Austin (City of) TX Water & Wstwtr Sys

Update to credit analysis

Summary
The City of Austin (TX) Water and Wastewater System’s (Aa2 stable, prior subordinate and separate lien) credit profile benefits from a very large and diverse customer base with strong institutional presence, sufficient water resources and system capacity, as well as favorable financial operations that have recently bolstered liquidity levels. Challenges of the credit profile include an above average debt level as well as sizable capital improvement plan that calls for additional debt.

We regard the coronavirus outbreak as a social risk under our ESG framework, given the substantial implications for public health and safety. The coronavirus crisis is not a currently a key driver for this rating action. We do not see any material immediate credit risks for Austin’s Water & Wastewater System given the year-to-date revenue resiliency, a sound liquidity position, and the essential nature of the enterprise.

Credit strengths
» Strong service area and customer base
» Historical rate increases have afforded good debt service coverage levels
» Improved days cash on hand; creation of water stabilization reserve fund adds additional liquidity

Credit challenges
» Below average liquidity for rating category
» Above average debt profile with plans for additional debt
Rating outlook
The stable outlook reflects the expectation that sound coverage will continue, supported by periodic rate increases and manageable future borrowing plans. The outlook also incorporates the expectation that the system will prudently maintain its infrastructure and water supply.

Factors that could lead to an upgrade
» Sustained trend of healthy operating surpluses leading to improved liquidity and debt service coverage
» Substantial decline in system’s debt burden

Factors that could lead to a downgrade
» Poor operating performance leading to sustained weakness in liquidity or debt service coverage
» Significant increase in debt burden

Key indicators

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Debt service coverage calculations vary from the coverage calculations required under the City’s bond ordinances; Debt service coverage in prior reports vary because of adjustments. Source: City of Austin CAFRs; US Census Bureau; Moody’s Investors Service

Profile
The water and wastewater system predominantly serves the City of Austin (Aa1 stable) as well as additional areas in Travis (Aaa stable) and Williamson (Aa1 stable) counties.
Detailed credit considerations

**Service area and system characteristics: large and strong service area with institutional presence**

The system’s large and diverse service area as well as ample supply and treatment capacity are expected to remain strengths of the credit profile. Lake Travis and Buchanan are the system’s two major water supply storage reservoirs and are managed by the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) (A2 stable) and have roughly 2 million acre feet of storage capacity. The system owns and operates three water treatment plants and storage and transportation infrastructure. The total combined treatment capacity for the water system of 335 million gallons per day (MGD) far exceeds the fiscal 2019 average daily use of 129.7 MGD. The city has two main wastewater treatment plants with a total combined permitted capacity of 150 MGD, which provides sufficient capacity for ongoing operations given an average usage of 106 MGD.

**Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd** (Aa3 stable), Travis County Water Control and Improvement District, the University of Texas System, TX (Aaa stable), NXP Semiconductors, N.V., as well as various water and municipal utility districts (MUDs) make up the system’s largest water customers. The system’s major customers have not changed significantly in recent years and accounted for a modest portion (roughly 5%) of the system’s operating revenue. The number of customers has risen modestly in each of the last five years to 239,291 for fiscal 2019, yet water consumption has remained fairly steady over the past decade, which is significantly impacted by better technology that uses less water, and generally more conservative consumption habits. Residential retail customers make up the majority of the customer base.

According to Moody’s Economy.com, the coronavirus crisis will weaken the Austin-Round Rock metro area economy, but the ability of IT and other professionals to work from home will provide some cushion in the near term. Longer term, the well-educated labor force, high concentration of technology businesses, relatively low costs of doing business compared with other high-tech centers, and fast population growth will yield above-average performance.

