# Thank you

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# Ready Together





# Today's Agenda

**Ready Together** 

Welcome

Make a Plan – HSEM Staff

**Build a Kit** – Ascension-Seton

**Know Your Neighbors** – HSEM Loteria Activity

**Stay Informed** – HSEM

**Mental Health** – GAVA

**Break** 

10 Minutes

**CPR**- ATCEMS

**Fire** - Austin Fire Department

Winter Weather - Austin Energy





# Welcome and Thank you!



We thank you for taking the time to participate and thank you to all our partners!















# The Four Steps to Preparedness

You have the power to protect yourself, your loved ones, and our community in an emergency. Preparing for disasters has a big impact on safety and recovery in a crisis.

In this lesson you'll learn how to:

- Use the four steps to preparedness
- Make a plan to support individual and household preparedness



# The Four Steps to Preparedness

It's critical to have enough supplies and resources to be self-sufficient for seven days.

FEMA recommends having supplies for at least 3 days. City of Austin recommends 7 days, because winter storms in Central Texas can take longer to recover from.





**Build a Kit** 



**Know your Neighbors** 



**Stay Informed** 

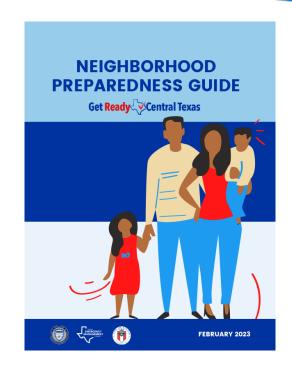






### A family emergency plan should include:

- A designated place to meet if you are separated - outside your home, or nearby.
- A plan to contact one another if you are unable to meet or get separated during a crisis.
- Public safety phone numbers (i.e. police, fire, and hospital) for your area.
- An out-of-area contact to communicate that you're safe and learn the status of other family member.
- Practice before an emergency!





### Make a Plan

### Easy ways to start your plan:

#### Build a Contact List:

- •Transfer your important phone numbers to paper.
- •Start collecting emergency resource numbers.

### • Evaluate your needs:

•Plans for fire evacuations, shelter at home incidents, and finalize a meeting spot. Then do this with your neighbors.

•Do you know how to shut off your utilities?



### **Contact List**



Name:	Name:	Name:
Phone:	Phone:	Phone:
Email::	Email::	Email::

Name:	Name:	Name:
hone:	Phone:	Phone:
mail::	Email::	Email::

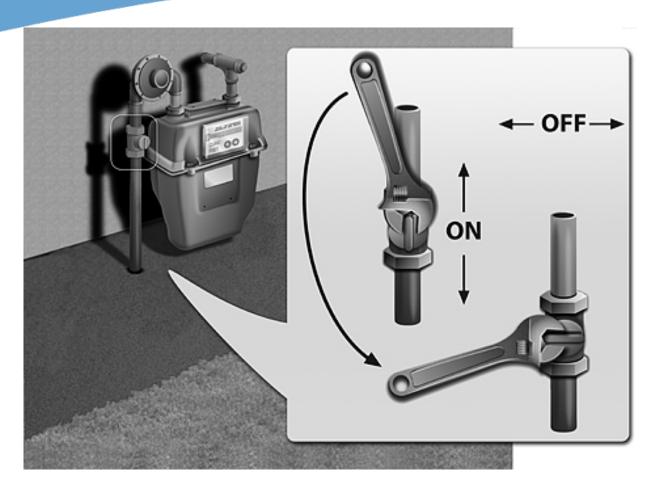
Name:	Name:	Name:
Phone:	Phone:	Phone:

**PG. 45** 

NEIGHBORHOOD
PREPAREDNESS GUIDE



# **Shutting Off Utilities**



**Gas Shut-Off** 



**Water Shut-Off** 





# **Build a Kit**

In this lesson, you'll learn:

- Why we should have a kit
- Suggestions for building our kits



# **Building a Kit: Suggested Items**

	Communication and Information:  Map(s) of the area	Medical Supplies: ☐ Basic first aid kit		
	<ul><li>Family and emergency contact info (phone and email)</li></ul>	☐ 7-day supply of medications/medical items		
	☐ Battery-powered or hand-crank radio (NOAA Weather Radio, if possible)	Pet Essentials: ☐ Pet supplies (collar, leash, tags, food, bowl)		
	☐ Cell phone and charger(s)	Tools and Equipment:		
	Personal Essentials: ☐ Extra cash (in small bills)	☐ Flashlight and extra batteries ☐ Wrench or plier		
	☐ Spare change of clothes☐ Spare car/home key	☐ Other tools or equipment you may need		
	☐ Copies of personal documents in a water-tight bag	Hygiene and Comfort: ☐ Sanitation and personal hygiene items		
	Food and Water:  1 gallon of water per person, per day (7-day supply) 7-day supply of non-perishable food	<ul><li>□ Blankets</li><li>□ Games for kids</li><li>□ Comfort snacks</li></ul>		
	Can opener			



### **Building a Go Bag on Your Budget**



### **Recommended First Priority Items:**

3 gallons of water | Manual can opener 3 cans of nonperishable food First aid kit | Mini handheld flashlight

### **Other Recommended Priority Items:**

Candles | Matches & lighter | Multi-tool Extra Batteries | Rain poncho

### **Other Recommended Priority Items:**

NOAA weather radio | Whistle
Dust mask | Local maps
Moist towelettes for sanitation



### **Building a Kit for Pets**

### **Go-bags for Pets**

Remember to make a Go-Bag for your pet!

### **Transport Essentials:**

- ☐ Sturdy leashes and/or carriers for transport
- ☐ A pillowcase (great for transporting cats and other small animals)
- Muzzles for dogs

#### **Identification and Records:**

- ☐ Current photos of your pet (for reunification purposes)
- Names and phone numbers of emergency contacts, emerger veterinary hospitals, and animal shelters
- ☐ Immunization records
- ☐ Information on any medical conditions and/or behavior problem

### **Food and Water Supplies:**

- ☐ Food, potable water, and medicine for at least two weeks
- ☐ Non-spill bowls
- Manual can opener and plastic lid

### **Hygiene and Waste Management:**

- ☐ Plastic pet waste bags
- ☐ Litter box and litter







# **Know Your Neighbors: Neighborhood Emergency Plans**

Put together a neighborhood emergency plan.

Homework: Use Your Neighborhood Preparedness Guide

Think about including:

- Neighborhood boundaries
- Hazards that are likely to impact you
- An updated contact list
- Communication plan (family and neighbors)
  - Define rally point(s)

Next Steps:

- Distribute your plan to everyone in your contact list
- Practice a Scenario (flooding, wildfire, biohazard)
- Get more neighbors involved!





## **Know Your Neighbors: Activity**

Getting to know your neighbors *before* an emergency is crucial but can be difficult.

How do you break the ice and start that conversation?

This Lotería networking game will help you get that conversation going.







# **How to Play: Know Your Neighbor Lotería**

Step 1: Grab a Card

Everyone grab your Lotería card

**Step 2:** *Introductions* 

Get connected. Go around the room and find a partner(s) and introduce yourself.

**Step 3:** Start Playing

Example: John, it was great meeting you. I didn't realize I needed more flashlights. How many do you have?

Step 4: Declare "Lotería!"

Fill your card horizontally, vertically, and diagonal. Shout "Lotería!"











# **Discussion: Know Your Neighbor Lotería**

### **Discussion:**

- Was this guided conversation helpful?
- How prepared are you and your "neighbors"?





# **Stay Informed: Who to Call**

### When to call 9-1-1, 3-1-1, 2-1-1, 9-8-8

What are the differences between the numbers?



9-1-1

Universal emergency number for life threatening - Police, Fire, EMS, Mental Health Services.



3-1-1

Local public hotline to find information, ask about services, or file service request.
512-974-2000



2-1-1

Hotline for information on local health and human service resources and recovery.



9-8-8

Suicide prevention hotline available to anyone in a suicidal crisis or emotional distress.

