Funds
Private-purpose Trust Funds
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
September 30, 2004
(In thousands)

			Assets			Liabilities		Net
	Pool Invest and	ments	Other Assets	Total Assets	Accounts Payable	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Assets Held in Trust
General government								
Unclaimed Property	\$	318		318		314	314	4
Total general government		318		318		314	314	4
Transportation, planning and sustainability								
COA Customer Service		1		1				1
Voluntary Utility Assistance		120		120				120
Total transportation, planning and sustainability		121		121				121
Public recreation and culture								
Science Fest		30		30				30
Barbara Jordan Memorial		1		1				1
First Step - A Community Project		52		52	1		1	51
Library City Literacy Program		3		3				3
Total public recreation								
and culture		86		86	1		1	85
Urban growth management								
Leveraged Loan Pool		366	121	487				487
Telecommunity Partnership		13		13				13
Total urban growth	<del>-</del>	270	404	500				500
management		379	121	500				500
2004 Total	\$	904	121	1,025	1	314	315	710

		Additions				Net	Net
		Interest			Net	Assets	Assets
		and	Total		Increase	at Beginning	at End
	Contribution	s Other	Additions	Deductions	(Decrease)	of Year	of Year
General government							
Unclaimed Property	\$ -	- 5	5	9	(4)	8	4
Total general government		- 5	5	9	(4)		4
Transportation, planning and sustainability							
COA Customer Service	1		1		1		1
Voluntary Utility Assistance	193	3 2	195	191	4	116	120
Total transportation, planning							
and sustainability	194	2	196	191	5	116	121
Public recreation and culture							
Science Fest	60	)	60	30	30		30
Barbara Jordan Memorial	-					1	1
First Step - A Community Project	-	- 2	2	80	(78)	129	51
Library City Literacy Program	-					3	3
Total public recreation							
and culture	60	) 2	62	110	(48)	133	85
Urban growth management							
Leveraged Loan Pool	-	- 6	6		6	481	487
Telecommunity Partnership	-	- <u>-</u> -				13	13
Total urban growth							
management		- 6	6		6	494	500
2004 Total	\$ 254	15	269	310	(41)	751	710

# Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the year ended September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

		alance 			Balance
		ginning Year	Additions	Deductions	at End of Year
BCCP Permit Fund					
Assets					
Pooled investments and cash	\$	99	492	470	121
Total Assets	<u>*</u>	99	492	470	121
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		3		3	
Due to other governments		48	121	48	121
Deposits and other liabilities Total Liabilities		48 99	121	48 99	121
			121		121
Campaign Financing Fund Assets					
Pooled investments and cash		61	17	1	77
Total Assets		61	17	1	77
Liabilities					
Deposits and other liabilities		61	16		77
Total Liabilities		61	16		77
Municipal Courts Assets					
Pooled investments and cash		1,877	10,389	9,538	2,728
Total Assets		1,877	10,389	9,538	2,728
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		48	785	798	35
Due to other governments		1,505	14,068	13,170	2,403
Deposits and other liabilities		324	362	396	290
Total Liabilities		1,877	15,215	14,364	2,728
Neighborhood Revitalization					
Assets Pooled investments and cash		260	43	37	266
Total Assets		260	43	37	266
Liabilities					
Deposits and other liabilities		260	139	133	266
Total Liabilities		260	139	133	266
Total Agency Funds					
Assets					
Pooled investments and cash		2,297	10,941	10,046	3,192
Total Assets		2,297	10,941	10,046	3,192
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		51	785	801	35
Due to other governments		1,553	14,189	13,218	2,524
Deposits and other liabilities Total Liabilities	<u>•</u>	693	517	577	633
i otai Liaviiities	\$	2,297	15,491	14,596	3,192





#### Enterprise Related Grants Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

			Assets		Liabilities and Fund Balances				
	Inve	ooled stments d Cash	Receivables from Other Governments	Total Assets	Advanced Pooled Investments and Cash	Other Liabilities	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances
ELECTRIC RELATED U.S. Department of Energy	\$	209	1	210	1	209	210		210
Public Utility Commission of Texas	φ	383	1	384	1	383	384		384
ICLEI USA, Inc.									
Total Electric		592	2	594	2	592	594		594
WATER AND WASTEWATER RELATED									
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency									
U.S. Fish and Wildlife			7	7	7		7		7
Texas On-Site Wastewater Treatment									
Research Council									
Total Water and Wastewater Related			7	7	7		7		7
AIRPORT RELATED									
U.S. Department of Transportation			945	945	945		945		945
Federal Bureau of Investigation			7	7	7		7		7
Internal Revenue Service			1	1	1		1		1
Propane Education and Research Council		9		9		9	9		9
American Heart Association									
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		10		10		10	10		10
Total Airport		19	953	972	953	19	972		972
DRAINAGE RELATED									
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			4	4	4		4		4
Total Drainage			4	4	4		4		4
COMMUNITY CARE									
U.S. Health and Human Services		100	489	589	392	197	589		589
Texas Department of Health		26		26		26	26		26
Reach Out and Read National Center		4		4		4	4		4
Total Community Care		130	489	619	392	227	619		619
Total grants, enterprise related	\$	741	1,455	2,196	1,358	838	2,196		2,196

NOTE: These grants have been reported in the enterprise fund financial statements.

#### Enterprise Related Grants Combining Schedule of Expenditures From Inception to September 30, 2004 (In thousands)

		Expenditure ginning of Ye In-Kind		Curren	t Year In-Kind		Expenditure End of Year In-Kind	es at		Budget In-Kind	
	Grant	Match	Total	Grant	Match	Grant	Match	Total	Grant	Match	Total
ELECTRIC RELATED	Grant	Water	TOtal	Giant	Water	Grant	Match	TOTAL	Grant	Water	Total
	\$ 466	780	1 246	10		476	780	1.056	868	900	1 660
U.S. Department of Energy	ъ 400 167		1,246 167			476 167		1,256 167	644	800	1,668
Public Utility Comission of Texas								_			644
ICLEI USA, Inc.	21	700	21			21	700	21	42	35	77
Total Electric	654	780	1,434	10		664	780	1,444	1,554	835	2,389
WATER AND WASTEWATER RELATED											
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	9,832		9,832			9,832		9,832	10,000		10,000
U.S. Fish and Wildlife	13		13			13		13	31	8	39
Texas On-Site Wastewater Treatment	10		10			10		10	01	Ü	00
Research Council	14		14			14		14	20		20
Total Water and Wastewater Related	9,859		9,859			9,859		9,859	10,051	8	10,059
			2,000					3,000	,		,
AIRPORT RELATED											
U.S. Department of Transportation	6,069	1,238	7,307	6,677	1,670	12,746	2,908	15,654	44,230	12,191	56,421
Federal Bureau of Investigation	5		5	10		15		15	22		22
Internal Revenue Service				1		1		1	1		1
Propane Education and Research Council	155		155	138		293		293	300		300
American Heart Association				9		9		9	17		17
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	19		19	3		22		22	23		23
Total Airport	6,248	1,238	7,486	6,838	1,670	13,086	2,908	15,994	44,593	12,191	56,784
DRAINAGE RELATED	040		040	07		077		077	050		0.50
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	210		210	67		277		277	850		850
Total Drainage	210		210	67		277		277	850		850
PRIMARY CARE											
U.S. Health and Human Services	1,685		1,685	1,175		2,860		2,860	4,563		4,563
Texas Department of Health	1,005		1,005	74		74		74	100		100
Reach Out and Read National Center	2		2			2		2	6		6
Total Primary Care	1,687		1,687	1.249	<del></del>	2,936		2,936	4.669		4,669
Total I Illiary Guio	1,007		1,007	1,∠-70		2,000		2,000	7,000		7,000
Total grants, enterprise related	\$ 18,658	2,018	20,676	8,164	1,670	26,822	3,688	30,510	61,717	13,034	74,751

NOTE: These grants have been reported in the enterprise fund financial statements.

Date Authorized	Purpose	Original uthorized	Previously Issued (1)	Issued During Current Year	Unissued September 30, 2004
10-22-83	Brackenridge 2000	\$ 50,000	40,785		9,215
09-08-84	Parks improvements	9,975	9,648		327
01-19-85	Cultural arts	20,285	14,890		5,395
11-03-98	Traffic signals	152,000	116,497	35,503	
11-03-98	Parks and recreation facilities	75,925	54,725	11,532	9,668
11-03-98	Cultural arts and land acquisition	46,390	34,845	2,875	8,670
11-07-00	Street improvements	 150,000	45,000	15,000	90,000
		\$ 504,575	316,390	64,910	123,275

Source: Bond Sale Official Statements

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule displays only those previously issued bonds that relate to bond authorizations included herein.

It does not display all debt previously issued and still outstanding or refunding bonds. It includes general obligation bonds reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and in proprietary funds.

Date Authorized	Purpose	Original Authorized	Deauthorized		Issued During Current Year	Unissued September 30, 2004
EL ECTRIC	HTHITV					
ELECTRIC	Hydrogeneration power plant and electric					
10-22-03	system	\$ 39,000		10,620		28,380
03-01-84	Electric system, South Texas Nuclear	\$ 39,000		10,020		20,300
03-01-04	Project	605,000		315,232		289,768
00-08-84	Electric improvements (gas turbines)	32,775		31,237		1,538
	Electric improvements (yas tarbines)  Electric improvements (western coal plant)	47,725		31,199	 	16,526
	Electric transmission and reliability	47,725		31,199		10,520
05 00 04	improvements	39,945		20,040	<del></del>	19,905
12-14-85	Transmission lines and substations	175,130		96,017		79,113
	Overhead and underground distribution	76,055		46,845		29,210
	Miscellaneous	25,891		10,443		15,448
	Electrical distribution and street lighting	82,500	<del></del>	10,445		82,500
	ctric Utility	1,124,021		561,633	<del></del>	562,388
TOtal Ele	ctric othity	1,124,021		301,033		302,300
WATER UT	TILITY					
09-11-82	Green water treatment plant, water lines and					
	reservoir	40,300		28,885		11,415
09-11-82	Ullrich water treatment plant, water lines and					
	reservoir	49,100		42,210		6,890
09-11-82	Davis water treatment plant, water lines and					
	reservoir	40,800		32,274		8,526
09-11-82	Waterworks system rehabilitation and					·
	improvements	12,800		9,164		3,636
09-08-84	Waterworks north central, northeast, and east					·
	service area	39,385	17,000	3,990		18,395
09-08-84	Waterworks northwest service area	14,970		11,430		3,540
09-08-84	Water improvements in north central and	,		,		,
	northwest service area	14,470		2,745		11,725
09-08-84	Waterworks system improvements	141,110		36,513		104,597
09-08-84	Ullrich water treatment plant improvements to					
	South Austin	47,870		23,245		24,625
09-08-84	Water lines, reservoir improvements to south					
	corridor area	12,570		6,585		5,985
09-08-84	Water lines, pump station improvements to					
	North Austin area	7,945		7,765		180
09-08-84	Waterworks system rehabilitation and					
	improvements	26,500		3,665		22,835
12-14-85	Northeast area improvements	37,950	10,000	7,493		20,457
12-14-85	South/southeast area improvements	42,090	14,000	6,035		22,055
12-14-85	Improvements/extensions	9,775		3,689		6,086
08-10-92	Improvements to meet EPA safe drinking					
	water act	23,000				23,000
08-10-92	Improvements and replacement of deteriorated					
	water system facilities	5,000				5,000
08-10-92	General utility relocation	2,000				2,000
05-03-97	Improvements/extensions to City's waterworks	;				
	and wastewater system	35,000				35,000
05-06-98	Improvements/extensions to City's waterworks					
	and wastewater system	65,000				65,000
11-03-98	, , , , ,	64,900				64,900
	Water expansion and improvement	49,940				49,940
11-03-98	Water improvements and extensions	19,800				19,800
Total Wa	ter Utility	\$ 802,275	41,000	225,688		535,587
						(Continued)

(Continued)

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule displays only those previously issued bonds which relate to bond authorizations included herein. It does not display all debt previously issued and still outstanding, refunding bonds, or commercial paper.