Population growth has also remained strong for the City of Austin and surrounding area. The current estimate of 1,014,490 residents for the city reflects a strong 20%+ growth since the 2010 US census. Historically the wealth profile of the city’s residents has remained above state and national levels. The 2018 American Community Survey indicates above average income levels, evidenced by a per capita income and median family income of 123.8% and 118.2% of national levels, respectively. The August 2020 unemployment rate for the city of 5.6% indicates an increase from historic lows in June 2019 of 2.6% driven by pandemic. Although high, the unemployment rates remains below the state (7%) and national (8.5%) levels for the same time period, further highlighting some resiliency from the pandemic.

**Debt service coverage and liquidity: debt service coverage and liquidity to remain satisfactory**

Stable system and financial operations are expected to yield satisfactory debt service coverage and liquidity levels over the next couple of fiscal years. Net revenue declined in fiscal 2019 to $306.6 million, which was partially driven by city council’s decision to reduce rates by 4.8% for water and sewer services in March 2018. Despite the drop in net revenues, debt service coverage remained solid at 1.87, mainly due a decrease in annual requirements in fiscal 2019. Compared to the system’s maximum annual debt service of $206.9 million in fiscal 2024, fiscal 2019 net revenues provide a weaker but still adequate 1.5 times coverage. Management reports that the pandemic has had a minimal impact to the system’s financial operations, with only a 1.8% reduction of service revenue in comparison to budget. Management currently projects roughly 1.71 time debt service coverage for fiscal 2020, which is slightly below the long-term internal target of 1.85 times. Management anticipates similar financial operations and coverage in fiscal 2021 and then anticipates to return to internal targets in fiscal 2022. There are no plans to increase rates until fiscal 2023 and 2025 at around 3% each.
Debt service coverage remains adequate through 2019 despite 4.8% rate reduction in 2018
No planned rate increases until 2023 and 2025

Debt service coverage calculations vary from the coverage calculations required under the City’s bond ordinances; Debt service coverage in prior reports vary because of adjustments. Source: City of Austin’s (TX) CAFRs

Liquidity
Management has taken significant steps to increase its liquidity position in recent years and plans to maintain satisfactory levels going forward. Given solid operating performance, liquidity has improved to a satisfactory 267 days of unrestricted cash on hand at fiscal year end 2019. In addition, the system created a water revenue stabilization fund reserve in 2013 which had $47.8 million at fiscal year-end 2019, or a solid 130 water days cash on hand (or approximately 68 days cash on hand in comparison to total operations). The fund is restricted for water service revenue shortfalls of 10% or greater in any given year. City Council approval is required to tap the fund and if used, only 50% of the balance is available for a single year. Importantly, the reserve provides the system with additional operating flexibility.

Although the system’s policy is to maintain at least 60 days cash on hand, management targets 245 days. The fiscal 2019 unrestricted cash position of 267 days exceeded this target and reserves are expected to be maintained at this level for the foreseeable future. The water revenue stabilization fund is anticipated to exceed its target of 120 water days cash on hand at fiscal year 2019 and also be maintained at that level for the near term future.

Debt and legal covenants: debt profile expected to remain high given robust capital plan
The system’s debt profile is expected to remain high given plans for additional debt, but is still considered manageable for the system. The system has a sizable $2.27 billion in total debt outstanding, or an above average 4x operating revenue. The majority of the system’s debt ($2.25 billion) is separate lien debt (open working lien). The system also has roughly $20.25 million in Prior Subordinate Lien debt outstanding.

The system’s capital improvement plan calls for $971 million in capital spending over the next five years. Wastewater projects account for roughly 60% of the total plan. Significant improvements in the plan include South Austin Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements, Davis Water Treatment Plant improvements, and infrastructure for advanced metering. A healthy portion of the planned spending will be focused on upgrades to existing facilities versus construction of new facilities. Management plans to cash fund roughly 40% of the capital plan through annual operations with the remaining 60% being debt funded.

Despite the robust capital plan, the system’s debt profile remains manageable given anticipated rate increases as well as early debt retirement initiatives. Also of note, management plans to dedicate the majority of capital recovery fees to debt defeasance, which is estimated at roughly $35 million annually. Management has completed defeasances every year since 2017 and plans to continue to use this as a rate and debt management strategy going forward.