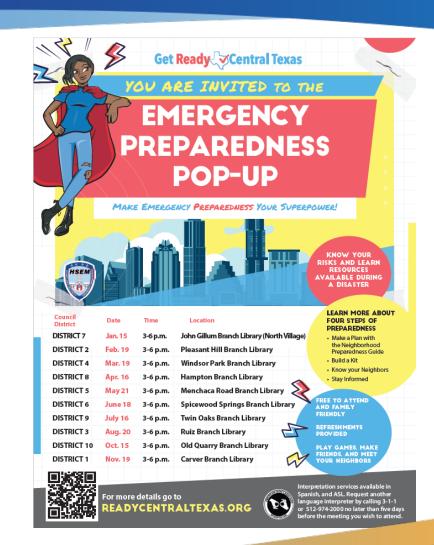


### **Stay Informed: Community Events**

### Look out for our events in the community:

- Monthly Pop-Up Emergency Preparedness Events
  January thru December
- Get Ready Central Texas Emergency Preparedness Fair September
- Ready Together: Basic Emergency Preparedness Training
   Quarterly

We're dedicated to ensuring that everyone, especially the most vulnerable and people with disabilities, who are often hardest to reach, are well prepared and informed.

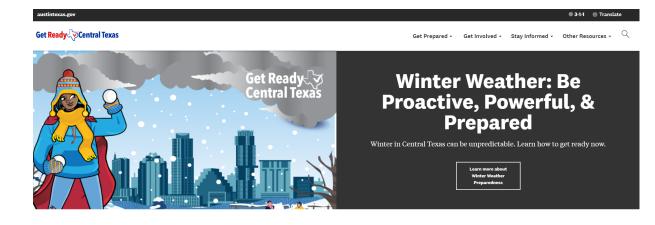




# **Stay Informed: ReadyCentralTexas.org**

### ReadyCentralTexas.org

- Covers emergencies for every season.
- Central hub for all your preparedness needs.
- Easy-to-use and informative for proactive action.



#### Four Steps to Get Prepared









Make a Plan

Build a Kit

Know Your

Stay Informed



# **Stay Informed: Accessible Hazard Alert System**

### **Accessible Hazard Alert System (AHAS):**

Sign up at <a href="https://atc.ahasalerts.com">https://atc.ahasalerts.com</a> for emergency alerts in American Sign Language, English voice, and text for people who are Deaf, hard of hearing, Blind, or Deaf and Blind, OR by texting AHAS to (737) 241-3710.

For quick SMS Registration text **AHAS** to (737) 241-3710.





Sign Up!

### Sign Up to Receive Accessible Alert Notifications



For quick SMS Registration text **AHAS** to (737) 241-3710.





# **State of Texas Emergency Assistance Registry (STEAR)**

The State of Texas Emergency Assistance Registry (STEAR) provides local emergency planners and emergency responders with additional information on the needs members of our community may have.

### People who should register for STEAR are those who:

- have disabilities,
- are medically fragile,
- have access and functional needs such as:
  - limited mobility,
  - communication barriers,
  - require additional medical assistance during an emergency event,
  - require transportation assistance,
  - require personal care assistance.

\*Registering in STEAR is voluntary and DOES NOT guarantee you will receive specific service during an emergency because available services may vary by community or the severity of the emergency.



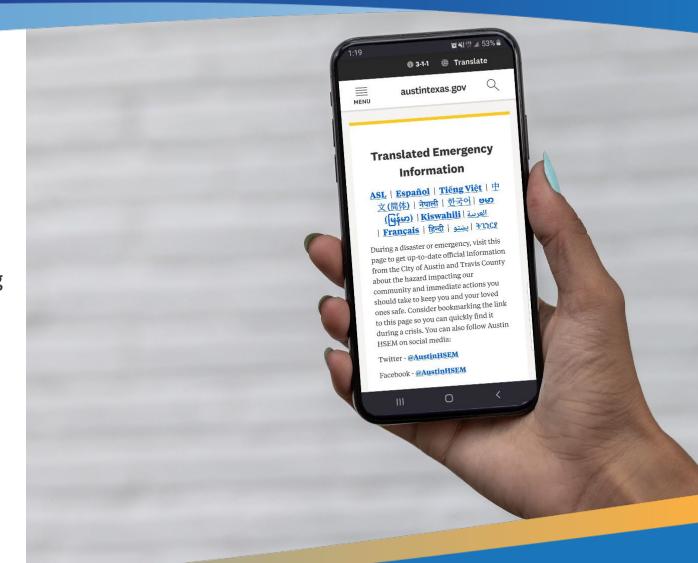


# **Stay Informed: Alerts Page**

### austintexas.gov/alerts

The Alerts Page is the official hub for up-to-date information in 14 languages from the City of Austin about the hazard impacting our community, and actions you should take.