(Continued)

Date	Pormana	Original	Doorsthouine d	-	Issued During	•
Authorized	Purpose	Authorized	Deauthorized	issuea (1)	Current Year	2004
WASTEWA	TER UTILITY					
	Sewer system improvements	\$ 46,920		38,920		8,000
	Govalle sewage treatment plant, sewer lines	, ,		,		•
	and improvements to Canterbury lift station	28,300		24,658		3,642
09-11-82	Onion Creek sewage treatment plant and	•				•
	sewer lines	57,000		49,345		7,655
09-11-82	Sewer lines for north central and northwest					
	Austin	20,700		17,975		2,725
09-11-82	Walnut Creek sewage treatment plant					
	additions	20,400		17,971		2,429
09-11-82	Sewer system rehabilitation and					
	improvements	4,800		3,930		870
09-08-84	Sewer system rehabilitation and					
	improvements	43,515		36,950		6,565
09-08-84	Onion Creek and Walnut Creek sewage					
	treatment plant improvements	44,795		42,284		2,511
09-08-84	Sewer system rehabilitation and					
	improvements	46,230		14,925		31,305
05-06-85	Sewer system improvements	54,000		33,106		20,894
12-14-85	Advanced wastewater treatment	34,500				34,500
12-14-85	Northeast area improvements	47,035	32,300	1,857		12,878
12-14-85	Southeast area improvements	9,200	4,200	757		4,243
12-14-85	Improvements/extensions	24,725		12,621		12,104
12-14-85	Walnut Creek WWTP expansion	46,000		13,717		32,283
	Bear Creek interceptor	1,840	1,511	265		64
08-10-92	Improvement to Hornsby Bend beneficial					
	re-use program	11,000				11,000
08-10-92	Replacement and rehabilitation of					
	deteriorated wastewater facilities	3,000				3,000
11-03-98	Wastewater improvements, upgrades					
	and replacements	77,000				77,000
11-03-98	Wastewater improvements and expansion	121,000				121,000
Total Was	stewater Utility	741,960	38,011	309,281		394,668
Total Utility	,	2,668,256	79,011	1,096,602		1,492,643
•			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
AIRPORT						
	Relocation/construction of new airport	728,000		30,000		698,000
05-01-93	Construction of new municipal airport					
	at Bergstrom AFB site	400,000		362,205		37,795
Total Air	port	1,128,000		392,205		735,795
CONVENT	ON CENTER					
	New convention center	69,000		69 240		760
				68,240		
i otal Cor	nvention Center	69,000		68,240		760
Total reven	ue bonds	\$3,865,256	79,011	1,557,047		2,229,198

Source: Bond sale official statements

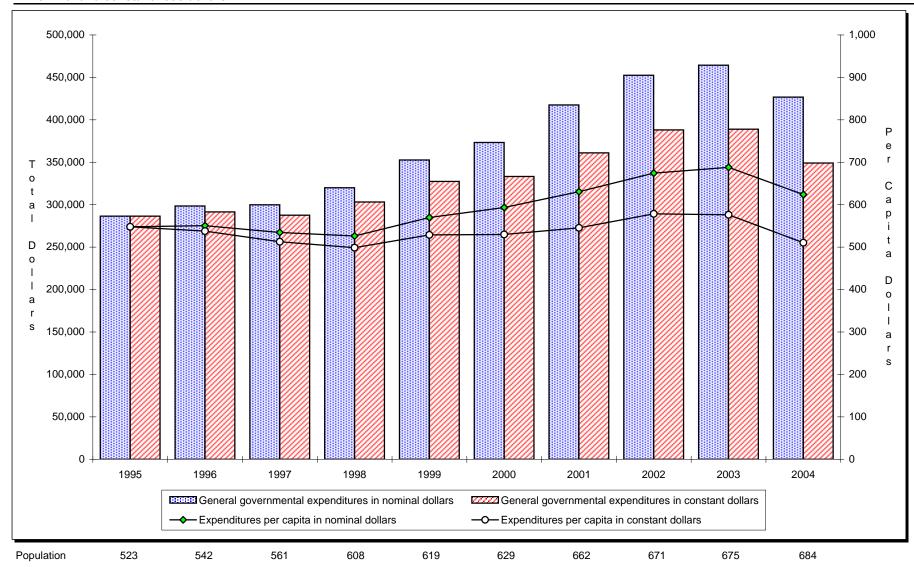




## STATISTICAL SECTION - UNAUDITED

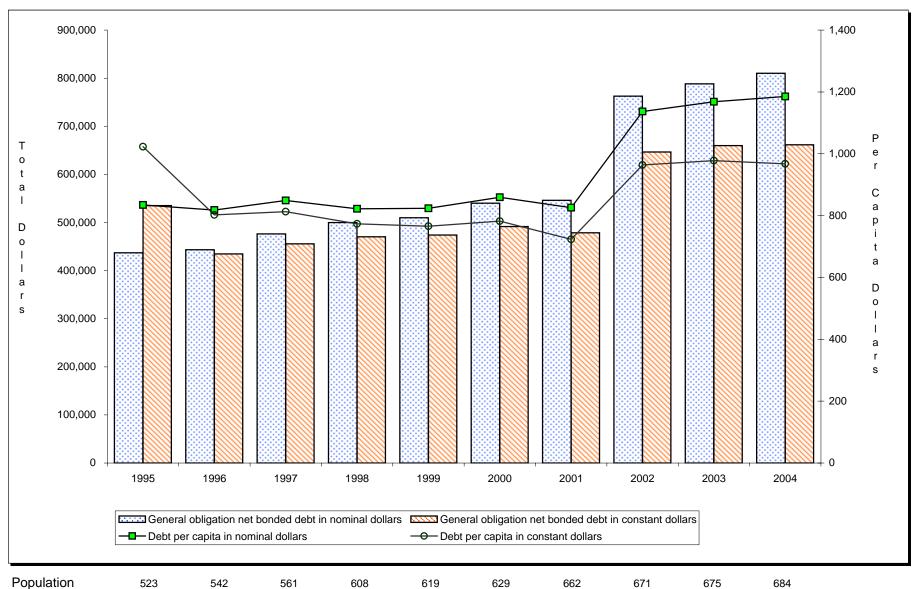
Financial presentations included in the Statistical Section provide data on the financial, physical and economic characteristics of the City. These tables cover multiple fiscal years and provide users with a broader and more complete understanding of the City and its financial affairs.

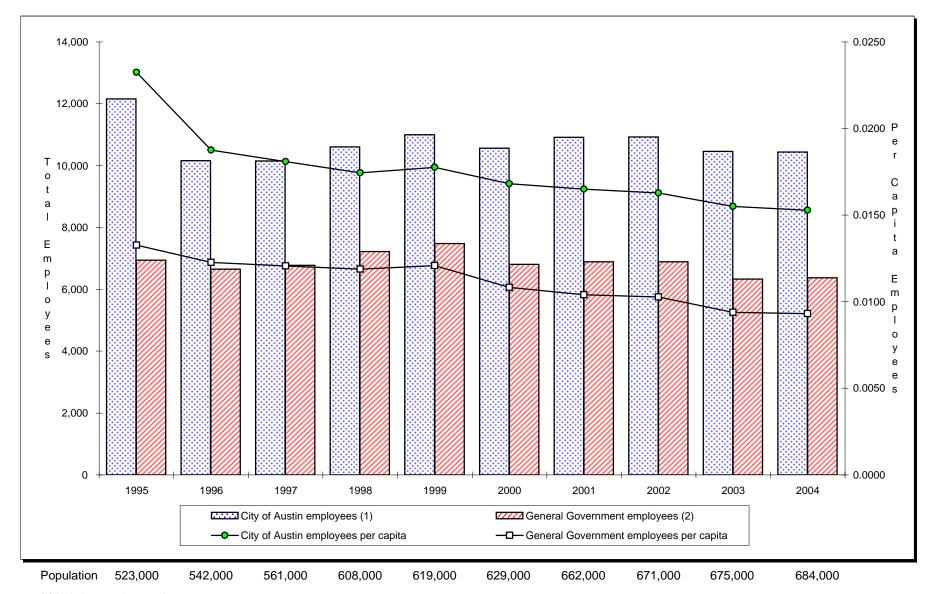




Note: General governmental includes the General Fund and two internal service funds, Computer Technology Management and Support Services.