Legal security and covenants
The separate lien debt, together with the prior subordinate lien obligations, are equally and ratably secured by a parity lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.
Under the system’s master ordinance, the system’s additional bonds test and rate covenant are both set at 1.25 times average annual debt service. If coverage falls below this level, City Council has to increase rates in order to comply with the covenant by the next year. Under the master ordinance, the city has the option to fund a debt service reserve fund, but has chosen not to since 2013.

**Debt structure**

Debt amortization is below average with roughly 47% of the outstanding principal is retired in 10 years. All debt matures in fiscal 2051. The current debt service schedule is declining in nature, which will allow for additional debt capacity in future years without impacting projected debt service coverage levels.

The system, along with the city’s electric utility (Aa3 stable), uses a tax-exempt commercial paper program with liquidity support through a $400 million line of credit through the JPMorgan Bank, N.A. (Aa2 stable). Management’s practice is to issue commercial paper notes throughout the year for capital projects and then subsequently take the debt long with bond issuances. The line of credit was just renewed in September 2020 and expires in September of 2022.

**Debt-related derivatives**

System exposure to interest rate risk remains low given the modest variable rate debt amount (roughly 4% of debt profile). The system has one outstanding variable rate issue (Series 2008). There is $97.2 million outstanding and the bonds are supported by a letter of credit from Barclays Bank PLC (A1 stable) with an expiration date of October 28, 2022. The LOC is sized for the outstanding principal amount of the bonds and provides sufficient coverage while the bonds are in the weekly rate mode. In association with the 2008 bonds, the system entered into a swap agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA (A1 stable). The system pays a fixed rate of 3.6% and receives SIFMA. The mark to market for this swap was a negative $20.2 million, as of September 30, 2020.

**Pensions and OPEB**

Apportioned unfunded liabilities associated with the City of Austin Employees’ Retirement and Pension Fund, a single employer defined benefit pension plan, is expected to continue to grow given overall weak contributions into the system on an annual basis. The system contributed roughly 11% of the total plan’s contributions in fiscal 2019, which generates a proportional Moody’s Adjusted Net Pension Liability of $364.8 million, or a manageable 0.7 times operating revenue. Continued growth of these unfunded liabilities would be unfavorable for the credit profile.

The city is currently in progress of creating a formal plan to make changes to 2 of the 3 plans (employees and police officers) within the next fiscal year. Although no concrete details are available at this time, likely changes would be in the form of increased contributions and creating new benefit tiers for new hires. All three plans were created under Texas law, therefore the state governs benefit and contribution provisions. In general, amendments to the plans would require the legislature’s approval, but some amendments can be made if approved by all three parties (city council, the pension boards, and members). The credit profile incorporates that the city will successfully navigate the reform process to help subdue growth in long term unfunded liabilities.

**ESG considerations**

**Environmental**

Given its location, the Austin area is exposed to risks related to changes in drought-like patterns. The system maintains drought management plans that curtail water usage when in a period of drought conditions. Management also maintains a long term capital plan in order for facilities to remain in compliance with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and the Environmental Protection Agency.

**Social**

Please see the “service area and system characteristics” section above for more detail on social considerations.

We regard the coronavirus outbreak as a social risk under this framework, given the substantial implications for public health and safety. We do not see any material immediate credit risks for Austin’s Water & Wastewater System given the year-to-date revenue resiliency, a sound liquidity position, and the essential nature of the enterprise.

**Governance**

We believe management of the city’s water and wastewater system will remain stable, demonstrated by appropriate and timely rate setting measures, prudent and conservative budgeting and forecasting of revenue, as well as maintenance of multiyear planning.
Moody's notes that despite the presence of a debt service reserve, the establishment of a rate stabilization reserve is a positive influencing factor. Rate increases are subject to City Council approval.
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