Bookmark this page so you can easily find it when you need it.





# Stay Informed: WarnCentralTexas.org

### **Sign up for Emergency Alerts**

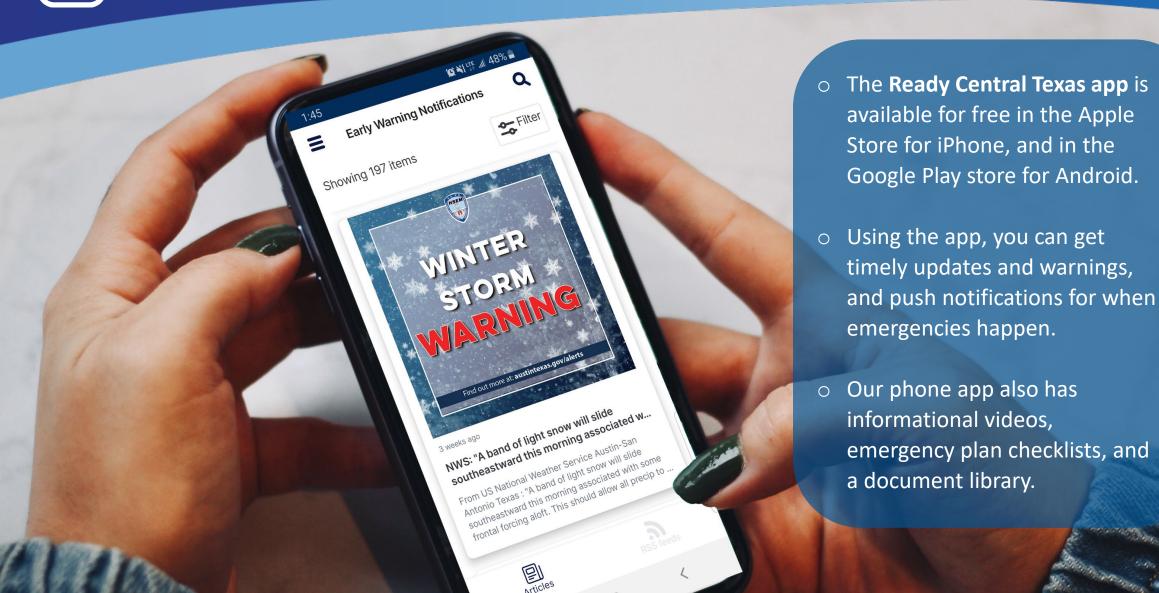
- Get alerts through text, email, or phone.
- Receive timely notifications about hazards.
- Customize alerts based on your location.







# **Stay Informed: ReadyCentralTexas App**





# **Stay Informed: Additional Ways to Stay Informed**



**Local News** 

In an emergency, local news stations will work to keep the public informed.

News outlets often get information from government agencies, helping distribute information to viewers.



# Follow Austin HSEM on social media

Facebook & X/Twitter:
@AustinHSEM
Instagram: @austin.hsem



**OVER 60 TYPES OF ALERTS** 











#### **Weather Radios**

Local alerts for severe weather and emergencies.

Tune to local station and keep on for constant monitoring.

Use batteries and/or plug-in





### **Mental Health**

In this lesson you'll learn how to:

Understand the signs of mental distress and ways to seek help

Trigger Warning: The upcoming content discusses disaster scenarios and effects on mental health. It might be distressing for some.





# Mental health first aid is important in emergency preparedness

Preparing for, responding to, and recovering from disasters and traumatic events is essential to the behavioral health of individuals and communities.