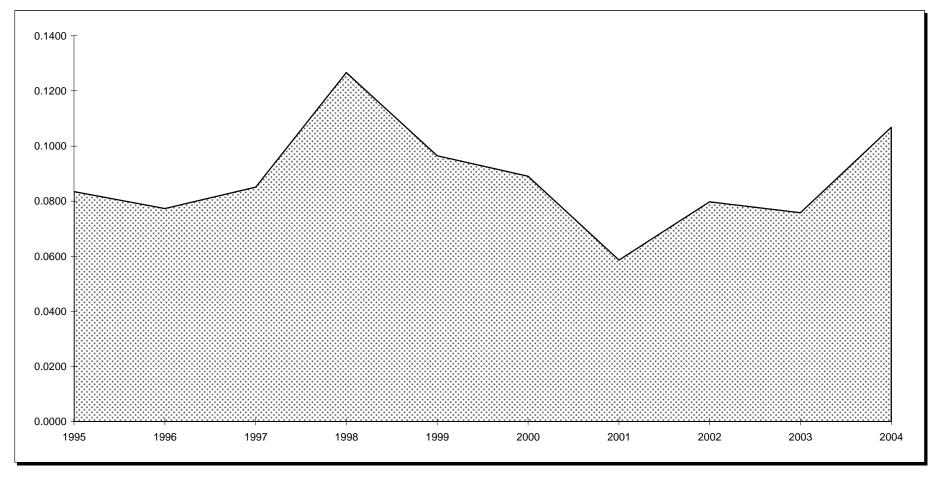
195





- (1) Includes part-time employees
- (2) Includes grant-funded employees and part-time employees

	 1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Unreserved fund balance	\$ 23,929	23,083	25,501	40,502	34,029	33,243	24,457	36,078	35,196	45,638
Annual expenditures	\$ 286,528	298,416	299,845	319,902	352,697	373,258	417,494	452,487	464,379	427,402



Note: General governmental includes the General Fund and two internal service funds, Computer Technology Management and Support Services.

#### **EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION**

Fiscal Year					Public Services	;	Public R	ecreation	Social		Urban	General
Ended	Total		Fiscal	Public	and	Public	and C	ulture	Services	Support	Growth	City
Sept. 30	(1)	Administration	Management	Safety	Utilities	Health	Parks	Libraries	Management	Services	Management	Responsibilities
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1995	286,528	9,186	12,499	131,743	15,550	40,432	19,258	10,617	7,335	20,451	11,402	8,055
1996	298,416	10,530	15,420	141,141	11,904	43,647	19,411	10,681	7,286	21,357	10,567	6,472
1997	299,845	10,661	16,250	144,288	9,676	43,190	21,283	11,481	6,739	22,513	7,501	6,263
1998	319,902	10,923	16,567	162,733	10,128	37,060	23,066	12,795	8,205	24,304	8,380	5,741
1999	352,697	13,045	19,628	173,963	11,099	40,678	26,028	14,901	8,627	29,993	9,129	5,606
2000	373,258	15,555	21,175	191,591	6,098	41,032	27,994	16,211	9,387	30,117	10,189	3,909
2001	417,494	18,152	20,779	210,281	9,520	41,437	30,369	17,091	8,071	41,076	11,569	9,149
2002	452,487	18,750	20,115	237,590	9,191	43,655	29,563	17,133	10,448	42,613	10,882	12,547
2003	464,379	18,030	21,785	254,684	9,380	46,061	28,170	17,023	9,985	38,910	11,638	8,713
2004	427,402	15,065	18,697	262,086	8,669	15,728	26,952	16,303	9,579	33,522	10,246	10,555

<sup>(1)</sup> Total does not include transfers to other funds.

Note: General governmental includes the General Fund and two internal service funds, Information Systems and Support Services.

#### Reconciliation of Internal Service Fund expenses and General Fund expenditures

			Fiscal	Support	
	Admir	nistration	Management	Services	Total
Internal Service Fund expenses			_		
Mayor/Council	\$	529			529
Management Services		2,946			2,946
City Clerk		2,357			2,357
Public Information Office		1,034			1,034
Office of the City Auditor			1,354		1,354
Financial Services			17,343		17,343
Information Systems				19,509	19,509
Human Resources				5,817	5,817
Small and Minority Business Resources				1,657	1,657
City Attorney				5,992	5,992
Other requirements				547	547
Total Support Services Fund	\$	6,866	18,697	33,522	59,085
General Government total expenses by function					427,402
Plus budget-basis adjustment for transfers (see Exhibit E-	3)				36,428
Less Internal Service Fund expenses					(59,085)
Total General Fund expenditures (see Exhibit E-2)				=	\$ 404,745

(Continued)

#### **EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES**

Fiscal Year Ended	Total		Fiscal	Public	Public Services and	Public		ecreation Culture	Social Services	Support	Urban Growth	General City
Sept. 30	(1)	Administration	Management	Safety	Utilities	Health	Parks	Libraries	Management	Services	Management	Responsibilities
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
1995	100.00	3.21	4.36	45.98	5.43	14.11	6.72	3.70	2.56	7.14	3.98	2.81
1996	100.00	3.53	5.17	47.30	3.99	14.62	6.50	3.58	2.44	7.16	3.54	2.17
1997	100.00	3.56	5.42	48.11	3.23	14.40	7.10	3.83	2.25	7.51	2.50	2.09
1998	100.00	3.41	5.18	50.88	3.17	11.58	7.21	4.00	2.56	7.60	2.62	1.79
1999	100.00	3.70	5.57	49.32	3.15	11.52	7.38	4.23	2.45	8.50	2.59	1.59
2000	100.00	4.17	5.67	51.34	1.63	10.99	7.50	4.34	2.51	8.07	2.73	1.05
2001	100.00	4.35	4.98	50.37	2.28	9.93	7.27	4.09	1.93	9.84	2.77	2.19
2002	100.00	4.14	4.45	52.51	2.03	9.65	6.53	3.79	2.31	9.42	2.40	2.77
2003	100.00	3.88	4.69	54.83	2.03	9.91	6.08	3.66	2.15	8.38	2.51	1.88
2004	100.00	3.52	4.37	61.33	2.03	3.68	6.31	3.81	2.24	7.84	2.40	2.47

<sup>(1)</sup> Total does not include transfers to other funds.

Note: General governmental includes the General Fund and two internal service funds, Information Systems and Support Services.

The table on the facing page shows by function internal service funds expenses that are included above in 2004.

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Administration	9,186	10,285	10,226	10,352	12,109	13,887	15,698	16,084	15,102	12,321
Fiscal management	12,499	15,060	15,588	15,701	18,220	18,904	17,970	17,254	18,247	15,292
Public safety	131,743	137,848	138,406	154,228	161,484	171,044	181,856	203,802	213,323	214,117
Public services and utilities	15,550	11,626	9,281	9,599	10,303	5,444	8,233	7,884	7,857	7,038
Public health	40,432	42,629	41,429	35,123	37,760	36,632	35,836	37,447	38,581	12,717
Parks	19,258	18,958	20,416	21,861	24,161	24,992	26,264	25,359	23,595	22,007
Libraries	10,617	10,432	11,013	12,127	13,833	14,473	14,780	14,696	14,258	13,321
Social services management	7,335	7,116	6,464	7,776	8,008	8,380	6,980	8,962	8,363	7,834
Support services	20,451	20,859	21,595	23,034	27,842	26,887	35,524	36,553	32,591	27,417
Urban growth management	11,402	10,321	7,195	7,942	8,474	9,096	10,006	9,334	9,748	8,343
General city responsibilities	8,055	6,321	6,008	5,441	5,204	3,490	7,913	10,763	7,298	8,633
Total (1)	286,528	291,455	287,621	303,184	327,398	333,229	361,060	388,138	388,963	349,040

<sup>(1)</sup> Total does not include transfers to other funds.

Note: General governmental includes the General Fund and two internal service funds, Computer Technology Management and Support Services.

The table below shows by function internal service funds expenses that are included above in 2004:

	Adr	ninistration	Fiscal Management	Support Services	Total
<u>Department</u>					
Mayor/Council	\$	433			433
Management Services		2,411			2,411
City Clerk		1,928			1,928
Public Information Office		846			846
Office of the City Auditor			1,107		1,107
Financial Services			14,184		14,184
Information Systems				15,956	15,956
Human Resources				4,758	4,758
Small and Minority Business					
Resources				4,901	4,901
City Attorney				1,355	1,355
Other requirements				447	447
Total Support Services Fund	\$	5,618	15,291	27,417	48,326

Note: Amounts are actual expenditures adjusted by a Consumer Price Index (CPI) based on the Texas CPI.

#### REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

Fiscal Year		Operating Utility	Transfers In	_		1% City	Mixed	Franchise Fees	Fines	Licenses	Charges for	
Ended		System	Other		Property	Sales	Drink	and Gross	and	and	Services/	Interest
Sept. 30	Total	Funds	Funds	Subtotal	Tax	Tax	Tax	Receipts Tax	Forfeitures	Permits	Goods	and Other
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1995	270,534	71,111	203	199,220	66,253	80,475	1,928	12,417	10,966	13,074	8,021	6,086
1996	288,328	73,583	342	214,403	74,441	83,681	2,042	13,579	12,159	14,311	8,175	6,015
1997	298,031	71,450	256	226,325	80,529	88,150	2,187	14,987	12,570	12,888	9,427	5,587
1998	333,903	72,721		261,182	90,775	97,581	2,354	17,101	14,493	15,541	10,261	13,076
1999	361,115	74,204		286,911	106,233	106,839	2,585	19,900	16,206	17,252	11,534	6,362
2000	398,096	78,352		319,744	115,328	122,157	2,972	23,905	16,040	18,174	11,758	9,410
2001	429,685	85,824	459	343,402	124,931	123,218	3,407	31,646	17,000	17,631	14,985	10,584
2002	482,844	88,924	48,160	345,760	143,056	115,441	3,448	29,834	17,704	14,670	15,579	6,028
2003	452,811	92,417		360,394	150,378	110,454	3,466	29,175	16,966	14,737	15,403	19,815
2004	473,658	95,894		377,764	160,049	117,725	3,946	29,018	16,976	15,317	15,565	19,168

### REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL REVENUES AND SOURCES

Fiscal Year		Operating Utility	Transfers In	-		1% City	Mixed	Franchise Fees	Fines	Licenses	Charges for	
Ended		System	Other		Property	Sales	Drink	and Gross	and	and	Services/	Interest
Sept. 30	Total	Funds	Funds	Subtotal	Tax	Tax	Tax	Receipts Tax	Forfeitures	Permits	Goods	and Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
1995	100.00	26.29	0.08	73.63	24.49	29.75	0.71	4.59	4.05	4.83	2.96	2.25
1996	100.00	25.52	0.12	74.36	25.82	29.02	0.71	4.71	4.22	4.96	2.83	2.09
1997	100.00	23.98	0.09	75.93	27.02	29.58	0.73	5.03	4.22	4.32	3.16	1.87
1998	100.00	21.78		78.22	27.19	29.23	0.70	5.12	4.34	4.65	3.07	3.92
1999	100.00	20.55		79.45	29.41	29.59	0.72	5.51	4.49	4.78	3.19	1.76
2000	100.00	19.68		80.32	28.97	30.69	0.75	6.00	4.03	4.57	2.95	2.36
2001	100.00	19.97	0.11	79.92	29.07	28.68	0.79	7.37	3.96	4.10	3.49	2.46
2002	100.00	18.42	9.97	71.61	29.62	23.91	0.71	6.18	3.67	3.04	3.23	1.25
2003	100.00	20.41		79.59	33.21	24.39	0.77	6.44	3.75	3.25	3.40	4.38
2004	100.00	20.25		79.75	33.79	24.85	0.83	6.13	3.58	3.23	3.29	4.05

