Patient and Healthcare Provider Engagement in the Parks Prescription Program



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background

- Studies found that increased exposure to nature or nature therapy can improve health outcomes and decrease stress, blood pressure, and risk of chronic conditions.¹
- The Parks Prescription Program is a national program that focuses on educating healthcare providers and patients about the health benefits of spending time in nature.
- There is a need to expand the program and increase the network of providers to reach the community.

objectives

- Engage with healthcare providers on addressing barriers and accessibility to increase their participation.
- Educate patients on spending more time outdoors and improve health outcomes.

methods

Survey healthcare providers

- Developed comprehensive Excel spreadsheet to track each pharmacy.
- Contacted pharmacies and clinics via email and phone call to assess their desire to participate.
- Conducted survey interview on pharmacies to assess barriers to joining the program.

Create provider toolkits



- Designed starter guides for healthcare providers participating in the program.
- Included prescription pads, maps of local parks, and informational pamphlets on the benefits of nature.

Engage with the Community

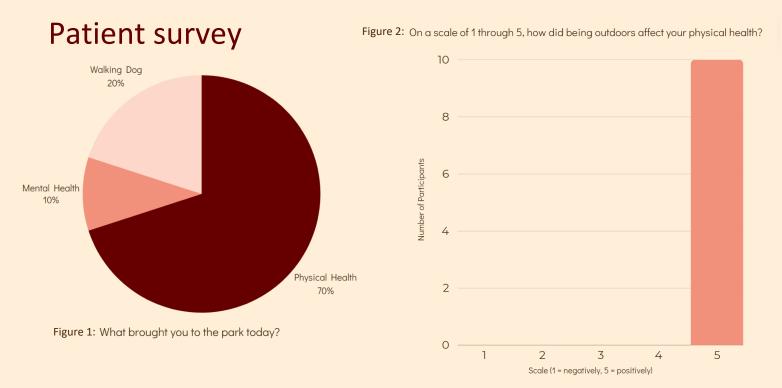
- Organized a field day to encourage patients to engage with nature and feel the benefits of spending time outdoors.
- Promoted a social media campaign to encourage people to spend time at a local park.







results



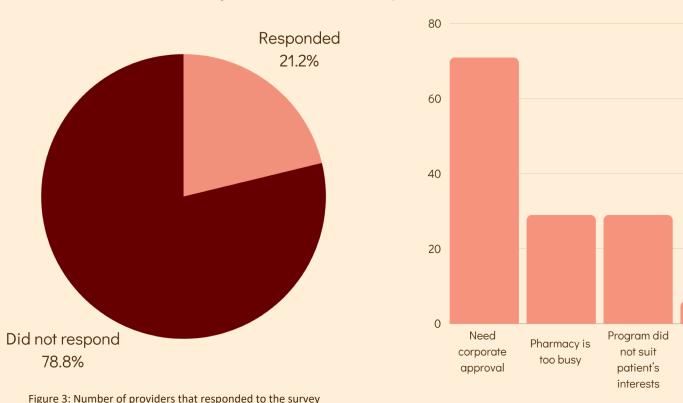
 On average, people spent 4 days per week at a park, where 50% spent ≥ 2 hours.

Provider survey

- 33 pharmacies were contacted via email or phone call to garner interest
- Of these 33 pharmacies, 26 pharmacies did not respond and 6 needed more information

Out of the pharmacies that responded:

- 71% said they needed corporate approval
- 29% said the program did not suit their patient's interest
- 29% said they were too busy



conclusion

- Most people spent time at parks for their physical wellbeing.
- Over ¾ of the contacted providers failed to respond, demonstrating that barriers to community outreach and engagement from community pharmacies start at the first point of contact.
- Of the pharmacies that responded, almost ¾ said they required approval from upper management first.
- This study highlights opportunities for recruitment among smaller, independent pharmacies and clinics or individuals in management roles in the future.

Acknowledgements

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references

1. Jimenez MP, DeVille NV, Elliott EG, Schiff JE, Wilt GE, Hart JE, et al. Associations between nature exposure and health: A review of the evidence. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2021 Apr 30:18(9):4790