Natural or manmade disasters can have a major impact on mental health and emotional well-being. Experiencing a natural disaster like a flood or tornado can cause anxiety, depression, and post-traumatic stress.

For many, these feelings can continue for years and certain things may take people back to the event or cause them to fear that it's about to happen again.



### **Recognize the Signs of Disaster Related Stress**

- Difficulty communicating thoughts.
- Difficulty sleeping.
- Difficulty maintaining balance in their lives.
- Low threshold of frustration.
- Increased use of drugs/alcohol.
- Limited attention span.
- Poor work performance.
- Headaches/stomach problems.
- Tunnel vision/muffled hearing.

- Colds or flu-like symptoms.
- Disorientation or confusion.
- Difficulty concentrating.
- Reluctance to leave home.
- Depression, sadness.
- Feelings of hopelessness.
- Mood-swings and easy bouts of crying.
- Overwhelming guilt and self-doubt.
- Fear of crowds, strangers, or being alone.



### **Tools to relieve Disaster Related Stress**

- Discuss your emotions, even if it's challenging.
- Seek help from post-disaster counselors.
- Don't blame yourself for the disaster or feel guilty for not aiding in rescues.
  - Prioritize your well-being with a balanced diet, rest, exercise, and relaxation.

    Connect with family and friends.

- Utilize your existing support networks.
- Take breaks to unwind and remember intense feelings will lessen.
- Breathe deeply and engage in activities you love.
- Stay informed through trustworthy sources.
- Avoid rumors, especially on social media, and rely on official updates.



### **Signs It is Not Getting Better**

- Difficulty communicating thoughts.
- Difficulty sleeping.
- Difficulty maintaining balance in their lives.
- Low threshold of frustration.
- Increased use of drugs/alcohol.
- Limited attention span.
- Poor work performance.
- Headaches/stomach problems.
- Tunnel vision/muffled hearing.

- Colds or flu-like symptoms.
- Disorientation or confusion.
- Difficulty concentrating.
- Reluctance to leave home.
- Depression, sadness.
- Feelings of hopelessness.
- Mood-swings and easy bouts of crying.
- Overwhelming guilt and self-doubt.
- Fear of crowds, strangers, or being alone.



### **Coping with Emergencies and Disasters: Mental Health Resources**



#### Red Cross: Recovering Emotionally After a Disaster (en español)

Disasters are upsetting experiences for everyone involved. Children, senior citizens, people with disabilities and people for whom English is not their first language are especially at risk and are likely to need extra care and help. But everyone, even the people that others look up to for guidance and assistance, is entitled to their feelings and deserves support throughout the recovery process.



#### CDC: Coping with a Disaster or Traumatic Event (en español)

During and after a disaster, it is natural to experience different and strong emotions. Coping with these feelings and getting help when you need it will help you, your family, and your community recover from a disaster.



#### SAMHSA: Disaster Distress Helpline (en español)

SAMHSA's Disaster Distress Helpline provides 24/7, 365-day-a-year crisis counseling and support to people experiencing emotional distress related to natural or human-caused disasters.



#### NAMI: Crisis Information and Resources (en español)

Use this checklist to assist you in making your call. Ask for the Crisis Intervention Team or request an officer trained in handling mental health cases.



#### **Integral Care: Crisis Services (en español)**

Like a storm that knocks a house from its foundation, a mental health crisis can knock someone off their feet. Integral Care offers mental health crisis support 24 hours a day, 7 days a week on the phone and in the community.





## **Hands Only CPR**



### **Hands Only CPR**

- What is it?
- Why is it so important?
  - According to the American Heart Association, about 90 percent of people who suffer out-of-hospital cardiac arrests die. CPR, especially if performed immediately, can double or triple a cardiac arrest victim's chance of survival
- Hands-Only CPR has been shown to be as effective in the first few minutes conventional CPR for cardiac arrest at home, at work or in public.



In this lesson you'll learn:

• The common causes of fires

Tips on how to prevent fires

 Facts on Alarms, Sprinklers and Fire Extinguishers





### **Fire Facts**

- Fires kill more Americans each year than all natural disasters combined.
- Fire moves fast! A blaze can double in size in less than 60 seconds.
- Most fire tragedies are preventable.