Fiscal		Ratio of				Tax Ra	ate (per \$100 Valı	uation)
Year	Valuation	Assessed			Percent of		Debt	
Ended	Date	Value to	Assessed	Estimated	Growth in	General	Service	
Sept. 30	(January 1)	Market Value	Valuation	Market Value	Market Value	Fund	Fund	Total
		%	\$	\$	%	\$	\$	\$
1995	1994	100	20,958,589,300	20,958,589,300	14.9	0.3132	0.2493	0.5625
1996	1995	100	23,303,015,047	23,303,015,047	11.2	0.3177	0.2269	0.5446
1997	1996	100	25,823,385,257	25,823,385,257	10.8	0.3117	0.2134	0.5251
1998	1997	100	27,493,058,735	27,493,058,735	6.5	0.3304	0.2097	0.5401
1999	1998	100	32,458,349,755	32,458,349,755	18.1	0.3265	0.1877	0.5142
2000	1999	100	35,602,840,326	35,602,840,326	9.7	0.3222	0.1812	0.5034
2001	2000	100	41,419,314,286	41,419,314,286	16.3	0.3011	0.1652	0.4663
2002	2001	100	47,782,873,096	47,782,873,096	15.4	0.3041	0.1556	0.4597
2003	2002	100	50,759,650,668	50,759,650,668	6.2	0.2969	0.1628	0.4597
2004	2003	100	48,964,275,008	48,964,275,008	(3.5)	0.3236	0.1692	0.4928
2005 (1) (2)	2004	100	49,941,849,675	49,941,849,675	2.0	0.2747	0.1683	0.4430

Fiscal Year	Valuation			Percent of	Delinquent		Percent of Total Tax	Outstanding	Percent of Delinquent
Ended	Date	Total Tax Levy	<b>Current Tax</b>	Levy	Tax	Total Tax	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
Sept. 30	(January 1)	(October 1)	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	to Tax Levy	Taxes	Tax Levy
		\$	\$	%	\$	\$	%	\$	%
1995	1994	117,892,065	116,714,522	99.00	1,292,960	118,007,482	100.10	6,554,774	5.56
1996	1995	126,908,220	125,670,964	99.03	1,124,436	126,795,400	99.91	6,497,489	5.12
1997	1996	135,598,596	134,188,550	98.96	696,317	134,884,867	99.47	6,709,208	4.95
1998	1997	148,490,010	146,707,221	98.80	844,378	147,551,599	99.37	6,945,055	4.68
1999	1998	166,900,834	165,044,814	98.89	1,137,274	166,182,088	99.57	7,317,015	4.38
2000	1999	179,224,698	177,574,166	99.08	1,385,668	178,959,834	99.85	7,532,647	4.20
2001	2000	193,138,262	191,173,307	98.98	1,191,262	192,364,569	99.60	7,318,463	3.79
2002	2001	219,657,867	217,043,867	98.81	927,864	217,971,731	99.23	7,435,974	3.39
2003	2002	233,342,114	230,629,853	98.84	1,774,736	232,404,589	99.60	7,990,337	3.42
2004	2003	241,295,947	239,017,055	99.06	(366,274)	238,650,781	98.90	8,297,267	3.44
2005 (1) (2)	2004	221,242,394	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

<sup>\*\*</sup> Information not yet available for tax year 2004

<sup>(1)</sup> Assessed valuation for valuation date, January 1, 2004, is subject to change pending additional exemptions and appeals. Accordingly, the tax levy represents an estimate.

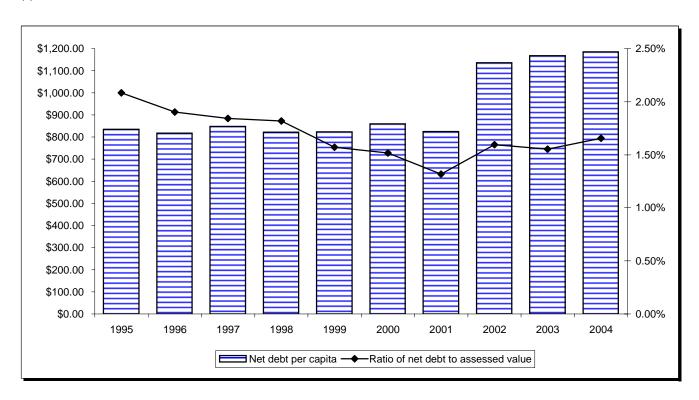
<sup>(2)</sup> Tax rate decreased by 6.35 cents per \$100 valuation for the value of services transferred to the Travis County Hospital District.

		January 1, 2003 Assessed	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation of
Taxpayer	Type of Property	Valuation \$	\$48,964,275,008 %
		•	70
Motorola, Inc.	Manufacturing	459,627,945	0.94
Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.	Manufacturing	353,106,411	0.72
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc	Manufacturing	331,899,320	0.68
Dell Computer Corp	Manufacturing	327,363,461	0.67
IBM Corporation	Manufacturing	294,206,662	0.60
Applied Materials Inc	Manufacturing	292,451,929	0.60
Southwestern Bell	Telephone Utility	281,796,231	0.58
Samsung	Manufacturing	207,980,236	0.42
Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing	Manufacturing	134,413,547	0.27
Blue Star Austin	Commercial	116,083,105	0.24
		2,798,928,847	5.72

Source: Travis Central Appraisal District
Williamson County Appraisal District

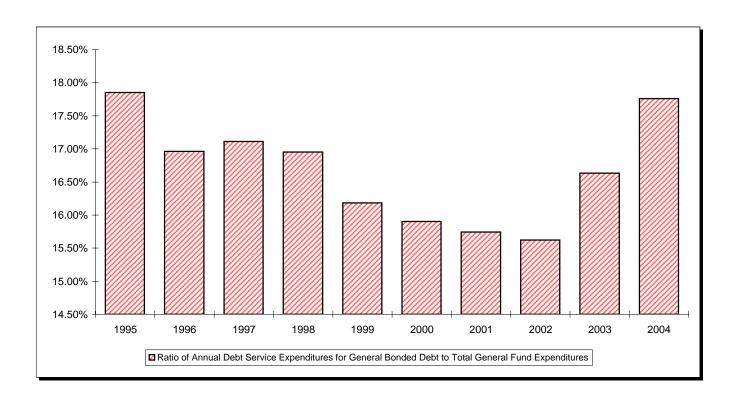
				Amount Available				
Fiscal			Gross	in Debt	Net	Ratio		Net
Year			Bonded	Service	Bonded	Net Bonde	d Debt to	Debt
Ended	Population	Assessed	Debt (1)	Fund (2)	Debt	Assessed	Market	Per
Sept. 30	Estimate	Value	(in 000's)	(in 000's)	(in 000's)	Value	Value	Capita
		\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%	\$
1995	523,352	20,958,589,300	445,803	8,935	436,868	2.08	2.08	834.75
1996	541,889	23,303,015,047	451,722	8,475	443,247	1.90	1.90	817.97
1997	560,939	25,823,385,257	483,677	7,529	476,148	1.84	1.84	848.84
1998	608,214	27,493,058,735	507,297	7,270	500,027	1.82	1.82	822.12
1999	619,038	32,458,349,755	517,629	7,870	509,759	1.57	1.57	823.47
2000	628,667	35,602,840,326	550,039	9,756	540,283	1.52	1.52	859.41
2001	661,639	41,419,314,286	562,678	16,467	546,211	1.32	1.32	825.54
2002	671,044	47,782,873,096	779,075	16,451	762,624	1.60	1.60	1,136.47
2003	674,719	50,759,650,668	805,677	17,311	788,366	1.55	1.55	1,168.44
2004	683,551	48,964,275,008	827,580	17,307	810,273	1.65	1.65	1,185.39

- (1) Excludes general obligation bonds, public property finance contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation issued for proprietary funds. Excludes revenue bonds and advances from other funds.
- (2) Excludes loan fund balances.



					Total Debt	
Fiscal		Interest			Service plus	
Year		and Paying	Total	Total	Total	Ratio of
Ended	Principal	Agents'	Debt	General Fund	<b>General Fund</b>	Debt Service
Sept. 30	(2) (3)	Commissions (2) (3)	Service	Expenditures	Expenditures	to Total (1)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
1995	22,023	32,214	54,237	249,615	303,852	17.85
1996	22,723	35,039	57,762	282,773	340,535	16.96
1997	21,502	38,481	59,983	290,578	350,561	17.11
1998	22,570	40,751	63,321	310,195	373,518	16.95
1999	23,781	42,130	65,911	341,417	407,327	16.18
2000	26,920	42,094	69,014	364,938	433,952	15.90
2001	44,070	29,854	73,924	395,621	469,544	15.74
2002	43,867	35,797	79,664	430,237	509,902	15.62
2003	48,785	37,573	86,358	432,879	519,237	16.63
2004	48,022	39,381	87,403	404,745	492,148	17.76

- (1) Ratio of total debt service to total debt service plus total General Fund.
- (2) Excludes payments for enterprise fund general obligation debt.
- (3) Subsequent to 1999, excludes loan principal and interest.



Assessed value (100% of estimated market value) as of January 1, 2003		\$ 48,964,275
Debt limit Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		6,850,420
Total general obligation bonds, contractual obligations, and certificates of obligation excluding proprietary fund balances of \$84,551	827.580	
Less: Amount available in Debt Service Fund	17,307	
Debt applicable to debt limit, excluding loan fund balances		
and advances from other funds		810,273
Legal debt margin		\$ 6,040,147

Note - Ad valorem tax limitations:

The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. However, under the City Charter, a limitation on taxes levied for general governmental services, exclusive of payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, has been established at \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation. A practical limitation on taxes levied for debt service of \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation is established by referring to the State Statute and City Charter limitations.

Assuming the maximum tax rate for debt service of \$1.50 on January 1, 2003 and assessed valuation of \$48,964,275 at 95% collection, tax revenues of \$697,741 would be produced. This revenue could service the debt on \$6,850,420 issued as 8% - 20-year serial bonds with level debt service payments.

	Net Debt		Amount	
	Outstanding as	Percent	Applicable to	
Name of	of September 30, 2004	Applicable to	City of Austin	
Governmental Unit	(in 000's)	City of Austin (2)	(in 000's)	
	\$	%	\$	
City of Austin	<u>827,580</u> (1)	100.00	827,580	
Greater than 10%				
Austin Community College	151,180	81.70	123,514	
Austin Independent School District	448,414	79.37	355,906	
North Austin MUD #1	10,335	100.00	10,335	
Northwest Austin MUD #1	11,911	100.00	11,911	
Northwest Travis County RD #3	4,985	100.00	4,985	
Travis County	452,784	71.00	321,477	
Subtotal greater than 10%	1,079,609		828,128	
Less than 10%				
Del Valle Independent School District	94,070	3.03	2,850	
Eanes Independent School District	106,806	3.89	4,155	
Leander Independent School District	418,246	1.25	5,228	
Manor Independent School District	61,150	1.76	1,076	
Pflugerville Independent School District	242,642	4.00	9,706	
Round Rock Independent School District	442,435	5.73	25,352	
Williamson County	441,595	3.26	14,396	
Subtotal less than 10%	1,806,944		62,763	
Total direct and overlapping debt	3,714,133		1,718,471	
Ratio of total direct and overlapping debt to				
assessed valuation (3)		3.51 %		
Per capita overlapping debt (4)		\$ 2,514.03		

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes general obligation debt reported in proprietary funds

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Taxing jurisdictions

<sup>(3)</sup> Based on assessed valuation of \$48,964,275,008

<sup>(4)</sup> Based on 2004 estimated population of 683,551

	Tax Rates (per \$100 Assessed Value) for Fiscal Year Ended September 30									
Government	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
City of Austin	0.4928	0.4597	0.4597	0.4663	0.5034	0.5142	0.5401	0.5251	0.5446	0.5625
Austin Community College	0.0771	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0482	0.0466
Austin Independent School District	1.6137	1.5964	1.5486	1.5486	1.5486	1.4319	1.4010	1.3110	1.2832	1.3450
North Austin MUD #1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5100	0.5500	0.5803	0.7100	0.7500	0.7500		
Northwest Austin MUD #1	0.6320	0.3150	0.3577	0.3620	0.3620	0.4000	0.4000	0.3926	0.3926	0.4000
Northwest Travis County RD #3	0.1660	0.1500	0.1646	0.1600	0.2248	0.2500	0.2700	0.3500	0.3541	0.4500
Travis County (1)	0.4918	0.4660	0.4460	0.4670	0.4988	0.5143	0.4938	0.4950	0.5186	0.5552

				•	•		•			
Government	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
City of Austin	241,296	233,342	219,658	193,138	179,225	166,901	148,490	135,599	126,908	117,892
Austin Community College	37,321	24,863	23,323	20,571	19,209	15,255	13,971	13,900	11,951	9,458
Austin Independent School District	627,876	644,948	593,189	525,477	455,559	385,064	348,753	321,567	277,255	272,094
North Austin MUD #1	2,736	2,808	2,856	2,855	2,375	2,372	2,372	2,390		
Northwest Austin MUD #1	883	874	1,093	1,046	136	659	645	125	509	434
Northwest Travis County RD #3	611	626	654	590	670	607	539	576	428	388
Travis County (1)	293,345	287,478	256,710	231,415	209,688	196,160	168,089	157,852	149,801	143,659

Tax Levies (in 000's) for Fiscal Year Ended September 30

Note: Initial tax levies were as follows: Austin Community College - 1988, Northwest Travis County RD #3 - 1990, and Northwest Austin MUD #1 - 1989.

(1) Includes taxes and levies for Travis County and Farm to Market Roads.

Source: Travis Central Appraisal District and taxing entity.

			(In thousands	5)			Annual	Percent of	
Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	1st Quarter Oct Dec.	2nd Quarter Jan Mar.	3rd Quarter Apr Jun.	4th Quarter Jul Sept.	Total	Percent Base Year	Percent Increase (Decrease)	Property Tax Levy	Equivalent Tax Rate
- ССР1: ОО	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%	%	¢
1968 (1)	Ψ 	Ψ 	Ψ 	τ 1,458	Ψ 1,458	N/A	N/A	14.58	19.54
1969	876	906	852	917	3,551	100.0	0.0	34.07	43.96
1970	974	1,089	951	1,041	4,055	114.2	14.2	35.08	45.25
1971	1,129	1,245	1,137	1,235	4,746	133.7	17.0	34.41	44.39
1972	1,309	1,465	1,339	1,415	5,528	155.7	16.5	35.50	45.80
1973	1,569	1,715	1,592	1,692	6,568	185.0	18.8	38.37	48.73
1974	1,730	1,946	1,695	1,888	7,259	204.4	10.5	38.45	48.82
1975	1,961	1,972	2,328	1,644	7,905	222.6	8.9	36.05	42.89
1976	2,242	2,318	2,046	2,560	9,166	258.1	16.0	36.17	45.94
1977	1,798	3,173	2,653	3,867	11,491	323.6	25.4	35.92	45.62
1978	3,022	3,501	3,155	3,853	13,531	381.0	17.8	40.00	49.60
1979	3,815	3,909	3,487	4,067	15,278	430.2	12.9	45.75	43.92
1980	3,793	4,269	3,722	6,000	17,784	500.8	16.4	49.42	47.44
1981	3,792	5,652	5,034	7,103	21,581	607.7	21.4	56.20	32.03
1982	4,483	6,284	5,625	8,025	24,417	687.6	13.1	53.86	33.39
1983	5,171	7,089	6,785	9,052	28,097	791.2	15.1	53.02	29.81
1984	6,331	8,823	8,963	12,756	36,873	1038.4	31.2	57.00	37.05
1985	7,917	11,289	10,922	14,506	44,634	1256.9	21.0	61.53	28.98
1986	8,379	11,394	10,435	13,741	43,949	1237.7	(1.5)	49.24	26.00
1987	7,669	10,353	9,677	12,189	39,888	1123.3	(9.2)	35.23	17.01
1988	7,318	10,596	10,651	14,360	42,925	1208.8	7.6	37.92	20.16
1989	8,039	9,427	14,140	15,566	47,172	1328.4	9.9	46.43	24.61
1990	12,381	13,277	8,918	16,964	51,540	1451.4	9.3	50.46	29.01
1991	12,762	10,539	13,578	18,522	55,401	1560.2	7.5	56.59	32.23
1992	9,304	14,713	14,231	20,007	58,255	1640.5	5.2	57.11	34.42
1993	10,869	17,393	15,971	22,821	67,054	1888.3	15.1	61.62	39.50
1994	11,897	19,225	18,072	26,586	75,780	2134.0	13.0	66.75	41.55
1995	13,198	21,628	18,836	26,813	80,475	2266.3	6.2	68.26	38.40
1996	5,643	22,056	20,294	35,688	83,681	2356.5	4.0	65.94	35.91
1997	5,571	23,258	20,850	38,471	88,150	2482.4	5.3	65.01	34.14
1998	8,335	23,188	24,054	42,004	97,581	2748.0	10.7	65.72	35.50
1999	14,684	20,637	26,051	45,467	106,839	3008.7	9.5	64.01	32.91
2000	10,389	30,780	29,300	51,688	122,157	3440.1	14.3	68.16	34.31
2001	11,325	30,977	30,574	50,342	123,218	3470.0	0.9	63.80	29.75
2002	7,887	24,060	36,417	47,077	115,441	3250.9	(6.3)	52.55	24.16
2003	9,895	27,625	27,201	45,733	110,454	3110.5	(4.3)	47.34	21.76
2004	10,009	29,164	28,819	49,733	117,725	3315.3	6.6	48.79	24.04

<sup>(1) 1%</sup> City sales tax levied effective January 1, 1968. This tax is collected and remitted to the City by the State Comptroller.

## **ELECTRIC FUND**

Distribution -- 2,363 miles primary overhead distribution lines (12KV)

3,183 miles secondary overhead distribution lines (12KV)
2,356 miles primary underground distribution lines (12KV)
2,406 miles secondary underground distribution lines (12KV)

41 miles transmission lines (69KV) 340 miles transmission lines (138KV)

269 miles transmission lines (345KV) (counting 50% of jointly owned lines with LCRA)

#### WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND

Source of supply -- 150 mile long network of lakes created along the Colorado River by six dams with a combined storage capacity in excess of 3,300,000 acre-feet of water.

Water treatment plants 3

Rated peak daily capacity 260,000,000 gallons Average daily consumption 113,826,000 gallons

Average daily consumption per capita 145 gallons (based on 2004 service area population)

Water distribution -- 2,871 miles of mains

47 booster pump stations

Water connections -- 188,441 metered services

27,134 fire hydrants

Wastewater treatment plants 9 (includes 6 package treatment plants)

Combined daily capacity130,000,000gallonsAverage daily volume81,431,000gallonsCollection: Sanitary sewer mains2,265miles

Connections 174,593 Lift stations 115

		Fiscal Yea	ar Ended Septemb	per 30	
	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
•	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE					
Electric					
Service Area Sales	745,598	838,189	668,744	756,246	723,260
Sales to other utilities (including					
capacity contract)	48,042	51,168	41,625	33,135	50,780
Rent from electric property	1,805	1,455	2,002	995	851
Customers' forfeited discounts and penalties	3,823	3,893	4,738	(36)	1,558
Miscellaneous	29,750	26,944	27,986	15,970	6,280
Total electric	829,018	921,649	745,095	806,310	782,729
Water					
Urban	103,547	111,689	104,547	99,156	109,963
Rural	6,436	7,293	6,837	6,439	7,413
City general government departments					(42)
Sales to other water utilities	6,889	7,697	7,164	7,185	7,877
Water connections	420	403	300	237	208
Customers' forfeited discounts and penalties	578	623	784	(5)	263
Miscellaneous	1,383	2,719	2,403	1,661	4,507
Total water	119,253	130,424	122,035	114,673	130,189
Wastewater					
Urban	100,604	97,495	92,793	92,328	97,895
Rural	3,566	3,971	3,311	2,810	2,631
City utility departments		·	·	1	7
Sales to other sewer utilities	3,142	2,966	2,983	3,161	3,114
Sewer connections	385	369	275	217	190
Customers' forfeited discounts and penalties	593	598	733	(3)	260
Industrial waste surcharge	3,607	3,846	3,662	3,730	4,041
Miscellaneous	2,814	2,696	3,742	2,998	2,152
Total wastewater	114,711	111,941	107,499	105,242	110,290
Interest	13,529	25,658	48,359	61,316	47,350
Total operating and interest revenues	1,076,511	1,189,672	1,022,988	1,087,541	1,070,558

(Continued)

(Continued)

		Fiscal Yea	r Ended Septemb	er 30	
	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
EXPENSE					
Electric					
Total electric	516,857	554,235	401,439	458,686	420,075
Water					
Purification	17,217	16,834	16,702	15,303	14,225
Distribution	19,590	20,796	20,897	20,197	18,247
Customer accounting and collection	6,035	6,035	6,378	5,202	5,457
Jobbing and contract work	(9)	(118)	(78)	52	14
Design engineering	823	708	800	425	1,922
Administrative and general	15,592	14,754	15,296	12,406	12,939
Total water	59,248	59,009	59,995	53,585	52,804
Wastewater					
Sewer lines	5,788	5,609	6,299	6,175	7,592
Sewage treatment plant	21,239	20,913	21,405	19,172	17,115
Customer accounting and collection	2,911	2,911	3,017	4,374	4,406
Jobbing and contract work	3	11	24	87	69
Design engineering	7,925	7,396	7,437	6,846	1,998
Administrative and general	12,441	13,567	14,164	12,172	12,382
Total wastewater	50,307	50,407	52,346	48,826	43,562
Total expenses (1)	626,412	663,651	513,780	561,097	516,441
Net revenue available for debt service	450,099	526,021	509,208	526,444	554,117

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest expense, depreciation, amortization and other nonoperating items are not included in total expense.