### **Common Causes of Fires**

The three most common causes of fires in Austin are: unattended cooking, improperly discarded smoking materials, and electrical fires.





Improperly discarded smoking materials



These regularly switch order from year to year in terms of which occurs most often.



### **Kitchen Fires**



The kitchen is the most common area for a fire to start.

They're usually caused by:

- Unattended cooking;
- Flammable material too close to the stove (towels, potholders, etc.)
- Grease buildup
- Improper disposal of ignitable materials.

#### DO:

- Cover with a lid;
- Use an extinguisher; or
- Turn off the heat, if safe.

#### DON'T:

- Use water;
- Use flour;
- Use a towel to cover fire; or
- Move a hot or burning pot/pan.

Photo Courtesy

And if the fire is in the oven, keep the oven door closed!



# **Improperly Discarded Smoking Materials**





Another common cause of fire is **improperly discarded smoking materials.** To prevent these types of fires from occurring:

- Ensure cigarettes, cigars, charcoal, etc., are completely out before disposal (soaking them in water is a great way to be sure!);
- Don't discard smoking materials in the trash, potted plants, etc.;
- Don't toss cigarettes out of car windows;
- Use deep, sturdy, non-combustible containers in designated areas; and
- Designated smoking areas should be clear of all flammable materials.

### **Electrical Fires**



### **Electrical fires are usually caused by:**

 Defective electronics (faulty cables, bad splicing, cut/torn cords, damaged cables, loose wires);

Accidental damage; and/or

• Electrical negligence (overloading outlets or extension cords).









# **Early Warning Devices & Sprinkler Systems**





#### **Smoke Alarms**

- Place in each bedroom, near sleeping areas, and on every home level.
- Test monthly; change batteries when low.
- Replace the unit about every 10 years.
- NEVER take out the battery!

#### **Carbon Monoxide Alarms**

- Install outside sleeping areas and on every home level.
- Test monthly; follow manufacturer's replacement advice.
- If the alarm rings:
  - 1. Go outside or near an open window.
  - 2. Count everyone.
  - 3. Call for help and wait.

### **Sprinkler Systems**

- Activated by specific temperatures.
- Indoors, they release water instantly when triggered.
- Activating one sets off the alarm.
- Keep items away from heads for proper function.
- Have a pro check systems often.



### **Fire Extinguishers**



### **Types of extinguishers:**

- ABC: Combination Extinguishers
- A: Ordinary combustibles
- B: Flammable liquids
- C: Electrical
- D: Combustible metals
- K: Commercial cooking oils and greases

#### When to use them:

- You have a clear escape route not blocked by fire;
- The extinguisher is within easy reach and in proper working order;
- The extinguisher is the correct type for the fire you are fighting;
- The extinguisher is large enough to put out the fire; and
- You know how to operate one.



### **Using Fire Extinguishers: PASS**

To operate a fire extinguisher, remember the word PASS:



Pull the pin



Aim at the base of the fire



**S**queeze the handle/trigger



Sweep the base of the fire

•Keep your back to an unobstructed exit and maintain six to eight feet between you and the fire.

- •If the extinguisher fails to put out the fire, close the door and get out.
  - Don't try to extinguish a fire bigger than you.
    - •Don't be afraid to call 911 and leave it to the professionals



### **Evacuation Plan Essentials**

#### **Preparation & Awareness:**

- Always know multiple exits.
- Post a building diagram with exit routes.
- Plan for individuals with special needs.

### **During a Fire:**

Check doors for heat before opening.

- If there's smoke, stay low ("stay low and go").
- Avoid elevators; always use stairwells.

#### **After Evacuating:**

- Gather at the designated meeting spot.
- NEVER re-enter the building.
- Account for everyone; report any missing persons to first responders.







# Winter Weather: Where do your Utilities come from?

- Austin Energy
- Austin Water
- Austin Resource Recovery
- Austin Watershed Protection
- Transportation and Public Works
- Development ServicesDepartment





### Winter Weather: the 4 Ps



People
Dress in multiple warm
layers. Know the signs of hypothermia.