		Fiscal Yea	r Ended Septemb	er 30	
	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PLANT COST					
Utility systems					
Electric	3,547,908	3,399,284	3,231,331	3,067,650	2,842,927
Water	1,346,938	1,275,501	1,220,643	1,169,575	1,090,912
Wastewater	1,328,064	1,214,498	1,123,646	1,080,759	1,032,885
Total cost	6,222,910	5,889,283	5,575,620	5,317,984	4,966,724
Allowance for depreciation:					
Electric	1,374,273	1,288,675	1,203,986	1,131,861	1,048,947
Water	323,568	299,550	278,757	264,352	242,395
Wastewater	383,687	358,634	337,795	328,640	304,152
Total depreciation	2,081,528	1,946,859	1,820,538	1,724,853	1,595,494
Cost after depreciation	4,141,382	3,942,424	3,755,082	3,593,131	3,371,230
EQUITY IN UTILITY SYSTEMS					
Utility systems	6,222,910	5,889,283	5,575,620	5,317,983	4,966,724
Plus:	0,222,010	0,000,200	0,010,020	0,011,000	1,000,721
Inventories, materials and supplies (1)  Net construction assets and	35,813	32,349	32,980	34,689	32,905
unamortized bond issue cost (2)	12,640	28.922	125,858	154,576	126,423
,	6,271,363	5,950,554	5,734,458	5,507,248	5,126,052
Less:					
Allowance for depreciation	2,081,528	1,946,859	1,820,538	1,724,853	1,595,495
Construction contracts payable				279	1,149
	2,081,528	1,946,859	1,820,538	1,725,132	1,596,644
Utility systems, net	4,189,835	4,003,695	3,913,920	3,782,116	3,529,408
Revenue bonds and other debt					
outstanding (3)	2,763,009	2,798,156	2,796,408	2,779,856	2,722,323
Less:					
Bond retirement and reserve funds		144,410	147,637	170,700	161,597
Net debt	2,763,009	2,653,746	2,648,771	2,609,156	2,560,726
Equity in utility systems	1,426,826	1,349,949	1,265,149	1,172,960	968,682
Percentage of equity in utility systems	34.05%	33.72%	32.32%	31.01%	27.45%

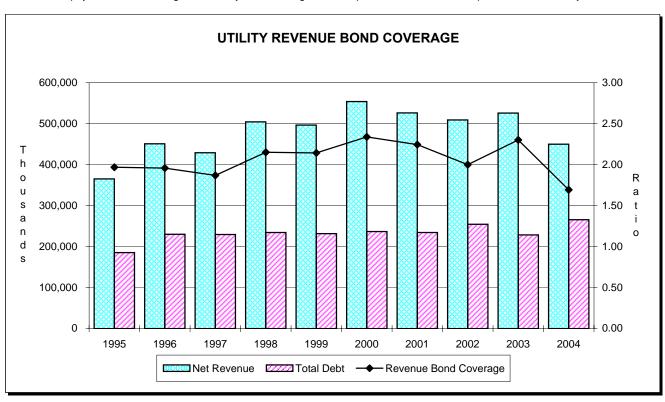
<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include fuel oil or coal inventories of approximately \$18.9 million at September 30, 2004. Consists primarily of spare parts inventory at Fayette Plant and South Texas Project.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes investment in municipal utility districts of \$2 thousand.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes Revenue Bonds and Tax/Revenue Bonds of \$2,404.9 million (net of discounts, unamortized gains and losses on refundings, and inclusive of premiums); Contract Revenue Bonds of \$13.7 million; Capital Lease Obligations of \$12.0 million; Commercial Paper of \$315.6 million (net of discounts); General Obligation Bonds of \$7.3 million; and Contractual Obligation Bonds of \$9.3 million.

	Net Rev	enue Available f	or Debt Service	Debt Se	nents (3)		
Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Total Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Revenue Bond Coverage (4)
•	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1995	717,231	352,003	365,228	34,547	150,952	185,499	1.97
1996	831,371	380,407	450,964	75,520	154,728	230,248	1.96
1997	812,186	383,121	429,065	82,541	146,998	229,539	1.87
1998	918,508	413,939	504,569	93,922	140,541	234,463	2.15
1999	926,692	429,926	496,766	100,084	131,627	231,711	2.14
2000	1,070,558	516,441	554,117	96,790	140,126	236,916	2.34
2001	1,087,541	561,097	526,444	101,357	133,055	234,412	2.25
2002	1,022,988	513,780	509,208	98,876	155,645	254,521	2.00
2003	1,189,672	663,651	526,021	86,825	141,722	228,547	2.30
2004	1,076,511	626,412	450,099	121,710	143,993	265,703	1.69

- (1) Operating revenue and interest income.
- (2) Operating expenses other than interest on debt, depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Debt service calculations are done on a cash basis rather than the accrual basis used in preparation of the financial statements.
- (4) Revenue bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest payments made during each fiscal year. Coverage includes prior, subordinate, and separate lien bonds only.



Fiscal Year	Operating Revenue	Other Revenue	Total Revenue	Transfers To General Fund	Percentage of Total Revenue
	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
1984	451,146	31,331	482,477	46,057	9.55
1985	447,699	42,190	489,889	50,525	10.31
1986	516,724	51,724	568,448	56,090	9.87
1987	525,350	56,138	581,488	60,203	10.35
1988	556,356	42,873	599,229	63,741	10.64
1989	542,516	50,231	592,747	64,460	10.87
1990	585,184	53,748	638,932	63,666	9.96
1991	571,816	42,875	614,691	63,055	10.26
1992	578,276	31,038	609,314	73,238	12.02
1993	645,075	25,202	670,277	68,582	10.23
1994	662,807	21,753	684,560	67,914	9.92
1995	690,832	26,400	717,232	71,111	9.91
1996	800,078	31,293	831,371	73,583	8.85
1997	774,262	37,924	812,186	71,450	8.80
1998	870,163	48,345	918,508	72,721	7.92
1999	896,130	30,561	926,691	74,204	8.01
2000	1,023,208	47,351	1,070,559	78,352	7.32
2001	1,026,225	61,316	1,087,541	85,824	7.89
2002	974,629	48,359	1,022,988	88,924	8.69
2003	1,164,014	25,658	1,189,672	92,417	7.77
2004	1,062,982	13,529	1,076,511	95,894	8.91

	Electric Sa	les (KWH)	Number of Customers	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
Electric:				
Totals	10,262,130,070	10,321,397,755	365,874	359,526

KWH and number of customers do not include Sale for Resale information.

	200	4	20	03
	Average Customers	Thousand Gallons	Average Customers	Thousand Gallons
Water and Wastewater:	Customers	Gallotis	Customers	Gallolis
Thousands of gallons pumped		48,468,963 (1	1	51,110,847 (1)
Less: Sales to other utilities		3,164,880		3,437,043
Thousand gallons to system		45,304,083		47,673,804
Water sales:				
Urban	173,445	34,228,582	169,839	35,644,803
Rural	12,787	2,029,242	13,512	2,302,234
	186,232	36,257,824	183,351	37,947,037
City departments	388	669,551	387	553,582
	186,620	36,927,375	183,738	38,500,619
Used by utility		1,454,289		1,506,146
Other unmetered usage		3,281,351		3,460,215
Loss and unaccounted for		3,641,068		4,206,824
Thousand gallons to system		45,304,083		47,673,804
Maximum daily use		190,784		224,592
Average daily consumption		113,826		119,024

<sup>(1)</sup> Pumpage includes the Davenport WTP estimate provided by ST Environmental Services.

		Fiscal Year Ended September 30 (dollars in thousands)								
	2	2004		003	2	2002	2001		2000	
	Gallons	Revenue	Gallons	Revenue	Gallons	Revenue	Gallons	Revenue	Gallons	Revenue
		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
LARGE WATER CUSTOMERS										
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. (1)	1,003,329	2,686	1,048,571	2,654	1,277,560	3,202	1,931,463	4,886	1,814,060	4,031
The University of Texas at Austin	909,593	2,577	962,813	2,563	863,720	2,319	1,135,801	4,094	1,029,359	2,341
Water District 10	787,407	1,687	795,059	1,646	773,882	1,604	848,672	1,666	901,248	1,831
Advanced Micro Devices	652,030	1,870	792,393	2,009	911,042	2,291	979,919	2,340	1,044,510	2,082
Wells Branch MUD	503,040	1,016	563,339	1,090	575,113	1,092	587,057	1,076	646,054	1,328
Samsung	499,627	1,336	485,945	1,229	495,548	1,246	492,533	1,153	462,139	1,005
Anderson Mill MUD	484,241	991	486,171	949	477,297	757	486,185	851	546,213	936
North Austin MUD	323,783	798	354,291	718	367,626	910	364,580	712	406,345	850
Lost Creek	276,227	617	304,709	655	293,571	612	303,592	608	355,547	758
Shady Hollow MUD	204,950	511	237,135	567	224,608	523	247,103	496	300,277	800

14,080

6,259,967

14,556

7,376,905

17,882

7,505,752

15,962

14,089

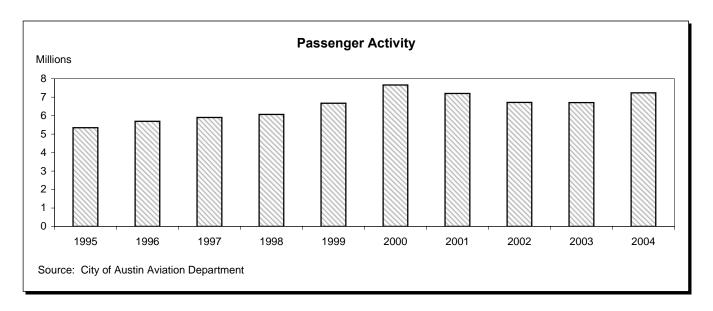
6,030,426

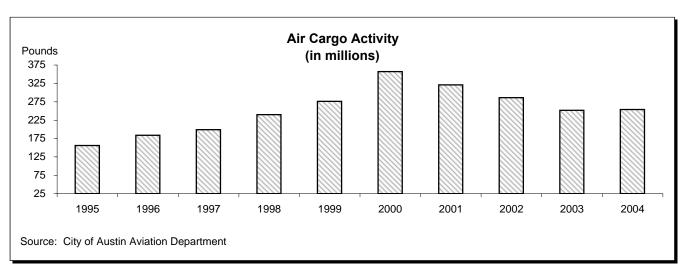
5,644,227

<sup>(1)</sup> Totals for Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. include the east Austin plant site and the west Austin plant site.

# **AUSTIN-BERGSTROM INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT**

	Airline Pa	ssengers		Cargo Statistics (in millions
Year	Enplanements	Deplanements	Total	of pounds)
1995	2,668,447	2,676,240	5,344,687	156
1996	2,853,225	2,838,008	5,691,233	184
1997	2,957,553	2,946,752	5,904,305	199
1998	3,037,566	3,028,407	6,065,973	240
1999	3,363,069	3,307,782	6,670,851	276
2000	3,938,644	3,720,027	7,658,671	357
2001	3,690,835	3,508,487	7,199,322	321
2002	3,439,302	3,281,366	6,720,668	286
2003	3,436,944	3,270,137	6,707,081	252
2004	3,707,864	3,530,781	7,238,645	254





Department and Policy	Expires	Annual Premium	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Coverage Overview
City-wide (Excluding Austin Energy (1))  All-risk property  Boiler and machinery	10/1/04	\$2,193,060	FM Global	\$500,000,000	Provides replacement cost coverage for loss or damage to City buildings and contents due to fire, windstorm, hail, or other perils. Subject to a \$100,000 per occurrence deductible. Provides coverage for fine arts owned or on loan subject to \$1,000 deductible per claim. Covers Cable TV equipment with \$1,000 deductible. Covers damages from boiler and fired pressure vehicle accidents with a \$10,000 deductible.
City-wide • Commercial crime	10/20/04	\$21,483	Fidelity & Deposit	\$5,000,000	Covers loss of funds through public employee dishonesty. Subject to \$5,000 deductible.
			Fidelity & Deposit	\$1,000,000	Covers loss of funds through forgery or alteration of, on, or in any covered instrument. Subject to \$5,000 deductible.
City-wide Selected capital improvement projects ROCIP III • Hired and nonowned auto	2/1/05	Premium is included in the general liability premium and coverage is for a 5-year term.	Zurich North America Insurance Company	\$1,000,000 per occurrence	Provides bodily injury and property damage coverage to the City and contractors signed up in the Rolling Owner Controller Insurance Program (ROCIP). Coverage is provided for nonowned and hired vehicles and is intended to be excess over primary auto coverage.
City-wide Selected capital improvement projects ROCIP III  Commercial general liability	2/1/05	\$2,101,974 Premium is for a 5-year term. Premium may vary based on experience.	Zurich North America Insurance Company	\$2,000,000 per occurrence; \$4,000,000 general aggregate	Provides bodily injury, property damage, and completed operations coverage to the City and contractors signed up in the ROCIP program.  Coverage is provided only at specified capital improvement project sites participating in the program.
City-wide Selected capital improvement projects ROCIP III  Workers' compensation and employers' liability	2/1/05	Premium included in Commercial general liability above and is for a 5-year term. Premium may vary based on experience.	Zurich North America Insurance Company	Workers' compensation: Statutory Employers' Liability: \$1,000,000 each accident \$1,000,000 policy limit \$1,000,000 each employee	Provides workers' compensation and employers' liability coverage to all contractors working on specified capital improvement project sites participating in the ROCIP program.

(continued)

<sup>(1)</sup> Austin Energy maintains appropriate levels of insurance coverage on all property and boiler/machinery, as well as excess liability coverage. Coverage is in compliance with applicable regulations and bond covenants.

Department and Policy	Expires	Annual Premium	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Coverage Overview
City-wide Selected capital improvement projects ROCIP III • Excess liability	2/1/05	\$410,934 Premium is for a 5-year term.	Zurich North America Insurance Company	\$8,000,000	Provides excess coverage over the primary auto, employers' liability, and general liability coverage. Self-insured retention is \$25,000.
Aviation • Airport liability	3/24/05	\$158,158	XL Specialty	\$100,000,000	Provides liability protection for operations at the airport. \$100,000,000 per occurrence. Personal injury limits of \$25,000,000.
Finance • Fidelity bond	5/6/05	\$667	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	\$100,000	Covers loss of funds through employee dishonesty for the Director of Finance and City Treasurer. No deductible applicable.
Police     Airplane liability     Helicopter liability     and hull     coverage	12/21/04	\$93,050	Old Republic	Airplane—\$100,000 per person, \$1,000,000 per occurrence Helicopter— \$10,000,000 per occurrence	Aircraft physical damage; liability to others; medical expense.
Public Works • Commercial general liability	5/12/05	\$8,896	Texas Municipal League	\$2,000,000 per occurrence; \$4,000,000 general aggregate	Provides bodily injury and property damage coverage to the City. Coverage is provided only for 505 Barton Springs Road, One Texas Center. Purchased for compliance with tenant lease agreements.
Austin Energy Services • Excess liability	12/31/04	\$414,462	Aegis	\$35,000,000 per occurrence	Provides bodily injury and property damage coverage for the Austin Energy Services of the city. Excess coverage is provided for general liability, automobile liability, and employers' liability.

Fiscal Year		(In thousands)					Annual
Ended	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter		Percent	Increase
Sept. 30	Oct Dec.	Jan Mar.	Apr Jun.	Jul Sept.	Total	Base Year	(Decrease)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
1971 (1)			69	73	142	N/A	N/A
1972	77	67	73	79	296	100.0	0.0
1973	81	72	87	93	333	112.4	12.4
1974	93	81	87	99	360	121.7	8.2
1975	99	94	97	113	403	136.2	12.0
1976	117	103	123	149	492	166.3	22.0
1977 (2)	152	136	186	139	613	207.1	24.5
1978	185	214	237	293	929	313.9	51.6
1979	289	273	308	353	1,223	413.4	31.7
1980	342	321	361	401	1,425	481.3	16.4
1981	410	363	443	481	1,697	573.2	19.1
1982	549	436	507	603	2,095	707.7	23.5
1983	630	520	649	699	2,498	843.9	19.3
1984 (3)	689	642	768	917	3,016	1,019.0	20.7
1985	942	1,492	1,557	1,924	5,915	1,998.3	96.1
1986	1,706	1,438	1,597	1,554	6,295	2,126.7	6.4
1987	1,675	1,224	1,682	1,569	6,150	2,077.8	(2.3)
1988	1,379	1,329	1,523	1,709	5,940	2,006.9	(3.4)
1989	1,675	1,684	1,907	2,127	7,393	2,497.7	24.5
1990	1,879	1,620	1,919	2,152	7,570	2,557.5	2.4
1991	1,942	1,860	2,154	2,351	8,307	2,806.6	9.7
1992	2,224	1,957	2,317	2,622	9,120	3,081.2	9.8
1993	2,463	2,260	2,779	3,011	10,513	3,552.0	15.3
1994	2,727	2,409	2,897	3,444	11,477	3,877.5	9.2
1995	3,115	2,870	3,501	3,654	13,140	4,439.5	14.5
1996	3,494	3,203	3,763	3,800	14,260	4,817.8	8.5
1997	3,537	3,353	3,860	4,468	15,218	5,141.5	6.7
1998 (4)	4,539	4,284	4,936	5,061	18,820	6,358.4	23.7
1999	5,612	5,552	6,375	7,073	24,612	8,315.4	30.8
2000	6,637	6,264	7,573	8,284	28,758	9,716.1	16.8
2001 (5)	7,595	7,671	8,043	7,836	31,145	10,522.4	8.3
2002	5,832	5,355	6,350	7,222	24,759	8,365.2	(20.5)
2003	5,766	5,874	7,045	6,823	25,508	8,618.1	3.0
2004	6,136	5,413	6,537	7,292	25,378	8,574.2	(0.5)

<sup>(1) 3%</sup> tax levied effective January 1, 1971. Section 32-32(a) of Article V of Chapter 32 of the 1967 Code of the City of Austin.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax levy increased to 4% effective October 1, 1977. Ordinance No. 770901-1 amended Section 32-32(a) of Article V of Chapter 32 of the 1967 Code of the City of Austin.

<sup>(3)</sup> Tax levy increased to 7% effective October 1, 1984. Ordinance No. 840712-U amended Section 5-3-2(a) of Chapter 5-3 of Title V of the 1981 Code of the City of Austin.

<sup>(4)</sup> Tax levy increased to 9% effective August 1, 1998. Ordinance No. 980709-G amended Section 5-3-2(a) of Chapter 5-3 of Title V of the 1981 Code of the City of Austin.

<sup>(5)</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, which changes the method of reporting tax collections in the City's financial statements. This table will continue to be reported on a cash basis to provide a more meaningful comparison.

Fiscal Year			(In thousands)				Annual
Ended	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter		Percent	Increase
Sept. 30	Oct Dec.	Jan Mar.	Apr Jun.	Jul Sept.	Total	Base Year	(Decrease)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
1999 (1)			983	1,177	2,160	N/A	N/A
2000	1,185	1,136	1,421	1,509	5,251	100.0	0.0
2001 (2)	1,468	1,460	1,379	1,420	5,727	109.1	9.1
2002	1,258	1,085	1,154	1,259	4,756	90.6	(17.0)
2003	1,130	1,127	1,044	1,162	4,463	85.0	(6.2)
2004	1,128	1,045	981	1,214	4,368	83.2	(2.1)

<sup>(1) 5%</sup> tax levied effective January 1, 1999. Ordinance No. 981210-A.