Pets
Bring them inside. All pets are vulnerable to extreme cold.



Pipes
Insulate pipes and
unheated areas. Drip
your faucet.



Bring any plants inside that can be carried.
Outside plants should be covered.

**Plants** 





# Winter Weather: Weatherize Your Home



### **Utilities**

 Familiarize yourself with utility shut offs and contact information



- Find and Seal drafty areas.
  - Doors, Windows,Basements







# Winter Weather: Drip your Faucets





### Winter Weather: Weatherize Your Home

### **Stay Safe and Sound with Code/Development Services Department**

- •Test your gas service lines annually for possible leaks.
- •Check if your furnace is operating correctly.
- •Check if the boilers are working as intended.
- •Check if you have smoke alarms and carbon monoxide detectors.

Tenants who experience unresolved code violations can request a Code Inspector by calling Austin 3-1-1 or 512-974-2000.



Visit the Austin Code Safe and Sound webpage at: <a href="maintenance-winter"><u>austintexas.gov/safeandsound</u></a> for more property maintenance winter tips.



### **Winter Weather: Safety Tips**

### **Staying Warm**

- Keep up with your annual fireplace inspections
- Keep heat sources aways from flammable items (curtains, fabric items, and furniture)
- Use an automatic shut-off heater
- Don't fuel generators in your home
- Gas powered generators should be outside at least 20 feet from window, door, or vents
- Have working smoke alarms and carbon monoxide detectors.
- Never run your vehicle inside your garage to keep warm.

### **Electric Safety**

- Don't touch power lines or try to prune around them
- Only use outdoor extension cords for outside
- Don't overload power strips
   Keep electrical appliances away from water





### **Winter Weather: Driving Safety**

#### Plan Your Route Ahead of Time

- ✓ Check the weather, road conditions, and traffic. Plan to leave early.
- ✓ Review directions and maps before you go. Let others know your route and arrival time.

#### **Know Your Car**

- ✓ Clean snow, ice or dirt from the windows, the forward sensors, headlights, taillights and backup camera.
- ✓ Know where your hazard lights are.
- ✓ For electric or hybrid-electric vehicles, make sure your vehicle is plugged in whenever it is not in use.

### **Driving In Winter Conditions**

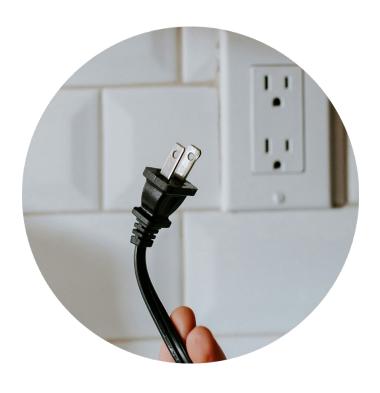
- ✓ Drive slowly. Increase your following distance.
- ✓ Stay calm in a skid.



# **Winter Weather: Power Outages**

### Report an outage

- Text Outage Alerts
  - To Sign Up Text REGISTER or REG to 287846
  - To Report Text OUT or OUTAGE to 287846
- Use <u>outagemap.austinenergy.com</u>
- Save 512-322-9100 in your phone to report an outage
- Visit and bookmark these websites before an emergency
  - AustinTexas.gov/alerts
  - AustinEnergy.com/outage
  - WarnCentralTexas.org
  - ReadyCentralTexas.org
  - ATXFloods.com
- Consider getting a weather radio. Austin Energy works with local news stations on radio, TV or online to keep customers informed







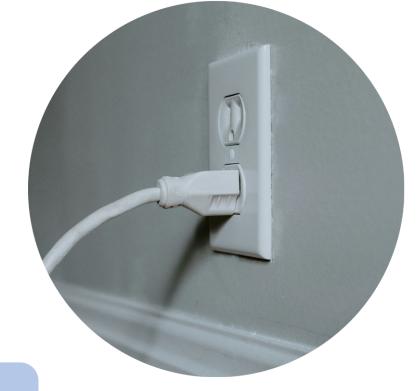
### **Winter Weather: Power Outages**

### **During a Power Outage**

Call 9-1-1 if you have a medical emergency or your life is at risk during a power outage, especially if you are connected to medical equipment that needs power, such as dialysis or breathing machines. Do not wait for your power to be turned back on to seek help.