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, which changes the method of reporting tax collections in the City's financial statements. This table will continue to be reported on a cash basis to provide a more meaningful comparison.

Date of Incorporation:	December 27, 1839	Police protection:	
Date first Charter adopted:	December 27, 1839	Number of employees	1,789
Date present Charter adopted:	January 31, 1953	Number of law offenses	169,221
Form of Government:	Council - Manager	Number of arrests (4)	62,616
Number of Employees:	10,617	Vehicle patrol units	340
		Number of employees per	
		1,000 population (1) (3)	2.580
Elections:		Library:	
Number of registered voters,		Central and branch libraries	22
September 30, 2004, City of Austin	404,589	Volumes in collection	1,614,460
		Materials circulated	3,230,357
		Registered borrowers	516,666
Number of votes cast in:		-	
Last general municipal election,		Recreation:	
May 15, 2004	44,599	District parks	11
		Metropolitan parks	11
		Natural preserves	15
		Neighborhood parks	85
Percentage of registered voters voting in:		Special parks (museums and	
Last general municipal election, May 15, 2004	11%	miscellaneous)	27
		Greenbelts	25
		Golf courses	6
		Swimming pools	47
		Recreation centers	17
Fire protection:		Youth entertainment complex	1
Number of stations	41	Senior activity nutrition sites	18
Number of employees	1,096	Athletic fields	87
Number of alarms answered	58,943	Tennis courts	102
Number of employees per		Open fields	89
1,000 population (1) (3)	1.603	Senior activity centers	3
		Veloway	3.1 miles
		Hike and bike trails	117 miles

## **POPULATION ANALYSIS**

	Austir	ı (1)	Travis Co	unty (1)	Texas	s (2)	United :	States (2)
		Percentage		Percentage		Percentage		Percentage
Year	Population	Change	Population	Change	Population	Change	Population	Change
		%		%		%		%
1940	87,930		111,053		6,414,824		132,165,000	
1950	132,459	50.64	160,980	44.96	7,711,194	20.21	151,326,000	14.50
1960	186,545	40.83	212,136	31.78	9,579,677	24.23	179,323,000	18.50
1970	253,539	35.91	295,516	39.30	11,198,655	16.90	203,302,000	13.37
1980	345,496	36.27	419,573	41.98	14,228,383	27.05	222,110,000	9.25
1985	406,584	17.68	527,120	25.63	16,370,000	15.05	238,740,000	7.49
1990	450,830	10.88	576,407	9.35	16,986,510	3.77	249,632,692	4.56
1995	523,352	16.09	656,979	13.98	18,724,000	10.23	262,755,000	5.26
1996	541,889	3.54	681,654	3.76	19,128,000	2.16	265,410,000	1.01
1997	560,939	3.52	703,717	3.24	19,439,337	1.63	267,792,000	0.90
1998	608,214	8.43	725,669	3.12	19,759,614	1.65	271,685,044	1.45
1999	619,038	1.78	744,857	2.64	20,044,141	1.44	272,690,813	0.37
2000	628,667	1.56	749,426	0.61	20,044,141	0.00	272,690,813	0.00
2001	661,639	5.24	837,206	11.71	20,851,820	4.03	281,421,906	3.20
2002	671,044	1.42	848,484	1.35	21,779,893	4.45	288,368,698	2.47
2003	674,719	0.55	865,497	2.01	22,118,509	1.55	290,809,777	0.85
2004	683,551	1.31	882,806	2.00	22,490,022	1.68	293,655,404	0.98

- (1) All years are estimates from the City's Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department based on full purpose area as of December 31. Census years are modified to conform to U.S. Bureau of the Census data. Estimates for 1985 were revised in 1990 based on the 1990 census. Number of employees per 1,000 population is based on projected population of 693,430.
- (2) U.S. Bureau of the Census official estimates are as of July 1.
- (3) Represents civilian and sworn employees.
- (4) Total arrests reported for 2004 are based on the highest offense in a police report. Due to the 2003 conversion to a new records management system, this number was unavaliable as reported in prior periods and the total number of arrests was reported.

						Effective Income (	, ,
	Area of Incorporation		Util	ity Connection	s (2)	Median Household	Per Capita
Year	(Sq. Miles)	Population (1)	Electric (3)	Water	Gas	EBI	EBI
						\$	\$
1995	196.68	523,352	306,670	149,867	147,023	33,981	18,490
1996	195.74	541,889	319,518	151,757	148,124	29,803	16,685
1997	232.26	560,939	326,816	156,397	156,752	31,362	17,494
1998	253.67	608,214	342,263	168,907	165,274	33,690	18,999
1999	252.30	619,038	348,721	173,038	173,150	36,532	18,973
2000	264.90	628,667	344,134	176,096	172,063	36,321	20,790
2001	265.80	661,639	349,671	178,608	172,177	39,811	22,241
2002	273.10	671,044	359,358	182,977	193,278	47,089	25,109
2003	275.58	674,719	363,377	184,659	199,042	41,909	22,420
2004	290.75	683,551	369,458	188,441	203,966	39,227	21,487
1995-2004							
Change	47.83%	30.61%	20.47%	25.74%	38.73%	15.44%	16.21%

	1	Building Permits			Austin Area I	Home Sales (6)
	Federal,			_		
	State and			Retail Sales	Average	Number of
Year	Municipal	Taxable	Total	(Austin) (5)	Sale Price	<b>Homes Sold</b>
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1995	11,087,831	870,446,315	881,534,146	7,286,274,112	126,726	8,436
1996	89,945,847	1,246,232,619	1,336,178,466	7,932,937,305	132,699	9,773
1997	2,574,539	1,023,114,762	1,025,689,301	8,513,655,224	146,763	8,094
1998	46,722,845	1,434,660,615	1,481,383,460	10,842,488,373	155,600	10,536
1999	54,399,189	1,501,435,229	1,555,834,418	11,279,844,061	166,272	12,284
2000	34,334,286	1,797,039,075	1,831,373,361	13,577,833,634	196,308	12,972
2001	71,189,116	1,625,508,854	1,696,697,970	12,542,967,960	154,000	12,444
2002	38,727,017	1,261,868,130	1,300,595,147	12,422,963,735	159,000	12,837
2003	17,084,652	1,189,489,091	1,206,573,743	12,097,570,479	201,505	16,563
2004	20,533,975	1,280,385,298	1,300,919,273	12,922,031,717	203,870	15,961
1995-2004						
Change	85.19%	47.10%	47.57%	77.35%	60.87%	89.20%

Note: All numbers are as of fiscal year ended September 30, except where noted.

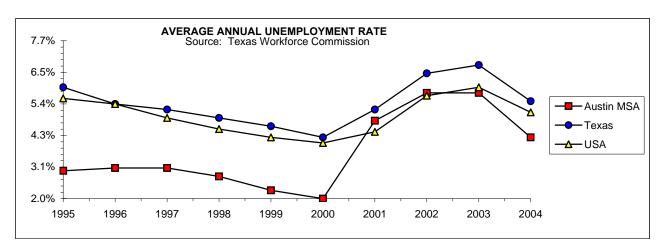
- (1) Figures represent full purpose population as of December 31 for each year.
- (2) Figures are as of September 30.
- (3) Figures exclude nightwatchman billings.
- (4) Source: 2004 Public Financial Management.
- (5) Source: State of Texas Comptroller's Office. Amount is an estimate based on State of Texas Comptroller's Office data.
- (6) Source: Austin Board of Realtors.

# EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY IN THE AUSTIN METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (1)

	200	4	200	0	199	0	1:	980
		% of	'	% of		% of		% of
Industrial Classification	Number	Total	Number	Total	Number	Total	Number	Total
Manufacturing	57,000	8.7	84,662	12.9	49,300	12.9	31,014	12.8
Government	144,900	22.0	137,171	20.9	110,400	28.8	78,263	32.3
Trade, transportation, & utilities (2)	114,200	17.3	171,771	26.2	90,500	23.6	59,121	24.4
Services and miscellaneous	263,800	40.0	190,048	28.9	97,200	25.3	44,826	18.5
Finance, insurance and real estate	40,900	6.2	32,031	4.9	23,400	6.1	14,296	5.9
Contract construction	37,100	5.6	39,134	6.0	12,000	3.1	14,053	5.8
Natural resources and mining	1,600	0.2	1,353	0.2	700	0.2	727	0.3
Totals	659,500	100.0	656,170	100.0	383,500	100.0	242,300	100.0

Source: Texas Workforce Commission (TWC).

- (1) Austin-San Marcos MSA includes Travis, Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, and Williamson Counties. Numbers for 2004 are an estimate based on TWC and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and U.S. Department of Labor data as of March 31st.
- (2) Trade, transportation and utilities have been reported together since 2003.



TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS September 30, 2004

10 Largest Employers	Product or Service	Number of Employees	% of Total (3)
The University of Texas at Austin	Education and research	21,000	3.2
Dell Computer Corporation	Computers	16,500	2.5
Austin Independent School District	Education	10,714	1.6
City of Austin	City government	10,617	1.6
Federal Government	Federal agency	10,200	1.5
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.	Electronic Components	6,500	1.0
Seton Healthcare Network	Hospital	6,393	1.0
IBM Corporation	Office Machines	6,200	0.9
Texas State University - San Marcos	Education and research	5,103	0.8
St. David's Healthcare Partnership	Hospital	5,000	0.8
		98,227	14.9

Source: Austin Chamber of Commerce and Austin Business Journal.

(3) Total refers to total work force of 659,500 as stated in the "Employment by Industry" table above.

			Inception-to-Date
	Res	serve for	Change in
	Encu	mbrances	Fair Value
General Fund	\$	4,658	505
Special Revenue Funds:			
Fiscal Surety - Land Development			(77)
Enterprise Funds:			
Electric		9,870	144
Water and Wastewater:			
Water		856	23
Wastewater		1,369	23
Airport		442	150
Convention Center		183	39
Drainage		1,155	<del></del>
Golf		13	<del></del>
Hospital		63	<del></del>
Parks and Recreation:			
Softball		3	
Recreation Centers		10	<del></del>
Primary Care		942	
Solid Waste Services		180	<del></del>
Transportation		1,431	
Internal Service Funds:			
Capital Projects Management		86	
Employee Benefits		51	
Fleet:			
Operating		393	212
Designated for acquisition		1,175	
Information Systems		1,430	
Liability Reserve		953	
Support Services		1,600	
Wireless Communication		15	<del></del>