Avoid downed power lines.

Be aware that limbs, fences, hoses, playsets, and other structures near you can become energized by a downed power line.



**Text Message Outage Alerts** 

To Sign Up – Text **REGISTER** or **REG** to **287846** 

To Report – Text **OUT** or **OUTAGE** to **287846** 



# Winter Weather: Power Outages cont'd.

#### **Power Outage Tips**

- Use flashlights or battery-operated lanterns during an outage.
- Keep refrigerator and freezer doors closed during an outage. Food could last up to a day.
- When in doubt, throw it out. Visit FDA for guidelines on food safety during outages.

### **Appliances During an Outage**

- Turn off major appliances (air conditioners and heat pumps). They could overload electric lines once power is restored, causing a second outage.
- Be aware that gas appliances may not work due to power outages.

### **Life Saving Advice During an Outage**

- Do NOT attempt to assist or approach emergency and utility crews.
  - To avoid carbon monoxide poisoning, **never** run a car or truck inside a garage attached to your house, even if you leave the garage door open.



# Winter Weather: Power Outages for the Medically Vulnerable

 Austin Energy: Outages for the medically vulnerable can be life threatening. The City of Austin has created a registry for customers. it is designed for customers who need critical care or have chronic conditions, this registry provides personal case management from the City of Austin and partnering social service agencies.

\*Being on the registry does not guarantee uninterrupted power or priority of restoration.

**STEAR:** The State of Texas Emergency Assistance Registry (STEAR) provides local emergency planners and emergency responders with additional information on the needs members of our community may have.





### Winter Weather: Resources After a Storm



#### **Code Compliance**

Common weather-related violations may include:

- no hot water
- burst pipes
- cracks in the ceiling or walls. Residents experiencing a possible code violation should first notify their landlord.

Visit the Report a Code Violation page to learn how to report a possible code violation at: <a href="https://www.AustinTexas.gov/service/report-code-violation">www.AustinTexas.gov/service/report-code-violation</a>

#### **Repairs & Permits**

The City's Development Services Department will work with homeowners, business owners, and contractors to permit and inspect emergency repairs to ensure work was completed safely. Types of repairs that will require permits include:

- Ruptured or damaged water lines
- Main electrical service
- Structural damage

Visit the Permits for Emergency Repairs page for more information: <a href="https://www.AustinTexas.gov/emergency-permits">www.AustinTexas.gov/emergency-permits</a>





### Winter Weather: Resources After a Storm

#### **Homeowners Assistance**

- The Austin Housing and Planning Department's home repair program can assist eligible homeowners who need repairs: <u>AustinTexas.gov/HomeRepairs</u>
- Call 512-974-3100, or email the Austin Housing and Planning Department with questions about these services at <a href="mailto:hpdcs@austintexas.gov">hpdcs@austintexas.gov</a>.
- View Tips for Filing Insurance Claims (PDF):
  <a href="https://www.austintexas.gov/sites/default/files/">https://www.austintexas.gov/sites/default/files/files/Development Services/2021 insurance\_claims\_tips\_bilingual.pdf</a>

#### **Tenant Resources**

- Visit Resources for Renters to see if you qualify for tenant resources, including legal consultation, residential rental assistance, utility bill assistance, and more.
- Visit: <a href="https://www.AustinTexas.gov/page/resou">https://www.AustinTexas.gov/page/resou</a> rces-renters

#### **Housing Assistance:**

- Texas Rio Grande Legal Aid <u>888-988-9996</u>
- Volunteer Legal Services of Central Texas –
   512-476-5550
- Building and Strengthening Tenant Action (BASTA) – <u>512-522-9984</u>
- Austin Tenants Council <u>512-474-1961</u>



## We greatly appreciate you and all our partners. Thank you!











We greatly value your feedback; please participate in our survey to help us continually improve and serve you better.